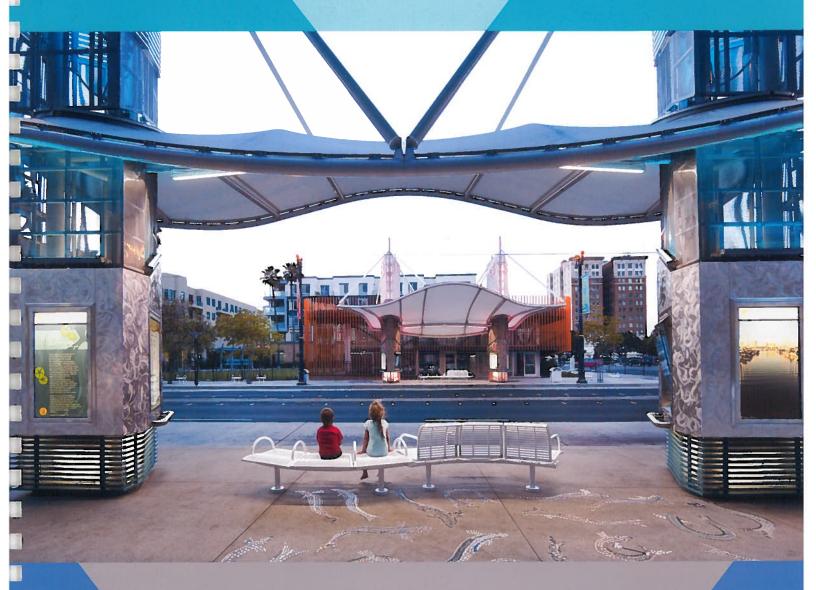
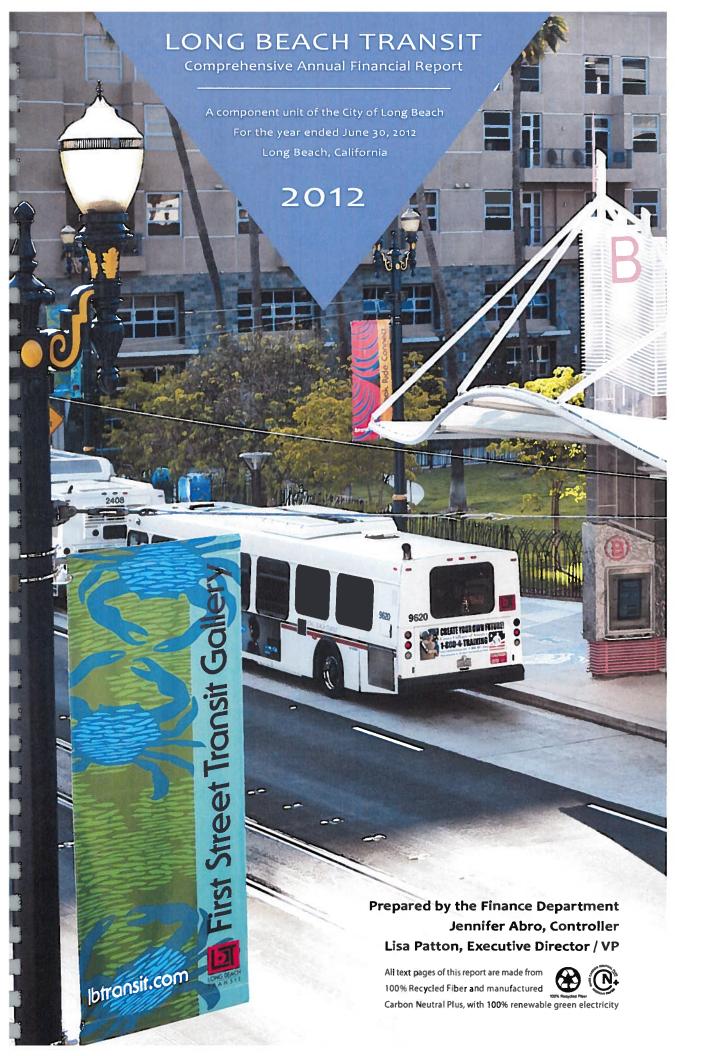
# 2012



# LONG BEACH TRANSIT

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

A component unit of the City of Long Beach
For the year ended June 30, 2012
Long Beach, CA



# COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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November 30, 2012

To the Board of Directors of Long Beach Public Transportation Company:

We are pleased to submit for your information and consideration the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Long Beach Transit or the Company) for fiscal year July 1, 2011 to June 30, 2012.

The CAFR has become the standard format used in presenting the results of the Company's annual financial operations for the fiscal year. We believe this report is presented in a manner designed to fairly disclose the financial position and results of operations of the Company as measured by its financial activities. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the disclosures are accurate in all material respects.

The accompanying basic financial statements, supplemental schedules and statistical information are the representations of the Company's management which bears the responsibility for their accuracy and completeness. The Independent Auditors' Report, prepared by Windes & McClaughry Accountancy Corporation, is included along with other necessary disclosures to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the Company's financial activities.

The independent audit of the accompanying basic financial statements of Long Beach Transit was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the accompanying basic financial statements, but also on the audited agency's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Long Beach Public Transportation Company's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires management to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Company's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Laurence W. Jackson, President and CEO

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The Company is a nonprofit corporation, formed in 1963 with the purchase of the local transit system from a private carrier leaving the business.

Long Beach Transit is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors (Board) which provides broad policy and financial decisions, setting direction for management. The Mayor, with the approval of the Long Beach City Council, appoints residents of the community to the Board to serve overlapping four-year terms. In addition, two designees of the City Manager's Office may serve as ex-officio members of the Board but do not have voting authority. The Board designates a Chief Executive Officer who is responsible for overseeing daily operations. Long Beach Transit's management is represented by the Chief Operating Officer, Chief Administrative Officer and six Executive Directors heading Finance, Maintenance, Information Services, Service Development, Operations and Administrative Services. The Company's organizational chart is shown later in this introductory section.

The Company's reporting entity includes only transit operations and there is no other organization within the City of Long Beach providing a similar scope of public transportation service.

In accordance with GASB, the Company is considered a component financial reporting unit of the City of Long Beach (City). As such, the Company's financial statements are included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a discretely presented component unit. Long Beach Transit has a separate legal status and has historically operated as an independently managed and operated nonprofit corporation, receiving no direct administrative or financial support from the City. For the present, there has been no expressed intent to alter the status of this financial reporting and administrative relationship.

#### SERVICES

Long Beach Transit's mission is "to provide public transit services that enhance and improve the quality of life for the residents of our community." The strategic business plan provides a framework for accomplishing this mission. The business plan serves as a foundation for the preparation of annual action plans and budgets which detail specific objectives to be achieved and the financial resources that will be provided to achieve them. The plan is updated each year to ensure goals are consistent with current and anticipated operating and economic conditions.

Long Beach Transit is a full service public transit system, providing a wide range of transit services, including:

- Fixed route bus service
- Passport Shuttle Service
- Demand responsive paratransit service (Dial-A-Lift)
- Water taxi service (AquaBus and AquaLink)
- Community special service

#### Fixed Route Bus Service

The Company provides fixed route bus service to a 98 square mile area, which includes the cities of Long Beach, Lakewood and Signal Hill; and portions of Bellflower, Carson, Cerritos, Hawaiian Gardens, Norwalk and Paramount. This service covers 36 routes, requiring 228 buses and shuttles.

Of the 36 fixed routes operated by the Company, 28 radiate from the First Street Transit Gallery. The First Street Transit Gallery, located in downtown Long Beach, is the focal point of the fixed route system as well as Metro Blue Line rail service running between Long Beach and downtown Los Angeles. The First Street Transit Gallery provides special features such as exclusive bus lanes and traffic control equipment, special bus stop improvements, passenger shelters equipped with graphic displays, and electronic monitors displaying real-time schedule information. This location is also a major transfer point for Torrance Transit, Los Angeles Department of Transportation (LADOT), and Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro).

All of Long Beach Transit's fixed-route service vehicles are low-floor and wheelchair accessible. These coaches are maintained and dispatched from two facilities. Approximately 60% of the vehicles are stored at the central administrative, operating and maintenance facility located at 1963 E. Anaheim St. in Long Beach. The remaining buses are assigned to a secondary maintenance facility at 6860 Cherry Street in North Long Beach. Besides the coaches, the Company owns a number of automobiles used for supervisory and administrative functions and various maintenance vehicles for emergency road services and bus stop support.

Long Beach Transit maintains neighborhood bus shelters and benches, providing customer convenience and comfort. There are over 1,900 stops throughout the system and the Company ensures the stops are well-maintained and meet high cleanliness standards.

#### Passport Shuttle Service

The Passport is designed to easily shuttle customers around downtown and then travel along the breathtaking Long Beach coastline. All Passports meet on Pine Avenue between 1<sup>st</sup> Street and Ocean Blvd. to take people to their destinations. Passport service is provided by 30 low-floor buses. Passport vehicles are stored and maintained at the main administrative facility on Anaheim Street. During fiscal year 2012, the Passport carried 4.6 million passengers.

Passport A service travels along Long Beach's sun-dappled coast to the Long Beach Museum of Art, Belmont Shore, and Alamitos Bay Landing.

Passport B serves 4th Street's Retro Row shopping and dining. It provides service between downtown Long Beach and Belmont Heights including Cesar Chavez Park and the East Village Arts District.

The Passport C route, serving Pine Avenue, Shoreline Drive, the Aquarium of the Pacific and the iconic Queen Mary, is a free service that connects downtown Long Beach's finest attractions and destinations, including the AquaBus and AquaLink water taxis.

Passport D serves downtown, Belmont Shore, the college campus at CSULB and travels along Atherton to the Traffic Circle shopping and restaurants.

#### Demand Responsive Paratransit Service (Dial-A-Lift)

The Dial-A-Lift service is operated by a local taxi company using a fleet of mini-van taxis. The contractor supplements Dial-A-Lift rides with its ordinary taxi service on an as-needed basis, eliminating the need for additional dedicated vans. This results in lower overall costs. There were 47,289 boardings on Dial-A-Lift in FY 2012.

Long Beach Transit is a member of Access Services (ASI) which provides mandated paratransit transportation services to Los Angeles County under the Americans with Disabilities Act. To complement the service provided by ASI, the Company offers Dial-A-Lift paratransit service for persons with disabilities. This curb-to-curb service operates on a call-in basis and is provided by a private contractor. All vehicles are owned by the Company, but stored, maintained and dispatched by the contractor.

#### Water Taxi Service (AquaBus and AquaLink)

The Aquarium of the Pacific, Convention Center, and the Pike venue with restaurants, retail and theatres, continue to attract many visitors to the City's downtown waterfront. As a complement to the Passport shuttles, the Company also operates water taxi service in Queensway Bay and along the Long Beach coastline.

There are two AquaBus boats that provide links to the Queen Mary, Aquarium of the Pacific, and Shoreline Village. These boats, which carry up to 49 passengers, tie directly with the downtown Passport shuttle buses and parking facilities, allowing visitors to see Long Beach's many attractions without having to get in their car.

For passengers wanting to travel further down the coast, the AquaLink boats, two 75-seat catamarans, provide service that operates between the Queen Mary, Aquarium of the Pacific, Belmont Pier and Alamitos Bay Landing. Express service began in FY 2012 from the Aquarium of the Pacific dock 4 in downtown Long Beach, directly to Alamitos Bay landing restaurants.

The service is provided by Catalina Express, a private contractor. The vessels are owned by Long Beach Transit, and stored and maintained at the contractor's docking facilities. This service runs daily during the summer months. Annual ridership for fiscal year 2012 was 40,752 boardings.

#### Community Special Service

Long Beach Transit provides a Museum Express bus service to major museums and garden attractions in Los Angeles and Orange Counties. Tickets can be purchased in advance for the service, which runs from June through August. The Museum Express offers residents who would not ordinarily ride the bus an opportunity to try transit and is particularly beneficial to our senior and transit dependent customers who can rely on the service to access attractions they could not travel to on their own. Each year, the Company also supports the Toyota Grand Prix of Long Beach and other large, special events by providing supplemental service where needed.

#### ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Long Beach Transit's mission is "to provide public transit services that enhance and improve the quality of life for the residents of our community." To accomplish this mission, the Company has undertaken a wide variety of initiatives to continue improving the overall quality, effectiveness, and efficiency of transit services.

#### **APTA Host**

In May of 2012, Long Beach Transit hosted the American Public Transportation Association's Bus and Paratransit Conference and International Bus Roadeo. This important gathering brought together transit professionals from around the world while attracting needed business and tourism to our beautiful City.

#### Long Beach Public Transportation Company

#### **Fleet Improvements**

The Company continues to focus on its goal of maintaining a modern, low emission, efficient transit fleet. During 2012, we added 6 Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) buses to our existing gasoline hybrid fleet. Long Beach Transit has ordered an additional 58 CNG coaches, manufactured by Gillig, to be delivered in FY 2013 and operated out of our Larry Jackson Facility located at 6860 Cherry Street in North Long Beach.

Long Beach Transit and Catalina Express celebrated the arrival of AquaLink II, a sister boat to AquaLink I in June, 2011. The 68-foot catamaran, built by Kvichak Marine Industries comfortably ferries up to 75 passengers and began providing express service on July 1, 2011.

As part of the ongoing effort to keep our bus fleet modern, attractive, clean and functioning to our highest standards for our customers and community, Long Beach Transit is continuing to detail our coaches twice a year and to replace our passenger and operator seats every three years.

#### **Customer Amenities**

Long Beach Transit is the first transit system in Southern California and third in the nation providing WebWatch real-time information to its passengers. Using satellite tracking, Long Beach Transit's WebWatch system calculates when a bus will arrive at its stops. While still at home, work, school and other internet friendly environments, passengers can now see exactly when their bus will arrive and plan their schedule accordingly. Wait-time at bus stops can be reduced, and trip planning, including transfers, improved.

The Company completed the next phase of its bus stop improvement program with the installation of ten more TranSmart signs, electronic signs that display real-time arrivals of buses at bus stops. Similar to displays at airports, the TranSmart signs continually display the pending arrival times of the next several buses that serve that particular bus stop or station. The new installations bring the total number of TranSmart signs to forty-eight.

#### **Facility Upgrades**

With the addition of CNG vehicles to our fuel mix, construction of a new CNG station has been nearly completed at our Larry Jackson Facility. This project includes significant upgrades at both our facilities to allow us to repair CNG coaches. These modifications include non-sparking exhaust fans, combustible gas detection alarm systems, low temperature heaters, specialized lighting, automatic rollup doors, and specialized electrical panels and circuitry.

#### Sustainability Program

Long Beach Transit is committed to being a leader in environmental preservation and resource efficiency by using sustainable materials, methods and technologies that improve the environmental, social and economic health of the communities we serve.

Our commitment to sustainability includes the operation of the largest hybrid gasoline-electric bus fleet in the nation (89 coaches). Further, we began implementing our alternative fuel policy with the purchase of six CNG-powered vehicles in fiscal year 2012. Our sustainable bus stops continue to grow with the use of solar-based power to provide lighting and energy for the real-time variable message signs.

Sustainability efforts continue with our Environmental Sustainability Management System (ESMS) team member's successful completion of the FTA Environmental & Sustainability Management System Institute.

#### Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Long Beach Transit is a signatory to both the International Association of Public Transportation and American Public Transportation Association sustainability charters, committing the agency to ongoing conservation and sustainability efforts.

#### Federal and State Audits

During fiscal year 2012, the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) conducted a Financial Management Oversight (FMO) review to assure compliance with grant and statutory requirements. The FMO review process ensured sound internal control practices were in place, compliance with OMB and FTA financial management regulations, ARRA reporting requirements were met, budget changes were accurate, cash management controls were in place, and disaster recovery planning was in place.

