COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT

A Department of the City of Long Beach, California





For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT OF THE LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT

(A Department of the City of Long Beach, California)

For the Fiscal Year Ended SEPTEMBER 30, 2016

CHRISTOPHER J. GARNER
General Manager

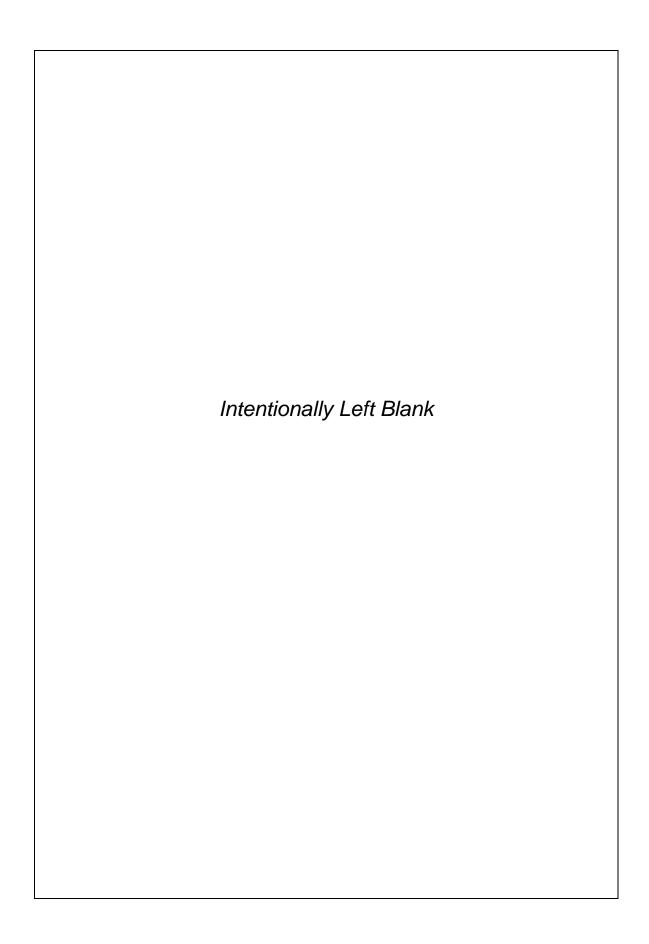
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Director of Finance

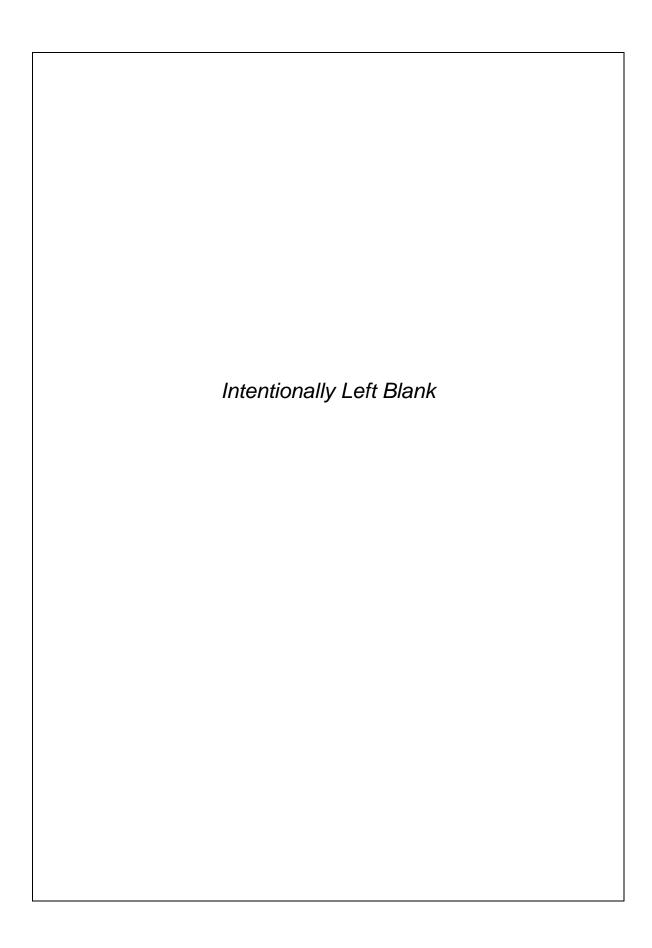
SOKHALAY HONG Senior Accountant

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Senior Accountant

Prepared by the Finance Division of the Business Bureau



INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

of the

Long Beach Water Department (A Department of the City of Long Beach, California)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016

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DATE March 24, 2017

TO Board of Water Commissioners

FROM B. Anatole Falagan, Assistant General Manager

SUBJECT Approval of Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016

Management is pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Long Beach Water Department (Department), for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The Department's financial statements are also included in the City of Long Beach (the City) Financial Statements as enterprise funds (Water Fund and Sewer Fund).

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that is established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The accompanying financial statements have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent certified public accounting firm. KPMG LLP has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Department's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. The independent auditors' report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report, and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

THE REPORTING ENTITY

During the early years of the 20th Century, Long Beach began establishing itself as an up-and-coming area that seemed destined to someday become a large city. In order to sustain the expected growth that would occur in future years, it was critical that the City identify and secure a reliable source of water. In recognizing the importance of this, on June 27, 1911, Long Beach voters approved an \$850,000 bond issuance to purchase two private water companies that had been providing water supplies to the Long Beach population. Three days later, on June 30, 1911, the Long Beach city council approved an emergency ordinance creating the Long Beach Water Department, thereby giving the City its own municipal water agency that would regulate and control the use, sale and distribution of water owned or controlled by the City.

Twenty years later, in 1931, two additional significant milestones came to pass for the Department. The first was the creation of the Long Beach Board of Water Commissioners (Board), which governs the Department and is comprised of five members appointed by the Mayor, subject to confirmation by the City Council. Members of the Board serve overlapping five-year terms to provide continuity of operations. That same year, the City also became one of the original 13 founding members of the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD). Joining MWD would allow the Department to eventually acquire imported water as a supplement to the City's groundwater supplies.

In February 1988, the Department assumed the responsibility of the various functions of the City's sanitary sewer system, including operations and maintenance. In April 1990, the citizens of Long Beach passed a City Charter amendment that allowed greater autonomy for the Department in administering the City's sanitary sewer operations.

The Department's service area encompasses the boundaries of the City of Long Beach, the seventh largest city in State, with an area of approximately 50 square miles and a population of 474,140 with some customers outside the City limits. The Department is not subject to regulation by the California Public Utilities Commission.

LOCAL ECONOMY

The City has a diverse economic base as both a major industrial center and popular beach resort area. In addition, the Port of Long Beach, along with its related commercial and international trade activities, strengthens the local economy. Further, the City has been successful in building and maintaining a substantial tourist and convention business. This diversification helped the City to weather the effects of the national recession. Continuing positive trends in both the State and local economies indicate slow and steady economic growth for the near future. As an older, established and geographically built-out City, the Department's customer base is relatively stable and is comprised of eighty-eight percent (88%) residential

accounts, with the remaining twelve percent (12%) comprised of commercial, industrial, irrigation and other accounts. The residential accounts comprise approximately sixty-nine percent (69%) of the Department's total potable water sales. Further information on the local economy is provided in the City of Long Beach CAFR, of which the Department is a component unit.

WATER SUPPLY

The Department meets the needs of its customers through an increasingly diverse portfolio of water resources. Local groundwater, combined with imported supplies, water recycling and water conservation are used in combination to meet the water demands within the service area.

Drought Related Developments

Long Beach water demand peaked in 1990, but water demand has been declining ever since. The reduced water demand can be attributed to a combination of a steady commitment to water conservation efforts by the Department and statewide droughts in 1990-1991, 2007-2009, and 2015-2016, each of which triggered a sharp decrease in water demand. Conservation efforts have included aggressive public outreach and incentive programs for water saving measures. The Water Department will continue these efforts to incorporate the conservation success into a sustained change in consumption behavior.

Reduced water usage due to conservation does result in reduced revenues. At the same time, those reductions are also offset by a reduction in operating expenses as a result of less imported water purchases from Metropolitan Water District (MWD).

Additionally, the Department managed discretionary budget expenses to minimize initial budget and rate impacts from reduced consumption. The Water Department's budget and rate structure is based annually on cost recovery and on State law governing water utility rate setting (Proposition 218).

The following subsections provide an overview of the Department's water resources.

Groundwater

Ownership of water rights allows approximately 60% of Long Beach's water supply needs to be produced from groundwater wells located within the City. Before it reaches our customers' taps, local groundwater must journey many miles from its source high up in the mountains. Rain and snow-melt from the San Gabriel Mountains watershed travel through washes and creeks into the San Gabriel River and the Whittier Narrows Basin. From there it percolates underground through sand and water beds where it begins a lengthy subsurface journey to Long Beach. High-powered pumps then extract it from 31 active groundwater wells and pump it to our groundwater treatment plant.

During the 1940's and 1950's the population grew and the increased water demand in the San Gabriel Valley significantly reduced the flows southward to the Central Basin, contributing to falling water tables. In 1959, to protect this vital source of local water supply, the Board initiated a lawsuit against major water producers in the San Gabriel Valley to guarantee water supplies to Central Basin producers.

Parties to the lawsuit negotiated a settlement which provided the basis of a stipulated judgment (the "Long Beach Judgment") rendered by the Superior Court on October 8, 1965. By separate action, a committee of Central Basin producers reached an agreement for voluntary reduction of pumpage within the basin to restore and protect the water table and to expedite the above judgment to permanently prevent excessive pumping. The reduction in pumping began October 1, 1962. The two events were of major importance in securing local water supplies for the City. The Department is the largest producer of water in the Central Basin.

Imported Supplies

Another portion of the City's potable (drinking) water supply is treated water purchased from MWD. This water originates from two sources: the Colorado River Aqueduct and the State Water Project (SWP).

Through its 242-mile long system, the Colorado River Aqueduct provides up to a billion gallons of water a day to residents and businesses in Southern California's coastal plain. Water is taken in at Lake Havasu and carried to the reservoir facilities at Lake Mathews. The State Water Project delivers water originating from the Oroville Dam and Reservoir and the Sacramento River Delta. The SWP is an intricate network of dams, pumping plants, reservoirs, hydroelectric plants, the Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers and 440 miles of aqueducts that carry water to several Southern California reservoirs.

Water Recycling

Effective water recycling helps stretch the potable water supply; that is the primary reason the Department launched a reclaimed water system in 1978. In FY2016, the Department served approximately 2.5 billion gallons of reclaimed water to a variety of users throughout the City.

Water that would otherwise flow to the ocean and be wasted is reclaimed and used to irrigate park land, golf courses, freeway landscaping and school grounds, which reduces our dependence on imported water. Since 2005, recycled water treated at the Leo J. Vander Lans Advanced Water Treatment Facility (LVLAWTF) has partially replaced the use of imported water at the Alamitos Barrier, an engineered freshwater pressure ridge and seawater trough constructed to prevent seawater intrusion into the Central Basin and neighboring Orange County Groundwater Basin. In 2015, LVLAWTF was expanded, providing the operational flexibility to meet the needs of the Alamitos Barrier almost entirely with recycled water, minimizing the need of imported water.

Conservation

The Department has an aggressive water conservation program that offers a variety of opportunities to conserve water across different sectors of the community and for both indoor and outdoor water uses.

Single-family and multi-family customers together are responsible for approximately two-thirds of the City's demand for water. Several of the Department's programs provide rebates to residential customers towards the purchase of water-efficient toilets and washing machines.

Close to half of single-family residential water use is estimated to be for landscape irrigation. The Department provides, at no cost to the customers, very well attended and well received classroom instruction on the design, installation, and maintenance of water-efficient California-friendly landscapes. The Department has also developed and implemented an award-winning Lawn-to-Garden program whereby customers can apply for an incentive to replace up to 1,500 square feet of turf with a California-friendly landscape. Incentives are also offered for customers to change traditional spray irrigation systems to water-efficient drip irrigation.

In addition to promoting conservation to residential and landscape accounts, we work closely with commercial, industrial and institutional (CII) customers to help them conserve water. The Department has encouraged conservation through targeted direct marketing, through rebates for water conserving devices, and has consistently promoted conservation in the business community through advertisements and other promotional means.

Long Beach Water Department promotes water use efficiency with many community partners, including schools, organizations and businesses. The Department takes pride in its award-winning outreach efforts, including supporting community functions, making presentations at local and regional events, and marketing through print, digital and social media strategies.

WATER QUALITY

A primary objective of the Department is to deliver to our customers water that meets or exceeds all Federal and State standards. The Department continues to be recognized as a leader in the area of water quality. Our extensive testing and Quality Assurance/Quality Control program ensures that water delivered to our customers is of the highest possible quality.

The Long Beach Groundwater Treatment Plant is a state of the art water treatment facility, including four advanced water quality laboratories. This combination helps explain why the City's high quality drinking water consistently meets or exceeds all Federal and state drinking water regulations.

The Department conducts extensive sampling and testing of groundwater wells, water storage reservoirs, the water distribution system and, when appropriate, selected homes, businesses, schools and public facilities. This year, our Water Quality laboratories collected 14,635 samples and performed 72,587 tests while maintaining certification with the California Department of Health Services and Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

During fiscal year 2016, the Groundwater Treatment Plant processed approximately 10.4 billion gallons of drinking water. Overall, 16.9 billion gallons of high-quality water were delivered to the Long Beach community.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Seawater Desalination Research

Since 1994, the Department has researched seawater desalination as a potential source of drinking water. In 1996, the Department received authorization for Federal cost-sharing of a seawater desalination demonstration project; and in fiscal year 2001, the Department received an earmark in the Federal fiscal year 2002 budget, making it the only newly funded water project by the Federal government in that budget. Federal funding continued in fiscal years 2003 through 2015. Through an innovative public sector partnership, the Long Beach Water Department along with the Los Angeles Department of Water & Power and the United States Bureau of Reclamation operated a 300,000 gallon-per-day prototype desalination facility, one of the largest seawater desalination research and development facilities in the United States. The Seawater Desalination study was completed in March 2010 and research gathered from the operation of the prototype plant was published as a report to the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation. Additionally, the Department operates an ongoing research project for an under-ocean intake and discharge system.

Conjunctive Use

The Department has also partnered with MWD and the California Department of Water Resources (DWR) on an innovative groundwater storage program. The \$4.5 million project, which was funded by State of California Proposition 13, stored surplus water in the Central Groundwater Basin, and has previously delivered the stored water during previous drought conditions in 2008 and 2009. A second \$2.7 million joint conjunctive use project with the City of Lakewood was completed in 2009 and water stored under this project may also be called upon in a drought.

Water Distribution System

The City has an aging infrastructure, which needs to be maintained and in certain parts replaced. At September 30, 2016, the water distribution system totaled 912 miles of water mains with approximately 90,000 service connections.

During fiscal year 2016, the Department and contractors replaced 20,427 feet of deteriorated cast iron water mains with new ductile iron pipe. This critical replacement program addresses upgrading old pipelines, many of which were installed more than 50 years ago.

The Department maintains 642 large control valves 20 inches or more in diameter and 22,853 smaller control valves. The Department has a maintenance and replacement program to ensure that control valves are operational and that they can be turned off or on promptly during emergencies. The Department responds immediately, 24-hours a day, 365 days a year to water emergencies. With 31 active water wells across Long Beach supplying just over half of the City's water, well maintenance is another ongoing project for the Department. Rehabilitation of water wells and storage tanks at Alamitos and J. Will Johnson Reservoirs continues to ensure a reliable supply of water in the future.

Sanitary Sewer Collection System

The Department has made considerable progress since 1988 in addressing the substantial challenges posed by an aging sanitary sewer infrastructure, much of which is between 60 and 80 years old. At September 30, 2016, the sanitary sewer collection system totaled 714 miles of sewer pipelines. The Department developed the first City-wide Sewer Master Plan in 1991, which provided an initial prioritization of sewer deficiencies to be addressed. The Department has since developed a comprehensive program of maintenance, monitoring and repair of sewer lines including:

- an aggressive annual pipeline cleaning program and Fats, Oil and Grease (FOG) program to address impacts to lines;
- a video monitoring program to assess conditions of pipelines;
- a comprehensive annual sewer infrastructure repair program.

In fiscal year 2009, the Department completed a comprehensive Sewer Master Plan Update, providing the Department with an updated evaluation and prioritization of current deficiencies. The plan included the use of dynamic hydraulic modeling software to assess existing collection system performance, as well as to evaluate the system for future conditions. Based on the plan, the Department developed and began implementation of a multi-year Capital Improvement Program to address aging infrastructure identified by the Master Plan analysis.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The Department's financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. As an enterprise fund, the cost of providing water is recovered through user charges assessed by meter size, volumetric charges and other miscellaneous charges. The cost of providing sewer service is also recovered through user and volumetric charges for all water customers who are connected to the City's sewers. Certain services, such as payroll, civil service, public service, general service, customer billing, data processing, legal, etc., are provided to the Department by

other City departments; these costs are reimbursed to the City by transfer of funds from the Water Fund or the Sewer Fund.

Internal Control Structure

In the development and enhancement of the Department's accounting system, careful consideration is given to the adequacy of the internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against possible loss, unauthorized use or disposition; to ensure the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets, and to promote operational efficiency and compliance with managerial policies. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a specific control feature should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and; (2) the evaluation of costs and benefits requires continued estimates and judgment by management.

Budgetary Control

The budget is a management control device for the forthcoming fiscal year. Prior to July 1 each year, the Board adopts an operating budget, which covers anticipated revenues and expenditures of the Department. The Department's budget is also subject to the approval of the City Council. By September 30 each year, the City Council shall approve the budget as adopted by the Board of Water Commissioners, or shall amend the budget and approve it as amended.

Budgets are prepared on a cash basis for revenues and for several categories of expenses. These budgets are not designed to be pro-forma statements of income and expense in the same format as the Water Department's financial statements. Instead, they are utilized primarily for controlling costs along organizational and programmatic lines. Each Bureau within the Department is responsible for outlays initiated by Divisions. Revenues are monitored only at the departmental level, except in certain areas where they are controlled by individual projects.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Department for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government agency and its management. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Department must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR whose contents not only conform to the high program standards of the GFOA, but also satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We would like to acknowledge the assistance of Sokhalay Hong, Senior Accountant, and Yumina C. Eggleston, Senior Accountant, of the Business Bureau Finance Division in the preparation of this report.

It is recommended that the Board of Water Commissioners receive and file the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016.

