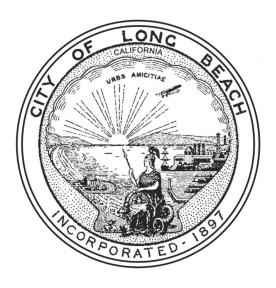
City of Long Beach California

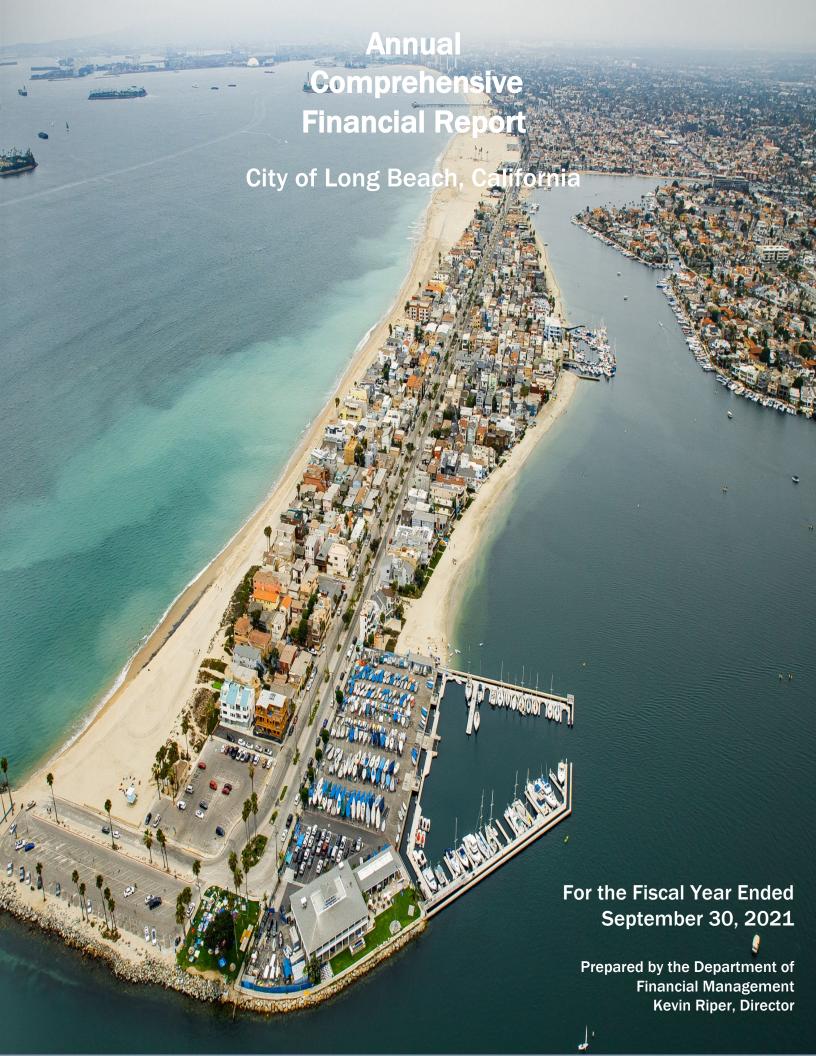


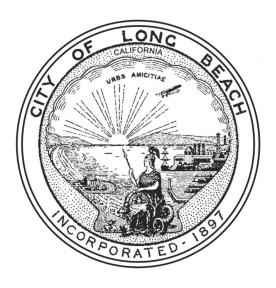
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021



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City of Long Beach, California Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Prepared by the Department of Financial Management

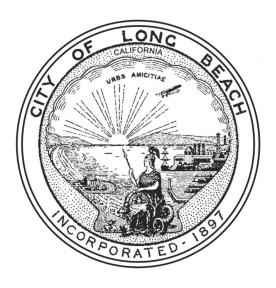
Kevin Riper Director of Financial Management

> Ruby Carrillo-Quincey City Controller

Stefannie Kodrat Assistant City Controller Francine Wiegelman Assistant City Controller

Claudia Buenrostro Accounting Management Officer	Glenda Pakingan Accounting Operations Officer	Sarah Castillo-Wright Grants Accounting Officer
Angie Tran Senior Accountant	Michael Carrigg Senior Accountant	Georgia Will Senior Accountant
Khanh Do Senior Accountant	Toulip Torn Senior Accountant	Kalpna Desai Senior Accountant
Kim-Hang Nguyen Accountant	Shelby Miller Accountant	Mai-Ly Nguyen Accountant
Nazanin Hamidi Accountant	Phuong Pham Accountant	Alex Powers Accountant
Jennifer Mota Accounting Technician	Jackie Pham Accounting Technician	Reuben Belleza Accounting Technician
Elaine Harmon Accounting Technician	Tiffany Pierce Administrative Analyst	Elsa Castaneda Administrative Analyst
	Cassandra Tan Assistant City Treasurer	
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City of Long Beach Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

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March 29, 2022

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Long Beach

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Long Beach (City) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. This report was prepared in accordance with all the appropriate rules and guidelines and audited by KPMG LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement. As anticipated, the independent auditors concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion for this fiscal year. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

This ACFR contains management's representations concerning the City's finances, is free of material misstatement, and management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the City's management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for this report. As the cost of internal controls should not exceed the benefits derived from those controls, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors report and provides a narrative overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A was designed to complement this letter of transmittal and the financial statements and should be read along with them.

Financial data for all funds of the City, as well as all its blended component units, are included within the ACFR. Blended component units are, though legally separate entities, in substance, part of the City's operations. A discretely presented component unit, Long Beach Transit, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City and to differentiate its financial position and results of operations from that of the City.

A specialized audit of City financial transactions, called the Single Audit, is separately required due to the City's receipt and use of Federal funding. The unique standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report on the City's fair presentation of the financial statements, and the City's internal controls, and compliance with legal requirements, with a special emphasis on those involving federal awards. The City's separately issued Single Audit report will be available on the Financial Management Department's webpage when completed.

Budgetary Controls

In accordance with the City Charter, the City Manager must submit the Proposed Budget to the Mayor no later than 90 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, or July 3. Then the Mayor must transmit



the Proposed Budget to the City Council no later than 60 days prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, or August 2. The City Council must adopt a budget no later than 15 days prior to the end of the current fiscal year, or September 15, at which time the Mayor will have an additional five (5) days to review the Adopted Budget. The Mayor may concur or exercise a line-item veto of any expenditure. The City Council has until the end of the fiscal year to concur with the Mayor's changes or override any veto. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within the departments or within a given fund, provided that the total appropriations at the fund level and at the department level do not change. Transfers of appropriation between funds or departments require City Council approval.

The City uses encumbrance accounting to ensure effective budgetary control and accountability. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are reported as restricted, committed or assigned fund balances for subsequent year expenditures.

About the City and its Government

Long Beach is a charter city, incorporated in 1897, in Southern California within the County of Los Angeles. Having an estimated 467,000 residents, it is the seventh most populous city in the state. The City has a Mayor, elected at-large, and a nine-member council, elected by district, all serving four-year terms. The City Auditor, Prosecutor and Attorney are elected at-large and serve four-year terms, as well. The City Council appoints the City Clerk and the City Manager. As head of the municipal government, the City Manager is responsible for the efficient administration of all departments, with the exception of the elective offices, City Clerk, and the three semi-autonomous commission-led departments. The City has a diverse economic base including international trade, oil, aerospace, aviation, healthcare, education, and tourism.

Many award-winning facilities and services are available to Long Beach residents and visitors. These include public safety, parks, recreation, libraries, health and human services, public works, water, sewer and gas utilities, oil and gas production, a world class port, and a nationally recognized airport.

In 2021, the Long Beach Police Department continued to partner with the community to build positive relationships and prevent crime in the community. This resulted in an award for excellence and innovation in overdose prevention mapping, 63 commendations from residents and visitors about exemplary service and a \$4.3 million Homeland Security Award for critical training and equipment. The Long Beach Fire Department continued to serve the City by responding to 79,000 calls during 2021 and sending experienced firefighters to help quell 13 wildfires plaguing the state of California. The City's fleet has been recognized as a Top 20 Fleet in Government Fleet Magazine competition for the sixth consecutive year and ranked ninth best Green Fleet in the country by the National Association of Fleet Administrators. The Water Department remains the lowest cost provider among the seven largest cities in California, and Long Beach Airport continues to be ranked in the Top 10 Best Small Airports by *USA Today*.

Long Beach is making continuous improvement in livability throughout the community with its award-winning inclusion, increased resources for streets and infrastructure, awards for technology, and more. Long Beach has been named one of the best cities in the nation for inclusion of the LGBTQ community in municipal law and policy, earning a perfect score from the Human Rights Campaign Foundation's Municipal Equity Index and dedicating a Pride Lifeguard Tower which both protects those visiting the City's beaches and demonstrates the City's commitment to serving all the diverse



members of the community. The City's Racial Equity and Reconciliation Initiative has 21 distinct strategies and 107 action plans – many already complete or under way -- to address anti-Black racism, advance racial equity, and create a vision for Long Beach's future where race does not determine social and economic outcomes.

Long Beach remains one of the most bike friendly cities in the nation, adding 3.5 miles of new bikeways during 2021, of which 2.75 miles are classified as "all ages." That arrangement separates street and bike lanes with physical barriers, increasing safety and comfort for both riders and motorists. For the eleventh consecutive year, Long Beach was recognized as a Top 10 Digital City and was awarded the highest honor in this ranking as the Top Digital City in the country by the Center for Digital Government for 2021. The City was also named a Digital Inclusion Trailblazer by the National Digital Inclusion Alliance for its work towards inclusive digital access throughout the City.

The City remains committed to providing support services and a healthy environment for Long Beach residents. Thousands of housing units were built or rehabilitated to provide clean and safe housing opportunities for residents in all economic situations. Several City departments (e.g. Health and Human Services, Police, Fire) provide outreach services to address the causes affecting persons experiencing homelessness and the impact on the community.

The City swept over 128,000 miles of street surfaces, filled over 25,000 potholes, and collected 385,000 tons of trash which was processed by the City's waste-to-energy plant, helping to generate clean power and preventing over 7,700 tons of recyclable materials from being disposed in landfills. The Police Department's Homeless Outreach and Mental Evaluation (HOME) Detail made over 8,200 contacts offering services to persons experiencing homelessness, resulting in temporary housing for 200 and permanent housing for 60 individuals. The City facilitated 7,952 visits from people experiencing homelessness to the Multi-Service Center and provided showers, hygiene services and linkages to comprehensive services and housing. The City also received 582 new Housing Authority vouchers for people experiencing homelessness or at-risk of homelessness. The City piloted an employment program to provide job readiness skills and employment opportunities for 40 people atrisk of or currently experiencing homelessness. The City's Clean Team conducted 1,000 homeless encampment clean-ups throughout the City, and 765 tons of illegally dumped items were collected from City and private properties and alleyways. During the California Coastal Cleanup Day, 560 volunteers picked up and properly disposed of 180,000 pounds of trash improving the beauty and environmental health of Long Beach's coastal areas.

The Port of Long Beach continues to be a world class green port, protecting the environment while helping Long Beach to grow and prosper. The Port has one of the highest credit ratings for any U.S. seaport, allowing the Port to embrace growth opportunities at a modest cost.

Economic Outlook

Long Beach has drawn from the strength and adaptability of the local economy to maximize opportunities in today's global world economy. The blending of local, national, and international businesses keep Long Beach growing and adapting to meet the constantly changing needs of today's modern life. The City began to see a return of the television and film industry in 2021. Long Beach has been selected for the filming of many television shows like "NCIS:LA" and "Battlebots" as well as feature films such as "Chip n' Dale Rescue Rangers," "Purple Hearts," and "Me Time." In 2021, 350 film permits were issued, bringing 604 production days to the City. As the City's business community



grows, the need for housing of all types also grows. To accommodate this need, thousands of diverse new residential projects have been approved for construction. In addition to the improvements that can be easily seen, and equally important to the safety of residents and visitors, were the 13.7 lanemiles of residential streets and 2.1 lane-miles of alleys rehabilitated and the 1.45 million square feet of graffiti abated by City staff and contractors.