Every third year, Long Beach Transit is subject to comprehensive audits by the FTA and the State of California. Both of these triennial audits were completed in fiscal year 2010. The federal audit found Long Beach Transit 100% compliant in all 24 areas, and the state performance audit highlighted the Company's successful efforts to control costs.

#### KEY PERFORMANCE RESULTS

#### Performance Statistics

Despite the continuing difficult economic environment in which we operate, Long Beach Transit achieved many noteworthy results during the fiscal year. In particular, our rate of preventable accidents dropped to 1.2 per 100,000 miles. Fewer accidents translates to reduced claims costs, so our total risk management costs for the year were 8.0% of total operating costs, a really good result.

We were very efficient with maximizing our passenger loads this year, carrying 48 passengers per vehicle service hour, the highest it's been in 9 years. This is a great result that included achieving 104% of targeted farebox revenue. A key factor for our passengers is on-time performance which remained remarkably high at 96.5%.

One of the several methods used to monitor performance is through key indicators that track service quality, efficiency, and productivity. The results for fiscal year 2012 are on page 46.

#### **Community Evaluation**

Long Beach Transit also tracks the degree of customer satisfaction with the quality of services provided. An independent research firm is engaged annually to randomly poll customers and non-riders to measure perceptions of service quality. Results for 2012 and prior years are shown on page 47.

Overall, 97% of riders continue to view Long Beach Transit service as good or excellent. The information provided by these surveys is a key source for the development of the Company's business plan. Ratings and customer comments are analyzed in detail to ensure Long Beach Transit is responsive to customer and community concerns and ideas.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

#### **General Economic Conditions**

Long Beach Transit, like transit systems and businesses all across California and the nation, is operating in a difficult economic climate. We face the twin challenges of the worst national economy since the 1930's and the State Legislature's decision to slash state transit assistance. Some of the state cuts have been made up by the introduction of Measure R revenues, a voter-approved one-half cent transit sales tax in Los Angeles County, but certainly not all. Further, we have asked our customers to absorb two fare increases and have also implemented service reductions totaling 3%. A wide variety of cost reductions have also been implemented that have allowed us to avoid layoffs and major service reductions. Our ability to fully restore service levels to the communities we serve will depend upon how quickly economic conditions improve.

#### **Financial Policies**

Daily operations are financed by fare revenue, annual sales tax subsidies received from state and county programs, and miscellaneous other revenue such as income from advertising on Company vehicles and investment income. The amount of sales tax subsidies received each year is based on a regional formula comprised of fares, revenue miles, and passengers. It is Long Beach Transit's policy to maintain the fiscal integrity of our operating and capital budgets. We accomplish this by ensuring that our ongoing operating costs do not exceed the amount of our ongoing revenue.

The Company has no debt and only uses available grant funds to procure capital acquisitions. The Company has no plans to issue debt and our policy is to continue to fund future capital needs on a pay as you go basis through formula and discretionary grants.

The Company procures the majority of its capital assets through annual grants awarded through the Federal Transit Administration. The federal grants are allocated by region under Section 5307 and 5309 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, and Efficient Transportation Equity Act – A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU) of 2005. The Company is eligible to receive funds based on a formula allocation and discretionary money for specific projects, such as buses.

During 2006, a state-wide bond initiative was passed that provides Los Angeles County with additional capital funds for buses and security-related projects. The availability of these funds is based on the State's ability to issue bonds. Bond proceeds are distributed based on the existing County formula allocation. Any remaining capital needs not funded by federal or bond monies are financed through state and local grants.

#### INNOVATION AND RECOGNITION

For the 21st straight year, the GFOA of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for excellence in Financial Reporting to Long Beach Transit for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. In order to receive the award, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in compliance with the GFOA policies, procedures and program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

Laurence W. Jackson, President & Chief Executive Officer, received the American Public Transportation Associations (APTA's) Outstanding Public Transportation Manager Award. This prestigious award is given to a public transportation manager who has made outstanding

#### Long Beach Public Transportation Company

contributions to the public transportation industry. Mr. Jackson is one of the longest tenured presidents of a public transit agency in the United States, spending the last 36 years inspiring the employees of Long Beach Transit. He has provided major contributions toward the advancement of the public transit industry and has made a great impact at the local, regional, national, and international levels.

Roger Rieger, Systems Security Administrator, received the Community Service Award from the Long Beach Police Foundation for his extraordinary commitment and contributions to law enforcement, which resulted in reducing crime and improving the quality of life and safety of our community. As part of the Federal Infra-Guard program and the Joint Regional Information Center, Mr. Rieger has been instrumental in building relationships among numerous law enforcement partners in our region, including the Long Beach Police Department, the Department of Homeland Security, and the FBI. In addition, he has spent many hours using his expertise with security and surveillance systems to assist Long Beach Police detectives in their investigations. Mr. Riegers' exhaustive review of surveillance tapes has resulted in information that assisted in the identification and arrest of many violent criminals.

Covina Rhodes, Coach Operator, received the Community Service Award from the Long Beach Police Foundation for courageous actions taken to protect life and for outstanding service to the Long Beach Police Department. Ms. Rhodes witnessed a young man attack an elderly man at a local bus stop. Ms. Rhodes radioed for police and paramedics and provided a detailed description and direction of travel for the attacker. Ms. Rhodes' commendable attention to detail and quick thinking helped police to locate the attacker and make an arrest for felony assault and elder abuse.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**

We wish to acknowledge the participation and professional contribution of the accountancy firm of Windes & McClaughry in providing technical assistance when needed. In addition, we wish to recognize those Finance and Administrative staff members who contributed their time and efforts in preparing this document. Special thanks to Jennifer Abro, Controllero

President and

Chief Executive Officer

Chief Administrative Officer and Senior Vice President

Executive Director and

Vice President of Financial Services

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

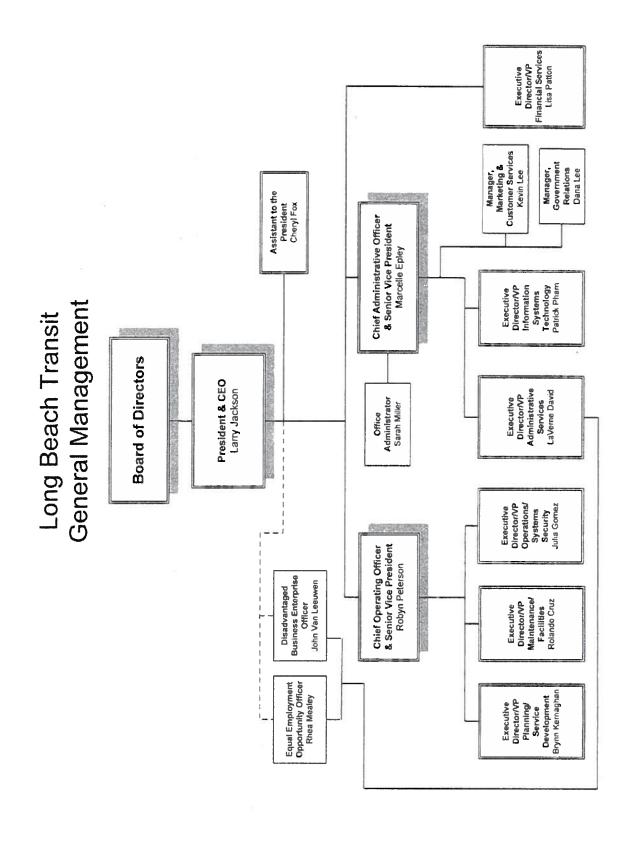
Presented to

# Long Beach Public Transportation Company California

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.





#### Long Beach Public Transportation Company

#### **Board of Directors**

Barbara Sullivan George

Chair of the Board

Freda Hinsche Otto

Vice Chair

Lori Ann Farrell

Secretary - Treasurer

Dr. James P. Norman, Jr.

Director

Maricela de Rivera

Director

Donald M. First

Director

Victor Irwin

Director

Michael Conway

Ex Officio Member, City of Long Beach

David Roseman

Ex Officio Member, City of Long Beach

#### Management

Laurence W. Jackson

President & Chief Executive Officer

Robyn Peterson

Chief Operating Officer & Senior Vice President

Marcelle Epley

Chief Administrative Officer & Senior Vice President

Lisa Patton

Executive Director, VP Financial

Services

Rolando Cruz

Executive Director, VP Maintenance

& Facilities

LaVerne David

Executive Director, VP Risk Management, Training & Human Resources

Patrick Pham

Executive Director, VP Information Systems

& Technology

Brynn Kernaghan

Executive Director, VP Planning & Service Development

Julia Gomez

Executive Director, VP Operations

& Safety

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Long Beach Public Transportation Company

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Company), a component unit of the City of Long Beach, California, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described more fully in note 1, the financial statements referred to above include only the financial activities of the Long Beach Public Transportation Company and are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City of Long Beach, California in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Long Beach Public Transportation Company, as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2012, on our consideration of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Long Beach Public Transportation Company's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Long Beach, California November 30, 2012

Winder & Mc Claryly

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS

As management of Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Long Beach Transit or the Company), we offer readers of Long Beach Transit's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Company for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012, 2011 and 2010. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-viii of this report.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- Long Beach Transit's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2012 by \$82.9 million (net assets).
   Of this amount, \$3.6 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Company's ongoing obligations arising from providing transportation service to the community.
- The State of California reinstated State Transit Assistance (STA) funding to transit operators in 2011. Long Beach Transit received a decreased amount of \$3.2 million in STA funds in fiscal year 2012.
- Measure R, approved by the voters, provides a ½ cent sales tax for transportation improvements. In fiscal year 2012, we received \$7.7 million in Measure R funds.
- Effective July 1, 2011, employees were required to contribute 5% of their compensation to the exisiting defined benefit plan and pay 10% of personal individual medical, dental and vision premiums and 15% of dependent premiums.
- Operating expenses before depreciation remained fairly constant with a decline of 0.2%.
- In order to balance the operating budget, the Company used funds from reserves and funded preventive maintenance operating expenses with capital grant funds, as permitted by Federal law.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Long Beach Transit's financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The statements of net assets present information on all of Long Beach Transit's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Long Beach Transit is improving or deteriorating.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets present information showing how the Company's net assets changed for the two most recent fiscal years. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

The statements of cash flows present information on the Company's cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash (and cash equivalents) for the two most recent fiscal years. Generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units require that cash flows be classified into one of four categories:

- Cash flows from operating activities
- Cash flows from noncapital financing activities
- Cash flows from capital and related financing activities
- Cash flows from investing activities

The Company's financial statements can be found on pages 10-14 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15-37 of this report.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Company's financial position. In the case of Long Beach Transit, assets exceeded liabilities by \$82.9 million at the close of fiscal year 2012.

# Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Condensed Summary of Net Assets

	Year – Ended					
	2012	2011	2010			
Current assets	\$ 38,377,932	\$ 35,347,004	\$ 34,825,780			
Other noncurrent assets	25,595,710	24,446,023	23,670,356			
Capital assets, net	79,281,750	83,828,062	84,286,309			
Total assets	143,255,392	143,621,089	142,782,445			
Current liabilities	24 700 710	22 200 221	22 012 140			
	34,790,710	32,280,231	32,013,149			
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>25,578,153</u>	23,908,017	22,878,208			
Total liabilities	60,368,863	56,188,248	54,891,357			
Net assets:						
Invested in capital assets	79,281,750	83,828,062	84,286,309			
Restricted	13,558	21,356	16,747			
Unrestricted	3,591,221	3,583,423	3,588,032			
Total net assets	<u>\$ 82,886,529</u>	<u>\$ 87,432,841</u>	\$ 87,891,088			

Almost all of Long Beach Transit's net assets (96%) reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., fleet, buildings, passenger facilities, shop equipment). The Company uses these capital assets to provide transportation service to the community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. All of Long Beach Transit's capital assets were procured with federal, state and local grant funds. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$3.6 million in 2012, 2011, and 2010) may be used to meet the Company's ongoing obligations arising from providing transportation service to the community.

For fiscal year 2012, Long Beach Transit's net assets decreased by \$4.5 million as a result of depreciation expense exceeding capital purchases by \$4.5 million. Long Beach Transit spent \$14.8 million for capital assets which included six CNG buses, the construction of a compressed natural gas station and facilities modifications to support the incoming CNG fleet of 64 buses. In addition, capital expenditures also included the start of a major software upgrade, upgrades to passenger facilities, and routine replacement of bus components, shop, office and IT equipment.

In fiscal year 2011, Long Beach Transit's net assets decreased by \$458 thousand. This is due to annual depreciation exceeding capital purchases by \$458 thousand. Long Beach Transit spent \$17.1 million for capital assets which included the renovation of certain portions of our main operations and maintenance facility, major upgrades to passenger facilities, and routine replacement of bus tires, shop, office and IT equipment.

### Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Condensed Summary of Changes in Net Assets

	Year - Ended						
		2012 2011		2011	2010		
Operating revenues:	· ·					<u>.</u>	
Passenger fares and							
special events	\$	18,107,329	\$	17,350,225	\$	16,545,718	
Advertising		688,089		558,490		609,161	
Other		28,783		22,872		25,861	
Total operating revenues		18,824,201		17,931,587		17,180,740	
Non-operating revenues:							
Subsidies		54,112,325		55,012,754		51,773,322	
Interest		339,675		496,298		938,330	
Total non-operating							
Revenues		54,452,000		55,509,052		52,711,652	
Total revenues		73,276,201		73,440,639		69,892,392	
Expenses:							
Transportation		35,139,334		35,413,269		36,416,765	
Maintenance		21,834,078		21,292,632		18,546,811	
Administration		16,302,789		16,734,738		14,928,816	
Depreciation		19,311,548		17, <u>588,757</u>		16,519,346	
Total expenses		92,587,749		91,029,396	-	86,411,738	
Change before capital grants		(19,311,548)		(17,588,757)		(16,519,346)	
Capital grants		14,765,236		17,130,510		13,555,191	
Change in net assets	\$	(4,546,312)	\$	(458,247)	\$	(2,964,155)	

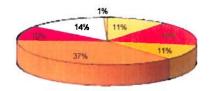
**Operating revenues.** Overall total operating revenues for 2012 increased 5.0%. Fare revenue comprises 96% of operating revenues.

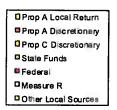
Fare and special events revenue in 2012 rose \$757,103, or 4.4%. This was the fifth consecutive year of increased fare revenue; 2011 totals increased 4.8% over 2010, 2010 was 4% over 2009, and 2009 totals increased 6% over 2008. Fiscal year 2010's increase was due to a fare increase implemented in February 2010.

Non-operating revenues. To make up for the decrease in state and local subsidies, we have had to draw down from our operating reserves and have had to transfer a portion of our capital grants to the operating budget to pay for maintenance costs. Subsidies, which comprise 74% of total revenues, decreased \$900,429, or 1.6%, in 2012. This small decrease is a result of two factors; increased expenses in fuel costs offset by lower casualty and liability costs.

In 2011, subsidy revenue increased \$3.2 million, or 6.2%. This increase is a direct result of higher expenses due to major increases in fuel prices and public liability and property damage reserves.

2012 Subsidy Revenue by Source



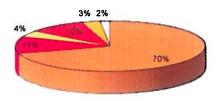


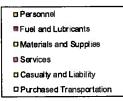
Expenses. Fiscal year 2012 operating expenses, before depreciation, decreased 0.2%. The small variance is a result of fuel costs increasing by \$1.06 million, while casualty and liability expenses decreasing by \$1.42 million.