Prepared by:

Paul T. Fujita, Director of Finance

Submitted and Recommended by:

B. Anatole Falagan, Assistant General Manager

AMW

Approved by:

Christopher J. Garner, General Manager

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

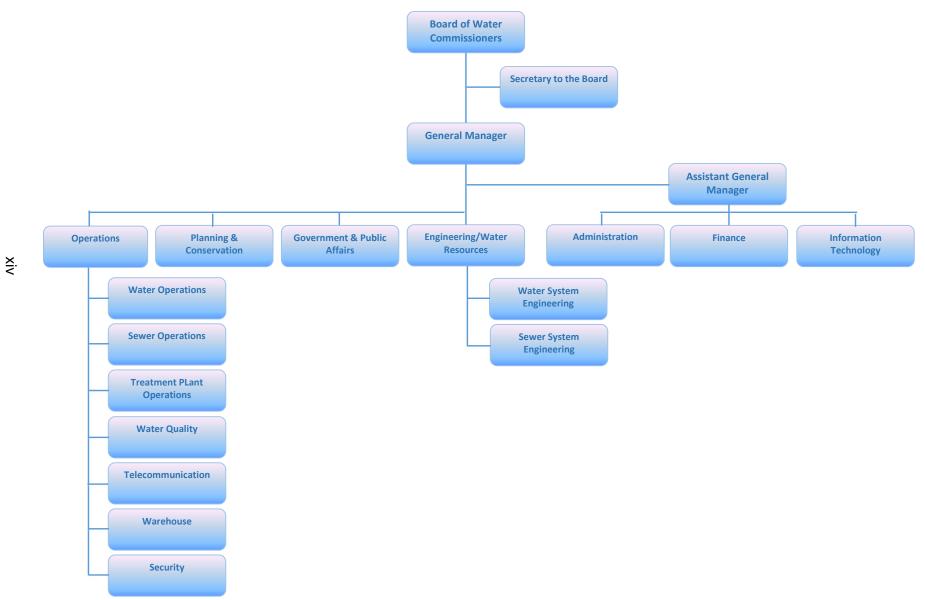
Long Beach Water Department California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

Long Beach Water Department Organizational Chart



BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS

ARTHUR LEVINE PRESIDENT

ROBERT SHANNON VICE PRESIDENT

HARRY SALTZGAVER SECRETARY

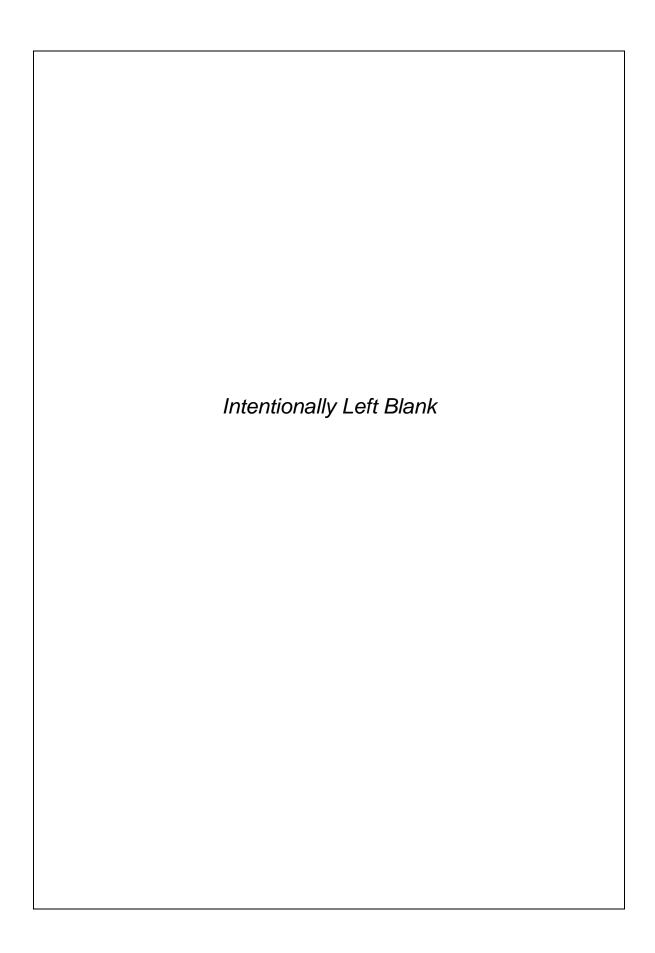
GLORIA CORDERO MEMBER

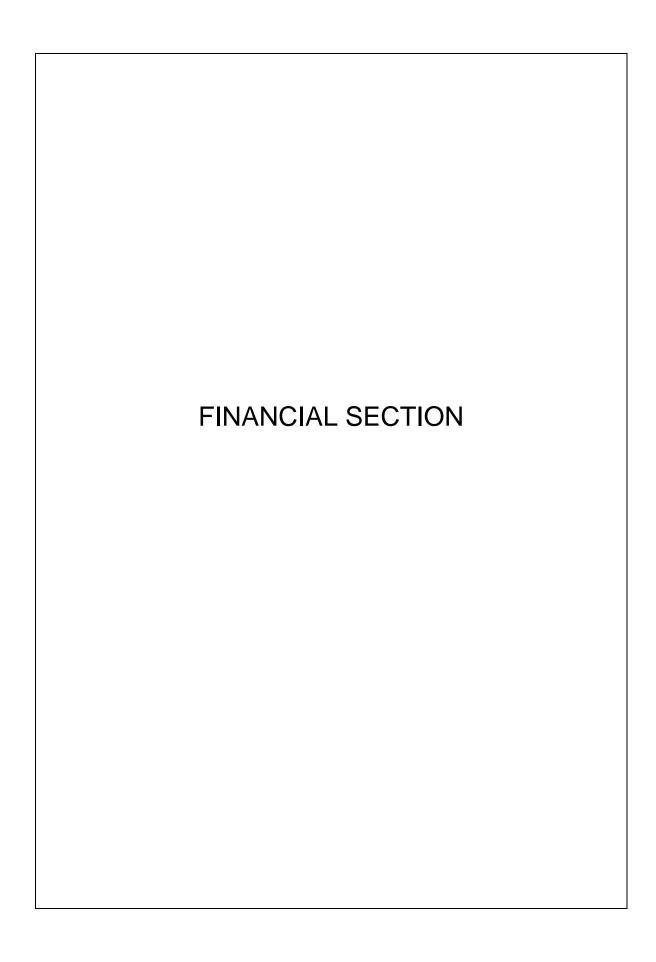
FRANK MARTINEZ MEMBER

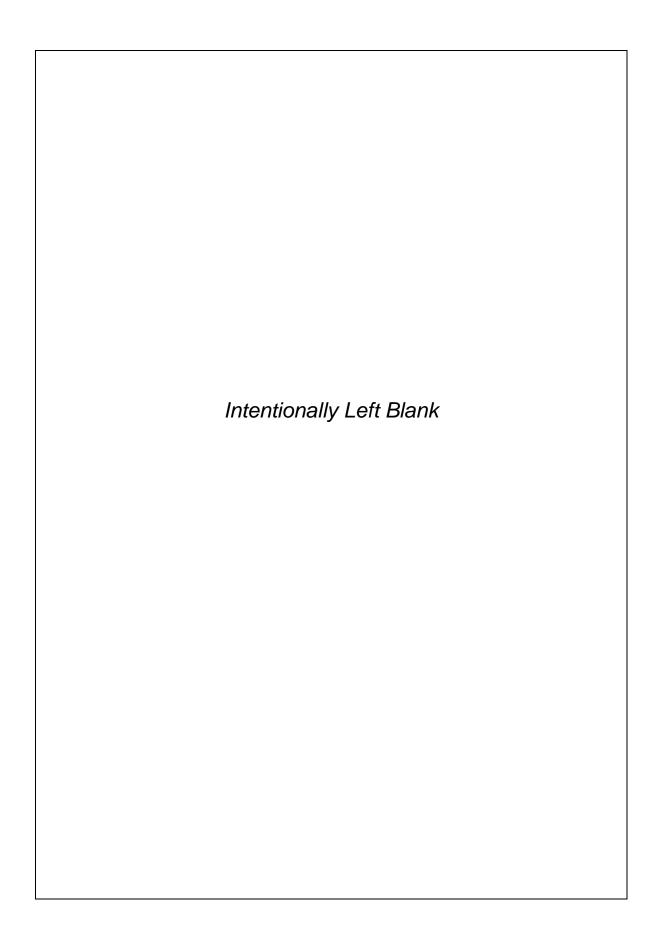
STAFF

CHRISTOPHER J. GARNER General Manager

B. ANATOLE FALAGAN Assistant General Manager









KPMG LLP Suite 1500 550 South Hope Street Los Angeles, CA 90071-2629

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and City Council
The Honorable Members of the Board of Water Commissioners:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Long Beach Water Department (the Department) of the City of Long Beach, California (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and each major fund of the Long Beach Water Department of the City of Long Beach, California, as of September 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Emphasis of Matters

As discussed in note 1, the financial statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position, the changes in the financial position and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City that is attributable to the transactions of the Department. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of September 30, 2016, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncement

As discussed in note 1, effective October 1, 2015, the Department adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4–21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 24, 2017 on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Department's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Los Angeles, California March 24, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

As the management of the Long Beach Water Department, a department of the City of Long Beach (the City), we offer readers of the Long Beach Water Department's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Long Beach Water Department (the Department) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements. The Department comprises the City's Water Enterprise Fund (Water Fund) and Sewer Enterprise Fund (Sewer Fund) operations. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Department's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of fiscal year 2016 (FY2016) by \$336,069 (net position). The Department's net position is further broken down between the Water Fund and Sewer Fund below.

Water Fund. Assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of FY2016 by \$276,030. Of this amount, \$277,394 represents net investment in capital assets, and \$1,716 represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used. After the application of new pension reporting requirements, the Water Fund showed a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$3,080. Total Water Fund net position increased by \$7,435 (+2.77%) from the prior fiscal year. The increase reflects income in excess of expenses and contributed capital received during the year.

Sewer Fund. Net position totaled \$60,039 as of September 30, 2016, an increase of \$2,240 (+3.9%) from the prior fiscal year. Of this amount, \$56,462 represents net investment in capital assets. After the application of new pension reporting requirements, the unrestricted portion of net position for Sewer Fund totaled \$3,493.

New significant Accounting Standards Implemented. In FY2016, the Department adopted a new Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements of financial accounting as follows:

 GASB Statement No. 75 (GASB 75): "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions". This statement requires the reporting of the Department's liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources and expenditures on postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB). Further discussion on this statement is provided within the Notes to Financial Statements.

Due to the implementation of the GASB 75 Statement, The Department made prior period adjustments to the FY2015 Financial Statements. The FY2015 net positions decreased by \$1,459 (-0.5%) and \$291 (-0.5%) for Water Fund and Sewer Fund, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Department's financial statements. Because the Department is a business-type activity of the City, enterprise funds are used to account for its water and sewer operations. These financial statements include only the activities of the Department and provide comparative information for the last fiscal year. Information on Citywide financial operating results is available in the City of Long Beach Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of September 30, 2016.

The Department's financial statements comprise two components: 1) financial statements and 2) notes to financial statements. Included as part of the financial statements are the Statements of Net Position, Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and Statements of Cash Flows.

The *Statements of Net Position* present the Department's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Department is improving or deteriorating.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position present information showing how the Department's net position have changed during the most recent fiscal year. Results of operations are recorded under the accrual basis of accounting, whereby transactions are reported as underlying events occur, regardless of the timing of cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e., accounts payable and accounts receivable). The Department's use of the accrual basis of accounting is more fully described in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

The Statements of Cash Flows present flows of cash and cash equivalents during the last two fiscal years, including certain restricted amounts.

The *Notes to Financial Statements* provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements and can be found on pages 27-54 of this report.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Department's financial position. As of September 30, 2016, Water Fund assets exceeded liabilities by \$276,030, and Sewer Fund assets exceeded liabilities by \$60,039, representing a 2.77% increase in net position over the prior fiscal year for the Water Fund and a 3.9% increase

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

in Sewer Fund net position. Net positions are further categorized by net investment in capital assets, and restricted and unrestricted net positions.

As of September 30, 2016, investment in capital assets, such as production, transmission, and distribution facilities, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that remains outstanding, amounted to \$277 and \$56 of Water Fund and Sewer Fund, respectively. The Department uses these capital assets to provide services to customers; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Resources needed to repay the outstanding debt on the Statements of Net Position must come from other sources such as operations.

The restricted portion of the Department's net position (0.5% of total net position for both FY2016 and FY2015) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restrictions are for items such as debt repayment and other legally restricted purposes.

The unrestricted portion of the Department's net position (0.1% and 1.2% of total net position as of September 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively) may be used to meet the Department's ongoing obligations to creditors and customers.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

The Department's Condensed Schedules of Net Position as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

Long Beach Water Department Condensed Schedules of Net Position September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

			Variance	
			2016/2	:015
	2016	2015*	Amount	%
Assets:	-			_
Current and other assets	\$ 59,979	\$ 57,011	\$ 2,968	5.2%
Capital assets	371,269	362,343	8,926	2.5%
Total assets	431,248	419,354	11,894	2.8%
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred Outflows	13,552	8,121	5,431	66.9%
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	20,239	15,373	4,866	31.7%
Noncurrent liabilities	84,445	81,717	2,728	3.3%
Total liabilities	104,684	97,090	7,594	7.8%
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred Infows	4,047	3,991	56	1.4%
Net Position:				
Net investment in				
capital assets	333,856	320,645	13,211	4.1%
Restricted	1,800	1,697	103	6.1%
Unrestricted	413	4,052	(3,639)	-89.8%
Total net position	\$ 336,069	\$326,394	\$ 9,675	3.0%

^{*}Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No.75

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

The Department's financial position is further broken down as follows between the Department's Water Fund and the Sewer Fund as of September 30, 2016 and 2015:

Water Fund Condensed Schedules of Net Position September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

			Variance	
			2016/	2015
	2016	2015*	Amount	%
Assets:	-			
Current and other assets	\$ 48,566	\$ 46,201	\$ 2,365	5.1%
Capital assets	303,259	297,198	6,061	2.0%
Total assets	351,825	343,399	8,426	2.5%
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Deferred Outflows	11,526	7,040	4,486	63.7%
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	18,189	14,690	3,499	23.8%
Noncurrent liabilities	65,770	63,835	1,935	3.0%
Total liabilities	83,959	78,525	5,434	6.9%
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Deferred Infows	3,362	3,319	43	1.3%
Net Position:				
Net Investment in				
capital assets	277,394	267,041	10,353	3.9%
Restricted	1,716	1,697	19	1.1%
Unrestricted	(3,080)	(143)	(2,937)	2053.8%
Total net position	\$276,030	\$268,595	\$ 7,435	2.77%

^{*}Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No.75

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Sewer Fund Condensed Schedules of Net Position September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

		Variance	
		2016/2	2015
2016	2015*	Amount	%
\$ 11,413	\$ 10,810	\$ 603	5.6%
68,010	65,145	2,865	4.4%
79,423	75,955	3,468	4.6%
2,026	1,081	945	87.4%
2,050	683	1,367	200.1%
18,675	17,882	793	4.4%
20,725	18,565	2,160	11.6%
685	672	13	1.9%
56,462	53,604	2,858	5.3%
84	-	84	100%
3,493	4,195	(702)	-16.7%
\$ 60,039	\$ 57,799	\$ 2,240	3.9%
	\$ 11,413 68,010 79,423 2,026 2,050 18,675 20,725 685 56,462 84 3,493	\$ 11,413 \$ 10,810 68,010 65,145 79,423 75,955 2,026 1,081 2,050 683 18,675 17,882 20,725 18,565 685 672 56,462 53,604 84 - 3,493 4,195	2016 2015* Amount \$ 11,413 \$ 10,810 \$ 603 68,010 65,145 2,865 79,423 75,955 3,468 2,026 1,081 945 2,050 683 1,367 18,675 17,882 793 20,725 18,565 2,160 685 672 13 56,462 53,604 2,858 84 - 84 3,493 4,195 (702)

^{*}Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No.75

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to 2015

Water Fund. Net position increased by \$7,435 (+2.77%) over FY2015. This net increase is attributable to contributed capital of \$2,710 from various Developers for water distribution systems and revenues in excess of expenses of \$4,725.

Current and other assets increased by amounted to \$2,365 (+5.1%) from FY2015, reflecting an increase in pooled cash and cash equivalents due to a 4% water rate increase and capital contributions received for reclaimed water distribution system expansion project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Capital assets increased by \$6,061 (+2.0%) over the prior year, mainly due to the ongoing capital improvement program for cast iron water main replacement, water service installations, machinery and equipment purchases, and facility improvements.

Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$4,486 (+63.7%) over FY2015. This net increase represents an increase of \$4,684 (+87.7%) in deferred pension and OPEB costs resulting from the implementation of GASB 75. The net amount is offset by a decrease of \$198 (-11.6 %) due to amortization of deferred losses on the refunding of Water Revenue Bonds Series 2010A.

Current liabilities increased by \$3,499 (+23.8%) compared to FY2015 mainly due to increases in maintenance and other expenditures. In addition, liabilities on the new citywide Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system and customer information systems upgrade remained outstanding at the end of FY2016.

Noncurrent liabilities increased by \$1,935 (+3.0%) from FY2015 due to an increase of \$5,064 (+15.6%) in pension and OPEB liabilities in relation to GASB 75 implementation. This increase was offset by annual principal payments on debt

Sewer Fund. Net position increased \$2,240 (+3.9%) over FY2015. This increase was attributable to revenues in excess of expenses.

Current assets and other assets increased by \$603 (+5.6%), reflecting an increase in pooled cash and cash equivalents due to a 4% sewer rate increase in FY2016.

Capital assets increased by \$2,865 (+4.4%) over FY2015 due to machinery and equipment purchases and the completion of several sewer main pipe relining and replacement projects across the city of Long Beach.

Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$945 (+87.4%) over FY2015. This reflects an increase in deferred pension and OPEB costs resulting from the implementation of GASB 75.

Current liabilities increased by 1,367 (+200.1%) compared to FY2015 mainly due to an increase in expenditures relating to sewer capital improvement projects such as construction management services, professional engineering services and construction contracts. In addition, this increase reflects the accrued interest payable and long-term debt due with-in one year in the amount of \$486 which relates to the issuance of \$9,830 in Senior Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A (the Series 2016A Bonds) in FY2016. Additional information regarding these bonds is provided on Note 4 - Noncurrent Liabilities of the Notes to Financial Statements in page 39.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Noncurrent liabilities increased by \$793 (+4.4%) from FY2015 primarily due to an increase of \$954 (+14.4%) in pension and OPEB liabilities resulting from GASB 75 implementation. This increase was offset by a \$161 (-1.4%) net decrease in noncurrent liabilities in FY2016, which is in relation to refunding the Subordinate Sewer Revolving Line of Credit (LOC) and an issuance of the Series 2016A Bonds in FY2016.

The Water Department's Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position provide further insight as to the nature and source of changes in net position and are summarized as follows for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

Long Beach Water Department Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

			Variance	
			2016	/2015
	2016	2015*	Amount	%
Operating Revenues:				
Metered water sales	\$ 65,922	\$ 65,136	\$ 786	1.2%
Reclaimed water sales	4,018	3,100	918	29.6%
Service charges	34,549	32,977	1,572	4.8%
Maintenance services	86	86	-	-
Other services	11,430	16,079	(4,649)	-28.9%
Total operating revenues	116,005	117,378	(1,373)	-1.2%
Operating Expenses:				
Cost of water	28,743	42,178	(13,435)	-31.9%
Personal services	22,373	22,944	(571)	-2.5%
Maintenance and other	29,386	26,153	3,233	12.4%
Depreciation and amortization	13,356	12,749	607	4.8%
Permit fees	10,543	10,243	300	2.9%
Commercial Services	3,687	3,891	(204)	-5.2%
Total operating expenses	108,088	118,158	(10,070)	-8.5%
Operating income	7,917	(780)	8,697	-1115.0%
Nonoperating Income (Expenses):				
Interest income	393	275	118	42.9%
Interest expense	(433)	(343)	(90)	26.2%
Loss on disposition of property	(278)	(196)	(82)	41.8%
Rents	1,027	1,256	(229)	-18.2%
Bonds issuance costs	(298)	-	(298)	-100%
Other	(1,363)	(198)	(1,165)	588.4%
Income before contributed capital	6,965	14	6,951	49650.0%
Capital contributions	2,710	1,726	984	57.0%
Change in net position	9,675	1,740	7,935	456.0%
Beginning net position, as adjusted	326,394	324,654	1,740	0.5%
Ending net position	\$336,069	\$326,394	\$ 9,675	3.0%

^{*}Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No.75

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

The Department's operations are further broken down as follows between the Department's Water Fund and the Sewer Fund for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

Water Fund Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

	•		Variance	
			2016	/2015
	2016	2015*	Amount	%
Operating Revenues:				
Metered water sales	\$ 59,640	\$ 58,895	\$ 745	1.3%
Reclaimed water sales	4,018	3,100	918	29.6%
Service charges	23,121	22,061	1,060	4.8%
Other services	10,871	15,419	(4,548)	-29.5%
Total operating revenues	97,650	99,475	(1,825)	-1.8%
Operating Expenses:				
Cost of water	28,743	42,178	(13,435)	-31.9%
Personal services	18,405	18,923	(518)	-2.7%
Maintenance and other	25,981	22,442	3,539	15.8%
Depreciation and amortization	11,169	10,739	430	4.0%
Permit fees	5,968	5,794	174	3.0%
Commercial Services	1,987	2,058	(71)	-3.4%
Total operating expenses	92,253	102,134	(9,881)	-9.7%
Operating income (loss)	5,397	(2,659)	8,056	303.0%
Nonoperating Income (Expenses):				
Interest income	299	223	76	34.1%
Interest expense	(433)	(292)	(141)	48.3%
Loss on disposition of property	(283)	(198)	(85)	42.9%
Rents	1,027	1,256	(229)	-18.2%
Other	(1,282)	62	(1,344)	-2167.7%
Income (loss) before contributed capital	4,725	(1,608)	6,333	393.8%
Capital contributions	2,710	1,726	984	57.0%
Change in net position	7,435	118	7,317	6200.8%
Beginning net position, as adjusted	268,595	268,477	118	0.04%
Ending net position	\$276,030	\$268,595	\$ 7,435	2.77%

^{*}Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No.75

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Sewer Fund Condensed Schedules of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

			Varia	ance
			2016	/2015
	2016	2015*	Amount	%
Operating Revenues:				
Metered water sales	\$ 6,282	\$ 6,241	\$ 41	0.7%
Service charges	11,428	10,916	512	4.7%
Maintenance services	86	86	-	-
Other services	559	660	(101)	-15.3%
Total operating revenues	18,355	17,903	452	2.5%
Operating Expenses:				
Personal services	3,968	4,021	(53)	-1.3%
Maintenance and other	3,405	3,711	(306)	-8.2%
Permit fees	4,575	4,449	126	2.8%
Depreciation	2,187	2,010	177	8.8%
Commercial Services	1,700	1,833	(133)	-7.3%
Total operating expenses	15,835	16,024	(189)	-1.2%
Operating income	2,520	1,879	641	34.1%
Nonoperating Income (Expenses):				
Interest income	94	52	42	80.8%
Interest expense	-	(51)	51	-100.0%
Gain on disposition of property	5	2	3	150.0%
Bonds issuance costs	(298)	-	(298)	-
Other	(81)	(260)	179	-68.8%
Income before contributed capital	2,240	1,622	618	38.1%
Capital contributions				-
Change in net position	2,240	1,622	618	38.1%
Beginning net position, as adjusted	57,799	56,177	1,622	2.9%
Ending net position	\$ 60,039	\$ 57,799	\$2,240	3.9%

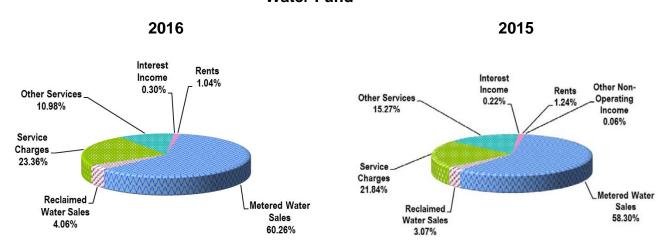
^{*}Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No.75

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

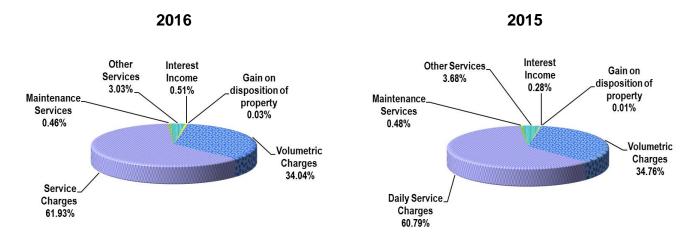
Sources of Revenues

Sources of revenue for fiscal years 2016 and 2015 are shown on the following charts.