The City is committed to protecting the environment and the City's resources. The Port continues to actively manage pollution generated by vessels stopping in Long Beach. In its efforts to reduce carbon emissions, the City participated in a pilot program to test ten hybrid police Interceptor vehicles. Through Long Beach Transit, the City continues to maintain and improve a reliable, low-polluting public transportation system, improving the mobility and livability of Long Beach's diverse communities. As buses and City vehicles are replaced, they are converted to compressed natural gas and electric power. Transitioning to renewable energy sources will allow these services to continue, but with a lower cost to the environment. Improvement and cleaning of bus stops, updating crosswalks and coordinating the timing of traffic signals have provided a safer and more secure environment for bus riders, pedestrians, and motorists.

The City continues to use innovation to maintain and improve services. The 2021 budget included innovative changes throughout the City's organization. Some of these improvements included: outreach focused on meeting the specialized needs of persons experiencing homelessness, including creating a Homeless Court and Safe Parking program; surveying 600 miles of natural gas pipelines for leaks; adaptation of the new Billie Jean King Main Library to remote services; and achieving a 60% increase in adoptions since 2018 at Long Beach Animal Care Services. The Long Beach Airport held the Festival of Flight event and worked to continue the planned Terminal Improvements, allowing both residents and visitors to feel safe and comfortable during their aviation journey to Long Beach, including maintaining the first PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) vending machine in the City and providing a COVID-19 testing site for travelers.

The City continues to leverage improvements in technology to deliver service to residents and visitors. City staff have become expert users, adapting systems to improve information and service delivery. A Digital Inclusion Roadmap has been developed to assure that City residents may access and make use of the information and services available online.

The 2021 year included many improvements to the services and facilities available in Long Beach. The City has approved nineteen residential and mixed-use projects, ten affordable housing projects and adopted a citywide Enhanced Density Bonus Ordinance which offers incentives for the development of mixed-income, multifamily housing citywide. The City continues to search for ways to improve affordable housing with \$3.6 million Community Development Block Grant funding and \$4.5 million in support of the Long Beach CARES Emergency Rental Assistance programs. Houghton Park held a Youth Festival with 200 youth and family members attending, and the Parks, Recreation and Marine Department will continue to provide over 47,000 healthy meals to children through the Summer Youth Program. Outreach and education events from all departments will continue to bring quality-of-life improvements to Long Beach residents.

The Challenge of and Response to the COVID-19 Pandemic

There have been and will always be challenges that the City must address. The COVID-19 pandemic has become one of its most important challenges and the City has been a state and national leader in



addressing the pandemic and minimizing the impact on the city, its residents, and its businesses. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared a global pandemic due to the outbreak of the coronavirus respiratory disease (COVID-19). Since that time, the City has been a leader in many necessary actions including issuing health orders to restrict social gatherings, requiring face coverings when in a business or within six feet of another person, and holding some of the largest COVID-19 vaccination and testing events throughout various City locations. Despite the financial impacts, there were deferrals of business taxes and fees for those businesses impacted by the pandemic, deferrals of lease payments to the City by impacted tenants, as well as grants and other actions (often supported by federal financial assistance) to assist businesses and residents. A moratorium on evictions was enacted to provide relief to residential tenants facing hardships, temporary relief from parking penalties, and financing options for business and residents having difficulty paying these costs.

Additionally, City employees whose positions enabled them to work remotely were encouraged to telecommute to support social distancing efforts and the City improved its technology and equipment to better support telecommuting. The City continued to maintain most services throughout the pandemic while reducing or eliminating affected services as needed to comply with health orders. During 2021, measures were taken to carefully reopen Long Beach City Hall to better serve the needs of the public. While some services remain limited or by appointment only, others have moved to a walk-in basis, allowing easier access to the public while protecting both staff and visitors.

Long Beach will continue to meet the challenge of the pandemic and is continuously searching for new opportunities to reduce the economic hardship endured by its residents and economic partners. Through the Long Beach Recovery Act (LBRA), the City has programmed \$252.0 million of federal, state, and City funding for this purpose. LBRA programs fall under three categories. The Economic Recovery programs focus on residents and businesses most impacted by the pandemic and provide funding to promote an effective and inclusive economic recovery that strengthens revenue generation and leverages consumer spending to stimulate lasting economic growth. The Healthy and Safe Community programs address the underlying social determinants of health and prioritize basic needs and the mental and physical health of residents most adversely impacted by the pandemic. The Securing our City's Future category funds the restoration of City services by eliminating employee furloughs, helping the City's financial position by replacing lost revenues due to the pandemic, and developing financial and service strategies to address projected future budget shortfalls. LBRA programs will continue to evolve and grow as additional funding sources and recovery needs are identified.

Acknowledgments and Certificate of Achievement for Financial Reporting

We wish to acknowledge the participation and professional contribution of the Financial Management Department and other City departments' staff in the preparation of this document. The ACFR requires much effort and time, above that of normal daily job duties. The continued dedication of all staff involved in the development of this ACFR is most appreciated.

For the fourteenth year in a row, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada has awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easy to read and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles



(GAAP) and applicable legal requirements. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report will meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. Respectfully submitted,

Thomas B. Modica City Manager Kevin Riper

Director of Financial Management



Directory of City Officials As of September 30, 2021

Dr. Robert Garcia Mayor

Rex Richardson Vice Mayor 9th District

Cindy Allen Councilmember 2 nd District
Daryl Supernaw Councilmember 4 th District
Suely Saro Councilmember 6 th District
Al Austin Councilmember 8 th District

Elected Department Heads

City Attorney Charles Parkin
City Auditor Laura L. Doud
City Prosecutor Douglas P. Haubert

Appointed by Council or Commission

City Clerk Monique De La Garza
Executive Director - Civil Service Christina P. Winting
Executive Director - Harbor Mario Cordero
General Manager - Water Christopher J. Garner

<u>City Manager</u> Thomas Modica

Assistant City Manager	Deputy City Manager
Linda F. Tatum	Kevin J. Jackson

Director of Financial Management	Kevin Riper
Director of Health and Human Services	Kelly Colopy
Director of Development Services	Oscar Orci
Director of Economic Development	John Keisler
Director of the Long Beach Airport	Cynthia Guidry
Director of Human Resources	Joseph Ambrosini
Director of Library Services	Glenda Williams
Director of Energy Resources	Robert Dowell
Director of Parks, Recreation, and Marine	Brent Dennis
Director of Public Works	Eric Lopez
Director of Technology and Innovation	Lea Eriksen
Director of Disaster Preparedness and Emergency	Reginald Harrison
Fire Chief	Xavier Espino
Chief of Police	Robert Luna











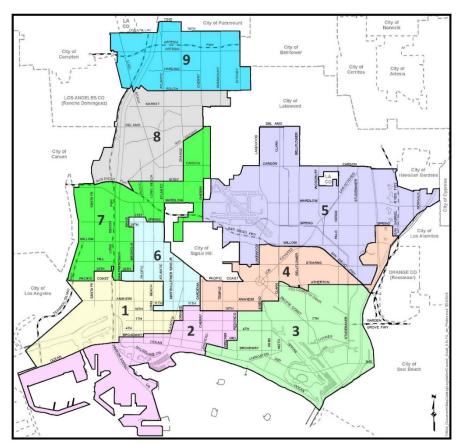
Council District 1 Council District 2 Mary Zendajas

Cindy Allen

Mayor Robert Garcia

Council District 3 Suzie Price

Council District 4 Daryl Supernaw





Council District 5 Stacy Mungo



Council District 6 Suely Saro



Council District 7 Roberto Uranga



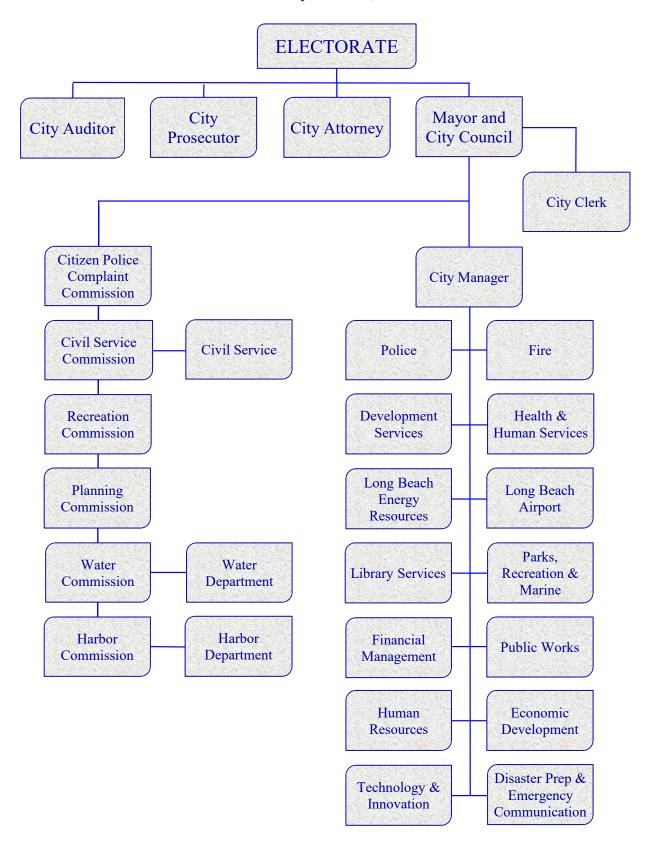
Council District 8 Al Austin



Council District 9 Vice Mayor Rex Richardson

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA

As of September 30, 2021





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Long Beach California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2020

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

FINANCIAL SECTION



KPMG LLP Suite 1500 550 South Hope Street Los Angeles, CA 90071-2629

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Long Beach, California:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, California (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Long Beach Public Transportation Company (the Company), which is the City's only discretely presented component unit. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Company, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, California as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund and the housing assistance fund for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules listed under required supplementary information under the financial section in the table of contents (collectively referred to as required supplementary information) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information identified in the table of contents as the introductory section, additional financial information section, other supplementary information, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The additional financial and other supplementary information sections are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional financial and other supplementary information sections are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 29, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Los Angeles, California March 29, 2022



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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

As the management team for the City of Long Beach (the City), we present to the readers of the City's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the information found in the letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$5.8 billion. Of this amount, \$5.2 billion represents net investment in capital assets, and \$802.4 million represents resources that are subject to restrictions on how they may be used *(restricted net position)*. The City reports a deficit unrestricted net position of \$168.5 million.
- At the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$490.9 million, an increase of \$83.6 million or 20.5 percent, from the prior fiscal year end. Of these balances, \$4.5 million are nonspendable, \$222.8 million are restricted, \$78.0 million are committed, \$202.1 million are assigned, and a deficit \$16.5 million is unassigned.
- The fund balance of the General Fund was \$172.7 million. This represents an increase of \$36.8 million or 27.0 percent from the prior fiscal year. Of this balance, \$2.1 million is nonspendable, \$2.8 million is restricted, \$76.5 million is committed, \$107.7 million is assigned, and a deficit \$16.5 million is unassigned.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: The *Government-wide Financial Statements*, the *Fund Financial Statements*, and the *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including non-major fund financial statements and a statistical section.

REQUIRED COMPONENTS OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Management's Required Basic Financial Discussion and Supplementary Statements Information Analysis Government-wide Notes to the Fund Financial Financial Financial Statements Statements Statements Summary Detail

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements contain the Government-wide Financial Statements, the Fund Financial Statements and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the Basic Financial Statements.

Government-wide financial statements: The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a long-term view of the City's activities as a whole and include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The *statement of net position* includes the City's capital assets and long-term liabilities on a full accrual basis of accounting similar to that used by private sector companies. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. The *statement of activities* provides information about the City's revenues and expenses on a full accrual basis, with an emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses for each of the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in net position for the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The amounts in the statement of net position and the statement of activities are separated into Governmental and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of each type of activity.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, such as grant revenue (*governmental activities*), from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Governmental activities of the City include legislative and legal, general government, public safety, public health and human services, community and cultural, public works, and City oil operations. Business-type activities include those related to gas, water and sewer utilities, airport and solid waste management operations, towing, Tidelands, Marina area operations, as well as Tidelands oil revenue operations and the Port of Long Beach (the Harbor Department).

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the legally separate Long Beach Transit Company (LBT) for which the City is the sole stakeholder and, therefore, has authority to affect the company. Financial information for this *component unit* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements: The *fund financial statements* focus on current available resources and are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The funds of the City can be divided into three categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds*, and *fiduciary funds*. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Major funds are determined based on minimum criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Like states and other local governments, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund accounting is also used to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financial resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Reconciliations are provided for both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, to facilitate a comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately for the General Fund, General Capital Projects Fund, and Housing Assistance Special Revenue Fund and the aggregate of all non-major governmental funds. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements*, located in the Additional Financial Information Section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. A budgetary comparison is provided for each of the City's governmental funds to demonstrate budgetary compliance. The budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund is located in the basic financial statements.