In fiscal year 2011, operating expenses, before depreciation, increased 5.1% primarily due to increased fuel costs and casualty and liability costs. Fuel costs increased \$1.1million and casualty and liability costs for public liability and property damage costs increased \$1.8 million over fiscal year 2010.

In 2012, depreciation expense increased 9.8% and exceeded capital acquisitions by \$4.5 million. In 2011, depreciation expense increased 6.4% and exceeded capital acquisitions by \$458 thousand.

#### 2012 Operating Expenses (before depreciation)





#### CAPITAL ASSETS

Long Beach Transit's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2012, amounted to \$79.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, fleet, communication and farebox systems, machinery and equipment, and passenger facilities. All assets have been purchased with federal, state or local grants awarded to the Company, and Long Beach Transit has never issued any debt to fund the procurement of capital assets.

The total net decrease in the Company's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 5.4%. Long Beach Transit had \$14.8 million in new capital acquisitions during the year, a decrease of \$2.4 million when compared to 2011. In 2012, the Company purchased six CNG buses, constructed a compressed natural gas station and began facilities modifications to support the incoming CNG fleet of 64 buses. In addition, capital expenditures also included the start of a major software upgrade, upgrades to passenger facilities, and routine replacement of bus tires, shop, office and IT equipment.

As noted above, all assets are purchased with grants, the majority coming from federal funding. Total grant awards will vary each year as Long Beach Transit is eligible for a formula percentage of the County's federal funding, plus one-time grants available for specific projects, such as bus replacement. The Company received \$16.3 million in one-time American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) federal stimulus funds which have been used for bus stops and improvements at our First Street Transit Gallery, support vehicles, safety and training equipment, bus components, facility improvements and EDP equipment. Grant requirements allow, on average, three years to expend these funds. As of June 30, 2012, the Company had \$99.9 million in grant funds designated for capital procurements. This is a \$11.4 million increase from the available balance at the end of fiscal year 2011.

Significant capital asset acquisitions during 2012 included the following:

- Construction of a compressed natural gas station and facilities modifications to support the incoming CNG fleet of 64 buses totaling \$4 million.
- Six compressed natural gas (CNG) buses totaling \$3 million.
- Five Dial A Lift Vehicles totaling \$218 thousand.
- Software upgrade and information systems equipment totaling \$1.8 million.
- Routine replacement of engines, transmissions, tires and bus components totaling \$2.6 million.

# Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Year - Ended					
	_	2012		2011		2010
Land	\$	5,525,000	\$	5,525,000	\$	5,525,000
Buildings and improvements		10,725,585		12,772,917		14,135,974
Fleet		41,269,036		45,562,325		50,217,378
Communications systems		96,156		170,711		238,180
Fare collection system		2,450,511		3,434,771		3,870,634
Office, shop and garage equipment		3,971,079		4,401,384		4,795,035
Passenger facilities		7,837,719		9,500,866		2,322,206
Construction in progress		7,406,664		2,460,088		3,181,902
Total assets, net of depreciation	\$	79,281,750	\$	83,828,062	\$	84,286,309

Long Beach Transit's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2011, amounted to \$83.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The Company had \$17.1 million in new capital acquisitions during the year, an increase of \$3.6 million when compared to 2010.

Significant capital asset acquisitions during 2011 included the following:

- Purchased a second 68-foot catamaran to add to the water taxi service totaling \$2.2 million.
- First Street Transit Gallery improvements including shelters, benches, landscaping, lighting and electronic schedule displays totaling \$5.2 million.

- Almost \$2.3 million was spent on upgrades to passenger facilities with the installation of new shelters and variable message signs displaying real-time schedule information.
- Routine replacement of engines, transmissions, tires and bus components totaling \$3.9 million.

Additional information on Long Beach Transit's capital assets can be found in note (8) in the notes to the accompanying financial statements beginning on page 27 of this report.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS and NEXT YEAR'S FINANCIAL PLAN

Transit systems throughout California and the United States continue to face funding challenges. Congress has suspended the appropriations process and overall transit funding is in the cross-hairs of those advocating further federal program reductions. State and local budget deficits continue to loom on the horizon and we hope that transit will not receive further reductions in support.

We anticipate receiving a total of \$70.6 million in operating revenues, including state and local subsidies. With an operating budget of \$76.9 million, this equates to a \$6.3 million funding shortfall. This year, as we have done in recent years, we are proposing to fill this gap by using federal capital funds that are eligible for "preventive maintenance" operating purposes.

While the economy has slowly begun improving, we continue to face budget challenges. Our approved budget is balanced and within the financial resources available to us. Our conservative financial practices, employee contributions to healthcare and pension, cost saving measures, and the transfer of a portion of capital funds to our operating budget allows us to maintain a balanced budget.

While management believes Long Beach Transit's conservative financial practices will allow us to meet the funding challenges for the upcoming year, we will closely monitor all of these issues to ascertain whether future service reductions and/or fare increases may become necessary.

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Long Beach Public Transportation Company's finances for all those with an interest in the Company's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director & Vice President of Financial Services, Long Beach Transit, P.O. Box 731, Long Beach, California, 90801.

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# Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2012 and 2011

#### Assets

8	2012		2011	
Current assets:				
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$	16,421,734	\$	14,922,308
Accounts receivable (note 4)	•	927,280		863,513
Materials and supplies inventory		1,391,557		1,416,569
Prepaid expenses		1,079,996		360,218
Restricted and designated assets:		•		
Cash and investments (notes 2 and 5)		1,829,420		2,383,327
Accounts receivable (note 5)		5,534,728		6,543,539
Cash and investments designated for				
insurance claims (notes 2, 5 and 6)		11,193,217		8,857,530
Total current assets		38,377,932		35,347,004
Noncurrent assets:				
Cash and investments - contingency reserve (notes 2 and 5)		2,000,000		2,000,000
Restricted assets:				
Cash and investments (notes 2 and 5)		23,595,710		22,446,023
Capital assets (note 8):				
Land		5,525,000		5,525,000
Buildings and improvements		41,772,353		41,246,850
Fleet		128,391,014		126,002,622
Communications systems		6,910,393		6,906,803
Fare collection system		7,961,387		7,960,900
Office, shop and garage equipment		20,910,227		19,919,613
Passenger facilities		12,325,520		11,611,270
Construction-in-progress		7,406,664		2,460,088
Less accumulated depreciation		(151,920,808)		(137,805,084)
Total net capital assets		79,281,750		83,828,062
Total noncurrent assets		104,877,460		108,274,085
Total assets	\$	143,255,392	\$	143,621,089

# Statements of Net Assets, Continued June 30, 2012 and 2011

#### Liabilities and Net Assets

	2012			2011	
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	2,459,450	\$	2,051,395	
Accrued payroll expenses		1,098,441		997,462	
Compensated absences payable (note 11)		2,529,189		2,579,347	
Retiree health care benefits (note 11)		74,579		287,811	
Subsidy deferral (note 9)		14,983,697		10,752,925	
Current liabilities payable from restricted or designated assets:					
Deferred revenue (note 5)		2,452,137		6,753,761	
Estimated liability for insurance claims (note 6)		11,193,217		8,857,530	
Total current liabilities		34,790,710	_	32,280,231	
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Liabilities payable from restricted or designated assets:					
Deferred revenue (note 5)		23,648,215		22,463,474	
Retiree health care benefits (note 11)		1,929,938	<del></del>	1,444,543	
Total noncurrent liabilities		25,578,153		23,908,017	
Total liabilities		60,368,863		56,188,248	
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets		79,281,750		83,828,062	
Restricted for capital procurement		13,558		21,356	
Unrestricted		3,591,221		3,583,423	
Total net assets	\$	82,886,529	_\$_	87,432,841	

#### Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Operating revenues:		
Passenger fares	\$ 18,085,943	\$ 17,308,290
Special events	21,386	41,935
Advertising	688,089	558,490
Other revenue	28,783	22,872
Total operating revenues	18,824,201	17,931,587
Operating expenses:		
Transportation	35,139,334	35,413,269
Maintenance	21,834,078	21,292,632
Administration	16,302,789	16,734,738
Depreciation (note 8)	19,311,548	17,588,757
Total operating expenses	92,587,749	91,029,396
Operating loss	(73,763,548)	(73,097,809)
Nonoperating income:		
Subsidies (note 3)	54,112,325	55,012,754
Interest income	339,675	496,298
Total nonoperating income	54,452,000	55,509,052
Change in net assets before capital grants	(19,311,548)	(17,588,757)
Capital grants	14,765,236	17,130,510
Change in net assets	(4,546,312)	(458,247)
Total net assets, July 1	87,432,841	87,891,088
Total net assets, June 30	\$ 82,886,529	\$ 87,432,841

#### Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 18,812,798	\$ 17,766,275
Cash paid to employees for services	(36,099,000)	(35,103,643)
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services	(34,848,527)	(35,825,474)
Net cash used in operating activities	(52,134,729)	(53,162,842)
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities:		
Operating subsidies received	57,463,588	51,847,278
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	107,540	63,760
Purchase of capital assets	(14,765,236)	(17,130,510)
Capital grant contributions received	13,416,488	20,958,877
Net cash (used in) / provided by capital		
and related financing activities	(1,241,208)	3,892,127
Cash flows provided by investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	18,157,381	24,835,278
Purchase of investments	(18,022,507)	(24,196,548)
Realized and unrealized (gains)/losses	171,677	(83,500)
Interest received on cash and investments	343,242	391,720
Net cash provided by investing activities	649,793	946,950
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,737,444	3,523,513
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	26,607,139	23,083,626
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30 (note 2)	\$ 31,344,583	\$ 26,607,139

3

# Statements of Cash Flows, Continued Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities			2011		
Operating loss	\$	(73,763,548)	\$	(73,097,809)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash					
used in operating activities:					
Depreciation expense		19,311,548		17,588,757	
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable					
from operations		(54,689)		(109,258)	
Increase in materials and supplies inventory		25,012		(309,392)	
Increase in prepaid expenses		(719,778)		(86,346)	
Decrease in accounts payable		408,055		(122,456)	
Increase in accrued payroll expenses		•		` , ,	
and compensated absences payable		322,984		757,089	
Increase (decrease) in estimated liability for		,		,	
insurance claims		2,335,687		2,216,573	
institutioe cianns		2,555,007		2,210,513	
Total adjustments		21,628,819		19,934,967	
i otai aajustiioitis		21,020,019		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Net cash used in operating activities	_\$_	(52,134,729)	_\$_	(53,162,842)	

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012 and 2011

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Reporting Entity

The Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Long Beach Transit or the Company) is a nonprofit corporation organized to provide public transportation services to the citizens of Long Beach, California. The Company is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors appointed to serve four-year terms by the Mayor with the approval of the Long Beach City Council. In turn, the Board Members appoint a Chief Executive Officer who is responsible for overseeing the Company's daily operations. The Company is responsible for the preparation of its own annual financial plan.

In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Company is considered a component financial reporting unit of the City of Long Beach (City), California. As such, the Company's financial statements are included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a discretely presented component unit. Long Beach Transit has a separate legal status and has historically operated as an independently managed and operated nonprofit corporation, receiving no direct administrative or financial support from the City. For the present, there has been no expressed intent to alter the status of this financial reporting and administrative relationship.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, the Company applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions, or Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedures.

The Company distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Company's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Company include passenger fares charged for transportation service to the community and advertising fees. Operating expenses include the cost of transportation services, maintenance of capital assets and facilities, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

#### Use of Estimates and Assumptions

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets

and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements. Principal areas requiring the use of estimates include determination of useful lives of capital assets, liability for insurance claims, accrued retiree sick leave and defined benefit plan assumptions.

#### Material and Supplies Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis as applied on a moving-average-cost method, or market, whichever is lower.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are defined by the Company as assets with initial project values exceeding \$5,000, with individual federally funded items costing more than \$500 and having an estimated useful life of more than one year. The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) excludes the bus tire lease from this requirement as it is depreciated over a twelve-month period. Capital assets are valued at historical cost. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method, with no allowance for salvage values. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market at the date of donation. The Company did not receive any donated capital assets during fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

Estimated useful lives of the Company's capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-25 years
Buses and vessels	12 years
Fare boxes	10 years
Smaller coaches	7 years
Furniture, equipment and passenger facilities	5 years
Service trucks	4 years
EDP equipment	3 years
Bus components	3 years
Service autos	3 years
Bus tires	l year

#### Financial Plan

The Company adopts an annual financial plan for management information purposes only. Accordingly, financial statements presenting comparison of budgeted and actual results are not included.

#### **Government Grants**

Grants, with the exception of Proposition A local share (noted below) for operating assistance, for the acquisition of equipment or other capital outlay are not formally recognized in the accounts until the grant becomes a valid receivable as a result of the Company complying with appropriate grant requirements.

Operating assistance grants are included in non-operating revenues in the year in which a related reimbursable expenditure is incurred or in deferred revenue for use in the subsequent fiscal year.

The Company's policy is to report revenues from capital grants separately after non-operating revenues as the related expenditures are incurred. Assets acquired with capital grant funds are included in capital assets. Capital monies received prior to an expenditure being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue.

The City allocates a portion of its Proposition A local share funding to the Company in accordance with an agreement between the Company, the City and the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) (see notes 3 and 5). The Company records such Proposition A funds received and due from the City as deferred revenue until used for operating assistance and/or capital expenditures. Those Proposition A funds used for operating assistance are included in non-operating subsidies income and those funds used for capital expenditures are included in net assets.

#### Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all of its cash deposits and investments with an original maturity of three months or less, including restricted and designated cash and investments, to be cash and cash equivalents. Monies invested with the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) may have maturities longer than 90 days; however, LAIF functions as a demand deposit account. Therefore, the Company considers such investments to be cash equivalents. There were no significant noncash capital and related financing activities in 2012 and 2011.

#### (2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows as of June 30:

		2012		2011
Current unrestricted cash and investments	\$	16,421,734	\$	14,922,308
Current restricted and designated cash and investments		1,829,420		2,383,327
Current cash and investments designated for insurance claims		11,193,217		8,857,530
Noncurrent restricted cash and investments		25,595,710		24,446,023
Total cash and investments	_\$_	55,040,081	_\$	50,609,188

Cash and investments consist of the following as of June 30:

	2012		2011	
Cash on hand	\$	85,850	\$	72,035
Deposits with financial institutions		3,638,886		1,991,284
Cash equivalents		27,619,847		24,543,820
Total cash and cash equivalents		31,344,583		26,607,139
Investments		23,695,498		24,002,049
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	\$	55,040,081	\$	50,609,188

#### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for Long Beach Transit by the Company's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the Company's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. During fiscal year 2012 and 2011, the Company elected to have its investments with LAIF and a similarly structured investment vehicle managed by an independent manager.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Percentage
	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	10%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	10%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	10%	None

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Company manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to no more than two years.