Water Fund



Sewer Fund



Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Management Review of the Department's Revenues

Water Fund

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to 2015

Total operating revenues were \$97,650, a decrease of \$1,825 (-1.8%) over FY2015. The major elements of this decrease are as follows:

- Metered potable water sales revenue increased by \$745 (+1.3%) in FY2016 primarily due to a 4% water rate increase in FY2016. This increase in sales was offset by a 1,356 AF (-2.6%) decrease in consumption as a result of the Department's effective water conservation campaigns and programs.
- Reclaimed water sales revenue increased by \$918 (+29.6%) primarily due to a 1,509 AF (+33.6%) increase in demand and a 4% water rate increase in FY2016.
- Service charges increased by \$1,060 (+4.8%) in FY2016 primarily due to a 4% water rate increase.
- Revenue from other services totaled \$10,871, a net decrease of \$4,548 (-29.5%) from the prior year. The major factors of this net decrease are as follows:
 - Revenue from an In-Lieu Groundwater Replenishment Agreement with the Water Replenishment District of Southern California (WRD) decreased by \$6,242 (-100.0%) in FY2016 due to the conclusion of the agreement in FY2015.
 - Revenue from unmetered water sales to WRD increased by \$3,007 (+100.0%) in FY2016 mainly due to water purchases used to replenish the Central Basin aquifer as part of an agreement between the Department, Central Basin Municipal Water District (CBMWD), and WRD.

Capital contributions increased by \$984 (+57.0%) compared to FY2015 primarily due to grant proceeds received for reclaimed water distribution system expansion.

Sewer Fund

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to 2015

Total operating revenues increased \$452 (+2.5%) over FY2015. The key elements of this increase are as follows:

Metered water sales and service charges revenue increased by \$41 (+0.7%) and \$512 (+4.7%) respectively, over FY2015 as a result of a 4% sewer rate increase. This increase was offset by a decrease in volumetric demand in FY2016 as a result of the Department's effective water conservation campaigns and programs.

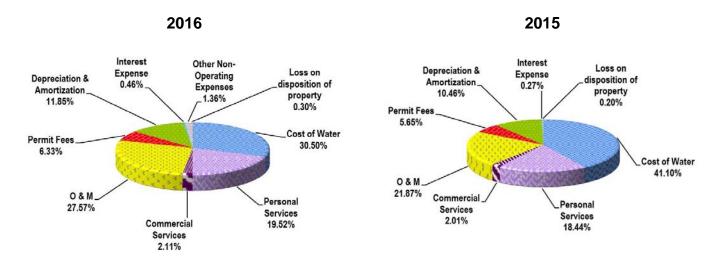
Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

 Other services revenue decreased by \$101 (-15.3%) over FY2015 which is primarily attributable to decreased sewer capacity charges revenue as a result of a decline in building construction activity.

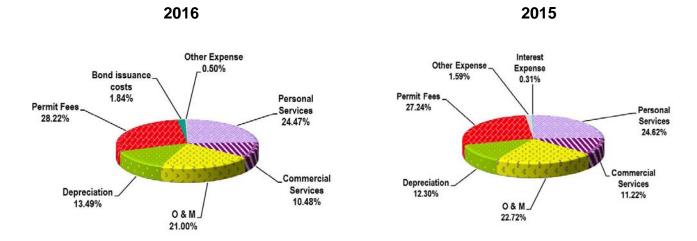
Functional Expenses

Functional expenses for the 2016 and 2015 fiscal years are shown on the following charts.

Water Fund



Sewer Fund



Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Management Review of the Department's Expenses.

Water Fund

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to 2015

Operating expenses totaled \$92,253, a decrease of \$9,881 (-9.7%) over FY2015. The major elements attributable to the net decrease are as follows:

- Purchased water costs decreased by \$13,435 (-31.9%) in FY2016 primarily due to a
 decrease in potable water purchased from Metropolitan Water District (MWD) in
 connection with the conclusion of the In-Lieu Groundwater Replenishment agreement
 with WRD in FY2015.
- Maintenance and other expenses had a net increase of \$3,539 (+15.8%) from FY2015. The net increase is primarily attributable to the following factors:
 - Replenishment assessment (pump tax) increased by \$3,080 (+50.4%) due to increased groundwater pumping as a result of the conclusion of In-Lieu Groundwater Replenishment agreements with WRD in FY2015.
 - Utility services, mainly electricity costs, increased by \$342 (+9.9%) due to the increase in groundwater pumping.
 - Laboratory and chemical supplies increased by \$309 (+28.8%) due to an increase in purchases of chemicals used for treating groundwater.

FY2016 net nonoperating expense totaled \$672, a net increase of \$1,723 (+163.9%) over FY2015 which is primarily due to an increase in development costs for customer information system upgrades and in water capital improvement projects charged to expense.

Sewer Fund

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2016 Compared to 2015

Total operating expenses amounted to \$15,835, a decrease of \$189 (-1.2%) over FY2015. This is mostly attributable to a decrease in Maintenance and other expenses incurred for sewer pipeline and pump station breaks and repairs by \$306 (-8.2%).

FY2016 net nonoperating expense totaled \$280, a net increase of \$23 (+8.9%) over FY2015 which is primarily due to costs associated with the issuance of the Series 2016A Bonds in the amount of \$298. In addition, a decrease in sewer capital improvement projects charged to expense by \$185 (-99.5%) over FY2015 reflected a decrease in Other nonoperating expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Department's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) as of September 30, 2016 amounted to \$303,259 for the Water Fund and \$68,010 for the Sewer Fund. Capital assets include investments in production, transmission, patent, improvements on buildings and structures, and distribution related facilities, as well as general items such as office equipment and furniture. For FY2016, net capital assets increased \$6,061 (+2.0%) and \$2,865 (+4.4%) for Water Fund and Sewer Fund, respectively. The net increase is due primarily to machinery and equipment purchases and capitalization of major potable water and reclaimed water distribution systems, and sewer collection systems.

The Department's capital assets are summarized as follows for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

Long Beach Water Department Capital Assets September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

Variance

		varia	nce
		2016/2	2015
2016	2015	Amount	%
\$ 11,214	\$ 11,248	\$ (34)	-0.3%
40	40	-	-
815	815	-	-
135,271	131,313	3,958	3.0%
535,032	524,252	10,780	2.1%
21,343	20,388	955	4.7%
27,863	22,822	5,041	22.1%
731,578	710,878	20,700	2.9%
(360,309)	(348,535)	(11,774)	3.4%
\$ 371,269	\$ 362,343	\$ 8,926	2.5%
	\$ 11,214 40 815 135,271 535,032 21,343 27,863 731,578 (360,309)	\$ 11,214 \$ 11,248 40 40 815 815 135,271 131,313 535,032 524,252 21,343 20,388 27,863 22,822 731,578 710,878 (360,309) (348,535)	2016 2015 Amount \$ 11,214 \$ 11,248 \$ (34) 40 40 - 815 815 - 135,271 131,313 3,958 535,032 524,252 10,780 21,343 20,388 955 27,863 22,822 5,041 731,578 710,878 20,700 (360,309) (348,535) (11,774)

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

The Department's capital assets are further broken down as follows between the Department's Water Fund and the Sewer Fund for the years ended September 30, 2016 and 2015:

Water Fund Capital Assets September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

Variance

V--!---

			Variai	ice
			2016/2	015
	2016	2015	Amount	%
Land	\$ 11,214	\$ 11,248	\$ (34)	-0.3%
Water Rights	40	40	-	-
Patent - Desalination	815	815	-	-
Buildings, structures, and facilities	129,590	125,632	3,958	3.2%
Distribution/collection systems	333,998	324,778	9,220	2.8%
Machinery and equipment	15,978	15,277	701	4.6%
Construction in progress	22,051	19,498	2,553	13.1%
Total capital assets	513,686	497,288	16,398	3.3%
Less: accumulated depreciation				
and amortization	(210,427)	(200,090)	(10,337)	5.2%
Net capital assets	\$ 303,259	\$ 297,198	\$ 6,061	2.0%

Sewer Fund Capital Assets September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

			Variai	nce
			2016/2	015
	2016	2015	Amount	%
Buildings, structures, and facilities	\$ 5,681	\$ 5,681	\$ -	-
Distribution/collection systems	201,034	199,474	1,560	0.8%
Machinery and equipment	5,365	5,111	254	5.0%
Construction in progress	5,812	3,324	2,488	74.8%
Total capital assets	217,892	213,590	4,302	2.0%
Less: accumulated depreciation	(149,882)	(148,445)	(1,437)	1.0%
Net capital assets	\$ 68,010	\$ 65,145	\$ 2,865	4.4%

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in notes 1 and 3 to the Department's financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Long-term debt. As of September 30, 2016, the Department had total outstanding long-term debt, net of current portion in the amount of \$27,213 for the Water Fund and \$11,089 for the Sewer Fund. All debt is supported by Water Fund revenues and Sewer Fund revenues. Total Department outstanding debt as of September 30, 2016 and 2015 is summarized as follows:

Long Beach Water Department Summary of Long-Term Debt September 30, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands)

(iii tilou	ourius,			
			Varia	nce
			2016/2	2015
Water Fund	2016	2015	Amount	%
Revenue refunding bonds Less:	\$ 27,640	\$ 30,270	\$ (2,630)	-8.7%
Current portion	(2,730)	(2,630)	(100)	3.8%
Long-term debt outstanding	24,910	27,640	(2,730)	-9.9%
Add:				
Unamortized bond premium	2,303	2,703	(400)	-14.8%
Total long-term debt	\$ 27,213	\$ 30,343	\$ (3,130)	-10.3%
Sewer Fund	_			
Revolving line of credit	\$ -	\$ 11,250	\$ (11,250)	-100.0%
Revenue refunding bonds Less:	9,830	-	9,830	100.0%
Current portion	(460)	-	(460)	100.0%
Long-term debt outstanding	9,370	11,250	(1,880)	-16.7%
Add:				
Unamortized bond premium	1,719	-	1,719	100.0%
Total long-term debt	\$ 11,089	\$ 11,250	\$ (161)	-1.4%

The Department maintains AA+ credit ratings from Standard & Poor's for the Water and Sewer Funds. Additional information on the Department's long-term debt can be found in note 4 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The Board of Water Commissioners (Board) approved the budget for the fiscal year-end September 30, 2016, with budgeted expenditures totaling approximately \$102.3 million and \$20.2 million for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund, respectively. In fiscal year 2017 (FY2017), there were 4% rate increases for potable water, reclaimed water and sewer collection services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2016

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Department's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, Long Beach Water Department, 1800 E. Wardlow Road, Long Beach, California 90807.

Statements of Net Position Business Type Activity - Enterprise September 30, 2016

	W	ater Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Pooled cash and cash equivalents	\$	30,984	10,308	41,292
Non-pooled cash equivalents		20	29	49
Interest receivable		10	1	11
Due from other funds		23	48	71
Customer accounts receivable		6,275	901	7,176
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(265)	(48)	(313)
Material and supplies inventory		3,497	90	3,587
Prepaid expense		2,552	-	2,552
Restricted assets				
Pooled cash and cash equivalents:				
Funds held in trust		1,072	-	1,072
Bond service funds		1,623	84	1,707
Sub-total pooled cash and cash equivalents		2,695	84	2,779
Non-pooled cash equivalents		2,669	<u>-</u>	2,669
Total restricted assets		5,364	84	5,448
Total current assets		48,460	11,413	59,873
Noncurrent Assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land		11,214	-	11,214
Water rights		40	-	40
Patent desalination		815	-	815
Buildings, structures and facilities		129,590	5,681	135,271
Distribution/collection systems		333,998	201,034	535,032
Machinery and equipment		15,978	5,365	21,343
Construction in progress		22,051	5,812	27,863
Total capital assets		513,686	217,892	731,578
Less: Accumulated depreciation and				
amortization		(210,427)	(149,882)	(360,309)
Total capital assets, net		303,259	68,010	371,269
Other assets, net of amortization				
Other assets		106		106
Total noncurrent assets		303,365	68,010	371,375
Total assets	\$	351,825	79,423	431,248

(Continued)

Statements of Net Position Business Type Activity - Enterprise September 30, 2016

	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Economics loss from the refunding of debt	\$ 1,501	-	1,501
Pension contributions after measurement date	601	121	722
Difference between actual and expected			
CalPERS investment returns	9,381	1,896	11,277
OPEB liability	43	9	52
Total deferred outflows of resources	11,526	2,026	13,552
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	10,732	994	11,726
Accrued wages payable	853	217	1,070
Due to other funds	1,868	298	2,166
Advances from developers	456	55	511
Accrued interest payable	485	26	511
Long-term debt due within one year	2,730	460	3,190
Customer deposits	1,065	-	1,065
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Long-term debt, net of current portion	27,213	11,089	38,302
Net OPEB liability	1,550	309	1,859
Net pension liability	36,007	7,277	43,284
Accrued site restoration cost	1,000	-	1,000
Total Liabilities	83,959	20,725	104,684
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
CalPERS difference between actual			
and expected experience	1,836	371	2,207
CalPERS change in assumptions	669	135	804
CalPERS change in proportion	857	179	1,036
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,362	685	4,047
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	277,394	56,462	333,856
Restricted for:	,	, -	,
Bond Service	1,623	84	1,707
Bond Reserve	93	-	93
Unrestricted	(3,080)	3,493	413
Total Net Position	\$ 276,030	60,039	336,069

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Business Type Activity - Enterprise Year Ended September 30, 2016

	W	ater Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:				
Metered water sales	\$	59,640	6,282	65,922
Reclaimed water sales		4,018	-	4,018
Service charges		23,121	11,428	34,549
Maintenance services		-	86	86
Other services		10,871	559	11,430
Total operating revenues		97,650	18,355	116,005
Operating Expenses:				
Cost of water		28,743	-	28,743
Personal services		18,405	3,968	22,373
Commercial services		1,987	1,700	3,687
Maintenance and other		25,981	3,405	29,386
Permit fees		5,968	4,575	10,543
Depreciation and amortization		11,169	2,187	13,356
Total operating expenses		92,253	15,835	108,088
Operating income		5,397	2,520	7,917
Non-operating Income (Expense):				
Interest income		299	94	393
Interest expense		(433)	-	(433)
Gain (loss) on disposition of property		(283)	5	(278)
Rental income		1,027	-	1,027
Bonds issuance costs		-	(298)	(298)
Other		(1,282)	(81)	(1,363)
Total non-operating income (expense)		(672)	(280)	(952)
Income (loss) before contributed capital		4,725	2,240	6,965
Contributed capital		2,710		2,710
Changes in net position		7,435	2,240	9,675
Net position - October 1 as adjusted		268,595	57,799	326,394
Net Position - September 30	\$	276,030	60,039	336,069

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Statements of Cash Flows Business Type Activity - Enterprise Year Ended September 30, 2016

	W	ater Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Cash received from customers	\$	97,576	18,292	115,868
Cash paid to employees		(17,791)	(3,908)	(21,699)
Cash paid for water		(27,429)	-	(27,429)
Cash paid for goods and services		(26,459)	(4,309)	(30,768)
Cash paid for permit fees		(5,968)	(4,575)	(10,543)
Other operating cash paid		(621)	(84)	(705)
Net cash provided by operating activities		19,308	5,416	24,724
Cash flows from capital and related				
financing activities:				
Proceeds from refunding issue		-	9,830	9,830
Payment for Sewer Line of Credit (LOC)		-	(11,250)	(11,250)
Original issurance premium		-	1,727	1,727
Payments for issuance costs		-	(298)	(298)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		85	9	94
Contributions in aid of construction		2,677	-	2,677
Payments for capital acquisitions		(16,421)	(4,912)	(21,333)
Principal repayments-bonds		(2,630)	-	(2,630)
Interest payments		(1,264)	(99)	(1,363)
Net cash used for capital and				
related financing activities		(17,553)	(4,993)	(22,546)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Interest income received		298	93	391
Net cash provided by investing activities		298	93	391
Net increase in cash and				
cash equivalents		2,053	516	2,569
Cash and cash equivalents, October 1		34,315	9,905	44,220
Cash and cash equivalents, September 30	\$	36,368	10,421	46,789

(Continued)

Statements of Cash Flows Business Type Activity - Enterprise Year Ended September 30, 2016

	W	ater Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
Reconciliation of operating income to				
net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	5,397	2,520	7,917
Adjustments to reconcile operating income				
to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation expense and amortization		11,169	2,187	13,356
Amortization of other assets		38	-	38
Other expense		423	23	446
Decrease property rental and other income		(622)	(84)	(706)
(Increase) decrease in customer accounts receivable		(82)	(15)	(97)
(Increase) decrease in due from City of Long Beach		15	(48)	(33)
(Increase) decrease in material and supplies inventory		(249)	(23)	(272)
Increase (decrease) in accounts and retainage payable		1,464	520	1,984
Increase in accrued wages payable		190	38	228
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(39)	-	(39)
Increase in due to City of Long Beach		1,571	298	1,869
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		33	-	33
Total adjustments		13,911	2,896	16,807
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	19,308	5,416	24,724
Supplemental schedule of noncash transactions:				
Contributed capital assets		532	-	532
Accrued capital asset costs		1,810	252	2,063

See accompanying notes to financial statements

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Note 1 - Description of the Department and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of the Department

The Long Beach Water Department (the Department) was established in 1911 through adoption of the City Charter of the City of Long Beach, California (the City) to regulate and control the use, sale, and distribution of water owned or controlled by the City. In February 1988, the City Council of the City of Long Beach voted to transfer administrative, operational, and maintenance responsibility of the City's sewer system to the Department. In addition, in April 1990, the citizens of Long Beach passed a City Charter amendment that allowed greater autonomy of the Department in administering sewer operations. For accounting purposes, the transfer was effective July 1, 1988.

The Department services the City's sewer system that consists of 714 miles of sewer mains, 15,127 manholes, and 28 sewage pumping stations. This system is capable of transporting for treatment approximately 40 million gallons of raw sewage daily.

The Department obtains potable water for distribution from two sources. Historically, approximately half of the City's water is purchased from the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California; the other half is pumped from the Department's own groundwater wells. Potable water is stored in two reservoirs with a combined capacity of 105.6 million gallons. As of September 30, 2016, the Department also delivered over 2.5 billion gallons of reclaimed water to various users in the City.

Reporting Entity

The Department's financial activities are considered to be enterprise operations of the City of Long Beach; accordingly, such activities are included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Control and management of the Department is vested in the five-member Board of Water Commissioners (the Board). Each Commissioner is appointed by the Mayor, confirmed by the City Council, and may serve two five-year terms.

The accompanying Department financial statements include the Water and Sewer Fund operations of the City of Long Beach. The statements of the Department are intended to present the financial position, and changes in financial position, and cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities of the City that is attributable to the transactions of the Department. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City, as of September 30, 2016, and the changes in its financial position, and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

The City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be obtained by contacting:

City of Long Beach, California – Department of Financial Management 333 W. Ocean Blvd.

Long Beach, CA 90802

Basis of Accounting

The Department's accounts are maintained on a flow of economic resources measurement focus utilizing the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, regardless of when they are received, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred. The Department's operations are not subject to regulation by the Public Utilities Commission.