Proprietary funds: Proprietary funds are generally used to account for operations that provide services to the general public on a continuing basis or to internal City departments. Enterprise and Internal Service Fund financial statements are prepared on the full accrual basis of accounting, similar to that used by private sector companies. These statements include all of their assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources and liabilities, both current and long-term.

Since the City's Internal Service Funds provide goods and services exclusively to the City's governmental and business-type activities, their activities are only reported in total at the fund level. Internal Service Funds cannot be considered major funds because their revenues are derived from other City funds. Revenues between funds are eliminated in the Government-wide Financial Statements, and any related profits or losses in Internal Service Funds are returned to the activities in which they were created, along with any residual net position of the Internal Service Funds.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds include *Private Purpose Trust Funds* such as the Miller Library Fund and the Mayor's Fund for the Homeless, and *Custodial Funds* such as special parking and business assessment districts. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in the separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the supplemental Custodial and Private Purpose Trust fund combining statements. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot utilize these assets to finance its own operations. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements: The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information and narrative disclosures that are essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *Required Supplementary Information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and post-employment healthcare benefits to its employees. The combining statements referred to above in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented in the Required Supplementary Information along with information regarding capital assets. The table on the following page provides a summary of the significant features of the financial statements as well as insight into how the information is compiled for statement presentation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Government-wide	Fund Financial Statements				
	Statements	Governmental	Proprietary	Fiduciary		
Scope	Entire Entity (except fiduciary funds)	The day-to-day operating activities of the City for basic governmental services.	The day-to-day operating activities of the City for business-type enterprises	Instances in which the City administers resources on behalf of other entities or groups.		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.		
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Current assets and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. Excludes capital assets and long-term debt.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short and long-term.	All assets held in trustee or custodial capacity for others.		
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods and services have been received and the related liability is due and payable.	All revenues and expenses during year regardless of when cash is received or paid.	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.		

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Analysis of Net Position

As noted earlier, *net position* may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of September 30, 2021, the City's assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$5.8 billion, an increase of \$431.9 million.

Net investment in capital assets accounted for \$5.2 billion, or 89.1 percent, of the City's total net position. This component of net position consists of capital assets (land, structures and improvements, equipment, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress) net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources as the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$39.5 million, or 0.8 percent, from the prior fiscal year. The increase of \$20.1 million in governmental activities is mostly attributable to payment of related debt. The \$19.4 million increase in business-type activities is also mostly due to payment of related debt.

Restricted net position amounted to \$802.4 million, representing 13.8 percent of total net position. This component of net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions imposed by creditors and grantors, laws and regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The remaining deficit balance of \$168.5 million is the net of the \$655.9 million governmental activities deficit unrestricted net position (mostly related to pension liabilities) and the \$487.4 million business-type activities unrestricted net position balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Net Position September 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

	Governmental		Business-type			
	Activities		Acti	vities	Totals	
	2021 2020		2021 2020		2021	2020
Assets:						
Current and Other Assets	\$1,175,621	\$1,172,847	\$ 2,423,230	\$ 2,546,851	\$ 3,598,851	\$ 3,719,698
Capital Assets	1,051,221	1,050,381	6,492,058	6,298,649	7,543,279	7,349,030
Total Assets	2,226,842	2,223,228	8,915,288	8,845,500	11,142,130	11,068,728
Deferred Outflows of Resources	99,311	81,213	55,762	49,180	155,073	130,393
Total Assets and Deferred						
Outflows of Resources	2,326,153	2,304,441	8,971,050	8,894,680	11,297,203	11,199,121
Liabilities:						
Current Liabilities	287,315	294,201	468,415	779,224	755,730	1,073,425
Noncurrent Liabilities, Net	1,249,474	1,801,685	2,376,008	2,143,488	3,625,482	3,945,173
Total Liabilities	1,536,789	2,095,886	2,844,423	2,922,712	4,381,212	5,018,598
Deferred Inflows of Resources	517,378	167,468	585,498	631,880	1,102,876	799,348
Total Liabilities and Deferred						
Inflows of Resources	2,054,167	2,263,354	3,429,921	3,554,592	5,484,088	5,817,946
Net Position:						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	452,155	432,090	4,727,066	4,707,630	5,179,221	5,139,720
Restricted	475,699	442,908	326,665	312,076	802,364	754,984
Unrestricted	(655,868)	(833,911)	487,398	320,382	(168,470)	(513,529)
Total Net Position	\$ 271,986	\$ 41,087	\$ 5,541,129	\$ 5,340,088	\$ 5,813,115	\$ 5,381,175

Key Changes in the Statement of Net Position:

The City's current and other assets decreased \$120.8 million when compared to the prior fiscal year. Governmental activities increased \$2.8 million, primarily due to increased cash received from property tax, sales tax, and federal grant revenues. Business-type activities decreased \$123.6 million mostly due to a decrease in fair value of the commodity swap for natural gas.

Citywide, capital assets increased \$194.2 million or 2.6 percent. Governmental activities had a slight increase of \$0.8 million and is mostly attributable to the purchase of vehicles. Business-type activities increased \$193.4 million, or 3.1 percent. The change in business-type activities resulted from completion of the Long Beach Container Terminal at Middle Harbor, taxiway improvements at the Airport, and completion of the second phase of construction and repair of the Naples seawalls.

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$24.7 million. Governmental activities deferred outflows increased \$18.1 million and business-type activities increased \$6.6 million. The increase is mostly attributable to an increase in the CalPERS pension contributions made after the measurement date, as the City selected to make the annual prepayment of the CalPERS unfunded liability.

Current liabilities decreased \$317.7 million, or 29.6 percent. Governmental activities decreased \$6.9 million, or 2.3 percent, and business-type activities decreased \$310.8 million or 39.9 percent. The decrease in governmental activities resulted from decreased accounts payable and liabilities related to accrued employee benefits at fiscal year-end, offset by an increase in the receipt of grant funds received in advance of program expenses. The decrease in business-type activity is due to the Harbor fund reporting the 2018A and 2020C Notes as short-term in the prior year due to the refunded dates being in fiscal year 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Overall, noncurrent liabilities decreased \$319.7 million or 8.1 percent City-wide. Governmental activities decreased \$552.2 million, or 30.6 percent primarily due to a decrease in the net pension liability as a result of a significant increase in investment returns in the CalPERS pension plans. Business-type activities increased \$232.5 million or 10.8 percent. The increase is mostly due to the Harbor Fund borrowing funds through the Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA).

In total, deferred inflows of resources increased \$303.5 million or 38.0 percent. The change is due to an increase in Governmental activities of \$349.9 million mostly due to the difference between actual and expected investment returns by CalPERS for the City's pension plans, offset by a decrease of \$46.4 million in business-type activities resulting from a decrease in the fair value of the gas commodity swap.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Analysis of Changes in Net Position

The following table presents condensed information from the statement of activities for the fiscal years 2021 and 2020. As previously stated, all changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Changes in Net Position September 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 150,848	\$ 157,229	\$1,031,852	\$ 917,276	\$1,182,700	\$1,074,505
Operating Grants and Contributions	352,336	200,489	160	3,394	352,496	203,883
Capital Grants and Contributions	76,033	65,232	40,099	80,020	116,132	145,252
General Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	225,820	220,665	-	-	225,820	220,665
Sales	150,887	129,095	-	-	150,887	129,095
Utility Users	38,546	33,767	-	-	38,546	33,767
Other	40,098	39,449	-	-	40,098	39,449
Franchise Taxes	23,734	16,481	-	_	23,734	16,481
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	3,496	11,426	1,469	34,336	4,965	45,762
Total Revenues	1,061,798	873,833	1,073,580	1,035,026	2,135,378	1,908,859
Expenses:						
Legislative and Legal	13,058	13,155	_	_	13,058	13,155
General Government	36,564	40,408	_	_	36,564	40,408
Public Safety	311,933	389,489	_	_	311,933	389,489
Public Health	60,016	71,880	_	_	60,016	71,880
Community and Cultural	217,381	190,370	_	_	217,381	190,370
Public Works	163,203	136,067	-	-	163,203	136,067
Oil Operations	3,679	1,775	-	-	3,679	1,775
Interest on Long-Term Debt	19,781	19,055	-	-	19,781	19,055
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	_	2	_	_	_	2
Gas Utility	-	_	83,900	94,835	83,900	94,835
Water Utility	-	_	93,075	111,219	93,075	111,219
Tidelands Operating	-	_	110,419	143,249	110,419	143,249
Harbor	-	-	336,106	327,081	336,106	327,081
Non-major Enterprise Funds	-	-	254,323	232,428	254,323	232,428
Total Expenses	825,615	862,201	877,823	908,812	1,703,438	1,771,013
Increase (Decrease) in Net						
Position before Transfers	236,183	11,632	195,757	126,214	431,940	137,846
Capital Assets Transfers	_	(37)	-	37	_	, -
Transfers	(5,284)		5,284	(26,881)	-	-
Total Change in Net Position	230,899	38,476	201,041	99,370	431,940	137,846
Net Position, Beginning of Year	41,087	2,611	5,340,088	5,240,718	5,381,175	5,243,329
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 271,986	\$ 41,087	\$5,541,129	\$5,340,088	\$5,813,115	\$5,381,175

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

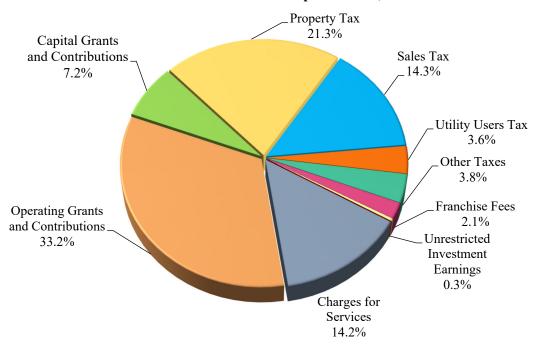
Governmental activities

Governmental activities net position increased \$230.9 million when compared to the fiscal year 2020 financial report.

Total revenues for governmental activities (excluding transfers) increased \$187.9 million, or 21.5 percent, with the majority of the increase reported in operating and capital grants that include funding allocated through the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) and reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Contributing to the change was also an increase in general revenues including sales and property taxes. Total governmental program expenses decreased \$36.6 million, or 4.2 percent. These changes are further discussed in the paragraphs that follow.

The following chart illustrates governmental activities revenues by source.

Governmental Activities - Revenues by Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2021



• The three largest revenue sources for governmental activities were operating grants and contributions, property taxes, and sales tax. Excluding transfers, these sources accounted for 68.8 percent of revenues. Together, these primary sources of governmental revenues increased \$178.8 million, or 32.5 percent, from the previous year. Operating grants and contributions increased \$151.8 million primarily due to the federal ARPA allocation, FEMA federal awards and state grants. Property tax revenues increased \$5.2 million due to the City's share of property tax revenues from the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) project areas and higher assessed valuations as a result of an active housing market and new development projects. Sales tax increased \$21.8 million due to significant increase of sales and use tax collected during the year across several categories including Autos & Transportation and Food and Drugs, which accounts for higher cannabis sales.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Governmental activities expenses, excluding transfers, decreased \$36.6 million or 4.2 percent. The most significant changes were as follows:

- Public safety expenses reported the largest decrease of \$77.6 million, or 19.9 percent. The change is primarily due to lower personnel expenses as a result of higher investment returns of the CalPERS pension plans, which resulted in a significant decrease in the City's net pension liability.
- Public works expenses increased \$27.1 million, or 19.9 percent. The change is attributable to increased street repairs and maintenance, landscape improvements, and other infrastructure projects.
- An increase of \$27.0 million, or 14.2 percent, in expenses was also noted in Community and Cultural
 mostly due to increased grant funding for the emergency rental assistance and Section 8 Housing
 Choice Voucher programs.

The following chart illustrates governmental activities program expenses and revenues by function.