Information about the sensitivity of fair values of the Company's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the maturity date of each investment at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)

Туре	Type 2012		Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)
Cash Equivalents			
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$	23,430,320	.73
Bank of America Money Market		1,340,373	N/A
Fidelity Municipal Money Market		2,849,154	N/A
Total cash equivalents	\$	27,619,847	

Туре	2012	Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)
Investments	 	
General Elec Cap Corp Mtn 3.500% Due 08-13-12	\$ 697,314	.1
Cons Edison Co of Nydeb 4.875% Due 02-01-13	666,328	.6
Morgan Stanley Global Note 5.300% Due 03-01-13	662,539	.6
Verizon New Eng Inc Note 4.750% Due 10-01-13	707,373	1.2
JP Morgan Chase & Co Sr. Nt 4.650% Due 06-01-14	681,460	1.8
MetLife Inc Global Note 5.500% Due 06-15-14	700,733	1.9
Goldman Sachs Group Inc Note 5.000% Due 10-01-14	677,690	2.1
Lowes Cos Inc Nt 5.000% Due 10-15-15	731,289	3.0
Morgan Stanley Senior Note 3.450% Due 11-02-15	629,421	3.1
Ameriprise Financial Inc Sr Note 5.650% Due 11-15-15	735,930	3.1
Corporate Bonds Total	\$ 6,890,077	
Government Bonds		
Federal Home Ln Mtg Fr 0.500% Due 10-15-13	1,002,490	1.3
Federal Home Loan Banks Cons Bd 3.125% 12-13-13	1,040,260	1.4
Federal Home Ln Bks Cons Bd 0.350% Due 05-30-14	1,248,850	1.9
US Treasury Notes 0.250% Due 05-31-14	1,997,500	1.9
Federal Home Loan Banks Cons Bd 1.100% 10-27-14	1,000,530	2.3
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.420% Due 11-07-14	999,140	2.3
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Call 1.000% Due 04-24-15	1,001,580	2.8
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Call 1.000% Due 05-01-15	1,002,350	2.8
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Call 1.050% Due 05-07-15	1,001,910	2.8
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.040% Due 09-14-15	1,001,620	3.1
Federal Home Ln Mtg Crp Mtn 1.250% Due 12-14-15	1,003,130	3.4
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.090% Due 07-18-16	1,000,050	3.8
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.500% Due 08-22-16	1,001,800	4.0
Federal Natl Mtg Assn 1.125% Due 11-16-16	1,255,050	4.3
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.100% Due 02-28-17	1,249,161	4.5
Government Bonds Total	\$ 16,805,421	
Total Investment Value	\$ 23,695,498	

As of June 30, 2012, there was \$100,923 of accrued bond interest which is included in accounts receivable.

Notes to	Financial	Statements,	Continued

Туре		2011	Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)
Cash Equivalents			
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$	19,921,280	.65
Bank of America Money Market		2,367,314	N/A
Fidelity Municipal Money Market		2,255,226	N/A
Total cash equivalents	\$	24,543,820	
<u>Investments</u>			
General Elec Cap Corp Mtn 3.500% Due 08-13-12	\$	669,630	1,:1
Cons Edison Co of Nydeb 4.875% Due 02-01-13		689,176	1.6
Morgan Stanley Global Note 5.300% Due 03-01-13		687,250	1.7
Computer Sciences Corp Sr. Nt 5.500% Due 03-15-13		690,495	1.7
Verizon New Eng Inc Note 4.750% Due 10-01-13		719,273	2.3
AT&T Inc Note 6.700% Due 11-15-13		728,904	2.4
JP Morgan Chase & Co Sr. Nt 4.650% Due 06-01-14		698,815	2.9
MetLife Inc Global Note 5.500% Due 06-15-14		715,260	3.0
Goldman Sachs Group Inc Note 5.000% Due 10-01-14		696,209	3.3
Morgan Stanley Senior Note 3.450% Due 11-02-15		643,871	4.3
Ameriprise Financial Inc Sr Note 5.650% Due 11-15-15		733,538	4.4
Corporate Bonds Total	\$	7,672,421	
Government Bonds			
US Treasury Notes 0.875% Due 02-29-12		1,004,840	0.7
US Treasury Notes 0.625% Due 06-30-12		1,003,910	1.0
US Treasury Notes 0.625% Due 07-31-12		1,004,100	1.1
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 0.550% Due 11-01-12		1,000,990	1.3
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.890% Due 01-07-13		1,000,090	1.5
US Treasury Notes 1.375% Due 03-15-13		1,016,410	1.7
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.625% Due 04-25-13		1,000,080	1.8
Federal Home Loan Banks Cons Bd 3.125% 12-13-13		1,058,510	2.5
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.000% Due 04-25-14		999,620	2.8
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.180% Due 06-06-14		1,002,290	2.9
Federal Home Ln Banks Cons Bd 1.35% Due 06-20-14		1,000,470	3.0
Federal Home Loan Bk Bond 1.400% Due 09-09-14		996,830	3.2
Federal Home Loan Bk Con Bd 1.200% Due 09-30-14		996,110	3.3
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.000% Due 11-18-14		990,400	3.4
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp 1.250% Due 12-30-14		995,850	3.5
US Treasury Notes TIPS 2% Due 01-15-16		1,259,128	4.5
Government Bonds Total	\$ _	16,329,628	
Total Investment Value	\$	24,002,049	
	-		

As of June 30, 2011, there was \$100,713 of accrued bond interest which is included in accounts receivable.

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. LAIF does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. For 2012, ratings on the investments, excluding LAIF and money market accounts, are as follows at June 30, 2012.

Investment Type	Rating
Investments	
General Elec Cap Corp Mtn 3,500% Due 08-13-12	AA+
Cons Edison Co of Nydeb 4.875% Due 02-01-13	Α-
Morgan Stanley Global Note 5.300% Due 03-01-13	A-
Verizon New Eng Inc Note 4.750% Due 10-01-13	Α-
JP Morgan Chase & Co Sr. Nt 4.650% Due 06-01-14	Α
MetLife Inc Global Note 5.500% Due 06-15-14	Α-
Goldman Sachs Group Inc Note 5.000% Due 10-01-14	Α-
Lowes Cos Inc Nt 5.000% Due 10-15-15	Α-
Morgan Stanley Senior Note 3.450% Due 11-02-15	A-
Ameriprise Financial Inc Sr Note 5.650% Due 11-15-15	Α
Investment Type	Rating
Government Bonds	
Federal Home Ln Mtg Fr 0.500% Due 10-15-13	AA+
Federal Home Loan Banks Cons Bd 3.125% 12-13-13	AA+
Federal Home Ln Bks Cons Bd 0.350% Due 05-30-14	AA+
US Treaury Notes 0.250% Due 05-31-14	AA+
Federal Home Loan Banks Cons Bd 1.100% 10-27-14	AA+
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.420% Due 11-07-14	AA+
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Call 1.000% Due 04-24-15	AA+
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Call 1.000% Due 05-01-15	AA+
Federal Home Ln Mtg Corp Call 1.050% Due 05-07-15	AA+
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.040% Due 09-14-15	AA+
Federal Home Ln Mtg Crp Mtn 1.250% Due 12-14-15	AA+
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.090% Due 07-18-16	AA+
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.500% Due 08-22-16	AA+
Federal Natl Mtg Assn 1.125% Due 11-16-16	AA+
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.100% Due 02-28-17	AA+

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The investment policy of the Company contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the Company's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure government deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools, such as LAIF.

#### (3) Operating Subsidies

Subsidies from the following sources were earned during the years ended June 30:

		2012	2011	
Proposition A, County of Los Angeles	\$	8,822,958	\$	13,460,669
TDA and STA, State of California		20,170,522		17,480,351
Proposition C, County of Los Angeles		5,858,571		5,928,996
Proposition A Allocation, City of Long Beach		5,891,768		5,375,238
Preventative Maintenance, Federal		5,325,134		6,067,800
Measure R		7,687,827		6,442,329
Other local sources		355,545		257,371
Total	\$	54,112,325	\$	55,012,754

The voters of the County of Los Angeles approved Proposition A in November 1980 and Proposition C in November 1990. These voter approved sales tax initiatives each provide a 1/2% sales tax within the County to be used for mass transit and transportation purposes. A substantial portion of these funds are distributed to the various County transit operators by Metro on both a formula and discretionary basis.

Additionally, each city in Los Angeles County receives a formula allocation of certain Proposition A revenues. The City of Long Beach in turn allocates a portion of its Proposition A local share funding to

the Company in accordance with an agreement between the Company, the City and Metro. The portion of the local Proposition A funds used for operating assistance is included above.

The State of California's Transportation Development Act (TDA) of 1971 designated a portion of County sales tax receipts to finance transit operations and development. This financing is made available to eligible transit operators within the County through allocations from the Local Transportation Fund of Los Angeles County and administered by Metro. State Transit Assistance Funds (STA) are generated from state fuel taxes and are disbursed to transit agencies based on a formula allocation by Metro.

In accordance with the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, the Company is allowed to use a portion of federal grant monies for operating preventative maintenance expenditures. These funds are shown as subsidy income in the Company's accompanying financial statements. The FTA funds 80% of the costs with the remaining 20% matched by Proposition C funds.

Measure R, approved by the voters in November 2009, provides a  $\frac{1}{2}$  cent sales tax for transportation improvements.

Other local monies are reimbursement for service hours supplied to seven surrounding cities and Job Access Reverse Commute funds (JARC) awarded for service for the 7th St. peak service route 171 and weekend service to the Villages at Cabrillo Transitional Housing Complex.

#### (4) Accounts Receivable

Unrestricted accounts receivable were comprised of the following at June 30:

	 2012	2011	
Subsidies	\$ 43,113	\$	30,468
Insurance reimbursements	192,655		149,369
Interest	121,734		125,301
Trade	 569,778	<del></del>	558,375
Total	\$ 927,280	\$	863,513

Accounts are written off when determined to be uncollectible. In the opinion of management, all significant accounts receivable at June 30, 2012 and 2011 are fully collectible.

#### (5) Restricted and Designated Assets and Deferred Revenue

At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the balance of restricted and designated assets and deferred revenue accounts were as follows:

#### Restricted and Designated Assets

		2012	 2011
Current cash and investments:			
Proposition A funds, City of Long Beach Cash and investments designated for	\$	1,829,420	\$ 2,383,327
insurance claims		11,193,217	 8,857,530
Total current cash			
and investments		13,022,637	 11,240,857
Noncurrent cash and investments:			
Board mandated contingency reserve		2,000,000	2,000,000
Capital grant funds		23,595,710	22,446,023
Total noncurrent cash			
and investments		25,595,710	24,446,023
Total restricted and designated			
cash and investments:	_\$_	38,618,347	\$ 35,686,880
Accounts receivable:			
Proposition A funds due from City	\$	2,316,946	\$ 5,751,706
Capital grants receivable		3,217,782	 791,833
Total restricted and designated			
accounts receivable	\$	5,534,728	\$ 6,543,539

#### Deferred Revenue

	2012	2011
Current deferred revenue: Proposition A funds, City of Long Beach	\$ 2,452,137	\$ 6,753,761
Total current deferred revenue	2,452,137	6,753,761
Noncurrent deferred revenue:		
Capital grant funds	23,033,957	21,649,079
Other	614,258	814,395
Total noncurrent deferred revenue	23,648,215	22,463,474
Total deferred revenue	\$ 26,100,352	\$ 29,217,235

The Company maintains a \$2 million contingency reserve mandated by the Board of Directors to meet unexpected cash shortfalls.

Proposition A funds from the City are local share Proposition A funds received by the City from Metro and are allocated to the Company in accordance with the agreements described in note 3 in the notes to the accompanying financial statements. Such monies are for the Company's use as operating assistance and/or to finance capital expenditures. The unused portion of Proposition A funds received from and due from the City is included in deferred revenue.

Capital grants receivable are grant funds earned and shown as capital contributions through purchase or construction of qualifying capital assets, but not yet received. Capital grant funds included in restricted and designated cash and investments and deferred revenue are funds the Company has received in advance for capital asset acquisition or construction but which have not been expended at the date of the statements of net assets.

Other noncurrent deferred revenue includes proceeds from the sale of assets originally purchased with capital grant contributions, which will be used for future asset acquisitions, and escheat checks.

#### (6) Estimated Liability for Insurance Claims

Under its insurance programs, the Company retains the risk for each occurrence of workers' compensation and public liability and property damage claimed up to \$1.5 million and \$1 million, respectively. Claims in excess of \$1.5 million for workers' compensation and \$1 million for public liability and property damage are covered under policies in force with an independent insurer up to \$25 million for workers' compensation and \$10 million for public liability and property damage. Individual claim settlements for both workers' compensation and public liability and property damage did not exceed insurance coverage limits in fiscal years 2012 and 2011.

The level of risk retention is dictated by the insurance market and the rates available to the Company. The Company weighs the increased premium costs against the risk level attempting to minimize overall program expenses. Risk retention levels for workers' compensation increased substantially due to actuarial reserves for fiscal year 2012.

The Company's policy is to estimate and recognize losses on the accrual basis based on the report of the Company's independent claims manager or an actuarial report and to maintain designated cash and investments to fund the estimated liabilities. Liability may also be accrued if it is reasonable to suspect claims may arise from an incident that has occurred, but has yet to be reported to our independent claims manager.

The changes in estimated liabilities for reported claims are as follows:

	Public Liability and Property Damage	Workers' Compensation	Total
Estimated liabilities at June 30, 2010	\$ 950,411	\$ 5,690,546	\$ 6,640,957
Reserves: New claims Adjustments	1,135,342	509,922	1,645,264
to existing claims	2,083,619	1,310,779	3,394,398
Payouts	(1,143,300)	(1,679,789)	(2,823,089)
Estimated liabilities at June 30, 2011	3,026,072	5,831,458	8,857,530
Reserves: New claims Adjustments	416,844	520,211	937,055
to existing claims	1,026,649	2,966,725	3,993,374
Payouts	(543,180)	(2,051,562)	(2,594,742)
Estimated liabilities at June 30, 2012	\$ 3,926,385	\$ 7,266,832	\$ 11,193,217

#### (7) Deferred Compensation

The Company offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is administered by an independent contractor. The Plan is available to all Company employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Plan assets consist of money market and mutual funds and are purchased based on elections made by the Company's employees. The deferred compensation is not available to employees or beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

Existing assets in the Plan are maintained in a qualified custodial account. The Custodian holds the Plan's assets for the exclusive benefit of participants and beneficiaries. The Plan's assets are not the legal property of the Company and are not subject to the claims of the Company's general creditors nor can they be used by the Company for any purpose other than the payment of benefits to employees participating in the Plan or their designated beneficiaries. Therefore, deferred compensation funds are not shown on the Company's Statements of Net Assets.

#### (8) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2011	Adjustments Transfers	/ Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Land	\$ 5,525,000	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,525,000
Construction in progress	2,460,088	(1,188,666)	6,135,242		7,406,664
Total capital assets not being depreciated	7,985,088	(1,188,666)	6,135,242		12,931,664
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings & improvements	41,246,850	206,273	319,230		41,772,353
Fleet	126,002,622	774,544	6,105,308	(4,491,460)	128,391,014
Communications systems	6,906,803	283	3,307		6,910,393
Fare collection system	7,960,900		487		7,961,387
Office, shop & garage equipment	19,919,613	173,340	1,521,638	(704,364)	20,910,227
Passenger facilities	11,611,270	34,226	680,024		12,325,520
Total capital assets being depreciated	213,648,058	1,188,666	8,629,994	(5,195,824)	218,270,894
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings & improvements	(28,473,933)		(2,572,835)		(31,046,768)
Fleet	(80,440,297)		(11,173,141)	4,491,460	(87,121,978)
Communications systems	(6,736,092)		(78,145)		(6,814,237)
Fare collection system	(4,526,129)		(984,747)		(5,510,876)
Office, shop & garage equipment	(15,518,229)	***	(2,125,283)	704,364	(16,939,148)
Passenger facilities	(2,110,404)		(2,377,397)		(4,487,801)
Total accumulated depreciation	(137,805,084)		(19,311,548)	5,195,824	(151,920,808)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	75,842,974	1,188,666	(10,681,554)		66,350,086
Total capital assets, net	\$ 83,828,062	S	\$ (4,546,312)	\$	\$ 79,281,750

	Balance at June 30, 2010	Adjustments/ Transfers	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,525,000	\$	\$	\$	\$ 5,525,000
Construction in progress	3,181,902	(2,811,386)	2,089,572		2,460,088
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	8,706,902	(2,811,386)	2,089,572		7,985,088
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings & improvements	39,863,758	370,366	1,012,726		41,246,850
Fleet	122,838,875	434,305	5,918,563	(3,189,121)	126,002,622
Communications systems	6,906,803				6,906,803
Fare collection system	7,443,078		517,822		7,960,900
Office, shop & garage					
equipment	19,152,628	299,718	1,099,374	(632,107)	19,919,613
Passenger facilities	4,145,118	1,706,997	6,492,453	(733,298)	11,611,270
Total capital assets					
being depreciated	200,350,260	2,811,386	15,040,938	(4,554,526)	213,648,058
Less accumulated depreciation:	:				
Buildings & improvements	(25,727,784)	***	(2,746,149)		(28,473,933)
Fleet	(72,621,497)		(11,007,921)	3,189,121	(80,440,297)
Communications systems	(6,668,623)		(67,469)		(6,736,092)
Fare collection system	(3,572,444)		(953,685)		(4,526,129)
Office, shop &					
garage equipment	(14,357,593)		(1,792,743)	632,107	(15,518,229)
Passenger facilities	(1,822,912)		(1,020,790)	733,298	(2,110,404)
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(124,770,853)		(17,588,757)	4,554,526	(137,805,084)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	75,579,407	2,811,386	(2,547,819)		75,842,974
Total capital assets, net	\$ 84,286,309	\$	\$ (458,247)	\$	\$ 83,828,062

The Company operates from two locations within the City of Long Beach. The principal maintenance facility is located in the central portion of the City and the satellite facility is in North Long Beach. Land included on the Company's books includes a parcel adjacent to the principal maintenance facility and the North Long Beach site. Land occupied by the Company's principal facility has been deeded to the City of Long Beach and is recorded in the accounts of the City.