The Department applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements and Interpretations.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

Application of the following Statements was effective for the Department's fiscal year ended September 30, 2016:

In February of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72 – Fair Value Measurement and Application. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

In June of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68 as well as for the assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67 and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes. The provisions in Statement 73 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015 – except those provisions that address employers and governmental nonemployer contributing entities for pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68, which are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The provisions of this Statement did not materially impact the Department's financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

In June of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74 – Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement is not applicable to the Department.

In June of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The Department has chosen to implement the provisions of this Statement for fiscal year 2016.

The table below summarizes the adjustment to beginning of year Net Position due to the retrospective implementation GASB 75 for Water and Sewer funds:

	As eviously eported	GASB 75 Adjustment	As Adjusted
Water	\$ 270,054	(1,459)	268,595
Sewer	58,090	(291)	57,799

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period,

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

individually or in the aggregate, were significant. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2015, except for certain provisions on portfolio quality, custodial credit risk, and shadow pricing. Those provisions are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Department implemented all provisions related to pool participants of this standard.

The Department is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

In August of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*. This Statement requires disclosure of tax abatement information about a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues. This information is intended, among other things, to assist users of financial statements in assessing whether a government's current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services (known as interperiod equity); whether a government complied with finance-related legal and contractual obligations; where a government's financial resources come from and how it uses them; and a government's financial position and economic condition and how they have changed over time. The provisions of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. The Department is evaluating the impact of this standard.

In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*. This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The Department is evaluating the impact of this standard.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 80, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. Split-interest agreements are a type of giving agreement used by donors to provide resources to two or more beneficiaries, including governments. This Statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Department is evaluating the impact of this standard.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73.* The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans*, No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, and No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68*, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2017 as the Department's pension liability are measured as of a date other than the Department's most recent fiscal year-end. The Department is evaluating the impact of this standard.

City of Long Beach Investment Pool

In order to maximize investment return and in accordance with City Charter requirements, the Department pools its available cash with other City funds into the City of Long Beach Investment Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an internal investment pool that is used as a demand deposit account by participating units. Investment decisions are made by the City Treasurer and approved by a general investment committee whose membership includes a member of the Department's management. Interest income and realized and unrealized gains and losses arising from the Pool are apportioned to each participating unit based on their average daily cash balances compared to aggregate pooled cash and investments.

At September 30, 2016, the Water Fund and Sewer Fund had equity in the Pool of \$33,679 and \$10,392, respectively, which represents approximately 2.20% and 0.68%, respectively, for a total departmental equity of \$44,071 or 2.88% of the Pool.

The Department's share of the Pool is stated at fair value.

For a complete description of the Pool and its underlying investments, refer to the City of Long Beach's separately issued financial statements.

Cash Equivalents

The Department classifies its investment in the Pool as cash and cash equivalents, regardless of the underlying maturity of the Pool's investments.

The Department classifies all other investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase as cash equivalents. These cash equivalents are reported at amortized cost in the accompanying financial statements.

Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

The Department categorizes investments reported at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

Material and Supplies Inventory

Material and supplies inventory is stated at the lower of average cost or market, determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and transmission and distribution infrastructure, are composed of assets with an initial, individual cost of more than five thousand dollars and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The cost of additions to capital assets and replacement of retired property is capitalized. Significant interest costs incurred during construction of assets are also capitalized. The costs of minor replacement expenditures are expensed as incurred. Upon retirement or sale of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, with any resulting gain or loss recorded in the Department's financial statements (see note 3).

Depreciation of capital assets is provided by the straight-line method based on the estimated service lives of the properties, as follows:

Buildings, structures, and facilities	10 to 50 years
Distribution/collection systems	20 to 75 years
Patents	20 years
Other machinery and equipment	5 to 10 years

Capitalized Interest

In fiscal year 2016, the Department incurred interest expense on Revenue Refunding Bonds and Sewer Revolving Line of Credit in the amount of \$1,223 and \$125 for the Water and Sewer Funds, respectively, of which \$587 was capitalized for Water Fund and \$117 for Sewer Fund.

Capital Contributions

Advances received for construction of plant assets are recorded as unearned revenue when received. As construction progresses, advanced amounts equivalent to capitalized expenditures are recorded as capital contributions and included as other nonoperating

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

revenue. Assets constructed by developers and contributed to the Department are capitalized at fair value.

The Department includes capital contributions for construction of plant assets as a nonoperating revenue in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.

Revenue Recognition

Operating revenues include revenues derived from the sale of water, from providing sewer service, and from other activities closely related to providing water and sewer service. Principal revenues are derived from volumetric usage and service charges for water and sewer services. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are those not directly associated with the Department's normal business operations of supplying water and sewer service and include interest income and expense, rents received for Department property, and gains and losses on disposition of property. Revenues for water and sewer charges are recorded when billed to customers; billings are based on monthly meter readings.

Operating Expenses

The cost of water includes all purchases of water from the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California. Personal services include labor costs for operations, maintenance, and general and administrative functions. Commercial services cost is the Department's share of the City's utility billing system. Maintenance and other costs include the operating costs of the Department and include costs of pumping and treating groundwater as well as general and administrative costs. Permit fees are transfers made to the City.

Employee Benefits

Full-time Department employees are entitled to receive up to 96 hours of sick leave per year. Unused sick leave benefits are vested; however, under the provisions of the City's Personnel Ordinance, upon retirement, the City allows retirees, their spouses, and eligible dependents to use the cash value of the retiring employee's accumulated sick leave to pay for health and dental insurance premiums under the City's Retired Employees Health Insurance Program. Once the cash value of the retired employee's unused sick leave is exhausted, the retiree is required to pay all health and dental premiums. Expenses are recognized by the Department through regular payroll burden charges from the City's Employee Benefits Fund (an internal services fund type) based on estimates of benefits earned for vacation pay and sick leave. For the year ended September 30, 2016, the payroll burden charges paid by the Water and Sewer funds were \$4,600 and \$926, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Pension Plan and Postretirement Benefits

All full-time Department employees are members of the City's Miscellaneous Plan. The Department's policy is to fund all pension costs accrued. The costs to be funded are determined annually as of October 1 and are incorporated into the payroll burden rate to reimburse the Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund for contributions made on behalf of Department employees (see note 5).

For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Miscellaneous Plan and additions to/deductions from Miscellaneous Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Miscellaneous Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The Department also participates in the City's Retired Employee Health Insurance Program. This program is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan (see note 6).

Restricted Assets

Amounts restricted for bond indenture requirements and funds held in trust are recorded as restricted assets. Related liabilities of these funds are identified as amounts payable from restricted assets when such obligations are incurred.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. The separate financial element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Risk Management

The Department, as an entity of the City, participates in the City's self-insured program for workers' compensation, property, and tort liability. The City and the Department's management believe that sufficient funds are being accumulated in the City's Insurance Internal Service Fund (Insurance Fund) to meet losses as they arise. The Department contributes to the Insurance Fund through payroll burden charges applied as a percent of current productive salaries. In addition, various risk control techniques, including safety training for all employees and the inclusion of appropriate legal provisions in third-party contracts, have been implemented to minimize risk losses.

Estimates

The preparation of the Department's financial statements in conformity with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Position

The Department has adopted a policy of generally utilizing restricted funds, prior to unrestricted funds, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both are available.

The Department's net position are classified into the following net position categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and unexpended bond proceeds and economic losses of refunding of debt.

Restricted - Amounts restricted for bond indenture requirements.

Unrestricted - All other categories of net position

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Note 2 - Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Department's unrestricted and restricted cash equivalents and investments are as follows:

Water Fund						
				Total Investments		
	Un	restricted	Restricted	& Cash Equivalent		
Equity in the City of Long Beach's investment pool	\$	30,984	2,695	33,679		
Other cash equivalents		20	24	44		
Investments - U.S. Treasury Notes		-	2,645	2,645		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,004	5,364	36,368		

Sewer Fund						
			Total Cash			
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Equivalent			
Equity in the City of Long Beach's investment pool	\$ 10,308	84	10,392			
Other cash equivalents		29	29			
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,308	113	10,421			

The Departments investment policy allows funds to be invested with the City or to be held outside of the Pool based on the requirements of bond indentures or by actions of the Board. The City's investment policy limits the permitted investments in the Investment Pool to the following: Obligations of the U.S. government, federal agencies, local agency bonds, medium-term corporate notes, certificates of deposit; bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, Local Agency Investment Fund, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, securities lending, asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities and money market mutual funds. Cash equivalents held outside of the Pool are governed by the provisions of the debt agreement.

As of September 30, 2016 and 2015, the City's Investment Pool has weighted average maturity of less than 2 years and is not rated. The Department's investment in the Pool is not categorized nor leveled in the fair value hierarchy.

The Water Funds' investments in U.S. Treasury notes have a weighted average maturity of 1.94 years and are not rated. These investments are reported at fair value using observable inputs and are accordingly reported as a level 1 investment in the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Note 3 - Capital Assets

Capital assets at September 30, 2016 were as follows:

		Balance tember 30,		Deletions, Retirements	Balance September 30,
Water Fund	·	2015	Additions	and Transfers	2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				_	
Land	\$	11,248	-	(34)	11,214
Construction in progress		19,498	17,698	(15,145)	22,051
Water Rights		40	-	-	40
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		30,786	17,698	(15,179)	33,305
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings, structures and facilities		125,632	4,077	(119)	129,590
Patents		815	-	-	815
Distribution/collection systems		324,778	9,622	(402)	333,998
Machinery and equipment		15,277	1,155	(454)	15,978
Total capital assets, being depreciated		466,502	14,854	(975)	480,381
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings, structures and facilities		(55,881)	(3,647)	96	(59,432)
Patents		(367)	(41)	-	(408)
Distribution/collection systems		(129,700)	(6,685)	328	(136,057)
Machinery and equipment		(14,142)	(796)	408	(14,530)
Total accumulated depreciation		(200,090)	(11,169)	832	(210,427)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		266,412	3,685	(143)	269,954
Total Water Fund capital assets, net	\$	297,198	21,383	(15,322)	303,259

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

	Balance tember 30,	A 1 Pol	Deletions, Retirements	Balance September 30,
Sewer Fund	 2015	Additions	and Transfers	2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 3,324	4,332	(1,844)	5,812
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	 3,324	4,332	(1,844)	5,812
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings, structures and facilities Distribution/collection systems Machinery and equipment	5,681 199,474 5,111	- 1,843 726	- (283) (472)	5,681 201,034 5,365
Total capital assets, being depreciated	210,266	2,569	(755)	212,080
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings, structures and facilities Distribution/collection systems Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	(1,691) (143,525) (3,229) (148,445) 61,821	(111) (1,772) (304) (2,187) 382	- 278 472 750	(1,802) (145,019) (3,061) (149,882) 62,198
Total capital assets, being depreciated, het	 01,021	302	(3)	02,190
Total Sew er Fund capital assets, net	\$ 65,145	4,714	(1,849)	68,010
Combined Total	Balance tember 30, 2015	Additions	Deletions, Retirements and Transfers	Balance September 30, 2016
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Water Rights	\$ 11,248 22,822 40	- 22,030 -	(34) (16,989)	11,214 27,863 40
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	34,110	22,030	(17,023)	39,117
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings, structures and facilities Patents Distribution/collection systems Machinery and equipment	131,313 815 524,252 20,388	4,077 - 11,465 1,881	(119) - (685) (926)	135,271 815 535,032 21,343
Total capital assets, being depreciated	676,768	17,423	(1,730)	692,461
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings, structures and facilities Patents	(57,572) (367)	(3,758) (41)	96	(61,234) (408)
Distribution/collection systems	(273,225)	(8,457)	606	(281,076)
Machinery and equipment	 (17,371)	(1,100)	880	(17,591)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (348,535)	(13,356)	1,582	(360,309)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 328,233	4,067	(148)	332,152
Total Department capital assets, net	\$ 362,343	26,097	(17,171)	371,269

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

In FY2016, the Department completed several projects as part of ongoing improvements to its current water distribution system and sewer collection system, which totaled \$9,622 for the Water Fund and \$1,843 for the Sewer Fund. These improvements include ongoing programs for Water Cast Iron Main replacement, Water Services installations, Fireline and Fire Hydrant installations, Water Meter replacement, Large Valve replacement, Sewer Manhole and Sewer Pipe relining and rehabilitation. In addition, the Department completed several facility improvements totaling \$4,077. These improvements include Alamitos Reservoir tanks rehabilitation, J.Will Johnson Reservoir large valve replacement, chemical feed tanks replacements, facility roof upgrades and various water wells site improvements. The Department also purchased machinery and equipment which totaled \$955 for the Water Fund and \$726 for the Sewer Fund. These machinery and equipment purchases included dump trucks, utility pick-up trucks, mobile column lifts, laboratory equipment, sewer collection pumps, & a camera van for closed-circuit television (CCTV) monitoring of sewer mains and lateral pipes.

Construction in Progress

Construction in progress at September 30, 2016 includes the following projects:

Project	2016
Water Main Replacement Program	\$ 7,121
Reclaimed Water System	787
Sewer main Replacement Program	5,812
Other Projects	 14,143
Total Combined Construction in Progress	\$ 27,863
Ovelonesta em ellesetad es felleves	
Such costs are allocated as follows:	00.054
Water Enterprise Fund	22,051
Sewer Enterprise Fund	 5,812
Total Water Department	\$ 27,863

It is the Department's policy to transfer the costs of projects after their completion to other capital asset classifications or to expense. For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2016, completed projects were transferred from Construction in progress as follows:

2046

	2016			
	Wa	ter Fund	Sewer Fund	
Transfers to Capital Assets	\$	13,899	1,843	
Transfers to Expense		1,246	1	
Total	\$	15,145	1,844	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Note 4 – Noncurrent Liabilities:

		Water Fu	ınd			
	Be	ginning of			End of	Due within
September 30, 2016	year,	as adjusted	Additions	Reductions	year	one year
2010 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$	21,860	_	(2,065)	19,795	2,150
2012 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	*	8,410	_	(565)	7,845	580
		30,270		(2,630)	27,640	2,730
Less current portion		(2,630)	(2,730)	2,630	(2,730)	,
Add 2010 unamortized bond premium		1,739	-	(274)	1,465	_
Add 2012 unamortized bond premium		964	-	(126)	838	-
Total long-term debt		30,343	(2,730)	(400)	27,213	2,730
Net Pension Liability		31,033	4,974	-	36,007	-
Net OPEB Liability		1,459	91	-	1,550	-
Accrued site restoration cost		1,000	-	-	1,000	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	63,835	2,335	(400)	65,769	2,730
		Sewer Fu	ınd			
	Be	ginning of			End of	Due within
September 30, 2016		as adjusted	Additions	Reductions	year	one year
Sewer Revolving Line of Credit	\$	11,250	_	(11,250)	_	_
2016 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds	•	-	9,830	-	9,830	460
S .		11,250	9,830	(11,250)	9,830	460
Less current portion		-	(460)	-	(460)	-
Add 2016 unamortized bond premium		-	1,727	(8)	1,719	-
Total long-term debt		11,250	11,097	(11,258)	11,089	460
Net Pension Liability		6,341	936	-	7,277	-
Net OPEB Liability		291	18	<u> </u>	309	

The bonds are payable from and secured by net revenues of the Department.

Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds - Series 2012A

On August 30, 2012, the Water Fund issued \$9,850 in Second Lien Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2012A (the Series 2012A Bonds) at a premium of \$1,342 to provide funds to (a) refund, on a current basis, \$11,000 aggregate principal outstanding in Subordinate Water Revenue Commercial Paper Notes, and (b) pay the cost of issuing the Series 2012A Bonds. There is no bond reserve requirement. The objective of this debt refinancing was to take advantage of historically low fixed bond rates, and provide the Department with certainty in its future debt service payment requirements. The Commercial Paper program, as authorized by the Board under Resolution WD-1170, expired on October 1, 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

The Bonds bear interest ranging from 2.0% to 5.0% per annum payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing on November 1, 2012. Principal payments are due every May 1, commencing on May 1, 2013, with bond terms maturing through the year 2027. The initial issuance premium of \$1,342 on the Series 2012 Bonds is reported as an addition to long-term debt and is amortized using the effective-interest-rate method over the life of the Bonds.

Under Board Resolution WD-1300 adopted July 24, 2012 authorizing the issuance and sale of the Series 2012A Bonds, the Board also approved closure of the Senior Lien trust indentures pursuant to which the Department previously issued the Series 1997A City of Long Beach Water Revenue Refunding Bonds and Series 2010A City of Long Beach Water Revenue Refunding Bonds. The Board also irrevocably covenanted that the Department would not issue any additional Parity Obligations in the future that would have a lien on Net Revenues senior to its Subordinate Obligations, including the 2012A Bonds.

The Board, on behalf of the City, has covenanted under the Master Subordinate Indenture, to set rates and charges for the supply of water to its customers sufficient to yield net revenues each year equal to at least equal to 1.10 times the aggregate annual amount of principal and interest due on the Senior Lien Bonds and any Subordinate Obligations, including the Series 2012A Bonds.

Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2010A

On September 29, 2010, the Water Fund issued \$22,740 in Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (the Series 2010A Bonds) at a premium of \$3,021 to (a) advance refund 82.4% or \$24,290 of the outstanding Series 1997A Water Revenue Refunding Bonds at a redemption premium of 2% over par value, (b) fund a reserve fund for the Series 2010A Bonds, and (c) pay the cost of issuing the 2010 Bonds. The Series 2010A Bonds bear interest ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% per annum payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing on November 1, 2010. Principal payments are due May 1, commencing on May 1, 2012.

The remaining Series 1997A Bonds maturing on May 1, 2015 were not subject to redemption prior to, maturity and the \$1,825 outstanding was paid off on May 1, 2015.

The initial issuance premium of \$3,021 on the Series 2010A Bonds is reported as an addition to long-term debt and is amortized using the effective-interest-rate method over the life of the Bonds.

In addition, the refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the Series 1997A Bonds of \$2,697. This difference is considered to be a deferred outflow on the refunding and is reported in the Statement of Net Positon as a separate category under Deferred Outflows of Resources. The deferred outflow from the refunding is being amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the Series 2010A bonds, which have the same maturity as the old debt. The Refunded Series 1997A Bonds

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

were refunded in order to take advantage of lower interest rates to achieve debt service savings. The Department reduced its aggregate debt service payments by \$3,286, with the refunding structured to achieve such savings upfront over fiscal years 2011 and 2012. The economic gain from the refunding (difference between the present value of the old and new debt service payments) was \$3,349.

The Series 2010A Bonds and any Parity Obligations are secured by a first lien upon and pledge of all of the net revenues of the entire water system (the Water Enterprise Fund) of the City of Long Beach. Net revenues are defined as all gross revenues derived by the ownership and operation of the Water Enterprise Fund less operation and maintenance costs. The Board has covenanted, on behalf of the City, to set rates and charges for the supply of water to its customers sufficient to provide net revenues each year equal to at least 1.10 times the aggregate annual amount of principal and interest due on the Bonds and any parity obligations.

Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds - Series 2016A

On September 7, 2016, the Sewer Fund issued \$9,830 in Senior Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A (the Series 2016A Bonds) at a premium of \$1,727 to provide funds to (a) refund, on a current basis, \$11,250 aggregate principal outstanding in Subordinate Sewer Revenue Obligations pursuant to the terms of a credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, and (b) pay the cost of issuing the Series 2016A Bonds. There is no bond reserve requirement. The objective of this debt refinancing was to take advantage of low fixed bond yield rates, and provide the Department with certainty in its future debt service payment requirements.

The Series 2016A Bonds bear interest ranging from 4.0% to 5.0% per annum payable on May 1 and November 1 of each year, commencing on November 1, 2016. Principal payments are due every May 1, commencing on May 1, 2017, with bond terms maturing through the year 2036. The initial issuance premium of \$1,727 on the Series 2016A Bonds is reported as an addition to long-term debt and is amortized using the effective-interest-rate method over the life of the Bonds.

The Series 2016A Bonds and any Parity Obligations are secured by a first lien upon and pledge of all of the net revenues of the Sewer Enterprise. Net revenues are defined as all gross revenues derived by ownership and operation of the Sewer Enterprise less operation and maintenance costs. The Board, on behalf of the City, has covenanted under the Senior Indenture to set rates and charges for sewer service to its customers sufficient to yield net revenues each year which are at least equal to 1.25 times the aggregate annual amount of debt service on the Senior Bonds (including the Series 2016A Bonds) for such fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Subordinate Sewer Revolving Line of Credit

On May 5, 2011, the Board approved Resolution WD-1282 authorizing the issuance from time to time of Subordinate Sewer Revenue Obligations pursuant to the terms of a credit agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, which provides for a Revolving Line of Credit (LOC) in an amount not to exceed \$20,000 at any time. Obligations under the LOC are secured by and payable from a subordinate lien upon the City's Sewer Enterprise net revenues (gross revenues less operation and maintenance costs). The original term of the LOC was for three years, with a Commitment Expiration Date of May 26, 2014. Effective July 8, 2013, the Commitment Expiration Date was extended by an additional three years to May 26, 2017. The LOC was secured to pay off the outstanding principal on Senior Sewer Revenue Commercial Paper Notes and to continue to provide interim financing of sewer system improvements and sewer pipe rehabilitation and replacement programs. The Department suspended the issuance of sewer commercial paper notes under the existing commercial paper program, but reserves the right to issue obligations in the future senior to its obligations created under the LOC.