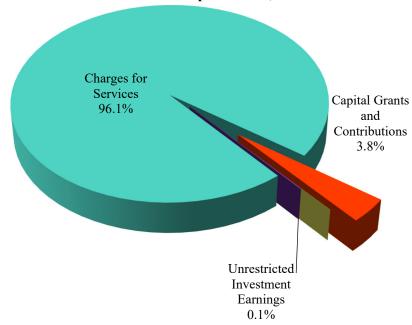
Governmental Activities - Program Expenditures and Revenues For the Year Ended September 30, 2021 \$350,000 \$2200,000 \$150,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$100,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000 \$50,000

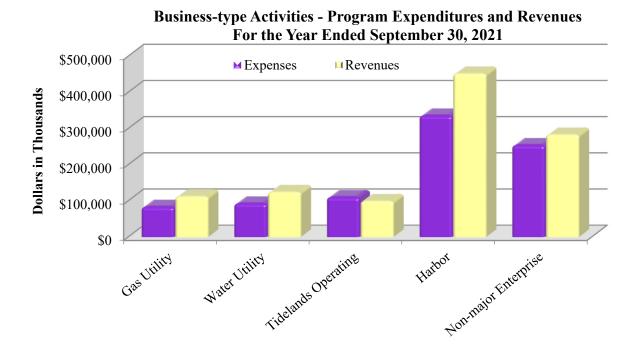
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Business-type activities

The City's major enterprise funds include Gas Utility, Water Utility, Tidelands Operating, and Harbor. The non-major enterprise funds ("other proprietary funds") comprise Tideland Oil Revenue, Sewer, Airport, Solid Waste Management, Towing, Subsidence, and Development Services.

Business-type Activities - Revenues by Source For the Year Ended September 30, 2021





Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Business-type activities increased net position by \$201.0 million or 3.8 percent. Key elements in the current year's change in net position for various funds include:

- Gas Utility net position at fiscal year-end was deficit \$9.5 million, a \$15.3 million increase from the prior fiscal year. The increase was due to higher transmission and commodity revenues as a result of continued strong demand due to cooler weather, and lower personnel expenses as a result of higher investment returns of the CalPERS pension plans that led to a decrease in the net pension liability.
- Water Utility net position at fiscal year-end was \$348.1 million, a \$54.4 million increase from the prior fiscal year. The Water Utility realized higher charges for service revenues than in the prior year and lower personnel expenses as a result of higher investment returns of the CalPERS pension plans that led to a decrease in the net pension liability. The City also reported a transfer out of \$30.8 million from the General Fund to the Water Utility Fund as a result of a court ruling against the City on litigation related to Measure M (see Note 25 Subsequent Events for further details).
- Tidelands Operating Fund net position increased \$18.0 million, totaling \$292.1 million at fiscal year-end. Convention Center revenues were higher due to its use in providing emergency shelter for migrant children. Also reported were lower personnel expenses as a result of higher investment returns of the CalPERS pension plans that led to a decrease in the net pension liability. Tidelands transfers in from Tidelands Oil and Harbor amounted to \$35.2 million. Of this amount Harbor transferred \$21.7 million, consistent with City Charter mandated revenue sharing; and Tidelands Oil transferred \$13.5 million to fund tidelands operations and capital improvements.
- Harbor's net position increased \$95.9 million, totaling \$4.5 billion at fiscal year-end. The increase primarily resulted from operating income of \$127.1 million along with the receipt of \$11.8 million in capital grants. Operating income increased \$36.0 million from prior fiscal year was primarily due to a surge in imported containerized cargo during the year. Containerized cargo volume alone was 24% higher than prior fiscal year. In addition, rental property revenue was increased \$8.2 million from the prior fiscal year mostly due to an increase in leased land for container storage.
- Overall, total net position for non-major business-type activities increased \$17.4 million, to \$480.4 million at fiscal year-end. Significant changes in the non-major funds included increased net position in the Tidelands Oil Revenue fund of \$7.1 million due to increased oil production revenues as a result of the oil price averaging \$59 per barrel during fiscal year 2021, and the Towing Fund reported a deficit net position of \$2.4 million due to decreased revenue as a result of a citywide moratorium on non-essential tows and a COVID-19 related storage fee waiver program.

Governmental Funds Financial Analysis

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned*, *and unassigned* fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of September 30, 2021, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$490.9 million, an increase of \$83.6 million from the prior year. Further information can be found in *Note 16 – Governmental Fund Balances and Fund Deficits*.

Governmental fund assets increased \$133.4 million, or 14.7 percent, from the prior fiscal year. Pooled and non-pooled Cash and Investments increased \$92.7 million and Receivables, including Noncurrent

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Receivables, increased \$38.9 million. The increases were mostly due to increased federal and state grant revenues as a result of the pandemic, including ARPA and FEMA reimbursements.

Governmental fund liabilities increased \$43.2 million, or 24.5 percent. Due to Other Funds increased \$33.7 million mostly due to the General Fund owing the Water Utility Fund \$30.8 million at fiscal yearend as a result of a court order ruling against the City on the Measure M litigation. The City set aside funds of \$9.0 million for the payment and has started analyzing options to fund the remaining amount. Unearned revenues increased \$19.8 million due to advance grant funding to be used in the subsequent fiscal period, which was offset by a decrease of \$11.4 million in accounts payable and liabilities related to accrued employee wages and benefits at fiscal year-end.

Of the \$490.9 million total fund balances, \$222.8 million or 45.4 percent have some form of external limitation on their use. Significant restrictions of fund balance at the close of the fiscal year include:

Restricted for Debt Service

Amounts restricted for debt service totaled \$32.8 million. This amount is restricted for payment of former Redevelopment Agency and City related debt.

Restricted for Public Safety

Amounts restricted for public safety totaled \$7.4 million. Restrictions include:

- Asset seizure funds from federal and state court forfeitures are restricted to support the Police Department. These funds amounted to \$2.8 million at the end of the fiscal year.
- Proposition H (Prop H), the Police and Fire Public Safety Oil Production Tax proceeds may be used only for police officers, fire fighters, and related costs, including but not limited to equipment, facilities, and training in order to ensure timely responses to public needs. As of September 30, 2021, Prop H funds for police and fire amounted to \$176 thousand.
- Impact fees restricted for public safety amounted to \$4.4 million.

Restricted for Public Health

Fund balance restricted for public health amounted to \$13.0 million.

Restricted for Community and Cultural

Amounts restricted for community and cultural activities totaled \$97.7 million. Restrictions include the following:

- Fund balance restricted within the Housing Development fund for the provision of low-and-moderate-income housing amounted to \$25.9 million. Of this, \$3.8 million offsets advances to other funds.
- Fund balance restricted within the Housing Assistance fund for programs to assist very low-income families, the elderly, and the disabled amounted to \$23.3 million.
- Former Redevelopment Agency capital projects fund balance restricted for the purposes of winding down the activities of the Agency amounted to \$9.0 million.
- The Belmont Shore Parking Meter fund has restricted \$97 thousand as the first pledge of revenue for special assessment debt that benefited the Belmont Shore area.
- Grant funding in the amount of \$5.9 million is restricted in the General Grants fund.
- Fund balance restricted within the Community Development Grant fund amounted to \$11.5 million.
- Fund balance restricted within the Other Special Revenue fund for economic development totaled \$10.7 million at the close of the fiscal year.
- Development Impact Fees restricted for parks development amounted to \$6.3 million.

Restricted for Public Works

As of September 30, 2021, fund balance restricted for public works amounted to \$71.8 million. The most significant restrictions include:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

- \$12.5 million is restricted pursuant to the provisions of Proposition A. Proposition A funds are to be used exclusively to benefit public transit and may be traded with other jurisdiction in exchange for general or other funds.
- \$21.1 million pursuant to the provisions of Proposition C. Proposition C also benefits public transit but has a wider range of uses including congestion management programs, bikeways and bike lanes, street improvement supporting public transit, and pavement management projects.
- \$2.9 million pursuant to Air Quality Management District AB2766 requirements. AB2766 funding is used to assist the City in meeting federal and state Clean Air Act requirements.
- \$2.9 million pursuant to Measure M. Measure M is a one-half cent sales tax approved by Los Angeles County voters and is restricted for transportation purposes.
- \$1.8 million is restricted for Measure R, a separate one-half cent sales tax approved by Los Angeles County voters and is restricted for transportation purposes, including bus and highway corridor projects, streets and roads, and traffic control management.
- \$14.0 million is restricted related to State gas tax funding. Gas tax funding is restricted to constructing and maintenance of streets and sidewalks.

The General Capital Projects Fund reported a year-end fund balance of \$158.1 million, which represented an increase of \$28.7 million in fund balance. The change in fund balance was primarily due to higher grant revenues and sales tax allocations through Prop A and Prop C funding that is used for transportation related programs and projects.

The Housing Assistance Special Revenue Fund reported a year-end fund balance of \$23.3 million, which represented an increase of \$7.0 million in fund balance. The change in fund balance was primarily attributable to higher grant reimbursement revenues for the Section 8 Housing Choice Voucher program.

General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources

The table below illustrates General Fund revenues and other financing sources for the current and prior fiscal years:

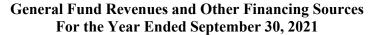
General Fund Revenues and Other Financing Sources September 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

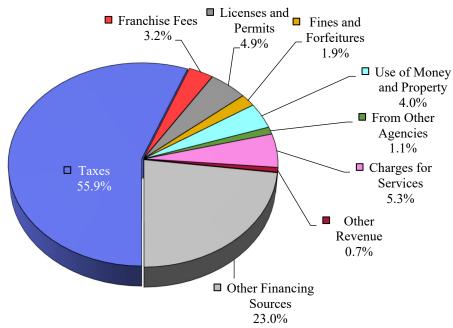
Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Fi	scal Year 2021	Percent of Total	•		Percent of Total
	Φ.			Φ.		
Taxes	\$	417,758	55.9%	\$	371,350	61.7%
Franchise Fees		23,734	3.2%		16,481	2.7%
Licenses and Permits		36,550	4.9%		35,615	5.9%
Fines and Forfeitures		14,395	1.9%		16,354	2.7%
Use of Money and Property		30,001	4.0%		32,175	5.3%
From Other Agencies		8,482	1.1%		4,564	0.8%
Charges for Services		39,646	5.3%		42,094	7.0%
Other Revenue		5,391	0.7%		3,100	0.5%
Other Financing Sources		171,382	23.0%		79,701	13.3%
	\$	747,339	100%	\$	601,434	100%

General Fund revenues and other financing sources increased \$145.9 million, or 24.3 percent, from the prior fiscal year. Significant year-over-year changes include:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

- Taxes increased \$46.4 million, or 12.5 percent primarily reflecting a significant increase from the prior year in property taxes of \$18.7 million due to higher revenues in the City's share of property tax revenues from the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) project areas, and higher assessed valuations as a result of an active housing market and new development projects. Increases in sales taxes of \$10.5 million and Measure A sales taxes of \$11.3 million were across several sales tax categories including Autos & Transportation and Food and Drugs, which accounts for higher cannabis sales.
- Revenues derived from other financing sources increased \$91.7 million, or 115.0 percent from the prior year. The increase is due to the transfer out of General Grants to the General Fund in the amount of \$71.8 million as a result of the City's approach to use ARPA funding. The City followed the ARPA regulations that allow use of funding to provide and maintain current government services, including public safety services, up to the amount of the City's calculated revenue loss due to the pandemic.