#### (9) Subsidy Deferral

The amount of subsidies received each year is based upon estimated funding marks prepared by Metro. These estimates are used for budget preparation, with final marks received after final budgets are approved. Subsidies received in excess of expenditures are carried over for use in the next year. Subsidy deferrals of \$14,983,697 and \$10,752,925, for 2012 and 2011, respectively, have been included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### (10) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Such claims are routinely evaluated by the Company's legal counsel. Management may make provisions for probable losses if deemed appropriate on advice of legal counsel. To the extent provisions for damages are considered necessary, appropriate amounts are reflected in the accompanying financial statements. It is the opinion of management, based on consultation with legal counsel, that the estimated liability for unreserved claims and suits will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### **Purchase Contracts**

The Company had the following significant purchase commitments outstanding at June 30, 2012. These purchase orders are for future goods and services the Company has yet to receive and can be cancelled prior to delivery by either party subject to the provisions of each individual contract. The balances listed represent some contingency balances, therefore, actual costs may be lower than shown.

Vendor	Project	Amount	Expected Completion
Gillig Corporation	Bus Replacement	\$ 29,196,331	December 2012
Petro Diamond	Gasoline Fuel	3,631,350	June 2013
Pro Petroleum	Diesel Fuel	3,508,740	June 2013
Amtek	Design/Build CNG Station	1,618,793	July 2012
Tumpoint Solutions	Software Implementation	1,343,580	June 2013
Center for Transportation	Management Services	635,300	June 2015
Complete Coach Works	Engine Kits	387,875	May 2013
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co	Tires	305,717	September 2012
City of Long Beach	Pipe Line for CNG	165,000	September 2012
Sardo Bus & Coach	Coach Detailing	147,441	December 2012
Trapeze Software Group	Software Upgrade	106,547	July 2012
Windes & McClaughry Accountancy Corp.	Audit services	106,000	March 2013
Jorgensen Facilities Serv.	Facilities Plan	85,411	September 2012

#### **Lease Obligations**

The Company's tire lease is eligible for capitalization and is depreciated over a twelve (12) month period. Under the terms of the lease, the vendor supplies the tires and invoices the Company based on monthly mileage. There are no minimum guarantee payments required in the contracts. Total lease costs were \$546,421 and \$557,680 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### (11) Employee Benefits

#### Vacation Compensation

Employees accrue vacation by reason of tenure at annual rates ranging from 12 to 30 days per year. Salaried employees may accumulate and carry-over no more than the number of vacation days earned in the previous year. Contract employees are paid their earned vacation in full each year. On June 30, 2012 and 2011, accrued unpaid vacation for all Company employees amounted to \$2,529,189 and \$2,579,347, respectively.

Balance 6/30/11	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/12	One Year
\$ 2,579,347	\$ 2,529,189	(\$2,579,347)	\$ 2,529,189	\$ 2,529,189
Balance 6/30/10	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/11	Due Within One Year
\$ 2,465,240	\$ 2,579,347	(\$ 2,465,240)	\$ 2,579,347	\$ 2,579,347

Once a year the Company allows employees to sell back a portion of their earned vacation in lieu of taking the time off. The Company has agreed to buy back vacation time in excess of ten (10) days earned during the calendar year. Vacation days carried over from the previous year are not eligible for this program. The Company paid \$265,708 and \$219,192 under this program during 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

Full-time Company employees are entitled to receive up to 96 hours of sick leave per year. On April 4, 2011, the Board of Arbitration issued a unanimous decision in the Interest Arbitration Proceedings between the Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1277, and Long Beach Transit. The Board increased the maximum unused sick hours accruable by contract employees and percentage of unused sick hours convertible for cash values from 1,200 hours to 2,722 hours and 50% to 100%, respectively, with a retroactive date of October 1, 2009. Unused sick leave may be accumulated until retirement with the cash value, or a percentage thereof for Contract retirees, used to pay health and dental insurance premiums under the Company's Retired Employees Health Insurance Program (REHIP). Once the cash value of the retiring employee's unused sick leave is exhausted, the retiree is required to pay all health and dental premiums.

There were 82 participants in the Company's REHIP at June 30, 2012 and 77 at June 30, 2011. The cash value equivalent of the remaining unused sick leave for the current retirees totaled \$782,335 and \$711,336, respectively. Total premiums paid by the Company under the REHIP during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, were \$105,755 and \$58,114, respectively.

The Company has established a liability related to unused sick leave which it estimates will be used by retirees to cover premiums under the REHIP. The estimated costs of the REHIP for both current and expected future payments is \$2,004,517 and \$1,732,354 at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Balance 6/30/11	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance 6/30/11	Due Within One Year
\$ 1,732,354	\$ 377,918	(\$105,755)	\$ 2,004,517	\$ 74,579
Balance 6/30/10	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance 6/30/11	Due Within One Year
\$ 1,156,565	\$ 633,903	(\$ 58,114)	\$ 1,732,354	\$ 287,811

#### (12) Labor Agreement

#### Union Labor Agreement

The April 4, 2011 Board of Arbitration Decision regarding the Interest Arbitration between the Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1277, and Long Beach Transit resulted in a labor contract for the period October 1, 2009, to June 30, 2013, succeeding their contract which ended on September 30, 2009. The Board of Arbitration retained jurisdiction regarding (a) wages, (b) health benefits and contributions, and (c) pension benefits and contributions, including whether there should be a defined benefit plan for new hires, for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013.

The decision by the Board of Arbitration on June 15, 2012, regarding pension, specifies that the current employee pension plan contribution will continue to be 5% until the next actuarial statement of the amount needed to actuarially fund the Plan. When the amount is determined, the Company shall pay the first ten percent of the amount the actuary states is necessary for Plan funding. Union employees will pay the next 5% necessary to fund the Plan. The Company and Union employees will equally split any funding amounts over 15%. In addition, for Union employees hired on or after July 1, 2012, the lump sum option in the Pension Plan is eliminated.

#### (13) Pension Benefits

#### Plan Descriptions

The Company sponsors two single employer defined benefit pension plans: one for contract employees, the Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan - Contract Employees (Contract Plan), and one for staff employees, the Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan - Salaried Employees (Salaried Plan) for employees hired before April 1, 2011. For staff employees hired on or after April 1, 2011, Long Beach Transit adopted a new 401(a) qualified retirement plan for employer matching contributions.

The Company's payroll for employees covered by each pension plan for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$25,904,690 and \$25,904,634 for the Contract Plan, respectively, and \$9,516,264 and \$9,520,926 for the Salaried Plan, respectively. Total Company payroll for 2012 and 2011 was \$35,743,152 and \$35,103,643, respectively.

The Contract and the Salaried Plans are contributory single employer defined benefit pension plans sponsored by the Company. All full-time employees in a job classification covered by a collective bargaining agreement between the Company and the Union participate in the Contract Plan as of their date of employment. All full-time employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement and hired before April 1, 2011 participate in the Salaried Plan as of their date of employment. Participants in the Contract Plan and Salaried Plan employees hired before April 1, 2011, are eligible for annual benefit payments at the normal retirement age of 64 and completion of ten years of credited service and become 100% vested after five credited years of service. Employees covered under the Salaried Plan can retire prior to 64 with a normal retirement benefit if the combination of the employee's age and service equals 80 or more. For employees covered under the Salaried plan hired on or after April 1, 2011, Long Beach Transit adopted a new 401(a) qualified retirement plan for employer matching contributions. Contract employees hired on or after April 1, 2011 are not eligible to participate in the 401(a) qualified retirement plan, but are eligible to continue to participate in the Contract Plan.

#### Pension Plan Benefits

Benefit payments for the Salaried Plan are determined as 1.70% of adjusted final monthly earnings multiplied by years of credited service (maximum credit of 40 years). Adjusted final monthly earnings are the employee's highest average monthly wage for 36 consecutive months of earnings during the last ten calendar years of employment, prior to normal retirement date, which provide the highest value.

Benefit payments for the Contract Plan are determined as the sum of the following:

- 1. 1.23% of the first \$500 of adjusted monthly earnings multiplied by the years of credited service (maximum credit of 40 years).
- 2. 1.7% of adjusted final monthly earnings greater than \$500 multiplied by the years of credited service (maximum credit of 40 years).

Contract employees who are at least 54 years of age with ten years of service or more, will have their pension benefits, calculated as the sum of items 1 and 2 above, increased by 15%.

Adjusted final monthly earnings under the Contract Plan are the employee's highest average monthly wage for 60 consecutive months of earnings during the last 10 calendar years of employment, prior to normal retirement date, which provide the highest value.

Retirees for both Plans, if married, are eligible to receive a joint annuity with a reduced annuity to the surviving spouse or domestic partner and, if unmarried, a straight-life annuity. These benefits are actuarially equivalent at the normal retirement date. Plan members are entitled, upon leaving service, to a vested termination of employment benefit if they have completed five years of credited service on their termination date. The vested termination of employment benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit earned to the termination date.

#### Death and Disability Benefits

In the event a Plan member dies after reaching retirement age, while still actively employed, a retirement benefit will be paid to the spouse in the amount of 50% of the amount the Plan member would have received under the joint and 50% survivor spouse annuity, assuming retirement occurred the day immediately prior to death.

If a Salaried Plan participant becomes occupationally disabled, he or she is entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 1.7% of the participant's average monthly final earnings for each year of service earned. The minimum monthly disability benefit is 17% of the participant average earnings regardless of the length of service or vesting status.

If a Contract Plan participant is totally and permanently disabled with ten or more years of credited service, the participant is entitled to receive the full normal retirement benefit earned to the date of disability, without actuarial reduction, commencing six months after the date of disablement. A reduced occupational disability benefit is available for those Plan members unable to perform their usual work duties who leave service after 10 or more years of credited service.

#### **Termination**

The Plans may be amended, altered or modified, or successor plans may be adopted at any time with the consent of the employer and its Board of Directors or its successor in interest. In the event of termination, the net assets will be allocated based on the order of priority prescribed in the Plans.

#### Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost

Plan members are required to contribute 5% of his or her annual salary to the Plans. The Company is required to contribute to the Plans at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution rates for 2012 were 12.32% and 18.90% for the Contract and Salaried Plans, respectively. For 2012, the Company's annual pension costs were \$3,241,510 and \$1,632,231 for the Contract and Salaried Plans, respectively. The required contributions were determined as part of the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost frozen initial liability cost method. The actuarial assumptions were as follows:

•	Remaining amortization period	26 years
•	Asset valuation method	Market value
•	Mortality Table	IRS 2007 Current
	·	Liability Combined
•	Amortization Method	Level Dollar
•	Amortization Periods	Closed
•	Investment rate of return	7.5%
•	Projected salary increases*	4.0%
	*includes inflation at 1.5%	
•	Cost-of-living adjustments	None

#### **Funding Progress**

The status of funding progress for both Plans is based on the actuarial valuations performed as of July 1, 2012 and 2011. The actuarial accrued liability is calculated using the entry-age method.

#### Salaried Plan

2012

2011

outured I tur						
Actuarial valuation date(July 1)	(a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial Accused_liability (AAL)—	(b-a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of covered payroll
2012	\$ 11,028	\$ 18,424	\$ 7,396	59.86%	\$ 9,516	77.72%
2011	12,022	18,158	6,136	66.21	9,521	64.44
Contract Plan						
		(b) Actuarial	(b-a)			((b-a)/c) UAAL as a
Actuarial	(a)	Accrued liability	Unfunded	(a/b)	(c)	Percentage
valuation date	Actuarial	(AAL)-	AAL	Funded	Covered	of covered
(July 1)	value of assets	entry age	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll Payroll	payroll

The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as Required Supplemental Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

12,488

9,999

74.78%

78.89

25,905

25,474

\$

39.25

48.20%

#### Three-Year Trend Information

37,025

37,358

\$

49,513

47,357

\$

#### Contract Plan

Year ended June 30	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2012	\$3,241,510	100%	\$0
2011	3,791,200	100	0
2010	4,111,605	100	0

#### Salaried Plan

Year ended June 30	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2012	\$1,632,231	100%	\$ 0
2011	2,041,762	100	0
2010	1,964,523	100	0

Defined Contribution Plan 401 (a)

Participation in the 401(a) Plan is limited to full-time regular staff employees hired on or after April 1, 2011. The Company's contribution to the 401(a) Plan is as follows: (A) eligible employees with 3 years of service or less, a matching contribution equal to the amount of the employee's salary deferrals to the 457 Plan, up to a maximum of 5% of the employee's base salary, and (B) for eligible employees with more than 3 years of service, the Company would make the following contributions: (1) matching contribution equal to the amount of the employee's salary deferrals to the 457 Plan, up to a maximum of 4% of the employee's base salary, and (2) a non-elective contribution equal to 3% of the employee's base salary regardless of whether the employee makes any salary deferrals to the 457 Plan for the plan year. As of June 30, 2012, there were twelve employees eligible and only one elected to participate in the program.

Financial statements for the Contract and Salaried Plans are available under separate covers. Copies of the financial statements can be obtained by writing to Long Beach Transit, Attn: Executive Director, VP Financial Services, P.O. Box 731, Long Beach, CA 90801.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The following tables (which are unaudited) summarize the status of funding progress for the two Company sponsored defined benefit pension plans – Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan – Contract Employees (Contract Plan) and Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan – Salaried Employees (Salaried Plan). These tables are based on the actuarial valuations performed as the dates indicated.