On May 26, 2011, the Department drew \$6,000 on the LOC to retire \$4,000 of outstanding Sewer Revenue Commercial Paper notes and fund \$2,000 in sewer system improvements. On September 3, 2013, the Department drew \$3,750 to fund sewer system improvements. On August 12, 2015, the Department drew another \$1,500 again to fund sewer system improvements. Interest rates are based on 70% of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus an applicable margin, and can be designated as fixed or variable for one-month, three-month, or six-month interest periods. Interest rates have ranged from 0.76% to 1.06%.

On September 7, 2016, the Department retired all outstanding notes, with an aggregate principal balance of \$11,250. As authorized by the Board under Resolution WD-1360, the Department amended the Credit Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association to extend the Commitment Expiration Date from May 26, 2017 to September 7, 2019. Additionally, the not-to-exceed amount of the LOC was reduced from \$20,000 to \$10,000.

Senior Sewer Revenue Commercial Paper Notes

On May 7, 2009, the Board approved Resolution WD-1255, which authorized the issuance and sale of up to \$20,000 of City of Long Beach, California Senior Sewer Revenue Commercial Paper Notes (notes), Series A (tax exempt), and Series B (taxable). The City's Sewer Enterprise net revenues (gross revenues less operation and maintenance costs) secure the notes. The notes are further supported by credit enhancement in the form of an Irrevocable Letter of Credit, issued initially by Union Bank, N.A. pursuant to a reimbursement agreement. The City of Long Beach City Council approved the issuance and sale on June 2, 2009. Proceeds from the variable debt was used for interim financing of sewer system improvements and sewer pipe rehabilitation and replacement programs.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

On June 11, 2009, Series A notes in the amount of \$4,000 were issued. The notes were issued in denominations in excess of \$100 thousands and matured not more than 270 days after date of issuance. Interest rates have ranged from 0.20% to 0.30%. The Department retired these notes on May 26, 2011 and suspended the issuance of sewer commercial paper notes under the existing commercial paper program, but reserves the right to issue obligations in the future senior to its obligations created under the LOC.

Accrued Site Restoration Cost

In FY2010, the Department completed its study on Seawater Nanofiltration Desalination Processes. The Department's prototype 300,000 gallons per day desalination research and development facility was located on land leased from Los Angeles Department of Water and Power. Under the terms of the lease, the Department was required to dismantle the facility and restore the site to its original condition. Estimated site restoration costs of \$400 had been accrued as a long-term liability in FY2007. During FY2010, the estimated accrued site restoration costs were reduced and actual restoration costs relating to the dismantling of the prototype desalination research and development facility were recorded as expense.

In FY2008, the Department completed construction of a subsurface seawater intake and discharge facility. Facility construction costs totaling \$4,614 have been capitalized and were depreciated over a period of two years. A Coastal Development Permit granted by the California Coastal Commission in September 2007, required the Department to restore the project site to its preexisting condition no later than May 21, 2012. On July 14, 2011, the Department was granted an extension for the restoration of the coastal area to May 26, 2017. On October 13, 2016, the Department was granted an additional five year extension on the restoration from May 26, 2017 to May 27, 2022. Estimated site restoration costs of \$1,000 have been accrued as a long-term liability and recorded as nonoperating expenses. Operating costs of the facility are expensed as incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Total Annual Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

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Fiscal Year	Series 20	10 Bonds) Bonds Series 2012		То	Total Debt	
Ending Sept 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Service
2017	\$ 2,150	843	580	322	2,730	1,165	3,895
2018	2,210	778	605	299	2,815	1,077	3,892
2019	2,300	690	630	275	2,930	964	3,894
2020	2,395	598	655	250	3,050	847	3,897
2021	2,490	502	680	223	3,170	725	3,895
2022-2026	8,250	819	3,835	687	12,085	1,507	13,592
2027			860	43	860	43	903
Total	\$ 19,795	4,229	7,845	2,099	27,640	6,328	33,968

Sewer	Eund	
SEWEL	Funa	

Fiscal Year	Se	eries 20	Total Debt	
Ending Sept 30	Pri	ncipal	Interest	Service
2017	\$	460	269	729
2018		330	395	725
2019		345	382	727
2020		360	368	728
2021		375	354	729
2022-2026		2,105	1,532	3,637
2027-2031		2,615	1,024	3,639
2032-2036		3,240	399	3,639
Total	\$	9,830	4,723	14,553

Note 5 - Retirement Program

Plan Description – Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

The Department contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The City is considered the employer and the Department is a department of the City. The Department's employees are enrolled in the City Miscellaneous Plan. CalPERS provides retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. All City departments are considered collectively to be a single employer, and the actuarial present value of vested and nonvested accumulated plan benefits attributable to the Department's employees is determined as the Department's percentage of the City as a single employer. Similarly, the net assets available for benefits of Department employees is determined as the Department's percentage of the City's net assets. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans, including benefit provisions, assumptions and

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

membership information. All qualified permanent employees of the Department are eligible to participate in the Miscellaneous Plan. The reports can be found on the CalPERS website

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service equal to one year of full-time employment, age at retirement and final compensation. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. The cost of living adjustments for the plan is applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

Contributions - California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at September 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

	Miscellaneous					
		On or after	_			
		October 1, 2006				
	Prior to	and prior to	On or after			
Hire date	October 1, 2006	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 62			
Benefit vesting schedule		5 years of service				
Benefit payments		Monthly for life				
Retirement age	50 - 55	50 - 55	52 - 60			
	Rec	uired Contribution Rat	es			
Employee	8.0%	8.0%	6.5%			
Employer	18.380%	18.380%	18.380%			
	Percent	age of Eligible Comper	nsation			
Monthly benefits	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.5%	1.0% to 2.0%			

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Allocation Methodology

The City used a calculated percentage based on the Department's share of the pensionable compensation to the City's total pensionable compensation amounts for each plan, to provide the Department's net pension liability and related GASB 68 accounting elements. The Department's calculated percentage was 6.9% (5.7% for Water and 1.2% for Sewer) for the Plan.

<u>Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions</u>

The City's net pension liability for the Plan was measured as the total pension liability, less the plan's fiduciary net position. Net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2016 (measurement date). The Department's net pension liability for the Plan \$43,284 (\$36,007 for Water and \$7,277 for Sewer) at September 30, 2016.

For the measurement period ending June 30, 2016 (the measurement date), the Department incurred a pension expense of \$3,654 (\$3,042 for Water and \$612 for Sewer).

As of September 30, 2016, the Department had deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions as follows:

Deferred outflows and inflows at September 30

١	Nater	Sewer	Total
\$	601	121	722
	9,381	1,896	11,277
\$	9,982	2,017	11,999
\$	1,836	371	2,207
	669	135	804
	857	179	1,036
\$	3,362	685	4,047
	\$	9,381 \$ 9,982 \$ 1,836 669 857	\$ 601 121 9,381 1,896 \$ 9,982 2,017 \$ 1,836 371 669 135 857 179

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Exclusive of deferred outflows related to payments after the measurement date, the net amount of deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to pensions that will be recognized in pension expense during the next five years and thereafter is as follows:

Period ended June 30 Water Sewer **Total** \$ 407 81 488 2017 2018 1,947 392 2,339 2019 2,430 490 2,920 2020 1,235 248 1,483

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension Liability

Measurement

A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows:

6,019

1,211

7,230

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2015
Measurement Date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.65%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by entry age and service
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% ¹
Mortality	2

¹ Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes inflation.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2015 Actuarial Valuation Report were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011. Further details of the experience study can be found on the CalPERS website.

² The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scal AA. For more details on this table, refer to the 2014 experience study report.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.65% is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB Statement No. 68 section.

The long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference to the Plans.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50% was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

The following table reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class for both Safety and Miscellaneous Plans. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ^a	Real Return Years 11+ b
Global Equity	51.0%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	20.0	0.99	2.43
Inflation Sensitive	6.0	0.45	3.36
Private Equity	10.0	6.83	6.95
Real Estate	12.0	4.50	5.13
Infrastructure and Forestland	0.0	4.50	5.09
Liquidity	1.0	(0.55)	(1.05)

^a An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the net pension liability of the City for each plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, compared to a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.65%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.65%).

Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	Water		Sewer	Total	
1% Decrease (6.65%)	\$	53,933	10,900	64,833	
Current Discount Rate (7.65%)		36,007	7,277	43,284	
1% Increase (8.65%)		21,149	4,274	25,423	

Note 6 – Post Retirement Health Care Benefits

Plan Description

The Department participates in the City of Long Beach Retiree Health Care plan (the Plan), a single-employer plan administer by the City of Long Beach. The Plan covers all eligible full-time employees of the City. City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms currently permitted by Ordinance No. C-7556.

^b An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Benefits provided

The Plan provides health, dental and long-term care insurance for retirees and their dependents as long as (a) that employee participated in a City provided insurance program of that type (PPO or HMO) during the year immediately preceding retirement, (b) has not attained the eligibility age for Medicare payments, and (c) has attained the minimum retirement age for the employee's retirement plan. Benefits are administered through a third-party provider, and the full cost of the benefits is covered by the plan.

<u>Total OPEB Liability, OPEB expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At September 30, 2016, the Department reported a total OPEB liability of \$1,859 (\$1,550 for Water and \$309 for Sewer) for its proportionate share of the total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2015 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2015. The Departments proportion of the total OPEB liability was based on the Department's share of sick leave balances. At September 30, 2016, the Department's proportion was 4.1% (3.4% for Water and .7% for Sewer).

For the year ended September 30, 2016, the Department recognized OPEB expense of \$154 (\$128 for Water and \$26 for Sewer) At September 30, 2016, the Department reported \$52 of deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date (\$43 for Water and \$9 for Sewer). Amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred outflows related to OPEB from the Department's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions.

Valuation Date September 30, 2015 September 30, 2015 Measurement Date **Actuarial Cost Method** Entry Age **Actuarial Assumptions:** Inflation 3.00% Discount Rate 3.76% Based on Fidelity Municipal Bond GO AA 20-year Bond Index Payroll Increases 3.25% Aggregate Merit CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Mortality CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study Withdrawal CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study Disability CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study Retirement CalPERS 1997-2011 Experience Study

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.76 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.76 percent) than the current discount rate (in thousands):

	De	Percent ecrease .76 %)	Discount Rate (3.76 %)	1 Percent Increase (4.76 %)
Total OPEB Liability - Water	\$	1,696	1,550	1,417
Total OPEB Liability - Sewer	\$	338	309	282

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5 percent decreasing to 5.0 percent for non-Medicare plans or 6.8 percent decreasing to 5.0 percent for Medicare plans) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5 percent decreasing to 5.0 percent for non-Medicare plans or 8.8 percent decreasing to 5.0 percent for Medicare plans) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1 Percent Decrease (6.5 % to 6.8 %)		Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (7.5 % to 7.8 %)	1 Percent Increase (8.5 % to 8.8 %)	
Total OPEB Liability - Water	\$	1,377	1,550	1,752	
Total OPEB Liability - Sewer	\$	275	309	349	

Note 7 - Operating Leases

The Department owns approximately 820 acres of land, approximately 80 acres of which is leased for commercial purposes. Minimum future rental income due to the Water Fund under noncancelable operating leases which have an initial term in excess of one year is as follows:

2017	\$	644
2018		609
2019		368
2020		337
2021		333
2022-2026		1,049
2027-2031		432
2032-2036		365
2037-2041		100
	_	
Total minimum future rentals	\$	4,237

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2016 (in thousands of dollars)

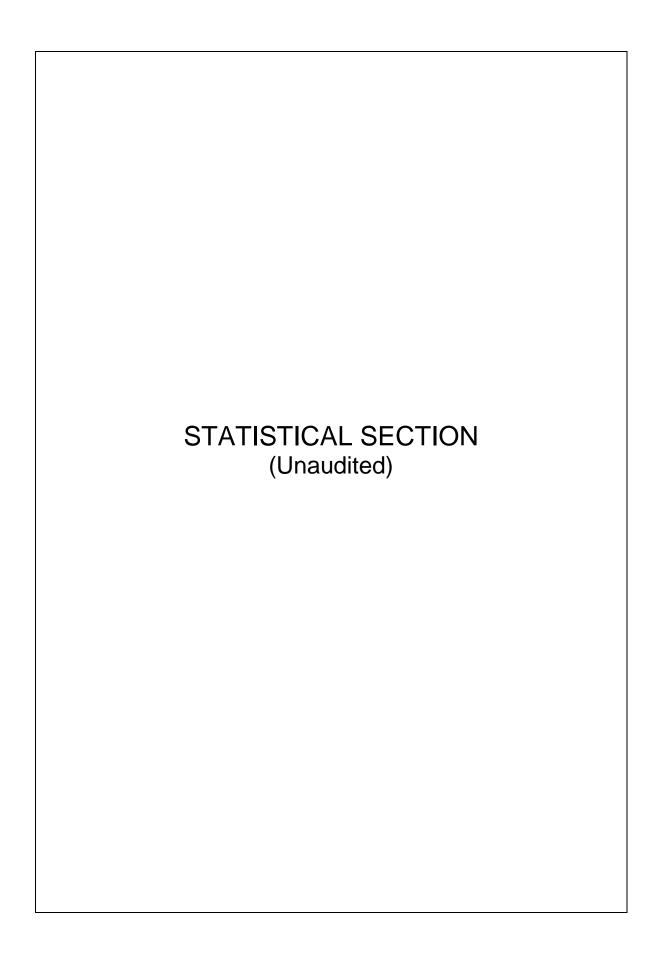
Note 8 - Commitments and Contingencies

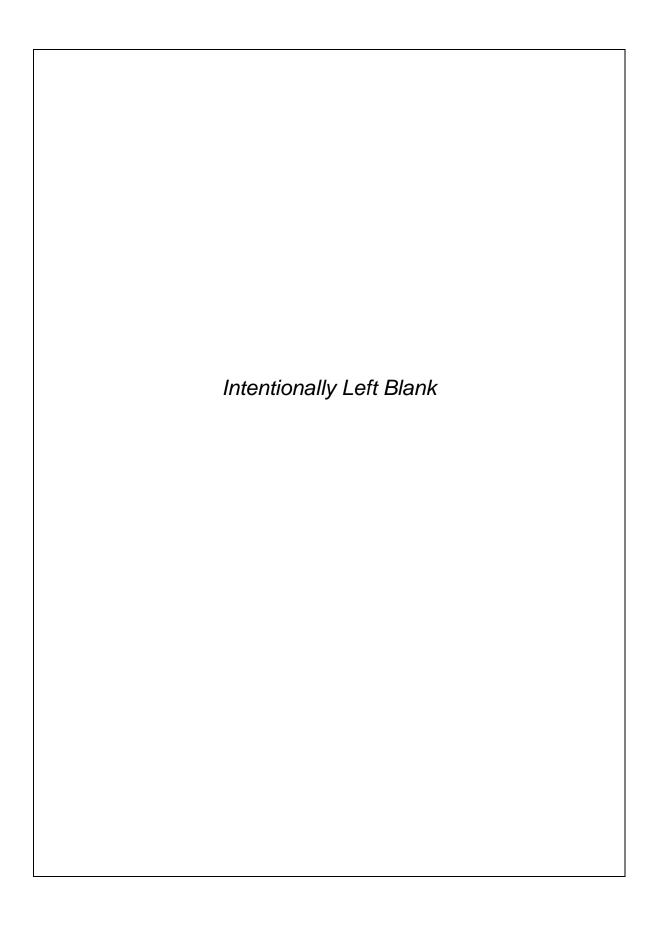
Litigation

The Department is subject to claims and lawsuits arising from the normal course of business. Such claims are routinely evaluated by representatives of the City Attorney's office. Department management may make provision for probable losses if deemed appropriate on advice of legal counsel. To the extent that such provision for damages is considered necessary, appropriate amounts are reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements. Based upon information obtained from the City Attorney with respect to remaining cases, it is the opinion of management that any liability for unreserved claims and lawsuits will not have a material impact on the basic financial statements of the Department.

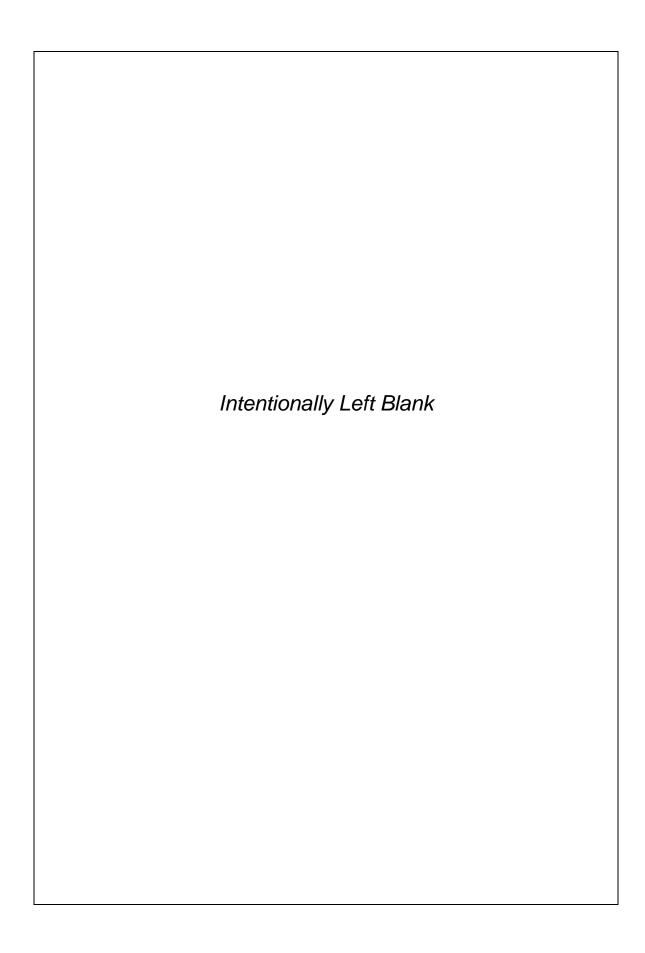
Commitments

Contract commitments and purchase orders for which materials or services were not received as of September 30, 2016 amount to \$3,692 and \$2,341 for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund, respectively.





Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Department's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.



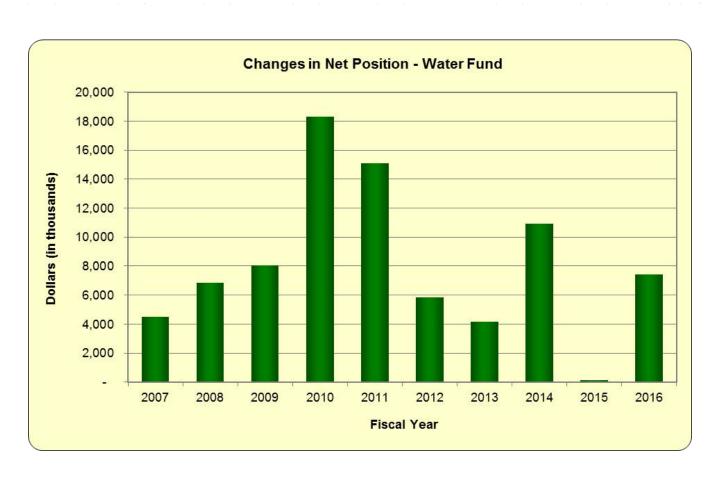
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT CHANGES IN NET POSITION - WATER FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Operating Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Total Operating Expense	Operating Income (Loss)	Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	Total Contributed capital	Changes in Net Position
9/30/2007	70,192	66,870	3,322	(1,394)	2,544	4,472
9/30/2008	71,384	67,647	3,737	(660)	3,746	6,823
9/30/2009	80,777	73,916	6,861	(1,029)	2,221	8,053
9/30/2010	87,151	79,422	7,729	8,302	2,263	18,294
9/30/2011	88,576	80,403	8,173	(1,374)	8,283	15,082
9/30/2012	86,515	79,342	7,173	(1,573)	247	5,847
9/30/2013	91,949	85,783	6,166	(2,152)	131	4,145 ⁽²⁾
9/30/2014	100,187	91,992	8,195	(216)	2,924	10,903
9/30/2015	99,475	102,134	(2,659)	1,051	1,726	118
9/30/2016	97,650	92,253	5,397	(672)	2,710	7,435

Notes: (1) Total Operating Revenue is net of Provision for doubtful accounts expense.