General Fund Expenditures

Expenditures and other financing uses for the General Fund, including comparative amounts from the preceding year, are shown in following table:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

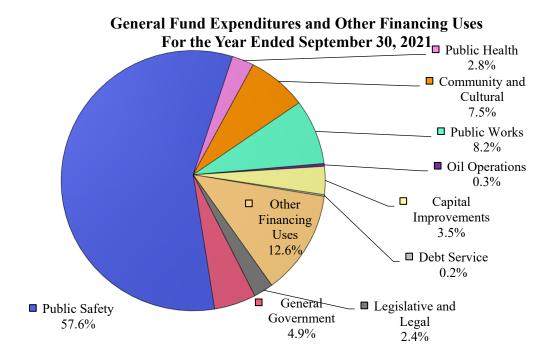
General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses September 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	Fis	scal Year 2021	Percent of Total	Fis	scal Year 2020	Percent of Total
Legislative and Legal	\$	16,537	2.4%	\$	13,108	2.1%
General Government		34,860	4.9%		27,363	4.6%
Public Safety		408,803	57.6%		353,513	59.7%
Public Health		19,885	2.8%		9,612	1.6%
Community and Cultural		53,645	7.5%		45,052	7.6%
Public Works		58,535	8.2%		47,891	8.1%
Oil Operations		2,446	0.3%		2,572	0.4%
Capital Improvements		24,765	3.5%		347	0.1%
Debt Service		1,487	0.2%		487	0.1%
Other Financing Uses		89,625	12.6%		92,065	15.6%
	\$	710,588	100%	\$	592,010	100%

Expenditures, including other financing uses, increased \$118.6 million, or 20.0 percent, from fiscal year 2020. Significant changes include:

- An increase in public safety of \$55.3 million, or 15.6 percent. The majority of the increase was due to increased pension expenses that resulted from the City's prepayment to CalPERS in July 2021 of the unfunded accrued liability. The City did not prepay CalPERS in July 2020.
- Capital improvements reported an increase of \$24.4 million due to the land and property purchase for Homeless Services Housing.
- An increase in Public Works for the same reason cited for Public Safety above, and for operating costs related to the street light maintenance program and increased permit inspection costs.
- An increase in Public Health of \$10.3 million due to increased expenses for homeless services and efforts for activities related to the COVID-19 response.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021



Proprietary Funds Financial Analysis

Enterprise Funds: The combined net position of enterprise funds totaled \$5.5 billion at the close of the fiscal year. Total unrestricted net position amounted to \$516.2 million before the allocation of internal service fund activities. The total growth in net position was \$200.9 million before the internal service fund activities allocation to enterprise funds. Other factors affecting the finances of these funds are addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

The Water Utility Fund reported net position of \$348.1 million, an increase of \$54.4 million mostly because of the Measure M litigation, which resulted in reporting a receivable due from the General Fund of \$30.8 million. Tidelands Operating reported net position of \$292.1 million, an increase of \$18.0 million from the prior year. Most of the increase was due to the higher Convention Center revenues due to the use of the Convention Center to provide emergency shelter for migrant children. Also reported were lower personnel expenses as a result of higher investment returns of the CalPERS pension plans that led to a decrease in the net pension liability. The Harbor reported net position of \$4.5 billion, an increase of \$95.9 million from the prior year, primarily due to operating income of \$127.1 million along with the receipt of \$11.8 million in capital grants. The Gas Utility reported a deficit net position of \$9.5 million consisting of a net pension liability of \$15.5 million and compensated absences of \$6.6 million. Other Proprietary funds reported net position of \$480.4 million.

Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to finance and account for goods and services provided internally to City departments. As of September 30, 2021, internal service funds reported a net position of \$49.1 million, an increase of \$109.8 million. This is attributable to the reclassification of compensated absences from the Employee Benefit Fund to government-wide activities. There were also deficit net positions reported in the Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund and General Liability Insurance Fund, which reported deficit balances of \$101.1 million and \$49.7 million, respectively. It is the City's practice to bill City departments on a pay-as-you-go basis for functions performed by both funds, therefore, the long-term portions of related liabilities associated with these funds are not fully funded. City management believes that, over

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

the long-term, current and future billing rates are sufficient to remediate eventually any deficit net position. In addition, City management believes that the cash position of each fund is sufficient to cover the current costs related to health insurance, workers' compensation, and general liability claims. The Civic Center, General Services, and Fleet Services funds reported net positions of \$56.8 million, \$23.5 million, and \$81.3 million, respectively.

Fiduciary Funds

The City maintains fiduciary funds for the assets of private purpose trust and custodial funds including the Miller Library Fund, the Mayor's Fund for the Homeless Fund, and various custodial funds held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. The private purpose trust funds are held in trust for the benefit of the Main Library Miller Room (i.e., staffing and books), and for homeless services.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopts an annual budget for the governmental funds that include the General Fund, Capital Projects, Debt Service, and Special Revenue funds. The City Council adopts budget adjustments during the year that are generally contingent upon new or additional revenue.

• The General Fund's fiscal year 2021 final budget for estimated revenues and expenditure appropriations reflected a net increase to budgeted fund balance of \$67.6 million. The change between original and final budgeted amounts was \$209.2 million and consisted of additional appropriation for expenditures and other financing uses of \$194.4 million and a decrease in revenue and other financing sources of \$14.8 million. The changes to revenue forecasts were mostly due to transfers in from other funds to provide additional funding for the purchase of the Project Homekey site.

Significant changes in the appropriations budget include:

- An increase of \$59.0 million to fund Long Beach Recovery Act programs focused on public health
 and economic recovery for residents and businesses in the community, which was made possible
 due to the use of federal ARPA funds paying for police costs that would normally be funded by
 the General Fund.
- Economic Development appropriations were increased by \$24.4 million for purchase of land for Fire Station 9, and the purchase of land and property for the Project Homekey site.
- A \$9.8 million increase in Public Health to fund costs not supported by other grants or funding sources to relieve COVID-19 impacts to the community.
- A \$6.0 million increase in Citywide Activities to place Measure M revenue in escrow in accordance with a Stay Order Agreement on Water Utility and Sewer transfers.
- Increased appropriations in the amount of \$5.2 million to transfer funds to the Special Advertising and Promotions Fund to replace lost revenues due to the pandemic.
- A \$4.5 million increase in Public Works related to capital outlay and improvements activities.

The actual budgetary basis results of the General Fund as compared to the final budget reflect a net positive variance of \$238.9 million. This consists of favorable variances in both revenues and other financing sources of \$190.3 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$48.5 million.

The General Fund revenues and other financing sources positive budget to actual variance of \$190.3 million is mostly due to transfers in from the General Grants fund as a result of the federal ARPA award funding police costs normally budgeted and paid by the General Fund. Other notable positive variances

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

between the final budget and actual results include \$10.5 million in property tax revenues, \$19.0 million in sales tax revenues and, \$31.2 million in charges for services.

General Fund expenditures and other financing uses reflect a positive budget to actual variance of \$48.5 million primarily due to lower operational costs than anticipated in Public Works, Public Health and Financial Management.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: As of September 30, 2021, the City's capital assets held by governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$7.5 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). There was an overall increase of \$194.2 million, or 2.6 percent, in the City's capital assets over the prior fiscal year.

Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation September 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

	Gover	nmental	Busine	ss-type			
	Acti	ivities	Acti	vities	Totals		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Land	\$ 225,112	\$ 222,835	\$1,376,585	\$1,314,278	\$1,601,697	\$ 1,537,113	
Rights-of-way	81,340	81,340	203,304	203,304	284,644	284,644	
Water Rights	-	-	40	40	40	40	
Historic Collections	-	-	3,442	-	3,442	-	
Construction in Progress	62,905	61,221	602,338	2,097,145	665,243	2,158,366	
Buildings	433,171	430,296	2,007,211	1,732,169	2,440,382	2,162,465	
Improvements Other than Buildings	66,600	61,311	331,238	330,791	397,838	392,102	
Infrastructure	64,796	71,133	1,859,235	503,997	1,924,031	575,130	
Machinery and Equipment	40,165	43,234	30,539	37,081	70,704	80,315	
Vehicles and Aircrafts	58,581	58,685	72,583	74,978	131,164	133,663	
Software and Patents	18,551	20,326	5,543	4,866	24,094	25,192	
Total Net Capital Assets	\$1,051,221	\$ 1,050,381	\$6,492,058	\$6,298,649	\$7,543,279	\$ 7,349,030	

Governmental activities' net capital assets increased very slightly (\$840 thousand), or 0.1 percent. Significant activities during the year include the following:

- Land increased by \$2.3 million and Buildings increased by \$2.9 million, due to a land purchase for Fire Station 9 and a land and property purchase for the Project Homekey site.
- Improvements other than Buildings increased by \$5.3 million for the Public Safety Parking Structure.
- Infrastructure decreased by \$6.3 million and Machinery and Equipment decreased by \$3.1 million from the depreciation of those assets.

Business-type activities' net capital assets increased \$193.4 million, or 3.1 percent, over the prior fiscal year. Significant capital asset activities during the year include:

- Harbor capital assets increased by \$166.9 million. The increase was due mostly to completion of the Long Beach Container Terminal at Middle Harbor and land purchases.
- Other Enterprise Funds capital asset increases resulted from taxiway improvements at the Airport, completion of the second phase of construction and repair of the Naples seawalls, and continued investment in the replacement of the gas distribution system.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 to the basic financial statements, and information related to commitments for future capital asset acquisitions can be found in Note 22 to the basic financial statements.

Long-Term Indebtedness: As of September 30, 2021, the City's net long-term debt outstanding totaled \$2.8 billion. Of this amount, \$2.5 billion relates to notes, bonds, capital leases, and \$289.8 million to the new Civic Center complex.

The implied issuer ratings assigned to the City's bond issues are as follows:

- Moody's Investors Service: Aa2, Stable Outlook
- S&P Global Ratings: AA, Stable Outlook
- Fitch Ratings: AA, Stable Outlook

The table below provides summarized information for the City's outstanding long-term debt obligations at the close of the current and prior fiscal years-end.

Outstanding Debt Obligations September 30, 2021 and 2020 (In Thousands)

	Govern	mei	ntal	Ви	sine	ss-type							
	Activ	ritie	S	1	4 <i>cti</i> v	vities	Totals						
	2021		2020	2021	2021 2020			2021	2020				
Notes Payable	\$ 7,569	\$	7,905	\$ 545,3	809	\$ 477,884	\$	552,878	\$ 485,789				
Bonds Payable	258,203		291,570	1,600,3	882	1,670,260	1,	,858,585	1,961,830				
Capital Leases	38,943		44,676	32,9	943	37,747		71,886	82,423				
Other Obligations	313,765		319,864		-	-		313,765	319,864				
Total Outstanding	\$ 618,480	\$	664,015	\$ 2,178,6	534	\$2,185,891	\$2	,797,114	\$2,849,906				

Major changes in long-term obligations during the year include:

Governmental Activities

• Bonds payable decreased by \$33.4 million as a result of annual principal payments and premium amortization. During the year, the City also refunded two RDA tax allocation bond issues. For capital leases, the City is reporting a decrease of \$5.7 million primarily due to principal payments offset by new leases for purchase of technology equipment. The Other Obligations of \$313.8 million is mostly attributable to City Hall and Civic Center complex.

Business-Type Activities

Bonds payable reported a decrease of \$69.9 million mostly due to the payoff of various bond issues by the Harbor Department and principal payments made by other enterprise funds. Notes payable increased by \$67.4 million mostly due to the Harbor Department making draws on a Transportation Infrastructure Finance and Innovation Act (TIFIA) loan in the total amount of \$495.0 million. The funds were used to finance and refinance costs related to the replacement of the Gerald Desmond Bridge, including, but not limited to, the repayment of the 2018A Notes and the 2020C Notes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in Notes 8 through 11 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Outlook

In March 2021, President Biden signed into law the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. Through the legislation, the City of Long Beach received an ARPA allocation of \$135.8 million for various purposes including responding to the COVID-19 emergency, addressing its public health and economic effects, and providing government services affected by a loss in revenue due to the pandemic. The receipt of these federal funds has allowed the City to begin its recovery from the pandemic.

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the General Fund's Operating Reserve stood at \$16.0 million, or 2.7 percent of normal operating expenditures, which is within the policy required range of 2 to 7 percent. The General Fund's Emergency Reserve, at \$48.4 million, is 8.1 percent of normal operating expenditures and is below the target level of 10 percent but above the minimum of 8 percent. The General Fund unassigned balance is a deficit \$16.5 million as a result of the transfer out to the Water Utility Fund related to the Measure M litigation.