Contract Plan	
---------------	--

Actuarial valuation date	(a) Actuarial	Acc	(b) Actuarial rued liability (AAL) –	(b-a) Unfunded (Funding Excess)	(a/b) Funded	(c) Covered	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a percentage of covered
(July 1)	ue of assets		entry age	 (AAL)	ratio	 payroll	payroll
2012	\$ 37,025	\$	49,513	\$ 12,488	74.78%	\$ 25,905	48.20%
2011	37,358		47,357	\$ 9,999	78.89	25,474	39.25
2010	29,212		45,374	\$ 16,162	64.38	25,501	63.38

#### Salaried Plan

Actuarial valuation date(July 1)	(a) Actuarial lue of assets	Acc	(b) Actuarial rued_liability (AAL) – entry age	 (b-a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded ratio	(c) Covered payroll	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a percentage of covered payroli
2012	\$ 11,028	\$	18,424	\$ 7,396	59.86%	\$ 9,516	77.72%
2011	12,022		18,158	6,136	66.21	9,521	64.44
2010	9,950		18,267	8,317	54.47	9,337	89.08

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Long Beach Public Transportation Company's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Company's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to assess how the Company's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	39
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information on the Company's revenue sources and their fluctuations over time.	42
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators regarding the environment within which the Company's financial activities take place.	44
Operating Information  These schedules contain information about services the Company provides and the activities it performs.	46
Pension Information  The Company's Pension Plans' financial statements are issued under separate cover. The schedules contained in this section include general financial and actuarial information providing data concerning the Plans' funding status and general activity.	54
Grant Information  The Company's grant programs are issued under separate cover in the  Single Audit. The schedules contained in this section provide a summary  of capital grant activity for Federal, State and Local sources.	56

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

### Financial Trends Net Assets by Component 2003 - 2012

Exhibit 1

Invested in Capital Assets	(1) Restricted	Unrestricted	Total
\$ 77,966,453	\$	\$ 3,606,926	\$ 81,573,379
72,060,726	166,914	3,437,866	75,665,506
87,934,270	166,914	3,437,866	91,539,050
83,588,365	113,048	3,491,732	87,193,145
74,761,808	84,674	3,520,105	78,366,587
72,514,620	259,954	3,344,825	76,119,399
87,250,464	102,205	3,502,574	90,855,243
84,286,309	16,747	3,588,032	87,891,088
83,828,062	21,356	3,583,423	87,432,841
79,281,750	13,558	3,591,221	82,886,529
	\$ 77,966,453 \$ 72,060,726 \$ 87,934,270 \$ 3,588,365 \$ 74,761,808 \$ 72,514,620 \$ 87,250,464 \$ 84,286,309 \$ 83,828,062	Capital Assets       (1)       Restricted         \$ 77,966,453       \$         72,060,726       166,914         87,934,270       166,914         83,588,365       113,048         74,761,808       84,674         72,514,620       259,954         87,250,464       102,205         84,286,309       16,747         83,828,062       21,356	Capital Assets         (1)         Restricted         Unrestricted           \$ 77,966,453         \$         \$ 3,606,926           72,060,726         166,914         3,437,866           87,934,270         166,914         3,437,866           83,588,365         113,048         3,491,732           74,761,808         84,674         3,520,105           72,514,620         259,954         3,344,825           87,250,464         102,205         3,502,574           84,286,309         16,747         3,588,032           83,828,062         21,356         3,583,423

<sup>(1)</sup> Fluctuations in balances reflect the Company's procurement of capital assets in each year. Significant changes occur in years which included the receipt of new buses.

## Financial Trends Operating Expenses By Type 2003 – 2012

Exhibit 2

	Personnel							
	Wages &	Fuel &	Supplies &		Casualty &	Purchased		
	Benefits	Lubricants	Materials	Services	Liability	Transportation	Depreciation	Total
2003	\$ 38,769,171	\$ 2,448,437	\$ 2,103,616	\$ 4,238,861	\$ 1,740,925	\$ 1,272,669	\$ 13,608,074	\$ 64,181,753
2004	41,828,220	3,165,438	2,146,233	4,205,815	1,973,444	1,365,827	13,673,096	68,358,073
2005	41,013,333	4,254,173	2,327,356	4,403,307	1,398,575	1,304,570	15,209,043	69,910,357
2006	43,174,005	5,748,498	1,999,984	4,769,648	1,506,641	1,320,429	16,316,882	74,836,087
2007	45,273,578	5,580,884	2,041,326	5,670,338	1,454,319	1,331,373	16,712,820	78,064,638
2008	49,895,725	7,146,145	2,198,443	6,023,734	2,812,729	1,407,953	17,441,700	86,926,429
2009	50,711,153	5,721,736	2,442,697	5,758,880	2,115,349	1,380,796	14,009,081	82,139,692
2010	52,742,176	5,625,348	2,280,932	5,997,208	1,897,047	1,349,681	16,519,346	86,411,738
2011	52,462,571	6,754,776	2,858,490	6,644,394	3,693,995	1,026,413	17,588,757	91,029,396
2012	51,744,582	7,816,511	3,104,125	7,132,271	2,274,190	1,204,522	19,311,548	92,587,749

# Long Beach Public Transportation Company

## Financial Trends Changes in Net Assets 2003 - 2012

1

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Exhibit 3

Expenses	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Transportation	\$ 25,385,931	\$27,723,568	\$ 27,366,019	\$29,156,285	\$ 30,454,056	\$ 32,376,023	\$ 34,874,385	\$ 36,416,765	\$ 35,413,269	\$ 35,139,334
Maintenance	13,400,059	14,154,855	15,781,778	16,800,999	17,251,960	19,612,265	18,602,288	18,546,811	21,292,632	21,834,078
Risk Management	5,026,416	6,076,869	4,223,185	5,068,951	5,191,201	8,119,926	5,278,264	5,266,428	6,791,630	7,175,642
Marketing &										
Customer Service	1,567,140	1,263,387	1,296,256	1,286,531	1,397,475	1,631,278	1,578,839	1,673,878	1,665,938	1,761,195
General										
Administration	5,194,133	5,466,298	6,034,076	6,206,439	7,057,126	7,745,237	7,796,835	7,988,510	8,277,170	7,365,952
Depreciation	13,608,074	13,673,096	15,209,043	16,316,882	16,712,820	17,441,700	14,009,081	16,519,346	17,588,757	19,311,548
Total Expenses	\$ 64,181,753	\$ 68,358,073	\$ 69,910,357	\$ 74,836,087	\$ 78,064,638	\$ 86,926,429	\$ 82,139,692	\$ 86,411,738	\$ 91,029,396	\$ 92,587,749
Revenues										
Passenger Fares	\$12,382,726	\$ 12,676,716	\$ 12,814,406	\$14,542,379	\$ 14,239,543	\$ 14,789,817	\$ 15,785,523	\$ 16,473,909	\$ 17,308,290	\$ 18,085,942
Special Events	85,589	91,467	85,671	38,346	52,275	103,971	72,389	71,809	41,935	21,386
Advertising	787,856	906,250	743,750	724,158	847,296	857,449	797,814	609,161	558,490	688,089
Subtotal Operating	13,256,171	13,674,433	13,643,827	15,304,883	15,139,114	15,751,237	16,655,726	17,154,879	17,908,715	18,795,417
Subsidies	36,932,476	40,615,870	40,444,529	42,078,890	44,495,763	52,151,341	50,720,199	51,773,322	55,012,754	54,112,325
Interest & Other	385,032	394,674	612,958	1,135,432	1,716,941	1,582,151	754,686	964,191	519,170	368,458
Subtotal Non-Op	37,317,508	41,010,544	41,057,487	43,214,322	46,212,704	53,733,492	51,474,885	52,737,513	55,531,924	54,480,783
Total Revenues	\$ 50,573,679	\$54,684,977	\$ 54,701,314	\$58,519,205	\$ 61,351,818	\$ 69,484,729	\$ 68,130,611	\$ 69,892,392	\$ 73,440,639	\$ 73,276,200
Not Evanored	¢/12 600 074)	173 COS 074) - E/13 C73 00C) - E/15 700 047)	\$ (15 000 042)	(000 )10 )10			6/14 000 0013			67.007
Net Expense	\$(13,000,074)	(060,670,61)¢	\$(13,202,043)	3(10,310,882)	<b>⊅(10,/12,820)</b>	\$(1,441,700)	\$(14,009,081)	<b>3(10,519,346)</b>	(/(2/,885,/1)	\$ (19,511,549)
Capital Grants	25,726,683	7,765,223	31,082,587	11,970,977	7,886,262	15,194,512	28,744,925	13,555,191	17,130,510	14,765,236
Change in Net Assets	\$ 12,118,609	\$ (5,907,873)	\$ (5,907,873) \$ 15,873,544	\$ (4,345,905)	\$ (8,826,558)	(8,826,558) \$ (2,247,188)	\$ 14,735,844	\$ (2,964,155)	\$ (458,247)	\$ (4,546,313)

			Financia Capital Expen 2003	Financial Trends Capital Expenditures By Type 2003 - 2012			Exhibit 4
Fiscal Year	Facilities	Fleet	Passenger Facilities	AVL, Farebox & Radio Equipment	Furniture & IT Equipment	Shop & Garage Equipment	Total
2003	\$ 563,536	\$ 20,082,479	\$ 702,691	\$ 3,301,673	\$ 785,846	\$ 290,458	\$ 25,726,683
2004	469,413	3,503,160	2,302,210	818,230	358,811	313,399	7,765,223
2005	761,993	27,650,227	719,055	728,378	1,032,081	190,853	31,082,587
2006	903,110	4,311,805	716'166	4,219,234	728,595	816,316	11,970,977
2007	2,013,508	4,839,412	257,740	267,526	193,018	315,058	7,886,262
2008	1,427,166	11,386,235	1,142,643	337,773	744,408	156,287	15,194,512
2009	3,133,478	20,214,981	1,557,227	2,068,732	1,468,789	301,718	28,744,925
2010	1,224,068	6,436,753	2,149,479	47,960	1,796,856	1,900,075	13,555,191
2011	1,206,706	6,764,468	7,256,720	518,104	1,134,931	246,581	17,130,510
2012	4,325,055	6,651,509	859,424	395,016	2,320,594	213,638	14,765,236

## Revenue Capacity Operating Subsidy Sources 2003 - 2012

Exhibit 5

Prop A Funds City of Long Beach	Prop A Discretionary Funds L.A. County	Prop C & Measure R Funds L.A. County	State Assistance	Federal Preventative Maintenance Program	Other Sources	Total
\$ 5.421.163	\$ 8.714.058	\$ 5.328.950	\$14,231,214	\$ 2,928,720	\$ 308,371	\$ 36,932,476
	•		17,755,993	836,800	455,288	40,615,870
5,740,953	7,956,295	5,296,405	18,236,348	2,533,066	681,462	40,444,529
5,014,805	11,333,677	4,145,171	20,655,260	302,184	627,793	42,078,890
4,656,775	11,840,403	5,507,340	21,864,340		626,905	44,495,763
7,087,958	11,679,125	5,224,479	25,777,123	2,126,915	255,741	52,151,341
4,067,755	12,500,860	9,848,459	21,266,639	2,378,850	657,636	50,720,199
3,536,593	12,069,662	14,374,634	14,777,565	6,704,200	310,668	51,773,322
5,375,238	13,460,669	12,371,325	17,480,351	6,067,800	257,371	55,012,754
5,891,768	8,822,958	13,546,398	20,170,522	5,325,134	355,545	54,112,325
	City of Long Beach \$ 5,421,163 6,561,550 5,740,953 5,014,805 4,656,775 7,087,958 4,067,755 3,536,593 5,375,238	Prop A Funds City of Long Beach	Prop A Funds City of Long Beach         Discretionary Funds Funds L.A. County         Measure R Funds L.A. County           \$ 5,421,163         \$ 8,714,058         \$ 5,328,950           6,561,550         9,448,398         5,557,841           5,740,953         7,956,295         5,296,405           5,014,805         11,333,677         4,145,171           4,656,775         11,840,403         5,507,340           7,087,958         11,679,125         5,224,479           4,067,755         12,500,860         9,848,459           3,536,593         12,069,662         14,374,634           5,375,238         13,460,669         12,371,325	Prop A Funds City of Long Beach         Discretionary Funds L.A. County         Measure R Funds L.A. County         State Assistance           \$ 5,421,163         \$ 8,714,058         \$ 5,328,950         \$ 14,231,214           6,561,550         9,448,398         5,557,841         17,755,993           5,740,953         7,956,295         5,296,405         18,236,348           5,014,805         11,333,677         4,145,171         20,655,260           4,656,775         11,840,403         5,507,340         21,864,340           7,087,958         11,679,125         5,224,479         25,777,123           4,067,755         12,500,860         9,848,459         21,266,639           3,536,593         12,069,662         14,374,634         14,777,565           5,375,238         13,460,669         12,371,325         17,480,351	Prop A Funds City of Long Beach         Funds Long Beach         Measure R L.A. County         State State L.A. County         Preventative Maintenance Program           \$ 5,421,163         \$ 8,714,058         \$ 5,328,950         \$ \$14,231,214         \$ 2,928,720           6,561,550         9,448,398         5,557,841         17,755,993         836,800           5,740,953         7,956,295         5,296,405         18,236,348         2,533,066           5,014,805         11,333,677         4,145,171         20,655,260         302,184           4,656,775         11,840,403         5,507,340         21,864,340            7,087,958         11,679,125         5,224,479         25,777,123         2,126,915           4,067,755         12,500,860         9,848,459         21,266,639         2,378,850           3,536,593         12,069,662         14,374,634         14,777,565         6,704,200           5,375,238         13,460,669         12,371,325         17,480,351         6,067,800	Prop A Funds City of Long Beach         Funds Long Beach         Measure R Long Beach         Preventative Maintenance Program         Other Sources           \$ 5,421,163         \$ 8,714,058         \$ 5,328,950         \$ 14,231,214         \$ 2,928,720         \$ 308,371           6,561,550         9,448,398         5,557,841         17,755,993         836,800         455,288           5,740,953         7,956,295         5,296,405         18,236,348         2,533,066         681,462           5,014,805         11,333,677         4,145,171         20,655,260         302,184         627,793           4,656,775         11,840,403         5,507,340         21,864,340          626,905           7,087,958         11,679,125         5,224,479         25,777,123         2,126,915         255,741           4,067,755         12,500,860         9,848,459         21,266,639         2,378,850         657,636           3,536,593         12,069,662         14,374,634         14,777,565         6,704,200         310,668           5,375,238         13,460,669         12,371,325         17,480,351         6,067,800         257,371

## Revenue Capacity Farebox Recovery Percentage 2003 - 2012

Exhibit 6

Year				Percentage
2003		********		25.2
2004	*********			23.8
2005				24.1
2006				25.8
2007				23.8
2008				21.9
2009				23.9
2010				24.3
2011	********			24.2
2011				25.4
2012	*******	********	********	<i></i>

NOTE: Represents passenger fares divided by fixed route operating expenses before depreciation.

Revenue Capacity
Fare History
2000 - 2012

Exhibit 7

	200	<u>00-2002</u>	<u>20</u>	03-2005	20	06-2008	2009	<u>20</u>	<u>10-2012</u>
Fixed Route Service:									
Cash Fares:									
Regular	\$	.90	\$	.90	\$	.90	\$ 1.10	\$	1.25
Student		.75		.75		.90	1.10		1.25
Senior & Disabled		.45		.45		.45	.50		.60
Local transfer		.10		.10					***
Interagency transfer		.35		.35		.50	.50		.50
Day Pass:									
Regular					\$	2.50	\$ 3.50	\$	4.00
Discounted						1.50	2.00		2.50
5 Day Pass:									
Regular							\$ 16.00	\$	18.00
Discounted							8.00		9.00
Monthly Pass:									
Regular	\$	40.00	\$	40.00	\$	50.00	\$ 60.00	\$	65.00
Student		23.00		23.00		31.00	35.00		40.00
Senior & Disabled		11.00		11.00		19.00	21.00		24.00
Dial-A-Lift Service:									
Cash Fares	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$	1.50	\$ 2.00	\$	2.00
Water Taxi:									
Cash Fares:									
AquaBus	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$	1.00	\$ 1.00	\$	1.00
AquaLink				2.00		3.00	5.00		5.00

## Demographic and Economic Information City of Long Beach Demographic Statistics 2002-2011

Exhibit 8

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Estimated Population (A)	Personal Income (in millions) (B&E)	Per Capita Personal Income (B&E)	Public School Enrollment (C)	Unemployment Rate (D)
2002	465,795	10,267	22,042	96,488	7.5
2003	469,713	10,703	22,787	97,212	7.7
2004	472,013	11,290	23,919	97,560	7.2
2005	470,781	11,939	23,266	96,319	5.9
2006	467,586	12,854	27,490	93,589	5.3
2007	465,017	13,222	28,434	90,663	5.6
2008	463,250	13,422	28,974	88,186	8.2
2009	462,211	12,866	27,880	87,509	12.8
2010	462,685	12,783	27,627	86,283	13.9
2011	462,257	12,981	28,081	84,812	13.4

#### Sources:

- (A) California Department of Finance.
- (B) Bureau of Economic Analysis. Personal income and per capita personal income, with exception of 2005, are based on percent change of per capita personal income for Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA (Metropolitan Statistic Area).
- (C) California Department of Education Educational Demographic Unit. Annual school census from Long Beach Unified School District for preschool, grades kindergarten through 12.
- (D) Average annual rate reported by California Employment Development Department (EDD).
- (E) Restated prior years due to the data's annual revision.