Source: Department's annual reports



⁽²⁾ Changes in Net Position amount excludes adjustment reflecting the removal of deferred charges relating to the issuance of debt in compliance with GASB Statement No. 65.

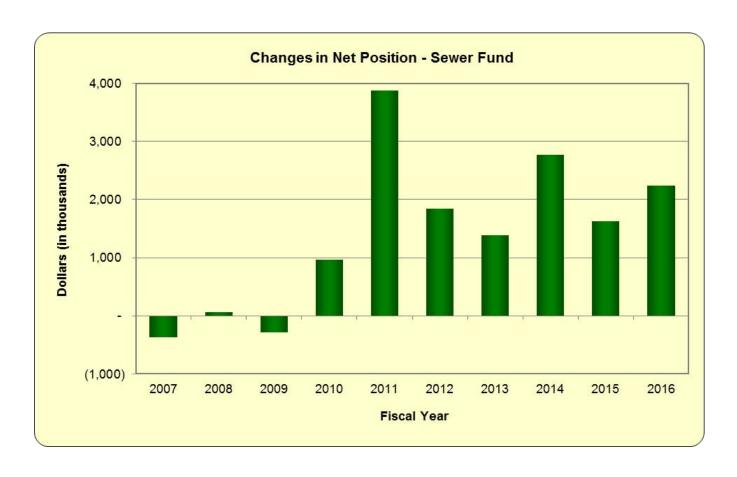
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT CHANGES IN NET POSITION - SEWER FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Operating Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Total Operating Expense	Operating Income (Loss)	Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	Total Contributed capital	Changes in Net Position
9/30/2007	10,796	11,524	(728)	352	-	(376)
9/30/2008	11,759	11,875	(116)	174	-	58
9/30/2009	12,455	13,003	(548)	258	-	(290)
9/30/2010	15,186	14,015	1,171	(517)	310	964
9/30/2011	16,448	14,795	1,653	(650)	2,868	3,871
9/30/2012	17,325	14,411	2,914	(1,260)	185	1,839
9/30/2013	17,311	15,165	2,146	(761)	-	1,385 (2)
9/30/2014	17,953	15,479	2,474	(462)	759	2,771
9/30/2015	17,903	16,024	1,879	(257)	-	1,622
9/30/2016	18,355	15,835	2,520	(280)	-	2,240

Notes: (1) Total Operating Revenue is net of Provision for doubtful accounts expense.

Source: Department's annual reports



⁽²⁾ Changes in Net Position amount excludes adjustment reflecting the removal of deferred charges relating to the issuance of debt in compliance with GASB Statement No. 65.

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT - WATER FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

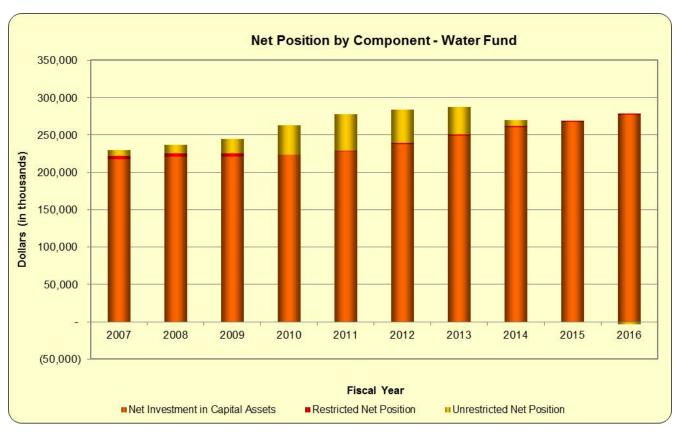
(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended	Net Investment in Capital Assets	Restricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position (deficit)	Total <u>Net Position</u>
9/30/2007	217,247	4,409	8,366	230,022
9/30/2008	221,225	4,178	11,442	236,845
9/30/2009	220,974	4,240	19,684	244,898
9/30/2010	223,560	153	39,479	263,192
9/30/2011	228,196	736	49,342	278,274
9/30/2012	237,793	1,350	44,978	284,121
9/30/2013	249,256	1,656	36,814	287,726 (1)
9/30/2014	260,538	1,673	7,725	269,936
9/30/2015 (2)	267,041	1,697	(143)	268,595
9/30/2016	277,394	1,716	(3,080)	276,030

Notes: (1) Total Net Position amount includes adjustment reflecting the removal of deferred charges relating to the issuance of debt in compliance with GASB Statement No. 65.

(2) Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Source: Department's annual reports



(Unaudited) Exhibit 4

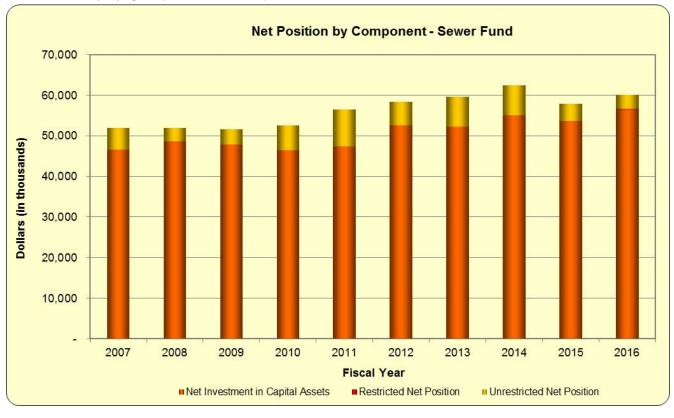
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT - SEWER FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended	Net Investment in Capital Assets	Restricted Net Position	Unrestricted Net Position	Total Net Position
9/30/2007	46,637	-	5,235	51,872
9/30/2008	48,541	-	3,389	51,930
9/30/2009	47,891	-	3,749	51,640
9/30/2010	46,383	-	6,221	52,604
9/30/2011	47,378	-	9,097	56,475
9/30/2012	52,465	-	5,849	58,314
9/30/2013	52,151	-	7,412	59,563 ⁽¹⁾
9/30/2014	55,006	-	7,328	62,334
9/30/2015 (2)	53,604	-	4,195	57,799
9/30/2016	56,462	84	3,493	60,039

Notes: (1) Total Net Position amount includes adjustment reflecting the removal of deferred charges relating to the issuance of debt in compliance with GASB Statement No. 65.

(2) Amounts adjusted due to implementation of GASB Statement No. 75.

Source: Department's annual reports



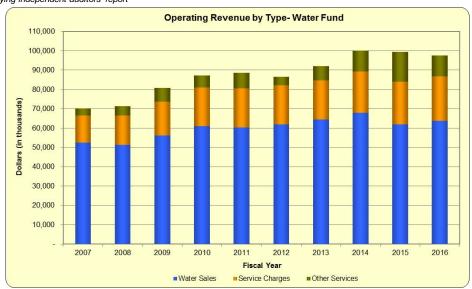
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER FUND REVENUE BY TYPE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

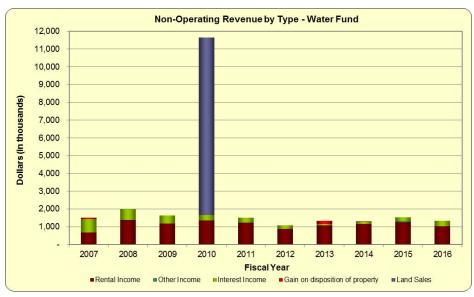
(in thousands of dollars)

OPERATING						NON-	OPERATING			
Fiscal Year Ended	Water Sales ⁽¹⁾	Service Charges	Other Services	Total Operating Revenue	Interest Income	Rental Income	Land sales	Other Income	Gain on disposition of property	Total Non-Operating Income
9/30/2007	52,507	13,959	3,726	70,192	758	682	-	-	66	1,506
9/30/2008	51,389	15,156	4,839	71,384	602	1,382	-	-	-	1,984
9/30/2009	56,256	17,299	7,222	80,777	456	1,181	-	-	-	1,637
9/30/2010	60,975	19,983	6,193	87,151	302	1,345	10,000	-	-	11,647
9/30/2011	60,398	20,251	7,927	88,576	294	1,221	-	-	-	1,515
9/30/2012	61,884	20,223	4,408	86,515	193	885	-	-	-	1,078
9/30/2013	64,347	20,363	7,239	91,949	58	1,087	-	-	196	1,341
9/30/2014	67,818	21,548	10,821	100,187	120	1,158	-	-	36	1,314
9/30/2015	61,995	22,061	15,419	99,475	223	1,256	-	62	-	1,541
9/30/2016	63,658	23,121	10,871	97,650	299	1,027	-	-	-	1,326

Notes: (1) Water Sales is net of Provision for doubtful accounts expense.

Source: Department's annual reports



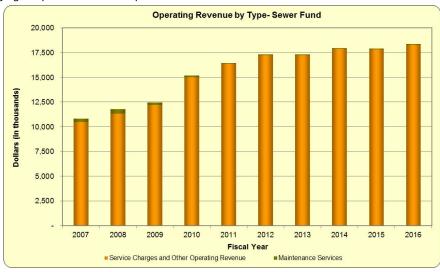


LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT SEWER FUND REVENUE BY TYPE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

	OP	ERATING		NON-OPERATING					
Fiscal Year Ended	Service Charges and Other Operating Revenue	Maintenance Services	Total Operating Revenue	Interest Income	Other Income	Gain on disposition of property	Total Non-Operating Income		
9/30/2007	10,500	296	10,796	359	-	-	359		
9/30/2008	11,317	442	11,759	172	2	-	174		
9/30/2009	12,203	252	12,455	70	219	-	289		
9/30/2010	15,013	173	15,186	50	0.01	-	50		
9/30/2011	16,362	86	16,448	63	-	-	63		
9/30/2012	17,239	86	17,325	25	-	2	27		
9/30/2013	17,225	86	17,311	11	-	2	13		
9/30/2014	17,867	86	17,953	23	-	-	23		
9/30/2015	17,817	86	17,903	52	-	2	54		
9/30/2016	18,269	86	18,355	94	-	5	99		

Source: Department's annual reports



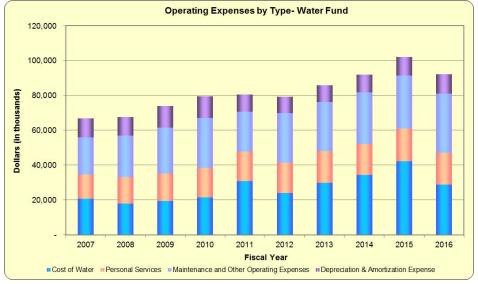


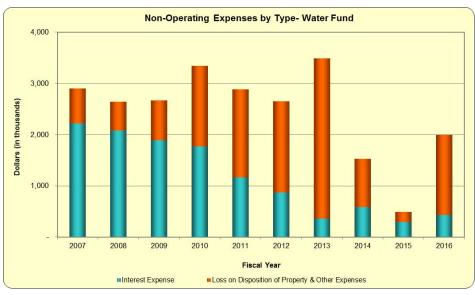
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER FUND EXPENSES BY TYPE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(in thousands of dollars)

			OPERATING				NON-OPERATING	
Fiscal Year Ended	Cost of Water	Personal Services	Maintenance and Other Operating Expenses	Depreciation & Amortization Expense	Total Operating Expenses	Interest Expense	Loss on Disposition of Property & Other Expenses	Total Non-Operating Expense
9/30/2007	20,606	14,069	21,224	10,972	66,871	2,217	683	2,900
9/30/2008	18,036	14,974	24,009	10,628	67,647	2,078	566	2,644
9/30/2009	19,509	15,654	26,319	12,434	73,916	1,891	775	2,666
9/30/2010	21,588	16,855	28,648	12,331	79,422	1,773	1,572	3,345
9/30/2011	30,825	17,095	22,644	9,839	80,403	1,167	1,722	2,889
9/30/2012	23,887	17,594	28,502	9,359	79,342	872	1,779	2,651
9/30/2013	29,753	18,309	28,155	9,566	85,783	363	3,130	3,493
9/30/2014	34,378	17,822	29,566	10,226	91,992	587	943	1,530
9/30/2015	42,178	18,923	30,294	10,739	102,134	292	198	490
9/30/2016	28,743	18,405	33,936	11,169	92,253	433	1,565	1,998

Source: Department's annual reports





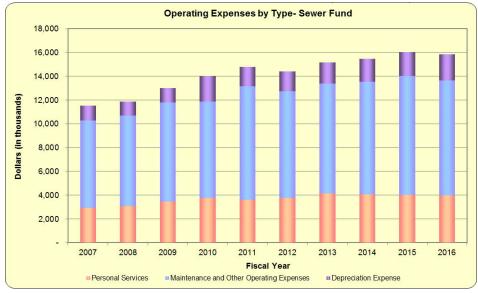
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT SEWER FUND EXPENSES BY TYPE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

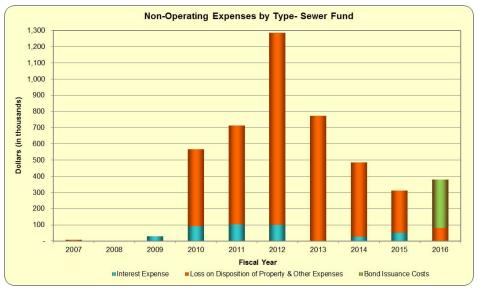
Exhibit 8

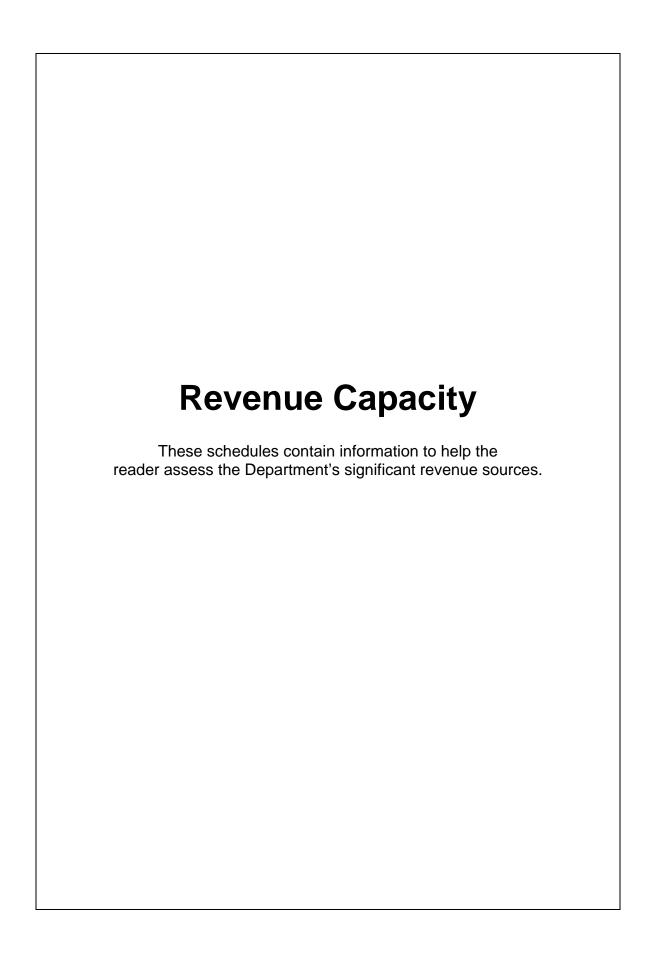
(in thousands of dollars)

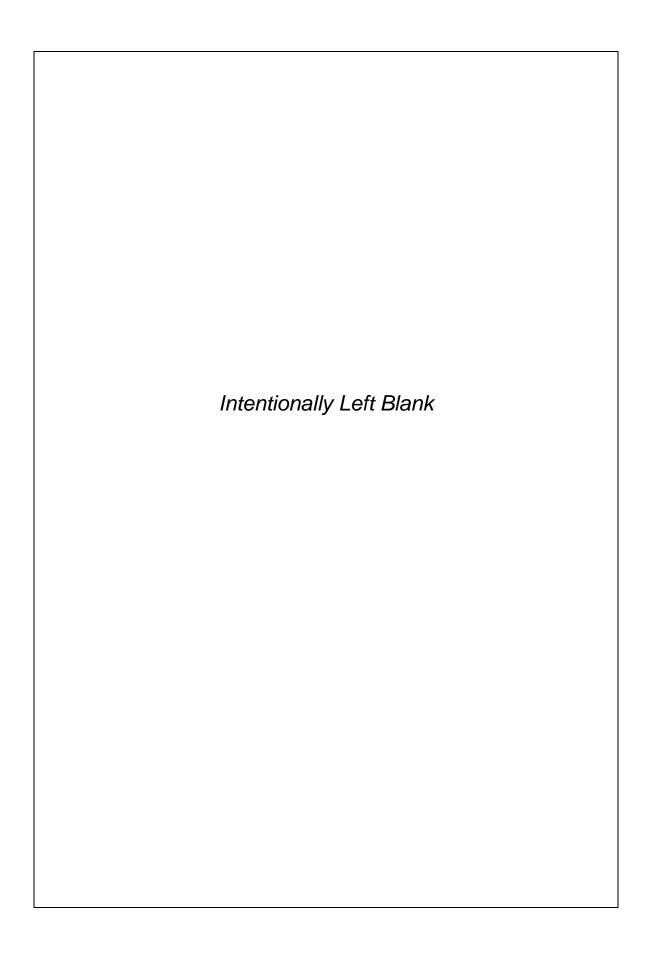
		OPERATII	NG		NON-OPERATING						
		Maintenance		Total		Loss on Disposition		Total			
Fiscal Year	Personal	and Other	Depreciation	Operating	Interest	of Property &	Bond Issuance	Non-Operating			
Ended	Services	Operating Expenses	Expense	Expenses	Expense	Other Expenses	Costs	Expense			
9/30/2007	2,900	7,378	1,246	11,524	-	7	-	7			
9/30/2008	3,067	7,635	1,173	11,875	-	-	-	-			
9/30/2009	3,440	8,363	1,200	13,003	31	-	-	31			
9/30/2010	3,735	8,113	2,167	14,015	91	476	-	567			
9/30/2011	3,607	9,528	1,660	14,795	102	611	-	713			
9/30/2012	3,748	8,988	1,675	14,411	101	1,186	-	1,287			
9/30/2013	4,122	9,246	1,797	15,165	2	772	-	774			
9/30/2014	4,043	9,475	1,961	15,479	27	458	-	485			
9/30/2015	4,021	9,993	2,010	16,024	51	260	-	311			
9/30/2016	3,968	9,680	2,187	15,835	-	81	298	379			

Source: Department's annual reports









SOURCE OF WATER (PUMPED, PURCHASED, AND RECLAIMED) AND CONSUMPTION - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of gallons, except population)

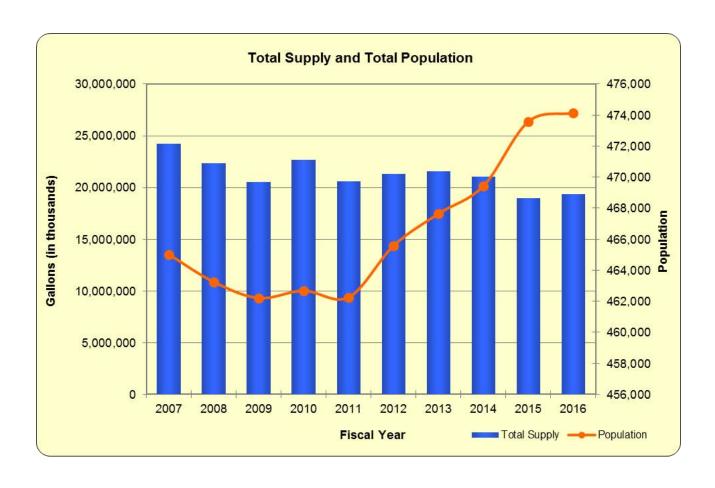
		SOURCE (F SUPPLY		CONSUMPTION						
Fiscal Year	Potable	e Water	Reclaimed	Total	Average Daily Demand	Peak Day	Average Daily Sales	_			
Ended	Pumped	Purchased	Water	Supply	Potable Water (1)	Distribution	Per Capita	Population			
9/30/2007	8,416,014	13,837,621	1,999,911	24,253,546	60,969	80,180	143	465,017			
9/30/2008	11,006,041	9,179,092	2,161,793	22,346,926	55,302	82,080	132	463,250			
9/30/2009	11,038,496	7,462,640	2,021,971	20,523,107	50,688	72,650	122	462,211			
9/30/2010	11,789,387	8,651,083	2,197,803	22,638,273	56,001	71,220	134	462,685			
9/30/2011	5,856,585	12,725,394	2,022,264	20,604,243	50,910	72,300	122	462,257			
9/30/2012	10,772,406	8,302,455	2,255,671	21,330,532	52,260	74,700	126	465,576			
9/30/2013	10,125,461	9,248,531	2,164,954	21,538,946	53,079	68,700	126	467,646			
9/30/2014	9,131,485	9,990,526	1,897,724	21,019,735	52,389	72,000	123	469,428			
9/30/2015	7,132,976	10,146,544	1,684,650	18,964,170	47,341	68,600	110	473,577			
9/30/2016	10,402,337	6,487,074	2,470,635	19,360,046	46,272	63,300	112	474,140			

Note:

(1) Does not include reclaimed water which is used for irrigation only.