Additional information related to the economy of the City is discussed in the accompanying Transmittal Letter.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information should be addressed to the City of Long Beach, Department of Financial Management, 411 West Ocean Boulevard, 6th Floor, Long Beach, California 90802.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Long Beach Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

(In Tho	usanus)			Component
	Primary Go	vernment		Unit Long Beach
	Tilliary Go	veriment		Public
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Transportation Company
ASSETS				
Current Assets: Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 107,847	\$ 234,104	\$ 341,951	\$ -
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	24,510	35,544	60,054	52,615
Pooled Investments	203,964	442,744	646,708	-
Interest Receivable Property Tax Receivable, Net	168 107,886	125	293 107,886	-
Accounts and Loans Receivables, Net	25,660	120,805	146,465	8.110
Due from Other Governments	142,559	29,414	171,973	-
Internal Balances	10,093	(10,093)	-	
Inventory Other Assets and Deposits	3,221 13,087	11,183 38,669	14,404 51,756	2,717 1,149
Land Held for Resale	5,874	-	5,874	1,149
Total Current Assets:	644,869	902,495	1,547,364	64,591
Noncurrent Restricted Assets:				
Non-Pooled Investments		52,813	52,813	22,890
Total Noncurrent Restricted Assets: Other Noncurrent Assets:		52,813	52,813	22,890
Pooled Investments	303,385	658,557	961,942	-
Other Noncurrent Receivables	220,992	210.700	220,992	-
Prepaid Gas - Long-term Fair Value - Commodity Swap	-	310,780 443,833	310,780 443,833	-
Land and Other Capital Assets not being Depreciated	369,357	2,185,709	2,555,066	16,186
Capital Assets, net of Accumulated Depreciation	681,864	4,306,349	4,988,213	80,171
Other Assets	6,375	54,752	61,127	
Total Other Noncurrent Assets:	1,581,973	7,959,980	9,541,953	96,357
Total Assets	2,226,842	8,915,288	11,142,130	183,838
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources	99,311	55,762	155,073	7,326
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	58,576 20,575	233,802	292,378	4,195
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Accrued Interest Payable	20,575 2,728	5,986 29,979	26,561 32,707	4,426
Due to Other Governments	258	-	258	-
Unearned Revenue, Credits, and Other Payables	72,983	49,436	122,419	42,180
Employee Benefits and Accrued Long-Term Obligations	92,973	17,709	110,682	19,884
Bonds, Loans, Capital Leases, and Other Long-Term Obligations	39,222	131,503	170,725	1,124
Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities:	287,315	468,415	755,730	71,809
Fair Value - Interest Rate Swap	_	10,079	10,079	_
Other Payables	-	9,575	9,575	8,471
Employee Benefits and Accrued Long-Term Obligations	287,790	149,164	436,954	4,720
Bonds, Loans, Capital Leases, and Other Long-Term Obligations	579,258	2,052,956	2,632,214	3,628
Total OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability	6,730 375,696	2,055 152,179	8,785 527,875	13,866
Total Noncurrent Liabilities:	1,249,474	2,376,008	3,625,482	30,685
Total Liabilities	1,536,789	2,844,423	4,381,212	102,494
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources	517,378	585,498	1,102,876	15,419
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,054,167	3,429,921	5,484,088	117,913
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	452,155	4,727,066	5,179,221	91,604
Debt Service	27,790	25,464	53,254	-
Capital Projects	91,264	79,444	170,708	304
Public Safety	7,424	-	7,424	-
Public Health Community and Cultural	13,049 317,561	-	13,049 317,561	-
Healthcare Insurance	18,611	-	18,611	-
Tidelands	,	20,970	20,970	-
Airport	-	9,636	9,636	-
Subsidence Unrestricted	(655 060)	191,151	191,151	(10 657)
Total Net Position	(655,868)	487,398 \$ 5.541,120	(168,470)	(18,657)
Total Inct Fosition	\$ 271,986	\$ 5,541,129	\$ 5,813,115	\$ 73,251

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

			Program Revenues								
	Expenses		C	charges for Services	G	Operating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS											
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:											
Legislative and Legal	\$	13,058	\$	18	\$	=	\$	-			
General Government		36,564		15,729		3,505		-			
Public Safety		311,933		49,116		17,494		-			
Public Health		60,016		7,471		198,277		-			
Community and Cultural		217,381		34,452		50,281		18			
Public Works		163,203		32,872		82,779		76,015			
Oil Operations		3,679		11,190		-		-			
Interest on Long-Term Debt		19,781						-			
Total Governmental Activities		825,615		150,848		352,336		76,033			
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES											
Gas Utility		83,900		112,277		-		-			
Water Utility		93,075		122,089		=		2,665			
Tidelands Operating		110,419		99,458		69		134			
Harbor		336,106		440,340		=		11,769			
Non-major Enterprise Funds		254,323		257,688		91		25,531			
Total Business-Type Activities		877,823		1,031,852		160		40,099			
Total Primary Government	\$	1,703,438	\$	1,182,700	\$	352,496	\$	116,132			
COMPONENT UNIT											
Long Beach Public Transportation											
Company	\$	110,756	\$	1,988	\$	91,987	\$	22,739			

Taxes:

Property

Sales

Utility Users

Other

Franchise Taxes

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, Beginning of Year

Net Position, End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities Total Long Beach Public Transportation Company Into		F	Prima	ry Governmen		OSITIOII	Component V	Unit
Activities Activities Total tation Compared \$ (13,040) \$ - \$ (13,040) \$ (17,330) (245,323) - (245,323) (245,323) 145,732 - 145,732 (132,630) 28,463 - 28,463 - 7,511 (19,781) - (19,781) - (19,781) (246,398) - (246,398) - (246,398) - 116,003 - (10,758) (10,758) - 116,003 - 116,003 - 116,003 - 28,987 - 28,987 - 28,987 - 194,288 194,288 (52,110) - 225,820 - 5,95 - 225,820 - 225,820 150,887 - 150,887 38,546 - 38,546 40,098 - 40,098 23,734 - 23,734 3,496 1,469 4,965 28								
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(17,330) - (17,330) (245,323) - (245,323) 145,732 - 145,732 (132,630) - (132,630) 28,463 - 28,463 7,511 - 7,511 (19,781) - (19,781) (246,398) - (246,398) - 28,377 28,377 - 31,679 31,679 - (10,758) (10,758) - 116,003 116,003 - 28,987 28,987 - 194,288 194,288 (246,398) 194,288 (52,110) - - - 5,95 225,820 - 225,820 150,887 - 150,887 38,546 - 38,546 40,098 - 40,098 23,734 - 23,734 3,496 1,469 4,965 28	A	Activities		Activities		Total	tation Comp	any
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- 116,003		-		31,679		31,679		-
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3,496 1,469 4,965 28		23,734		-				-
				1,469			2	287
(5,284) 5,284 -		(5,284)		5,284		-		-
						484,050		287
230,899 201,041 431,940 6,24								
41,087 5,340,088 5,381,175 67,00								
\$ 271,986 \$ 5,541,129 \$ 5,813,115 \$ 73,25	\$	271,986	\$	5,541,129	\$	5,813,115	\$ 73,2	251

City of Long Beach

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

		General	(General Capital Projects		Housing Assistance ecial Revenue	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Se	Total ptember 30, 2021
ASSETS										
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	172,337	\$	170,437	\$	25,083	\$	100,540	\$	468,397
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:		1,373		-		2,183		19,376		22,932
Property Taxes		113,077		-		-		-		113,077
Accounts Receivable		29,093		309		200		4,291		33,893
Due from Other Governments		40,851		16,733		-		84,945		142,529
Due from Other Funds		29,972		24		2,273		5,748		38,017
Allowance for Receivables		(8,890)		(63)		(167)		(5,812)		(14,932)
Inventory		-		102		-		-		102
Other Assets		2,127		1,489		-		106		3,722
Advances to Other Funds		-		-		-		3,809		3,809
Land Held for Resale		-		-		-		5,874		5,874
Other Noncurrent Receivables								220,992		220,992
Total Assets	\$	379,940	\$	189,031	\$	29,572	\$	439,869	\$	1,038,412
LIABILITIES										
Liabilities:	Φ.	15.564	Φ.	16.760	•	2 0 4 0	Φ.	- 15 t	Φ.	12.12.5
Accounts Payable	\$	15,564	\$	16,569	\$	2,848	\$	7,454	\$	42,435
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		11,677		230		109		1,521		13,537
Due to Other Governments Due to Other Funds		251		250		7		- 22.924		258
Unearned Revenues		57,293 6,138		259 12,810		123 1,612		23,824 46,970		81,499
						1,612		,		67,530
Deposits and Collections Held in Trust Advances from Other Funds		3,819 114		1,103				2,044 5,409		8,503 5,523
				-	-					5,523
Total Liabilities		94,856		30,971		6,236		87,222		219,285
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Deferred Inflows of Resources		112,403						215,784		328,187
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		2,127		1,489		-		927		4,543
Restricted		2,836		62,462		23,336		134,149		222,783
Committed		76,543		-		-		1,414		77,957
Assigned		107,658		94,109		-		373		202,140
Unassigned		(16,483)								(16,483)
Total Fund Balances		172,681		158,060		23,336		136,863		490,940
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources	ø	270.040	ø	190 021	¢	20.572	¢.	420.960	ø	1 020 412
and Fund Balances	\$	379,940	\$	189,031	\$	29,572	\$	439,869	\$	1,038,412

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 490,940
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, consisting of \$327,078 of non-depreciable assets and \$247,806 of depreciable assets, used in the governmental activities, which are not included in the internal service funds, are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	574,884
Deferred outflows of resources related to postemployment and economic losses from refinancing of debt are not included in the governmental funds.	89,960
Deferred inflows of resources related to postemployment and economic gains from refinancing of debt are not included in the governmental funds.	(157,925)
Governmental long-term liabilities, excluding those liabilities in the internal service funds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Liability amounts have been reduced by interest receivables for federal subsidy on Build America and Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds.	(803,808)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of operations and financing related to the Civic Center complex; operations, maintenance, financing, timely replacement of information technology assets and vehicles; and to account for the City's risk management, self-insurance, and employee benefits' programs to individual user funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	77,935
	 <u> </u>
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 271,986

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	General	General Capital Projects	Housing Assistance Special Revenue	Other Governmental Funds	Total September 30, 2021	
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ 200,359	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25,784	\$ 226,143	
Sales	148,449	-	-	2,438	150,887	
Utility Users	38,546	-	-	-	38,546	
Other Taxes	30,404	-	-	9,694	40,098	
Franchise Fees	23,734	-	-	-	23,734	
Licenses and Permits	36,550	-	-	10,460	47,010	
Fines and Forfeitures	14,395	-	-	-	14,395	
Use of Money and Property	30,001	389	139	3,317	33,846	
From Other Agencies	8,482	76,106	113,266	230,603	428,457	
Charges for Services	39,646	-	-	2,030	41,676	
Other	5,391	580	308	5,165	11,444	
Total Revenues	575,957	77,075	113,713	289,491	1,056,236	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Legislative and Legal	16,537	-	-	-	16,537	
General Government	34,860	-	22	6,951	41,833	
Public Safety	408,803	-	-	14,966	423,769	
Public Health	19,885	-	-	74,866	94,751	
Community and Cultural	53,645	0.560	108,934	60,199	222,778	
Public Works	58,535	8,569	-	11	67,115	
Oil Operations Total Current Expenditures	2,446 594,711	8,569	108,956	156,993	2,446 869,229	
			108,930			
Capital Improvements	24,765	76,203		1,744	102,712	
Debt Service:	1.426			20.722	22.150	
Principal Interest	1,436 42	-	-	20,723 11,928	22,159 11,970	
Debt Administration Fees	9	-	-	17,928	26	
Total Expenditures	620,963	84,772	108,956	191,405	1,006,096	
Excess of Revenues over	020,703	01,772	100,750	171,103	1,000,070	
(under) Expenditures	(45,006)	(7,697)	4,757	98,086	50,140	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		(1,021)				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	713	_		826	1,539	
Debt Issuance	-	-	-	19,765	19,765	
Premium on Debt Issuance	_	-	-	4,170	4,170	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-	-	-	(26,300)	(26,300)	
Cost of Issuance	-	-	-	(410)	(410)	
Transfers In	170,669	37,465	2,273	18,079	228,486	
Transfers Out	(89,625)	(1,109)		(103,037)	(193,771)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	81,757	36,356	2,273	(86,907)	33,479	
Net Change in Fund Balances	36,751	28,659	7,030	11,179	83,619	
Fund Balances - October 1	135,930	129,401	16,306	125,684	407,321	
Fund Balances - September 30						

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Excess of expenditures and other uses over revenue and other sources - total governmental funds	\$ 83,619
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost associated with the acquisition of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful life and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$33,713) is less than depreciation (\$22,487) in the current period.	11,226
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g., sales, trade-ins, disposal of capital assets, and donations) results in a decrease to net position.	(4,416)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue cannot be recognized until it is available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Under accrual accounting, revenue is recognized when it is earned regardless of its availability. In addition, governmental funds report expenditures pertaining to the establishment of certain long-term loans. Payments on these long-term receivables are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds. These deferred credits are not reported on the statement of net position and, therefore, the corresponding net expense is not reported on the statement of activities.	(949)
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the statement of net position.	46,915
Pension income reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in governmental funds.	165,980
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the payment of the principal of long-term debt and other long-term obligations consumes current financial resources. Neither transaction, however, has any affect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when long-term debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	25,853
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in government funds.	(51,779)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain services to individual funds. The net loss of certain activities of internal service funds is reported as governmental activities.	(45,550)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 230,899