N/A - not available.

# Demographic and Economic Information City of Long Beach Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago\*

Exhibit 9

Employer	2011 Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	2002 Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Long Beach Unified School District	8,304	3.51%	15,000	6.51%
Boeing, N.A. (Previously - McDonnell Douglas)	6,847	2.89	14,000	6.08
City of Long Beach	5,312	2.24	6,74 <b>0</b>	2.93
Long Beach Memorial Medical Center	5,805	2.45	4,102	1.78
California State University, Long Beach	5,790	2.44	2,755	1.20
Veterans Affairs Medical Center	2,332	.98	1,985	.86
Long Beach City College	1,579	.67	1,800	.78
St. Mary's Medical Center	1,556	.66	1,650	.72
United States Postal Service	1,257	.53	910	.40
California State Univ Long Beach Foundation	1,020	.43	680	.30

Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Development Services and Financial Management.

<sup>\*</sup> This is the latest information available.

#### Operating Information Key Performance Indicators 2003 – 2012

Exhibit 10

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Fixed Route										
Operating Cost Per Vehicle Service Hour	\$73.74	\$76.52	\$75.64	\$ 83.12	\$ 87.48	\$ 96.17	\$96.28	\$98.73	\$106,77	\$105.61
Operating Cost Per Passenger	\$ 1.89	\$ 1.96	\$ 1.95	\$ 2.08	\$ 2.22	\$ 2.36	\$ 2.20	\$ 2.34	\$ 2.54	\$ 2.50
Roadcalls	1,034	978	1,133	871	1,142	1,339	1,392	1,481	1,325	1,819
Miles Between Roadcalls	7,338	8,257	7,211	9,014	6,771	5,904	5,716	5,384	5,807	4,219
Total Accidents	819	854	754	883	937	923	940	923	851	865
Preventable Accidents	105	139	138	164	154	166	149	100	90	89
Preventable Accidents Per 100,000 Miles	1.34	1.72	1.69	2.09	1.99	2.10	1.87	1.25	1,17	1.16
Passengers per Vehicle Service Hour Service Delivery Rate	43 99.75%	41 99.72%	41 99.73%	40 99.35%	42 99.45%	43 99.88%	44 99.88%	43 99.85%	45 99.83%	48 99.90%
Number of Vehicles	221	221	228	229	229	229	263	265	265	260
Number of Employees	711	715	691	680	737	739	742	732	708	725
Special Services										
Dial-A-Lift Cost Per Passenger	\$13.42	\$14.71	\$15.97	\$18.57	\$19.96	\$21.32	\$21.65	\$23.02	\$19.71	\$19.64
Dial-A-Lift Passengers Per Vehicle Service Hour	5.6	6.1	5.9	5.3	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.1
Number of Dial-A-Lift Vehicles	18	18	18	18	18	17	16	17	15	15
Water Taxi Cost Per Passenger	\$ 4.69	\$ 5.91	\$ 6.29	\$ 7.10	\$ 8.24	\$ 10.17	\$ 9.47	\$10.99	\$11.94	\$13.73
Water Taxi Passengers Per Vehicle Service Hour	18.1	15.6	18.56	14.03	13.50	14.54	14.96	13.81	13.45	13.40
Number of Water Taxi Vessels	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4

#### Operating Information Customer Satisfaction Trends 2001-2012\*

Exhibit 11

% of Customers Rating Favorably

Service Element	2001	2002	2003	2004	2006	2007	2008	2009	2011	2012
LBT Overall	94	92	94	92	90	95	96	95	97	97
LBT Compared to Others	86	87	88	91	87	94	92	89	89	93
Driver Appearance	100	96	96	96	97	97	99	97	99	99
Fares	89	90	94	92	88	90	91	85	73	87
Driver Courtesy	89	86	89	86	90	91	88	90	90	92
Driver Safety	92	91	93	92	93	93	93	97	97	98
On Board Safety	93	90	91	88	91	90	93	95	95	96
Route Convenience	90	93	96	85	92	93	96	93	95	96
Information Available	90	91	89	89	88	88	93	93	90	95
Telephone Information	88	86	86	86	81	90	92	91	90	91
Bus Stop Safety	92	87	84	83	86	82	91	87	90	92
Bus Stop Convenience	95	96	94	****	94	95	97	95	96	96
Schedule Reliability	82	75	84	69	74	72	77	78	78	85
Bus Cleanliness	88	88	90	79	84	76	88	85	93	94
Bus Stop Cleanliness	84	82	74	80	81	75	89	84	86	91
Customer Satisfaction Index**	90	89	90	86	88	88	92	90	90	93

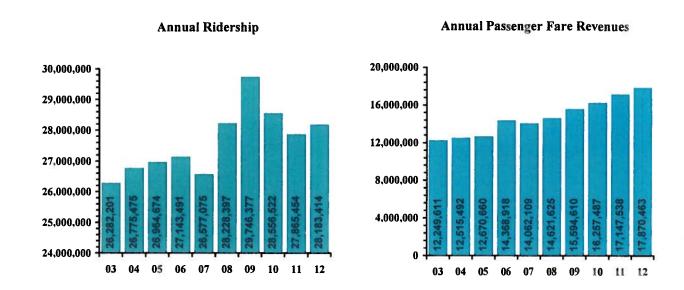
Source: Annual community survey.

<sup>\*</sup> Formal customer surveys were not performed for fiscal years 2005 and 2010.

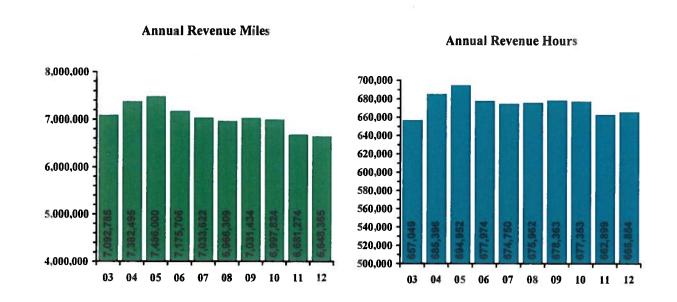
<sup>\*\*</sup> The customer satisfaction index is an average of the above ratings.

#### Operating Information Fixed Route Statistics 2003 - 2012

Exhibit 12



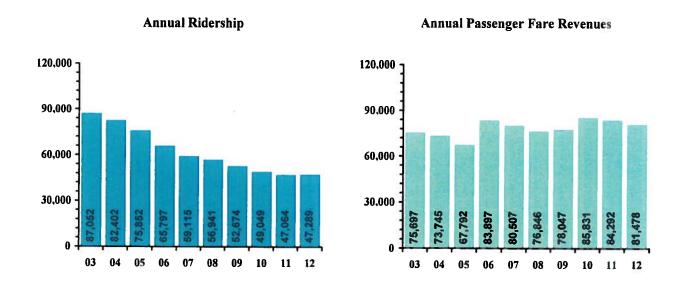
Long Beach Transit experienced 28.2 million boardings in FY12, which represented a 1.14% increase over the previous year. Much of this increase came about through the increasing popularity of our UPASS program with Cal State Long Beach, which enables all students to ride for free upon swiping a valid student ID card. In FY12, service levels and fares were kept constant.



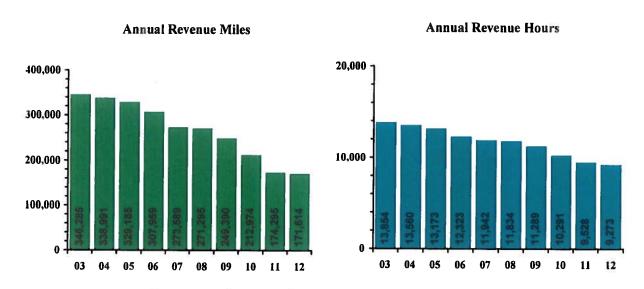
Source: Long Beach Transit's Annual National Transit Database Report

Operating Information Dial-A-Lift Statistics 2003 - 2012

Exhibit 13



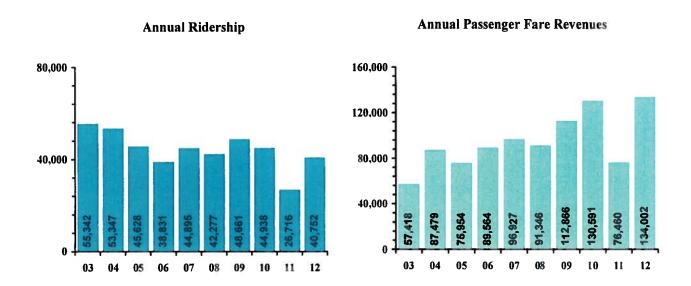
We see that Dial-A-Lift had a slight increase in ridership and membership. We have improved to average 5.0 in passengers per vehicle service hour. The Dial-A-Lift service is supplied by a local taxi company which supplements Dial-A-Lift van rides with taxi trips on an as-needed basis.



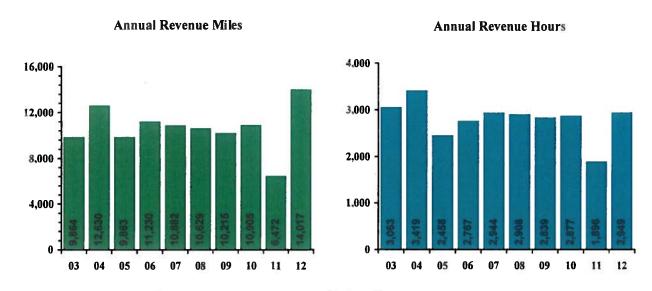
Source: Long Beach Transit's Annual National Transit Database Report

#### Operating Information Water Taxi Statistics 2003-2012

Exhibit 14



The increase in ridership for fiscal year 2012 is contributed to the additional catamaran that was added to the Water Taxi Fleet in July 2011. With the additional vessel we began a new service, AquaLink Express that traveled between the Aquarium and Alamitos Bay Landing. As a result our ridership under the Aqualink Service nearly doubled.



Source: Long Beach Transit's Annual National Transit Database Report

## Operating Information Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2012

Exhibit 15

Program Expiration Term	Company	Amount/Limit
<u>LIABILITY</u>		
A. Auto and General Liability		
7/1/13 1 yr	Starr Indemnity & Liability Co.	\$10,000,000 excess
B. Underground Storage Tank- Third-Party Liability		of\$1,000,000 SIR
3/4/13 1 yr	Illinois Union Insurance Co.	\$2,000,000 - each incident \$3,000,000 - aggregate Deductible \$10,000
COMMERCIAL PROPERTY		¥f
3/14/13 1 yr	Hartford Fire Insurance Company	\$ 20,331,000 Real Property
		\$ 32,683,000 Business Personal Property
		\$ 25,000 Deductible for buses in the open
		\$ 476,000 Extra Expense
		\$ 2,500 per occurrence; except \$25,000 for buses in the yard
WORKERS' COMPENSATIO	<u>N</u> .	yaitu
7/1/13 1 yr	Safety National Casualty Corp	\$25,000,000 excess of \$1,500,000 SIR
CRIME SHIELD POLICY		
8/8/13 lyr	Hartford Fire Insurance Co.	\$1,000,000 - employee theft; \$20,000 deductible
		\$1,000,000 - computer and funds transfer fraud; \$5,000 deductible
FELONIOUS ASSAULT POLI	<u>CY</u>	\$100,000 - theft, disappearance and destruction; \$5,000 deductible
7/1/14 3 yr	Chubb and Son, A Division of Federal Insurance Company	\$100,000 - life insurance policy

## Operating Information Schedule of Insurance in Force (Continued) June 30, 2012

### FIDUCIARY LIABILITY

11/1/12 1 yr

Chubb Group of Insurance Co.

\$ 1,000,000 Each Loss

\$1,000,000 Each Policy Period

\$ 5,000 Deductible

## **ENVIRONMENTAL LEGAL LIABILITY**

6/21/14 2 yr

Aspen Specialty Insurance Co.

\$ 5,000,000 Pollution Incident

Coverage

\$ 5,000,000 Aggregate Limit of Liability

Source: Long Beach Transit's Risk Management Department.

# Operating Information Fixed-Route Bus Service Summary of Service Frequency and Hours of Operation

FREQUENCY OF SERVICE

DAILY HOURS OF OPERATION

Exhibit 16

_																							
DAILY HOURS OF OPERATION		Sunday	515A - 1002P	515A - 1255X	504A - 1251X	510A - 1211X	532A - 105X	506A - 1022P		500A - 100X	-			533A-1253X	600A – 646P	523A - 1252X	711A – 749P	525A - 1218X	510A-115X		508A - 1253X	459A - 1247X	520A-101X
ILY HOURS O		Saturday	515A - 1002P	515A - 1255X	504A - 1251X	503A - 1211X	530A - 104X	506A - 1022P	9	505A - 110X	1		550A - 742P	533A - 1253X	600A – 646P	523A - 1252X	711A – 749P	525A - 1218X	510A - 115X		505A - 1256X   508A - 1253X	459A - 1247X   459A - 1247X	520A-101X
DA		Weekday	538A - 903P	445A - 105X	436A - 1251X	430A - 1208X	450A - 105X	455A - 825P	620A - 620P	410A - 105X	642A-752A	116P-335P	504A - 1030P	500A - 111X	515A - 811P	517A-1250X	450A - 1050P	455A - 1218X	449A - 110X		505A - 1256X	432A - 1247X	514A - 101X
		Sunday	45	22,5/30/60	15/30	20/30	30	45	1	20/30	1		ı	35/60	09	20/30	;	09	30		15/20/30	30/60	10/20/30
Faroning/Night	(after 6pm)	Saturday	45	22.5/30/60	15/30	20/30	30	45	1	20/30	ı			35/60	09	20/30	1	09	30		15/20/30	30/60	10/20/30
CUEINCI OF SERVICE		Weekday	30/60	15/30/60	10/30	20/30	20/30	30	1	15/30	1		20/40	20/30/60	45	15/30	30/40	09	30		15/20/30	30/60	10/20/30
rnequenci		Sunday	45	22.5	15	20	20	45	ı	20	ı		Î	35	09	15	45	45/60	20		17.5	25	7
Pook/Roco	(5am-6pm)	Saturday	45	22.5	12	15	15	45	1	15	i		30	35	09	15	45	45/60	20		15	20	7
		Weekday	30	15	7.5	12	12	30	40/60	10/12	10/12		20/30	20	40	15	35	40	15		15	15/20	0
		ROUTES		20	40	90	09	70	80	06	96 ZAP		100	110	130	170	171	180	190	Passport	A/D	М	၁

Source: Long Beach Transit's Service Development Department

Pension Information
Employer and Employee Pension Contributions
2003 – 2012

Exhibit 17

Contribution as a Percentage of Payroll	9.94%	10.49	9.11	10.08	12.32	11.35	12.18	16.20	15.01	12.32		16.54%	15.42	13.35	12.88	12.30	13.43	17.26	23.11	22.19	18.90
Payroll	19.213.438	20,188,278	20,859,915	21,628,593	21,866,049	23,643,084	25,266,127	25,501,412	25,473,634	25,904,690		7,516,706	7,783,115	7,849,876	7,954,923	8,486,732	9,125,649	9,554,774	9,337,229	9,520,926	9,516,264
	<b>6</b>											69									
Employee Contribution										1,141,708											387,987
	<del>S</del>	•										<b>↔</b>									
Employer Contribution*	1 908 129	2,099,246	1,910,696	2,055,584	2,777,353	2,661,268	3,048,814	4,111,605	3,791,200	2,099,802		1,241,173	1,194,982	1,052,894	1,060,300	1,006,587	1,202,609	1,582,975	1,964,523	2,041,762	1,244,244
	¢.											69									
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Contract Plan	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Salaried Plan	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

<sup>\*</sup> Total contribution amounts reflect year-end accruals which are adjusted for actual pay in the following fiscal year.