Source:

Department's annual reports



LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER RATES: VOLUMETRIC RATE CHARGES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Potable Water ⁽¹⁾		Reclaimed Water						
	TIER I	TIER II (2)	TIER III							
Effective Date	First Five Billing Units	Next Ten Billing Units	Over Fifteen Billing Units	Peaking Rate Per Cubic Foot ⁽³⁾	Non-Peaking Rate Per Cubic Foot ⁽⁴⁾	Interruptible Rate Per Cubic Foot ⁽⁵⁾				
11/1/2006	1.561	1.734	2.601	1.214	0.867	-				
10/1/2007	1.646	1.829	2.744	1.281	0.915	-				
10/1/2008	1.893	2.103	3.155	1.472	1.052	-				
10/1/2009	2.196	2.439	3.659	1.708	1.220	-				
10/1/2010	2.196	2.439	3.659	1.708	1.220	-				
10/1/2011	2.196	2.439	3.659	1.708	1.220	1.220				
10/1/2012	2.196	2.439	3.659	1.708	1.220	1.220				
10/1/2013	2.283	2.537	3.806	1.776	1.269	1.269				
10/1/2014	2.374	2.638	3.957	1.847	1.319	1.319				
10/1/2015	2.470	2.744	4.116	1.921	1.372	1.372				

Note: (1) Volumetric rate charges for Single family residence, not granted an exemption (one billing unit equals 100 cubic feet).

- (2) All non-residential customers are charged at the Tier II rate.
- (3) Rate for total average daily demand occurring between the hours of 9:00pm and 6:00am.
- (4) Rate for total average daily demand occurring at a continuous, constant level over a 24 hour period.
- (5) Rate for reclaimed water service that can be suspended at anytime at the Board of Water Commissioner's discretion, without liability and dependent upon the Department's reclaimed water system needs for such service.

Source: Department's records

See accompanying independent auditors' report

(Unaudited)

Exhibit 11

Exhibit 10

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER RATES: DAILY SERVICE CHARGE BY SIZE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Effective											
Date	3/4"	1" ⁽¹⁾	1-1/2"	2"	3"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	16"
11/1/2006	0.297	0.448	0.835	1.238	2.563	4.056	7.474	11.731	19.213	23.483	38.865
10/1/2007	0.313	0.472	0.881	1.306	2.704	4.279	7.885	12.377	20.270	24.774	41.002
10/1/2008	0.360	0.543	1.013	1.502	3.110	4.921	9.068	14.234	23.311	28.490	47.152
10/1/2009	0.418	0.630	1.175	1.742	3.608	5.708	10.519	16.511	27.041	33.048	54.696
10/1/2010	0.418	0.630	1.175	1.742	3.608	5.708	10.519	16.511	27.041	33.048	54.696
10/1/2011	0.418	0.630	1.175	1.742	3.608	5.708	10.519	16.511	27.041	33.048	54.696
10/1/2012	0.418	0.630	1.175	1.742	3.608	5.708	10.519	16.511	27.041	33.048	54.696
10/1/2013	0.435	0.655	1.222	1.812	3.752	5.936	10.940	17.171	28.123	34.370	56.884
10/1/2014	0.452	0.681	1.271	1.884	3.902	6.173	11.378	17.858	29.248	35.745	59.159
10/1/2015	0.470	0.708	1.322	1.959	4.058	6.420	11.833	18.572	30.418	37.175	59.159

Note: (1) Normal residential size.

Source: Department's records

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER RATES: DAILY FIRELINE SERVICE CHARGE BY SIZE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Effective								
Date	2"	3"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	16"
11/1/2006	0.620	1.059	1.565	2.668	3.910	5.289	6.667	9.776
10/1/2007	0.654	1.117	1.651	2.814	4.125	5.580	7.034	10.313
10/1/2008	0.752	1.285	1.899	3.236	4.744	6.417	8.089	11.860
10/1/2009	0.872	1.491	2.203	3.754	5.503	7.444	9.383	13.758
10/1/2010	0.872	1.491	2.203	3.754	5.503	7.444	9.383	13.758
10/1/2011	0.872	1.491	2.203	3.754	5.503	7.444	9.383	13.758
10/1/2012	0.872	1.491	2.203	3.754	5.503	7.444	9.383	13.758
10/1/2013	0.907	1.551	2.291	3.904	5.723	7.742	9.758	14.308
10/1/2014	0.943	1.613	2.383	4.060	5.952	8.052	10.148	14.880
10/1/2015	0.981	1.678	2.478	4.222	6.190	8.374	10.554	15.475

Source: Department's records

See accompanying independent auditors' report

(Unaudited)

Exhibit 13

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT TEN LARGEST POTABLE WATER USERS IN CITY OF LONG BEACH CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Fis	cal Year 2016				Fisca	al Year 2007		
Industry	Ranking	Sales in thousands	Acre Feet (AF)	AF Percent of Total	Industry	Ranking	Sales in thousands	Acre Feet (AF)	AF Percent of Total
Government	1	\$ 4,447	2,956	5.92 %	Government	1	\$ 3,030	3,838	5.97 %
Education	2	1,032	572	1.15	Education	2	799	838	1.30
Utility	3	843	697	1.40	Utility	3	411	538	0.84
Education	4	589	454	0.91	Education	4	386	478	0.74
Utility	5	443	356	0.71	Government	5	289	281	0.44
Cruise Line	6	435	351	0.70	Utility	6	271	341	0.53
Healthcare	7	356	287	0.57	Healthcare	7	256	330	0.51
Utility	8	354	278	0.56	Healthcare	8	244	305	0.47
Healthcare	9	281	192	0.38	Utility	9	190	246	0.38
Oil Production	10	203	164	0.33	Government	10	184	205	0.32
Total Ten Largest Users		8,984	6,307	12.63	Total Ten Largest Users		6,060	7,400	11.50
Total All Other Users		73,777	43,643	87.37	Total All Other Users		57,900	56,856	88.50
Total City		\$ 82,761	49,950	100.00	Total City		\$ 63,960	64,256	100.00

Source: Department's utility billing records

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT TEN LARGEST RECLAIMED WATER USERS IN CITY OF LONG BEACH CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Fis	cal Year 201	6		Fiscal Year 2007						
Industry	Ranking	Acre Feet (AF)	AF Percent of Total	Industry	Ranking	Acre Feet (AF)	AF Percent of Total			
Oil Production	1	2,174	28.67 %	Golf Course	1	1,548	26.13 %			
Water Resource Management	2	1,583	20.88	Government	2	1,513	25.54			
Golf Course	3	1,478	19.49	Oil Production	3	1,253	21.16			
Government	4	1,355	17.87	Golf Course	4	403	6.81			
Education	5	181	2.38	Water Resource Management	5	382	6.46			
Memorial Park	6	145	1.91	Education	6	152	2.56			
Education	7	142	1.87	Memorial Park	7	141	2.37			
Golf Course	8	118	1.56	Education	8	109	1.84			
Education	9	106	1.40	Memorial Park	9	103	1.75			
Memorial Park	10	103	1.36	Plant Nursery	10	94	1.60			
Total Ten Largest Users		7,385	97.39	Total Ten Largest Users		5,698	96.22			
Total All Other Users		197	2.61	Total All Other Users		225	3.78			
Total City		7,582	100.00	Total City		5,923	100.00			

Source: Department's records

See accompanying independent auditors' report

(Unaudited)

Exhibit 15

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT SEWER RATES: VOLUMETRIC RATE CHARGES & CAPACITY CHARGES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Effective Date	Volumetric Rate Charges (1)	Capacity Charges (2)
11/1/2006	0.179	77.650
10/1/2007	0.207	80.370
10/1/2008	0.248	84.710
10/1/2009	0.303	88.520
10/1/2010	0.330	90.380
10/1/2011	0.347	91.370
10/1/2012	0.347	93.200
10/1/2013	0.347	93.390
10/1/2014	0.361	97.310
10/1/2015	0.375	99.520

Note: (1) Volumetric rate charges one (1) billing unit equals 100 cubic feet.

(2) A one-time capacity charge per equivalent fixture unit is applied to all new developments in the City.

Source: Department's records

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT SEWER RATES: DAILY SERVICE CHARGE BY SIZE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Effe	ctive

Date	3/4" ⁽¹⁾	1"	1-1/2"	2"	3"	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	16"
11/1/2006	0.129	0.204	0.371	0.538	1.114	1.764	3.248	5.104	8.350	10.206	16.701
10/1/2007	0.149	0.237	0.430	0.624	1.292	2.046	3.768	5.921	9.686	11.839	19.373
10/1/2008	0.179	0.284	0.516	0.749	1.550	2.455	4.522	7.105	11.623	14.207	23.248
10/1/2009	0.218	0.346	0.630	0.914	1.891	2.990	5.517	8.668	14.180	17.333	28.363
10/1/2010	0.238	0.377	0.687	0.990	2.061	3.265	6.014	9.448	15.456	18.893	30.916
10/1/2011	0.250	0.396	0.721	1.046	2.164	3.428	6.315	9.920	16.229	19.838	32.462
10/1/2012	0.250	0.396	0.721	1.046	2.164	3.428	6.315	9.920	16.229	19.838	32.462
10/1/2013	0.250	0.396	0.721	1.046	2.164	3.428	6.315	9.920	16.229	19.838	32.462
10/1/2014	0.260	0.412	0.750	1.088	2.251	3.565	6.568	10.317	16.878	20.632	33.760
10/1/2015	0.270	0.428	0.780	1.132	2.341	3.708	6.831	10.731	17.553	21.457	35.110

Note: (1) Normal residential size Source: Department's records

See accompanying independent auditors' report

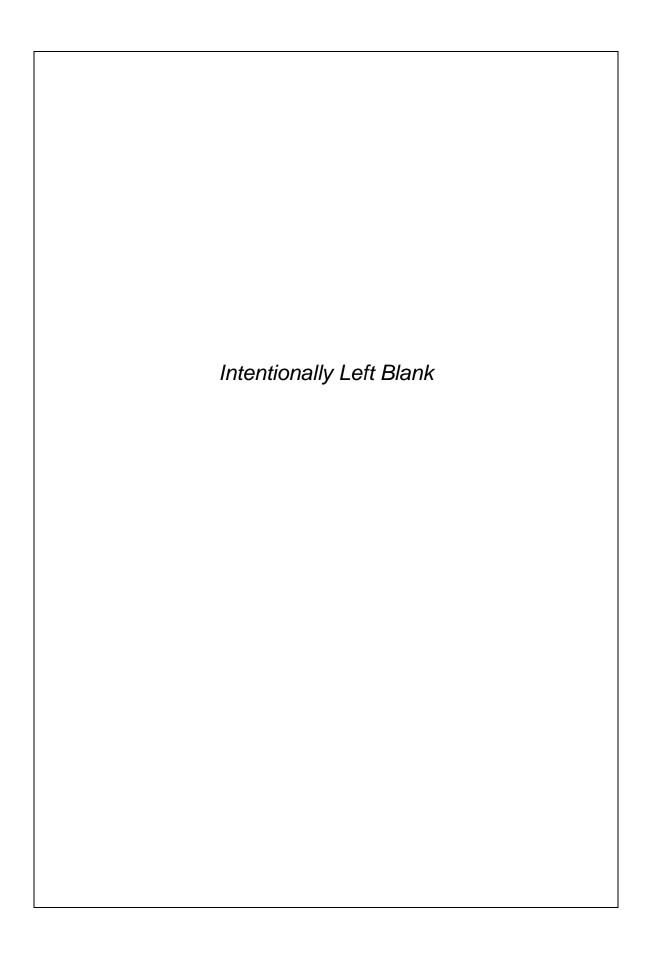
(Unaudited)

Exhibit 17

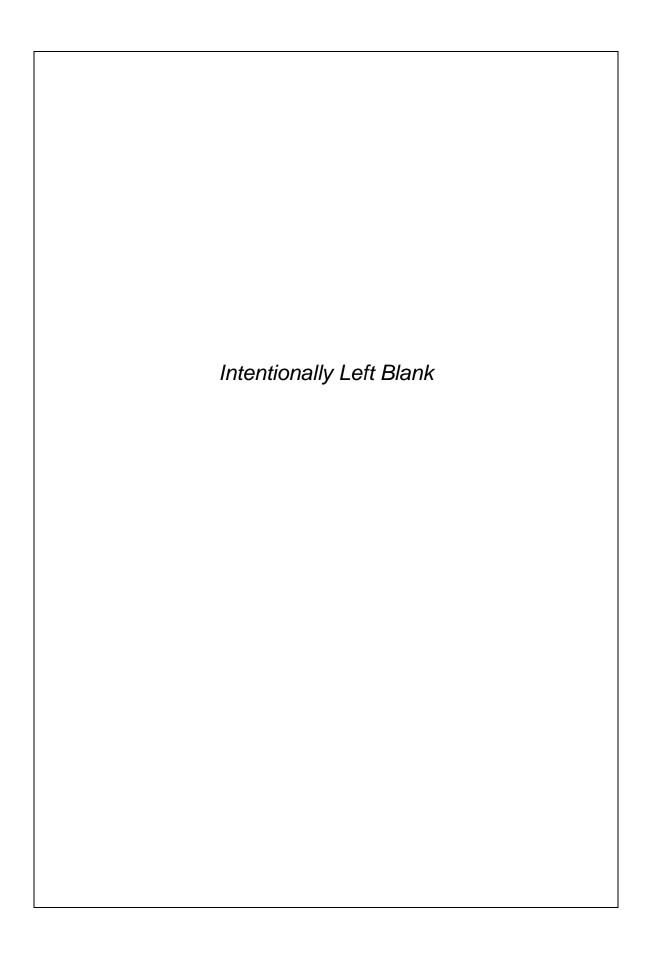
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT TEN LARGEST SEWER USERS IN CITY OF LONG BEACH CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Fiscal \	Year 2016				Fiscal	Year 2007	
Industry	Ranking	Sales in thousands	Acre Feet (AF)	AF Percent of Total	Industry	Ranking	Sales in thousands	Acre Feet (AF)	AF Percent of Total
Government	1	\$ 380	1,274	3.30 %	Government	1	\$ 181	1,518	3.27 %
Education	2	188	317	0.82	Education	2	88	450	0.97
Education	3	107	474	1.23	Education	3	46	462	1.00
Healthcare	4	55	218	0.57	Government	4	26	196	0.42
Education	5	46	74	0.19	Manufacturing	5	14	160	0.35
Healthcare	6	32	139	0.36	Hotel	6	13	79	0.17
Manufacturing	7	29	62	0.16	Manufacturing	7	13	155	0.33
Manufacturing	8	21	110	0.28	Government	8	13	107	0.23
Manufacturing	9	20	42	0.11	Residential Community	9	11	97	0.21
Government	10	19	25	0.06	Manufacturing	10	8	99	0.21
Total Ten Largest Users		897	2,735	7.08	Total Ten Largest Users		413	3,323	7.16
Total All Other Users		16,813	35,868	92.92	Total All Other Users		8,356	43,063	92.84
Total City		\$ 17,710	38,603	100.00	Total City		\$ 8,769	46,386	100.00

Source: Department's utility billing records
See accompanying independent auditors' report



Debt Capacity Information
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Department's current levels of outstanding debt and ability to issue additional debt in the future.



LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER FUND DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Operating Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Operating Income	Net Non-Operating Income/ (Expense) (3)	Amount Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service ⁽⁴⁾	Times Coverage
9/30/2007	70,192	55,898	14,294	757	15,051	1,353	1,794	3,147	4.78
9/30/2008	71,384	57,019	14,365	1,526	15,891	1,352	1,731	3,083	5.15
9/30/2009	80,777	61,482	19,295	904	20,199	1,330	1,661	2,991	6.75
9/30/2010	87,151	67,091	20,060	10,245	30,305	1,405	1,588	2,993	10.13
9/30/2011	88,576	70,564	18,012	(152)	17,860	-	861	861	(5) 20.74
9/30/2012	86,515	69,983	16,532	(331)	16,201	490	1,249	1,739	9.32
9/30/2013	91,949	76,217	15,732	(1,985)	13,747	2,110	1,485	3,595	3.82
9/30/2014	100,187	81,766	18,421	335	18,756	2,385	1,502	3,887	4.83
9/30/2015	99,475	91,395	8,080	1,541	9,621	2,510	1,390	3,900	2.47
9/30/2016	97,650	81,084	16,566	44	16,610	2,630	1,264	3,894	4.27

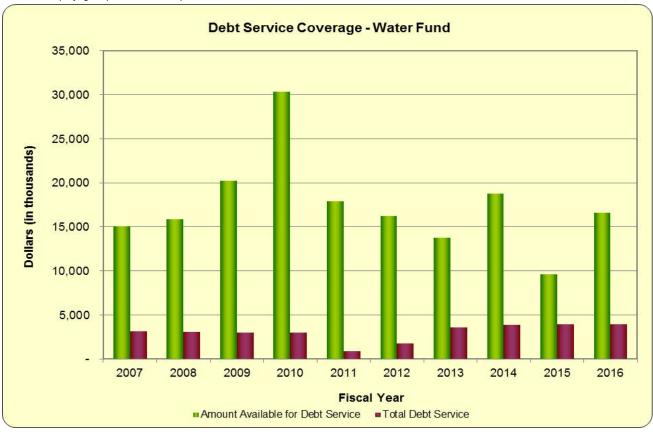
Bond Issues: Water Revenue Refunding Bonds - 1997 Series A, 2010 Series A, & 2012 Series A

Average Coverage, ten years	7.23
Rate Covenant (Series:1997A, 2010A, & 2012A)	1.10

Notes:(1) Total Operating Revenue is net of Provision for doubtful accounts expense.

- (2) Operating Expenses are exclusive of depreciation expense.
- (3) Net Non-Operating Income (Expense) is exclusive of bond interest, amortization of bond issue costs, contributed capital and loss on disposition of property.
- (4) Total Debt Service is the current year's scheduled principal interest payments on November 1st and May 1st.
- (5) Debt Service for FY2010 includes interest only, reflecting the issuance of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2010A to advance refund 82.4% of outstanding Series 1997A Water Revenue Refunding Bonds. The refunding reduced the Department's aggregate debt service payments by \$3.3 million, with the refunding structured to achieve such savings upfront over fiscal years 2011 and 2012.

Source: Department's annual reports



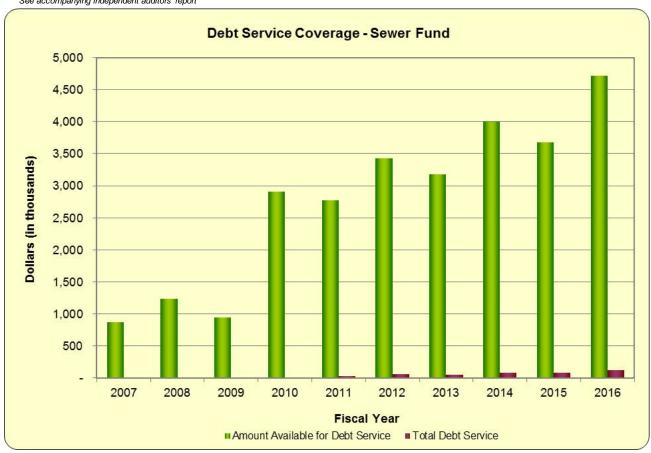
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT SEWER FUND DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year Ended	Total Operating Revenue ⁽¹⁾	Operating Expenses (2)	Net Operating Income	Net Non-Operating Income (Expense) ⁽³⁾	Amount Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service	Times Coverage
9/30/2007	10,796	10,278	518	352	870	-	-	-	n/a
9/30/2008	11,759	10,702	1,057	174	1,231	-	-	-	n/a
9/30/2009	12,455	11,803	652	289	941	-	4	4	235.25
9/30/2010	15,186	11,848	3,338	(426)	2,912	-	10	10	291.20
9/30/2011	16,448	13,135	3,313	(538)	2,775	-	27	27	102.78
9/30/2012	17,325	12,736	4,589	(1,161)	3,428	-	57	57	60.14
9/30/2013	17,311	13,368	3,943	(761)	3,182	-	54	54	58.93
9/30/2014	17,953	13,518	4,435	(434)	4,001	-	76	76	52.64
9/30/2015	17,903	14,014	3,889	(208)	3,681	-	79	79	46.59
9/30/2016	18,355	13,648	4,707	13	4,720	-	125	125	37.76
Bond Issues:	None					Average Cov Rate Covena	verage, ten years		110.66 1.25

Notes: (1) Total Operating Revenue is net of Provision for doubtful accounts expense.