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Variance with

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		actual on	Final Budget -		
	C	Priginal		Final		udgetary Basis ¹		Positive Jegative)	
Revenues:		8	-			Dasis		(egative)	
Property Taxes	\$	189,843	\$	189,843	\$	200,359	\$	10,516	
Sales Taxes		129,427		129,427		148,449		19,022	
Utility Users Taxes		34,905		34,905		38,546		3,641	
Other Taxes		32,491		32,491		30,404		(2,087)	
Franchise Fees		27,079		27,079		23,734		(3,345)	
Licenses and Permits		30,738		31,788		36,550		4,762	
Fines and Forfeitures		19,379		19,379		14,395		(4,984)	
Use of Money and Property		29,487		31,228		30,001		(1,227)	
From Other Agencies		6,479		6,580		8,482		1,902	
Charges for Services		45,804		8,402		39,646		31,244	
Other Proposeds from Sala of Comital Asset		3,968		1,163		5,391 713		4,228 713	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset Transfers In		22,213		44,719		170,669		125,950	
Total Revenues		571,813		557,004		747,339		190,335	
		371,013		337,001		717,557		170,555	
Expenditures: Current:									
Legislative and Legal									
Mayor and City Council		6,626		7,793		6,915		878	
City Attorney		3,744		3,604		4,328		(724)	
City Clerk		6,190		6,340		5,294		1,046	
General Government		-,		-,		-,		-,	
City Auditor		3,024		3,024		3,374		(350)	
City Manager		6,700		10,209		10,057		152	
Civil Service		3,302		3,223		3,615		(392)	
Financial Management		8,955		61,832		16,473		45,359	
Planning and Building		843		1,867		2,122		(255)	
Public Safety									
Police		247,762		252,373		260,373		(8,000)	
Fire		107,913		113,655		123,380		(9,725)	
Disaster Preparedness		12,596		12,706		14,342		(1,636)	
City Prosecutor		6,712		7,128		7,169		(41)	
Planning and Building - Code Enforcement		3,824		3,371		4,397		(1,026)	
Public Health		10,279		39,423		20,584		18,839	
Community and Cultural		1 407		7 275		670		6.506	
Community Development Library		1,497 19,619		7,275 20,608		679 20,690		6,596	
Parks and Recreation		30,773		34,103		32,407		(82) 1,696	
Public Works		45,999		93,049		58,669		34,380	
Oil Operations		3,302		3,302		2,446		856	
Debt Service		512		512		1,487		(975)	
Capital Outlay		169		24,539		24,765		(226)	
Transfers Out		36,976		51,788		89,625		(37,837)	
Total Expenditures		567,317		761,724		713,191		48,533	
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$	4,496	\$	(204,720)	\$	34,148	\$	238,868	
c c ,			Ψ	(201,720)	-	3 1,1 10	Ψ	250,000	
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis					ф	24.140			
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, I	Budgetai	y Basis			\$	34,148			
Add: Encumbrances						2,603			
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, (GAAP B	asis				36,751			
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis						135,930			
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis					\$	172,681			

¹ Incorporates adjustments due to prepayment of the CalPERS unfunded liability. See page 161 for details.

Housing Assistance Special Revenue Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021
(In Thousands)

		Budgeted Original	dgeted Amounts			Actual on Budgetary Basis		nriance th Final udget ositive egative)
Revenues:								
Use of Money and Property	\$	92	\$	92	\$	139	\$	47
From Other Agencies		91,946		110,078		113,266		3,188
Other		177		177		308		131
Transfers In		-		_		2,273		2,273
Total Revenues		92,215		110,347		115,986		5,639
Expenditures: General Government		_						
Financial Management Community and Cultural		175		175		22		153
Development Services		93,730		111,718		108,938		2,780
Total Expenditures		93,905		111,893		108,960		2,933
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	(1,690)	\$	(1,546)	\$	7,026	\$	8,572
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to G	GAAF	Basis						
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Budg	getary	Basis			\$	7,026		
Add: Encumbrances						4		
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GAA	P Bas	sis				7,030		
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis						16,306		
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis					\$	23,336		

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position (Deficit) September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	elands erating
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 58,150 \$ 27,643 \$ 1	40,988
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents 89 510	27,962
Receivables:	
Interest Receivable 15 10	61
Accounts Receivable 14,662 10,925	13,642
Notes and Loans Receivable	-
Due from Other Governments - 475	268
Due from Other Funds - 30,846	21,733
Allowance for Receivables (3,023) (1,071)	(1,904)
Deposits	-
Inventory 3,679 6,557	-
Prepaid Gas - Current 23,689 -	-
Other Assets - Current	
Total Current Asset 97,365 80,945 2	202,750
Noncurrent Assets:	
Restricted Noncurrent Assets:	
Non-Pooled Investments 27,085 2,395	15,884
Noncurrent Receivables:	
Advances to Other Funds	-
Fair Value - Commodity Swap 443,833 -	-
Capital Assets:	
Land and Other Capital Assets not being Depreciated 13,401 71,269	68,752
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation 163,919 288,936 2	276,768
Prepaid Gas - Long Term 310,780 -	-
Other Assets - Long-Term	
Total Noncurrent Assets 959,018 362,600 3	361,404
Total Assets 1,056,383 443,545 5	564,154
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows of Resources 13,874 5,423	12,330

B	Business-type	e Ac	tivities - Ent	terprise Funds			Governmental Activities			
Harbor		Pı	Other Proprietary Funds		Total roprietary Funds	Internal Service Funds		nternal Service		
	_				_					
\$	741,086	\$	367,538	\$	1,335,405		\$	146,799		
	1		6,982		35,544			1,578		
	7		32		125			-		
	61,857		32,000		133,086			1,532		
	-		-		-			-		
	24,975		3,696		29,414			30		
	444		2,825		55,848			27,333		
	(2,171)		(4,112)		(12,281)			(24)		
	-		-		-			9,365		
	762		185		11,183			3,119		
	- 0.016		-		23,689			-		
	9,816		10		14,980	=				
	836,777		409,156		1,626,993	-		189,732		
	-		7,449		52,813			-		
	1,210		114		1,324			5,687		
	-		-		443,833			-		
	1,953,119		79,168		2,185,709			42,279		
	3,244,455		332,271		4,306,349			434,058		
	-		-		310,780			-		
	54,752		-		54,752	_		6,375		
	5,253,536		419,002		7,355,560	488,3		488,399		
	6,090,313		828,158		8,982,553	-		678,131		
	15,990		8,145		55,762			9,351		
15,990			0,173		33,102	-	((Continued)		
							, (ommucu)		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position (Deficit) September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

(Continued)

(Continued)							
	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Fun						
	Gas	Water	Tidelands				
	Utility	Utility	Operating				
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets:							
Accounts Payable	6,447	15,686	4,375				
Accrued Wages	645	816	886				
Accrued Interest Payable	9,954	247	3,604				
Due to Other Funds	1,341	1,535	1,629				
Unearned Revenues	1,407	180	2,143				
Collections Held in Trust	-	88	215				
Customers Deposits	2,680	20	763				
Advances from Developers	-	1,597	-				
Accrued Self-Insurance Claims - Current	-	-	-				
Environmental Remediation - Current	-	-	-				
Due to State of California	2 002	2 204	2.761				
Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits	2,003	2,294	2,761				
Obligations Under Capital Leases - Current Bonds Payable Due Within One Year	1,158 16,040	1,640 3,300	41 13,165				
Other Long-Term Obligations - Current	10,040	3,300	29				
Total Current Liabilities	41,675	27.402	29,611				
	41,073	27,403	29,011				
Noncurrent Liabilities: Advances from Other Funds			1,210				
Unearned Revenues	_	_	4,526				
Accrued Self-Insurance Claims	_	_	1,320				
Accrued Oil Field Abandonment Costs	-	-	_				
Environmental Remediation	-	-	_				
Site Restoration	-	1,000	-				
Due to State of California	-	-	-				
Fair Value - Interest Rate Swap	10,079		-				
Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits	4,607	4,712	6,614				
Obligations Under Capital Leases	10,333	19,586	185				
Other Long-Term Obligations Bonds Payable	540,121	10,239	280 195,088				
Total OPEB Liability	272	282	392				
Net Pension Liability	15,457	20,005	22,141				
•							
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	580,869	55,824	230,436				
Total Liabilities	622,544	83,227	260,047				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Inflows of Resources	457,223	17,604	24,311				
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	162,671	326,635	156,322				
Restricted for:							
Debt Service	-	1,441	5,927				
Capital Projects	13,249	-	389				
Insurance	-	-	-				
Tidelands	-	-	20,970				
Airport	-	-	-				
Subsidence Unrestricted	(185,430)	20,061	108,518				
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (9,510)	\$ 348,137	\$ 292,126				

Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds Net Position of Business-type Activities

Business-type	e Activities - Ent	terprise Funds	Governmental Activities
	Other	Total	Internal
	Proprietary	Proprietary	Service
Harbor	Funds	Funds	Funds
180,916	26,378	233,802	16,141
2,257	1,382	5,986	7,038
13,908	2,266	29,979	773
25,970	2,703	33,178	6,521
18,472	5,875	28,077	=
3,393	763	4,459	4,097
-	835	4,298	-
-	11,005	12,602	-
450	-	450	31,605
-	_	=	175
_	5,825	5,825	_
6,207	3,994	17,259	6,795
0,207	3,227	2,839	9,130
35,530	3,700	71,735	1,612
51,075	3,700	51,104	5,189
338,178	64,726	501,593	89,076
4,087	-	5,297	-
-	5,049	9,575	-
-	-	-	144,780
-	110,300	110,300	-
2,600	-	2,600	-
-	-	1,000	-
-	-	-	725
-	-	10,079	-
12,238	7,093	35,264	7,855
-	-	30,104	29,813
493,925	-	494,205	284,576
682,062	101,137	1,528,647	16,340
675	434	2,055	472
60,174	34,402	152,179	33,434
1,255,761	258,415	2,381,305	517,995
1,593,939	323,141	2,882,898	607,071
53,642	32,718	585,498	31,266
3,768,983	312,455	4,727,066	130,634
13,717	4,379	25,464	-
37,743	28,063	79,444	1,395
-	-	-	18,611
-	-	20,970	-
-	9,636	9,636	-
-	191,151	191,151	-
638,279	(65,240)	516,188	(101,495)
\$ 4,458,722	\$ 480,444	5,569,919	\$ 49,145
		(28,790)	
		\$ 5,541,129	

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position (Deficit)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021
(In Thousands)

Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Operating Payonage	 Gas Utility	 Water Utility	idelands Operating
Operating Revenues: Licenses and Permits Fines and Forfeitures Fees, Concessions, and Rentals	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 470 311 39,563
From Other Agencies Charges for Services	108,871	117,593	46,383
Other Total Operating Revenues	 3,059	 1,375 118,968	 4,273 91,000
Operating Expenses:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Personnel Services Purchases of Gas and Water Maintenance and Other Operations	\$ 12,924 14,693 18,726	\$ 15,555 27,672 33,499	\$ 23,261 - 54,491
Rental Expense	10,720	33, 4 99 -	54, 4 91 -
Insurance Premiums	-	-	-
Self-Insured Losses	-	-	-
Compensated Absences	-	-	-
Employee Benefits	-	-	-
Payments to Other Entities		-	-
Depreciation	 7,724	 13,428	 21,846
Total Operating Expenses	 54,067	 90,154	 99,598
Operating Income (Loss)	57,863	 28,814	 (8,598)
Non-Operating Income (Expenses):			
Interest Income	1,276	101	84
Interest Expense	(28,689)	(1,394)	(8,589)
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets	(472)	(325)	17
Oil Field Abandonment	-	-	-
Operating Grants	- 2.45	- 2 121	69
Other France	347	3,121	8,457
Other Expense	 (729)	 (789)	 (3,151)
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) Income (Loss) Before Contributions	 (28,267)	 714	 (3,113)
and Transfers	29,596	29,528	(11,711)
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	2,665	134
Transfers:			
Transfers In	980	30,832	35,228
Transfers Out	 (15,323)	 (8,628)	 (5,700)
Change in Net Position	15,253	54,397	17,951
Net Position (Deficit) - October 1, as adjusted	(24,763)	293,740	274,175
Net Position (Deficit) - September 30	\$ (9,510)	\$ 348,137	\$ 292,126