Source: Contract and Salaried pension plan financial statements for the year-ended June 30, 2012.

These financial statements are prepared under separate cover and contain additional trend information.

Exhibit 18		Total	<b>!</b>		\$ 2,207,053		2.518.014	3,482,072	3,437,467	2,487,841	1,651,048	2,907,870	2,249,532	2,891,540			\$ 470.809	896,801	1,310,232	1,800,261	2,227,795	3,778,691	1,657,574	1,044,779	2,374,039	2,412,625
	by Type	Benefit transfer			\$ 720,171		31.496	160,267	365,198	6,800	35,377	158,341	168,731	25,643			1	1	-	1	i	I	4	Ī	i	ı
e.	Expenses by Type	Benefit Payments	•		\$ 1.327.836		2,294,689	3,095,306	2,847,651	2,238,944	1,448,156	2,544,902	1,852,836	2,610,617			\$ 380,953	788,282	1,202,742	1,669,281	2,092,796	3,654,399	1,567,196	950,146	2,255,212	2,294,168
penses by Tyl		Administrative Expenses	•		\$ 159,046	203,377	191,829	226,499	224,618	242,097	167,515	204,627	227,965	255,280			\$ 89,856	108,519	107,490	130,980	134,999	124,292	90,378	94,633	118,827	118,457
Pension Information Pension Revenues by Source and Expenses by Type 2003 - 2012		Total			\$ 2,836,095	4,851,409	3,940,245	4,655,041	6,262,906	3,232,901	(2,564,812)	331,300	10,395,695	2,558,539			\$ 2,385,048	2,470,904	2,061,012	2,234,973	3,059,644	1,025,294	(270,922)	953,569	4,445,644	1,419,084
Pens ion Revenues l	Revenues by Source	Investment Return			\$ 927,966	2,752,163	2,029,549	2,599,457	3,485,553	571,633	(5,613,626)	(3,780,305)	6,604,495	(682,971)			\$ 423,704	1,253,069	976,622	1,014,406	1,687,859	(184,115)	(1,889,274)	(1,169,295)	2,235,151	(238,790)
Pens	Revenues	Benefit transfer receivable			 		;	1	i	1	-		I	1			\$ 720,171	22,853	31,496	160,267	362,198	008'9	35,377	158,341	168,731	25,643
		Employer and Employee	Contributions		\$ 1,908,129	2,099,246	1,910,696	2,055,584	2,777,353	2,661,268	3,048,814	4,111,605	3,791,200	3,241,510			\$ 1,241,173	1,194,982	1,052,894	1,060,300	1,006,587	1,202,609	1,582,975	1,964,523	2,041,762	1,632,231
	i	Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Contract Plan	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	Salaried	Plan	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012

Source: Contract and Salaried pension plan financial statements for the year-ended June 30, 2012.

These financial statements are prepared under separate cover and contain additional trend information.

3

Exhibit 19

Grant Information Capital Grant History Federal Grants 2003 - 2012

FTA Grants	Authorized Amount	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
CA-03-0468	1,488,850	\$ 829,949									
CA-03-0474	992,500	508									
CA-90-X778	3,267,220										
CA-90-X841	3,793,248	11,406									
CA-03-0496	1,465,794	92,632	\$ 66,258								
CA-90-X915	8,769,677	5,875,660	176,109		\$ 320,232 \$ (1,267)						
CA-90-X950	6,249,570	80,438	1,288,310	1,212,151	(21,161)						
CA-90-Y057	10,381,045	2,201,222	899,083	1,225,417	273,569	\$ 127,546					
CA-90-Y082	11,356,000	5,195,237	407,214	1,177,836	3,478,611	227,586	\$ 79,907	\$ 608,104			
CA-90-Y117	7,751,180	4,024,566	591,854	529,645	104,451	104,124	582,745	239,603			
CA-03-0596	1,980,630	09		1,966,039	23,702						
CA-90-X011	35,000	13,096	21,905								
CA-90-Y136	7,788,668	2,916,966	1,381	4,526,858	297,813	36,203					
CA-90-Y226	10,958,295	83,659	1,875,129	6,216,499	2,077,500	166,025	452,558	241,178	\$ 57,407		
CA-90-Y271	9,982,170		35,834	5,154,206	1,574,121	1,168,787	754,104	1,132,509	130,707		
CAL0301	204,000		131,611		(131,611)						
CA-03-0642	1,980,058			1,921,249	58,809						
CA-03-0664	2,074,022			1,668,386	53,052						
CA-90-Y391	13,354,477				454,548	1,974,135	5,457,189	2,125,881	484,648	\$ 95,849	\$ 60,034
CA-90-Y440	6,358,401					1,295,708	1,343,478	3,394,798	178,157	35,420	11,972
CA-90-Y502	14,756,941						1,979,965	10,160,890	1,582,195	81,688	132,711
CA-90-Y652	13,051,167						5,821	1,446,032	1,569,176	654,528	398,367
CA-95-X040	447,000						18,538	70,418	300,763	57,282	
Subtotal		\$21,325,399	\$21,325,399 \$5,494,688	\$25,918,518 \$8,242,137	\$8,242,137	\$5,100,114	\$10,674,305	\$5,100,114 \$10,674,305 \$19,419,413	\$4,303,053	\$924,767	\$603,084

Exhibit 19	1 2012	,767 \$ 603,084			764 234,409		,940 693,688	932 (173,860)		130 6,541,814	746,816	899,012	,485 \$ 9,896,331
	2011	\$ 924,			4,965,764	,	8,840,940	1,998,932	222,952	3,046,130			\$19,999,
	2010	\$25,918,518 \$8,242,137 \$5,100,114 \$10,674,305 \$19,419,413 \$ 4,303,053 \$ 924,767 \$			5,850,160		6,466,024						\$25,918,518 \$8,242,137 \$5,100,114 \$11,648,830 \$22,385,497 \$16,619,237 \$19,999,485
æ	2009	\$19,419,413		1,911,839	71,794	485,888	496,563						\$22,385,497
ıtinued) 112	2008	\$10,674,305	970,874	3,651									\$11,648,830
Grant Information Capital Grant History (Continued) Federal Grants 2003 - 2012	2007	7 \$5,100,114											7 \$5,100,114
rant Inf Grant Hi al Gran	2006	\$8,242,13											\$8,242,137
Gapital C Feder	2005												\$25,918,518
	2004	\$5,494,688											\$5,494,688
	2003	\$21,325,399 \$5,494,688											\$21,325,399 \$5,494,688
	Authorized Amount		970,874	1,915,492	14,960,635	485,888	16,497,214	2,604,050	1,783,466	13,994,380	15,774,862	1,124,480	TOTAL
	FTA Grants	Subtotal	CA-03-0714	CA-04-0061	CA-90-Y731	CA-03-0759	CA-96-X007	CA-04-0065	CA-04-0134	CA-90-Y798 13,994,380	CA-90-Y880 15,774,862	CA-04-0184	

3

Exhibit 20

State Grants	Authorized Amount	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	20	2010	2011	2012
CA-03-0468	372,212	\$ 207,873										
CA-03-0474	250,000	127										
CA-90-X841	947,812	10,362										
CA-90-X915	2,142,753	1,453,638	\$ 44,035	\$ 77,936 \$	\$ 329							
CA-03-0496	366,448	20,809	41,566									
CA-90-X950	1,660,481	123,719	399,844	204,778	11,388							
CA-90-Y057	2,429,263	557,130	224,773	302,449	79,382	\$ 33,271						
CA-90-Y082	1,471,292	671,328	52,759	152,352	450,691	29,486	\$ 10,394	\$ 84,231				
CA-90-Y117	1,937,795	1,035,009	147,967	132,350	26,111	26,047	145,681	59,932				
MTAP6059	100,000	13,433	5,088									
CA-03-0596	495,158	15		491,442	3,701							
CA-90-Y136	1,404,025	378,326	323	968,205	51,248	4,689						
CA-90-Y226	2,739,574	18,730	468,790	1,331,200	440,036	39,728	111,941	88,662	\$ 14,374	1,374		
CA-03-0642	405,554			438,604	(33,049)							
CA-95-X040	203,182						8,427	32,009	=	11,826		
TDA 96	4,072,000	33,548										
TDA 01	468,185		1,130									
TDA 02	32,225		222,698		,							
Subtotal		\$4,524,047	\$4,524,047 \$1,608,973	\$4,099,316 \$1,029,837		\$ 133,221	\$ 276,443	\$ 264,834	\$ 2	26,200		

Continued

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Exhibit 20	2012	S						10,681		252,533
_	2011	<b>&amp;</b>						40,077		100,896
	2010	26,200						440,431		417,044
	2009	\$4,524,047 \$1,608,973 \$4,099,316 \$1,029,837 \$ 133,221 \$ 276,443 \$ 264,834 \$ 26,200						2,352,877		240,999
ned)	2008	\$ 276,443		7,280	2,230	3,698	746,044	102,135		
Grant Information Capital Grant History (continued) State Grants 2003 - 2012	2007	\$ 133,221			3,568	30,568				
Grant Information tal Grant History (contin State Grants 2003 - 2012	2006	\$1,029,837	(1,161)	557	27,391	19,189				
Gr Capital G	2005	\$4,099,316	41,010	6,257	(25,150)	153,430			330,453	
	2004	\$1,608,973		41,609	57,677	631,646				
	2003	\$4,524,047	384,298	235,864	530,452	440				
	Authorized Amount		655,624	969'066	1,341,400	838,329	910,000	3,528,162	335,453	1,113,355
	State Grants	Subtotal	TDA 03	STA 01	STA 02	STA 03	STA 07	STA 08	MSRC 05	1B SEC

\$5,675,101 \$2,339,905 \$4,605,316 \$1,075,813 \$167,357 \$1,137,830 \$2,858,710 \$ 883,675 \$ 140,973 \$ 263,214

TOTAL

				Capits Local G	Capital Grant History Local Grants 2003 - 2012	11story 3 - 2012					
Local A	Authorized Amount	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
	3,243,000 \$	\$ 15,606		:							
Prop C FY 01	2,100,000 1,535,061	1,535,061									
Prop C Security FY 01	152,000			\$ 12,882							
Prop C Security FY 02	65,000	49,204	\$11,051	4,745							
Prop C Security FY 03	349,154		193,599	24,817 \$	\$ 60,772	\$ 40,346	\$ 23,888	\$ 4,096			
<b>AQMD</b> 03	684,837	684,837									
Prop C Security FY 04	923,452		5,674	825,606	36,957	5,603	16,208	127			
	2,375,547		8,960	1,199,967	388,360	300,489	173,882	212,278	\$ 27,101		
Prop C FY 02	1,041,853		331,967	395,502	242,904	60,541	3,004				
Prop C FY 03	1,123,797		130,606	592,344	61,441	223,736	111,223				
Prop C-CA-03-0664	352,584			341,786	10,798						
Prop C FY 04	923,452			203,569	164,860	5,018	98,592	335			
Prop C Security FY 05	324,000			194,669	11,742			110,000			
Prop C FY 05	1,324,200				382,558	639,725	237,755	39,410			
Prop C-CA-90-Y391	2,934,372				101,084	455,102	1,168,738	486,797	118,327	\$21,172	\$13,250
Prop C-CA-90-Y440	1,329,020					242,753	331,894	682,488	36,085	8,134	2,935
Prop CFY 06	1,398,323					12,717	1,364,204				
MTA8320	65,625				65,624						
Prop C FY 07	152,022					291	13,570	137,823			

Continued

			Ca	Gran pital Gran Local G	Grant Information tal Grant History (Contin Local Grants 2003 - 2012	Grant Information Capital Grant History (Continued) Local Grants 2003 - 2012	<b>(</b> )			ପ୍ରି	Exhibit 21
Local Grants	Authorized Amount	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Subtotal		\$2,284,708 \$	681,857	\$3,795,887	\$3,795,887 \$1,527,100 \$1,986,321	\$1,986,321	\$ 3,542,958	\$3,542,958 \$1,673,354 \$ 181,513 \$	\$ 181,513	II.	
Prop C Security FY 07	24,000					4,731	18,279	•			
Prop C Sec-CA-90-Y440	138,600					81,202	3,943	44,280	8,456	721	
Prop C FY 08	987,014						237,858	670,767	111,424	433,695	207,383
Prop C-CA-90-Y502	3,469,451						495,589	2,562,193	394,626	20,417	33,179
Prop C-CA-90-Y652	1,940,738						1,455	245,504	289,667	163,641	131,869
Prop C-CA-03-0714	198,854						198,854			•	
Prop C-CA04-0061	392,330						748	391,582			
MTA 8111	428,774						162,341	62,909	164,545		
AQMD 08	81,744							81,744			
Prop C- CA03-0759	99,520							99,520			
Prop C Sec-CA-90-Y652	47,128							13,381	33,761	(13)	
Prop C Sec FY08	31,896							31,896			
Prop C FY 09	971,734							142,767	322,747	519,828	
Prop C-CA90-Y731	3,287,112							63,292	1,484,939	1,239,842	58,875
Prop C FY 10									60,825	49,175	
Prop C FY 11										155,049	908,816
Prop C-CA-90-798										762,626	1,635,402
Prop C-CA-04-065										499,766	(43,498)
Prop C-CA-04-134										55,704	87,876
Prop C-CA-04-184											224,801
	·										

Continued

\$2,284,708 \$ 681,857 \$3,795,887 \$1,527,100 \$2,072,254 \$4,662,025 \$6,083,189 \$3,052,503 \$3,929,757 \$3,260,888

Subtotal

Grant Information Capital Grant History (Continued) Local Grants 2003 - 2012

Exhibit 21

2012		\$ 388,616	\$3,260,888
2011	1107	681,857 \$3,795,887 \$1,527,100 \$2,072,254 \$4,662,025 \$6,019,897 \$1,506,739 \$1,167,595 \$ 388,616	681,857 \$3,795,887 \$1,527,100 \$2,072,254 \$4,662,025 \$6,083,189 \$3,052,503 \$3,929,757 \$3,260,888
2010	2010	\$1,506,739	\$3,052,503
2009	2007	\$6,019,897	\$ 6,083,189
2008	200	\$4,662,025	\$4,662,025
2007	1007	\$2,072,254	\$2,072,254
2006	200	\$1,527,100	\$1,527,100
2006	2007	\$3,795,887	\$3,795,887
2004	-007	4	₩,
2003	2007	\$2,284,708	\$2,284,708
Authorized	Amoant	·	TOTAL
Local	Call and the control of the control	Subtotal	

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