- (2) Operating Expenses are exclusive of depreciation expense.
- (3) Net Non-Operating Income (Expense) is exclusive of contributed capital, bond issuance costs, and loss on disposition of property.
- (4) Total Debt Service includes the current year's interest payments made.

Source: Department's annual reports



LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER FUND RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Reveni	ue Refunding	Bonds	Subordinate Water Revenue		Current portion discounts, premiums,		Percentage of Personal	Per
Ended	Series 1997	Series 2010	Series 2012	Commercial Paper Notes	State Loan	& adjustments	Total	Income (1)	Capita (1)
9/30/2007	33,465	-	-	6,000	87	(4,305)	35,247	0.27%	0.076
9/30/2008	32,200	-	-	8,000	-	(4,110)	36,090	0.27%	0.078
9/30/2009	30,870	-	-	11,000	-	(4,011)	37,859	0.30%	0.082
9/30/2010	5,175	22,740	-	11,000	-	(94)	38,821	0.30%	0.084
9/30/2011	5,175	22,740	-	11,000	-	(516)	38,399	0.28%	0.083
9/30/2012	5,175	22,250	9,850	-	-	(768)	36,507	0.26%	0.078
9/30/2013	3,545	22,125	9,495	-	-	1,101	36,266	0.25%	0.078
9/30/2014	1,825	21,995	8,960	-	-	592	33,372	0.21%	0.071
9/30/2015	-	21,860	8,410	-	-	73	30,343	0.19%	0.064
9/30/2016	-	19,795	7,845	-	-	(427)	27,213	0.16%	0.057

Notes: (1) See Exhibit 22-Demographic Statistics for Personal Income and Population Data.

Source: Department's annual reports

See accompanying independent auditors' report

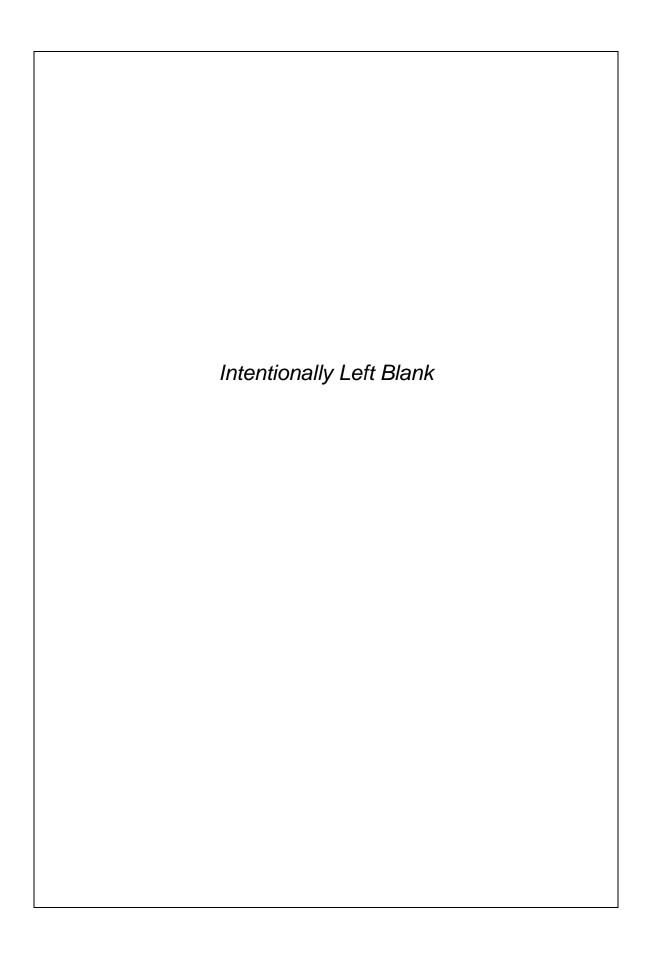
(Unaudited) Exhibit 21

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT SEWER FUND RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands of dollars)

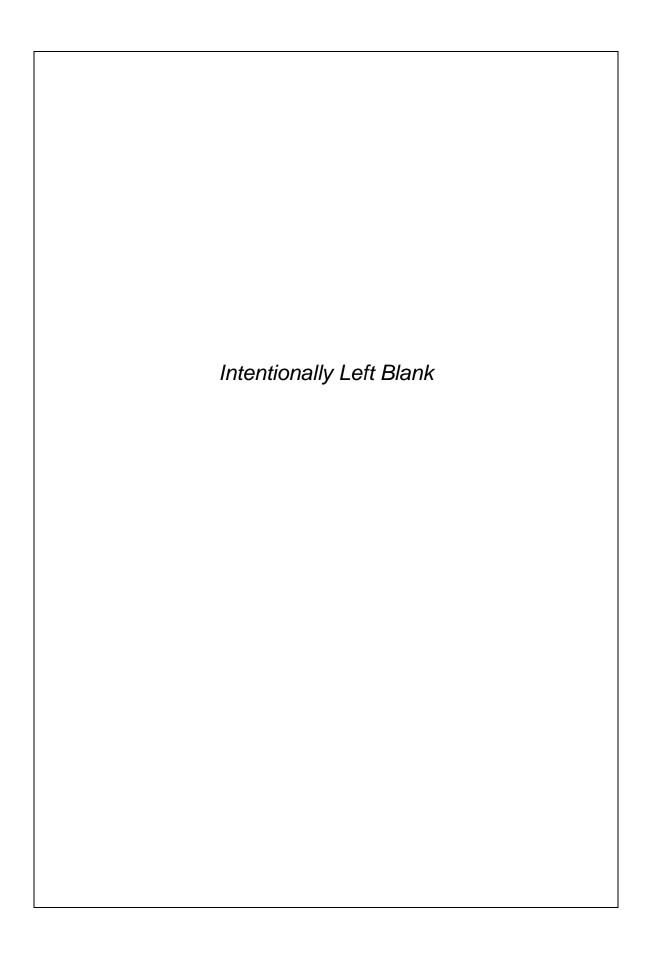
Fiscal Year Ended	Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2016A	Subordinate Sewer Revenue Commercial Paper Notes	Sewer Revolving Line of Credit	Current portion & premiums	Total	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita ⁽¹⁾
9/30/2007	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9/30/2008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9/30/2009	-	4,000	-	-	4,000	0.03%	0.009
9/30/2010	-	4,000	-	-	4,000	0.03%	0.009
9/30/2011	-	-	6,000	-	6,000	0.04%	0.013
9/30/2012	-	-	6,000	-	6,000	0.04%	0.013
9/30/2013	-	-	9,750	-	9,750	0.07%	0.021
9/30/2014	-	-	9,750	-	9,750	0.06%	0.021
9/30/2015	-	-	11,250	-	11,250	0.07%	0.024
9/30/2016	9,830	-	-	1,259	11,089	0.07%	0.023

 $Notes: \ (1) \ See \ Exhibit \ 22-Demographic \ Statistics \ for \ Personal \ Income \ and \ Population \ Data.$

Source: Department's annual reports



Domographic and Economic
Demographic and Economic
Information
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Department's financial activities take place.

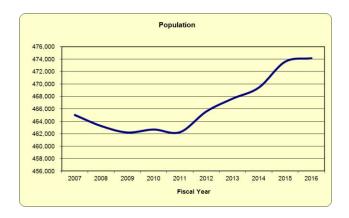


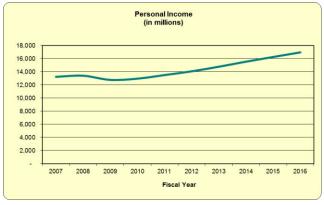
LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

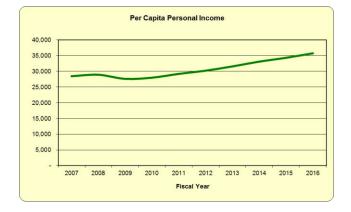
Fiscal Year Ended	Estimated Population (1) (4)	Personal Income (in millions) (2) (4)	Per Capita Personal Income (2) (4)	Unemployment Rate ⁽³⁾
9/30/2007	465,017	13,222	28,434	5.6%
9/30/2008	463,250	13,387	28,898	8.2%
9/30/2009	462,211	12,752	27,589	12.8%
9/30/2010	462,685	12,938	27,964	13.9%
9/30/2011	462,257	13,486	29,173	13.4%
9/30/2012	465,576	14,058	30,196	12.2%
9/30/2013	467,646	14,757	31,556	10.3%
9/30/2014	469,428	15,525	33,072	8.6%
9/30/2015	473,577	16,242	34,296	6.8%
9/30/2016	474,140	16,939	35,725	5.7%

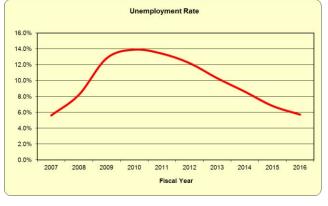
Source: (1) California Department of Finance Demographic Reports

- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis: Personal Income and per capita personal income are based on percent change of per capita personal income for Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA (Metropolitan Statistic Are). The BEA's Report does not have personal income available for 2015, so an average of the last five years was used.
- (3) Average annual rate reported by California Employment Development Department (EDD) for Long Beach city.
- (4) Data from 2008-2014 restated due to the annual revisions.









LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT MAJOR EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Fiscal Year 2016				l Year 2007	
Employer	Ranking	Number of Employees ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total City Employment ⁽²⁾	Ranking	Number of Employees ⁽¹⁾	Percentage of Total City Employment ⁽²⁾
Long Beach Unified School District	1	12,213	4.98%	1	13,044	5.61%
Long Beach Memorial Medical Center	2	5,138	2.10%	5	5,000	2.15%
City of Long Beach	3	5,122	2.09%	3	5,763	2.48%
California State University Long Beach	4	3,057	1.25%	4	5,605	2.41%
Veteran Affairs Medical Center	5	2,950	1.20%	6	2,000	0.86%
Long Beach City College	6	2,695	1.10%	8	1,636	0.70%
The Boeing Company	7	2,039	0.83%	2	6,455	2.78%
California State Univ Long Beach Research Foundation	n 8	1,677	0.68%		-	-
Molina Healthcare Inc	9	1,488	0.61%		-	-
St. Mary Medical Center	10	1,480	0.60%	10	1,480	0.64%
United States Postal Service				7	1,800	0.77%
Verizon				9	1,500	0.65%

Sources: (1) Department of Financial Management Accounting and Business License

This data was compiled from various sources by the City of Long Beach Departments of Development Services and Financial Management. Employment data is intended for use as a general guide only. The City of Long Beach does not warrant the accuracy of this data. Inquiries should be directed to the respective employer.

See accompanying independent auditors' report

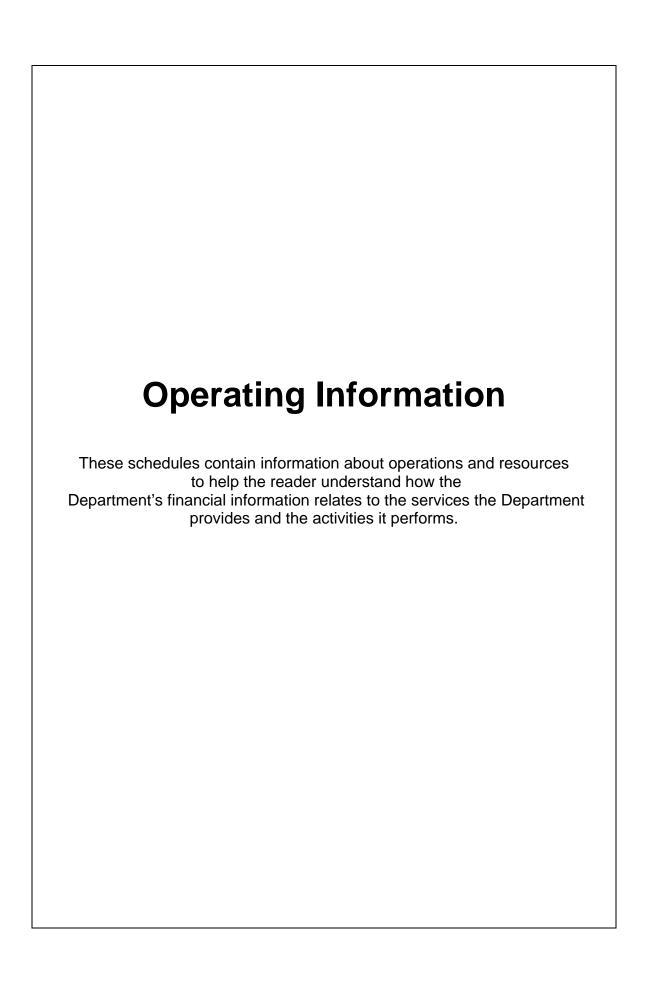
(Unaudited)		Exhibit 24
	LONG DEACH WATER DEDARTMENT	

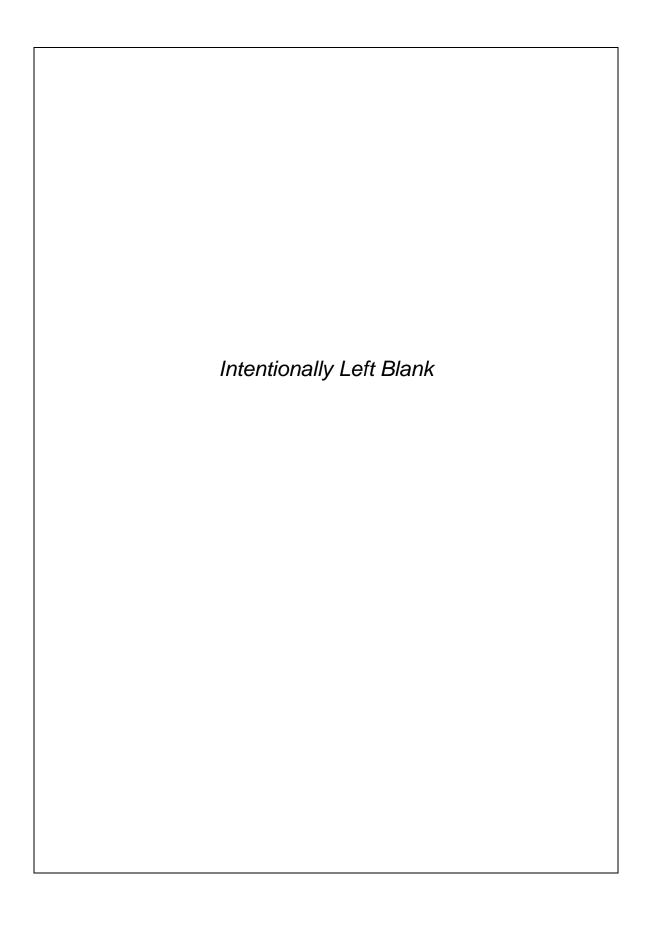
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES BY FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Total
9/30/2007	185	43	228
9/30/2008	169	41	210
9/30/2009	172	37	209
9/30/2010	175	44	219
9/30/2011	174	43	217
9/30/2012	184	48	232
9/30/2013	179	47	226
9/30/2014	170	49	219
9/30/2015	172	47	219
9/30/2016	180	44	224

Sources: Department's Personnel records

⁽²⁾ State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Info for 2007 and 2016.





(Unaudited) Exhibit 25

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER DEMAND - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

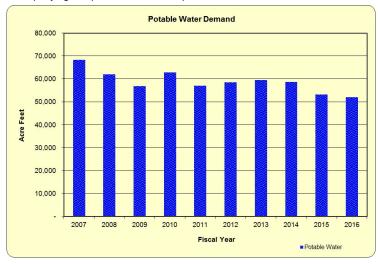
(in acre feet)

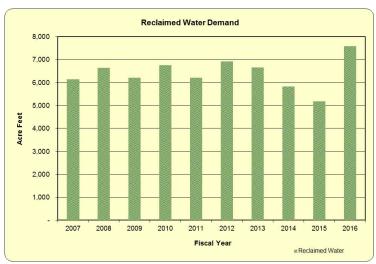
Potable Water

Fiscal Year Ended	Pumped	Purchased	Total Potable Demand	Reclaimed Water	Total Demand
9/30/2007	25,828	42,466	68,294	6,138	74,432
9/30/2008	33,776	28,170	61,946	6,634	68,580
9/30/2009	33,876	22,902	56,778	6,205	62,983
9/30/2010	36,180	26,549	62,729	6,744	69,473
9/30/2011	17,973	39,053	57,026	6,206	63,232
9/30/2012	33,059	25,479	58,538	6,922	65,460
9/30/2013	31,074	28,383	59,457	6,644	66,101
9/30/2014	28,024	30,660	58,683	5,824	64,507
9/30/2015	22,002	31,139	53,141	5,170	58,311
9/30/2016	32,086	19,908	51,994	7,582	59,576

Note: One acre foot equals 43,560 cubic feet or 325,851 gallons.

Source: Department's annual reports





(Unaudited) Exhibit 26

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT

METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT'S RATE CHANGES - LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in dollars per acre foot)

Effective Date	Non- Interruptible Treated Water	Percent Change Non- Interruptible Treated Water	Seasonal Treated Water ⁽¹⁾
1/1/2007	478	6	337
1/1/2008	508	6	367
5/1/2008	508	-	-
1/12009	579	14	-
9/1/2009	701	21	-
1/1/2010	701	-	-
1/1/2011	744	6	-
1/1/2012	794	7	-
1/1/2013	847	7	-
1/1/2014	890	5	-
1/1/2015	923	4	-
1/1/2016	942	2	-

Note: (1) Seasonal Water Treated Rate in accordance to Metropolitan Water District and Long Beach Water Department Agreement No. A04959 started on October 1, 1997 up to May 1, 2008.

Source: Metropolitan Water District of Southern California

See accompanying independent auditors' report

(Unaudited) Exhibit 27

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT WATER REPLENISHMENT DISTRICT ASSESSMENT (PUMP TAX) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Effective Date	Rate per Acre- Foot	Percent Change
7/1/2007	149.00	8
7/1/2008	153.00	3
7/1/2009	181.85	19
7/1/2010	205.00	13
7/1/2011	244.00	19
7/1/2012	244.00	-
7/1/2013	268.00	10
7/1/2014	268.00	-
7/1/2015	283.00	6
7/1/2016	297.00	5

Source: Water Replenishment District of Southern California (WRD)

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT OPERATING AND CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS - WATER FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Water System			Water Quality		Reclaimed System	
Fiscal Year Ended	Number of Groundwater wells	Miles of water mains	Number of active water service	Number of fire hydrants	Number of water samples collected	Number of tests performed	Miles of Pipeline
9/30/2007	31	905	89,535	6,489	16,761	60,235	33
9/30/2008	31	904	89,583	6,507	16,805	81,378	33
9/30/2009	31	908	89,630	6,525	19,238	118,799	33
9/30/2010	31	909	89,706	6,529	17,126	84,923	33
9/30/2011	31	911	89,851	6,603	15,814	71,472	33
9/30/2012	31	911	89,957	6,594	12,292	57,310	33
9/30/2013	31	912	89,996	6,589	14,388	60,819	34
9/30/2014	31	912	89,895	6,604	13,750	58,968	34
9/30/2015	31	912	89,897	6,631	13,050	57,070	34
9/30/2016	31	912	90,955	6,894	14,635	72,587	34

Source: Department's records

See accompanying independent auditors' report

(Unaudited) Exhibit 29

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT OPERATING AND CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS - SEWER FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended	Number of sewer pump stations	Miles of sewer pipelines	Number of sewer manholes	
9/30/2007	28	711	16,055	
9/30/2008	28	711	16,078	
9/30/2009	28	712	16,129	
9/30/2010	28	712	16,135	
9/30/2011	28	712	16,147	
9/30/2012	28	712	16,148	
9/30/2013	28	714	16,158	
9/30/2014	28	714	16,170	
9/30/2015	28	714	15,129	
9/30/2016	28	714	15,127	

Source: Department's records

LONG BEACH WATER DEPARTMENT INFRASTRUCTURE MAINTENANCE AND IMPROVEMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ended	Cast Iron Water Mains Replaced (in feet)	Fire Hydrants Repaired	Water Meters Repaired	Sewer Mains & Laterals Repaired ⁽¹⁾	Sewer Mains Cleaned (in miles)	Sewer Manholes Chemically Treated
9/30/2007	54,423	407	7,050	270	364	3,000
9/30/2008	44,332	346	10,637	278	365	3,000
9/30/2009	23,676	485	6,350	215	424	5,000
9/30/2010	21,137	94	8,441	182	547	5,000
9/30/2011	21,294	223	5,428	259	470	5,000
9/30/2012	25,733	269	3,690	261	414	5,000
9/30/2013	24,595	266	3,348	241	535	5,000
9/30/2014	19,475	208	1,835	213	498	5,000
9/30/2015	16,366	544	760	224	492	5,000
9/30/2016	20,427	259	530	215	405	7,719

Note: (1) Repairs are tracked according to the number of jobs.

Source: Department's records