Change in Net Position of Business - Enterprise Funds

Adjustment to Reflect the Consolidation of Internal Service Fund Activities Related to Enterprise Funds Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities

Business-Type		e Activities - Enterprise Funds					Governmental		
			Other		Total	Activities Internal			
		ъ		ъ					
		Pı	oprietary	Pı	roprietary	Service			
	Harbor		Funds		Funds		Funds		
\$	-	\$	18,406	\$	18,876	\$	-		
	-		15		326		-		
	_		123,536		163,099		_		
	_		2,335		2,335		_		
	431,373		109,558		813,778		480,246		
	3,271		692		12,670		5,787		
	434,644				_	-			
	434,044		254,542		1,011,084		486,033		
\$	37,258	\$	36,685	\$	125,683		35,075		
	-		-		42,365		-		
	59,145		113,706		279,567		67,818		
	-		184		184		-		
	-		-		-		10,508		
	-		_		-		12,567		
	_		_		_		60,982		
	_		_		_		266,180		
	38,320		69,919		108,239		200,100		
	172,827		18,782		234,607		30,289		
	307,550		239,276		790,645		483,419		
	127,094		15,266		220,439		2,614		
	_		8		1,469		1		
	(27,068)		(7,021)		(72,761)		(9,897)		
	(= , , , , , ,		1		(779)		899		
	_		(7,700)		(7,700)		-		
			91		160		984		
	5,696		3,146		20,767		1,609		
	5,070		(1,416)		(6,085)		(1,613)		
	(21 272)								
_	(21,372)		(12,891)		(64,929)		(8,017)		
	105,722		2,375		155,510		(5,403)		
	11,769		25,531		40,099		_		
	11,700		23,331		10,077				
	134		5,992		73,166		13,195		
	(21,733)		(16,498)		(67,882)		(53,194)		
	95,892		17,400		200,893		(45,402)		
	4,362,830		463,044		5,369,026		94,547		
\$	4,458,722	\$	480,444		5,569,919	\$	49,145		
					200,893	===			
					148				
				•					
				\$	201,041				

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Business-Ty	pe Activities - En	nterprise Funds
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	Gas	Water	Tidelands
<u>CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>	Utility	Utility	Operating
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Receipts from Customers	\$ 108,660	\$ 118,419	\$ 82,790
Receipts from Oil Companies	-	-	5.052
Receipts from Other Entities	-	=	5,052
Receipts from Other Funds	(10.144)	(22.971)	(22 (10)
Payments for Employee Salaries	(19,144)	(22,871)	(33,610)
Payments for Goods and Services Payments for Compensated Absences	(7,619)	(59,575)	(59,134)
Payments for Employee Benefits	_	-	_
Payments for Liability Claims	_	_	_
Payments to Other Funds	_	_	_
Payments to Other Entities	_	(1,948)	(5,564)
Other Income	347	375	13,149
Other Expense	(729)	(792)	(3,153)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	81,515	33,608	(470)
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	01,515	33,000	(470)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Other Income		1.026	
Other income Operating Grants Received from Other Governments	-	1,036	71
1 0	-	-	/1
Operating Subsidies Paid to Other Funds	(12.000)	-	-
Payments of Principal on Bonds Payable	(13,990)	-	-
Payments of Interest	(28,690)	1 710	25.220
Transfers In Transfers Out	980	1,710	35,228
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	(15,323)	(8,628)	(5,700)
Non-Capital Financing Activities	(57,023)	(5,882)	29,599
	(37,023)	(3,882)	29,399
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			124
Receipt of Capital Grants	-	220	134 17
Proceeds from Issuence of Long Torm Obligations	-	238	1 /
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-Term Obligations Receipts of Contributed Capital	_	4,082	-
Receipts from Passenger Facility Charges	_	-1,002	_
Receipt of Federal Subsidy	_	_	_
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(12,570)	(17,828)	(10,738)
Payments of Principal on Bonds Payable	-	(3,170)	(12,871)
Payments of Principal on Other Long-Term Obligations	(1,735)	(3,634)	(66)
Payments of Interest	(285)	(1,530)	(8,921)
Net Cash Used for Capital			
and Related Financing Activities	(14,590)	(21,842)	(32,445)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Proceeds from the Sale of Investments	-	-	1,499
Payments for Purchase of Investments	(1,586)	-	_
Receipt from Joint Venture	-	-	-
Payments of Interest	-	-	(301)
Receipts of Interest	1,282	553	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	(304)	553	1,198
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,598	6,437	(2,118)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1	48,641	21,716	171,068
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30	\$ 58,239	\$ 28,153	\$ 168,950

Business-Typ	Governmental Activities			
	Other	Other Total		
	Proprietary	Proprietary	Internal Service	
Haulsan	1 2			
Harbor	Funds	Funds	Funds	
\$ 457,190	\$ 158,056	\$ 925,115	\$ 5,092	
\$ 757,170	91,717	91,717	\$ 5,072	
_	16,647	21,699	(8,274)	
-	760	760	508,513	
(52,006)	(51,175)	(179,806)		
(53,006)			(47,812)	
(125,119)	(117,867)	(369,314)	(64,919)	
-	-	-	(59,972)	
-	-	-	(290,448)	
-	-	-	(26,726)	
-	(1,141)	(1,141)	-	
-	(75,136)	(82,648)	-	
-	1,452	15,323	1,443	
(1,209)	(1,416)	(7,299)	(1,613)	
277,856	21,897	414,406	15,284	
-	=	1,036	166	
-	91	162	984	
-	(29)	(29)	-	
-	-	(13,990)	-	
_	_	(28,690)	_	
_	5,992	43,910	(53,194)	
(19,797)	(16,498)	(65,946)	13,195	
(19,797)	(10,444)	(63,547)	(38,849)	
22.046		22 190		
33,046	- 1	33,180	054	
545,000	1	256	954	
545,000	22.062	545,000	-	
-	22,062	26,144	-	
-	3,469	3,469	-	
(202.220)	1,156	1,156	(24.275)	
(203,230)	(48,544)	(292,910)	(24,375)	
(24,470)	(3,532)	(44,043)	(8,307)	
(472,050)	-	(477,485)	(11,132)	
(46,727)	(6,364)	(63,827)	(8,505)	
(168,431)	(31,752)	(269,060)	(51,365)	
	1,238	2,737		
-	1,238	(1,586)	-	
2 000	-	2,000	-	
3,000	(221)	3,000	(2.006)	
1966	(221)	(522)	(2,006)	
4,866	- 1.017	6,701	- (2.006)	
7,866	1,017	10,330	(2,006)	
97,494	(19,282)	92,129	(76,936)	
643,593	393,802	1,278,820	225,313	
\$ 741,087	\$ 374,520	\$ 1,370,949	\$ 148,377	
		,,-	(continued)	
			(

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Accrued Transfers to Other Fund

Discontinued Capital Projects

Accrued Transfers from Other Fund

Borrowing under Capital Lease or Other Long-term Debt

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					ise Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Gas Utility		Water Utility	-	idelands perating
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	57,863	\$	28,814	\$	(8,598)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:						
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		7,724		13,428		21,846
Other Income		-		375		8,457
Other Expense		(382)		(792)		(3,153)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, Net (Increase) Decrease in Amounts Due from Other Governments		(1,118)		(1,447)		(8,103) (991)
(Increase) Decrease in Amounts Due from Other Governments (Increase) Decrease in Amounts Due from Other Funds		304		896		9,483
(Increase) Decrease in Inventory		(659)		(45)		7,403
(Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		23,396		-		_
Increase in Other Non-Operating Assets				(2,498)		_
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		2,959		1,729		(4,694)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		(6,220)		(7,251)		(10,349)
Increase (Decrease) in Amounts Due to Other Funds		(1,735)		460		(4,574)
Increase in Accrued Claims Payable		-		-		-
Increase in Unearned Revenues		(450)		82		54
Increase (Decrease) in Collections Held in Trust		(167)		(143)		152
Total Adjustments		23,652		4,794		8,128
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	81,515	\$	33,608	\$	(470)
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIV	ITIE	<u>S:</u>				
Amortization of Bond Premium (Discount), Net	\$	23,501	\$	_	\$	481
Accrued Capital Assets				_		_
Accrued Oilfield Abandonment Costs		_		-		_
Amortization of Deferred Outflows on Debt Refunding		_		_		(441)
Amortization of Deferred Inflows on Debt Refunding		-		-		-

(30,832)

	Ві	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						vernmental activities		
			Other Total		Internal					
			Pr	oprietary	Pr	oprietary		Service		
		Harbor		Funds		Funds		Funds		
	\$	127,094	\$	15,266	\$	220,439	\$	2,614		
				,						
		172,827		18,782		234,607		30,289		
		(1,209)		1,564		9,187		1,443		
		-		(1,416)		(5,743)		(1,613)		
		9,655		(8,263)		(9,276)		3,805		
		-		12,097		11,106		-		
		-		387		11,070		6,376		
		-		-	(704) 2,910			(259)		
		(20,492)		6				29,369		
		-		-	(2,498)			-		
		(10,362)		2,773	(7,595)			(13,827)		
		(1,101)		(14,491)		(39,412)		(22,625)		
		(694)		(2,423)				(8,966)		(17,245)
		(4,800)		-		(4,800)		(3,651)		
		6,938		(1,094)		5,530		-		
		-		(1,291)		(1,449)		608		
		150,762		6,631		193,967		12,670		
	\$	277,856	\$	21,897	\$	414,406	\$	15,284		
	\$	15,014	\$	_	\$	38,996	\$	_		
		135,773		-		135,773		_		
		-		7,700		7,700		_		
		_				(441)		_		
		1,254		_		1,254		_		
		21,732		=		21,732		_		
		21,732		_		(30,832)		-		
		-		-		(30,032)		00 297		
		839		-		839		99,287		
		8.39		-		5.59		_		

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

ASSETS:	Pu	rivate rpose et Funds	Custodial Funds
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	618	\$ 13,159
Non-Pooled Investments	Φ	010	1,095
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		_	8,719
Property Taxes Receivable		_	147
Interest Receivable		_	30
Accounts Receivable		_	1,058
Prepaid Expense		_	8
Land		-	11,000
Total Assets		618	35,216
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable		_	308
Total Liabilities			308
NET POSITION:			
Restricted for:			
Miller Library Trust		613	-
Mayor's Fund for the Homeless		5	-
Oil Rights		-	1,819
Special Assesment Districts		-	10,950
Intermodal Container Transfer Facility		-	6,500
Los Cerritos Wetlands Authority		-	11,268
Other Custodial Funds			4,371
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	618	\$ 34,908

City of Long Beach

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 202 (In Thousands)

	Private Purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds	
ADDITIONS:				
Contributions	\$	-	\$	4,730
Taxes		-		10,609
Grants		-		356
Use of Money and Property		-		234
Miscellaneous Revenue		_		52
Total Additions		_		15,981
DEDUCTIONS:				
Administrative Expense		37		13
Payments to Bond Holders		-		11,344
Payments to Others		_		5,376
Total Deductions		37		16,733
Change in Net Position		(37)		(752)
Net Position, October 1		655		35,660
Net Position, September 30	\$	618	\$	34,908

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY

Organization

The City of Long Beach (City) operates under a City Charter originally adopted in 1921 and last amended in 2010. The City Charter establishes the current Mayor-Council-City Manager form of government, sets forth the powers and duties of the Mayor and City Council, and defines the roles, duties, and form of organization of the City's various boards, commissions, and other offices. The City is divided into nine council districts, with Councilpersons elected to serve within their respective districts. The Mayor, City Auditor, City Attorney, and City Prosecutor are all elected Citywide. The City Council appoints a City Manager who serves at the discretion of the Council.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City provides a full range of municipal services including police and fire, health and social services, library, parks and recreation, planning and community development, and public works improvements. The City also provides for sanitation, gas, water, and towing services. The City operates its own airport, five golf courses, international harbor facility, and a tidelands trust area (consisting of the beaches, Convention Center, Queen Mary, Rainbow Harbor, marinas, and oil extraction administrative operations), under a trust agreement with the State of California. It is the City's policy to establish fees and charges designed to recover the full cost of providing services, including capital costs such as depreciation and debt service. Accordingly, the financial activities of these operations are accounted for as enterprise funds.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial activity of the City and its component units, entities for which the primary government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although separate legal entities, are in substance part of the government's operations. The City's discretely presented component unit represents a legally separate organization for which the nature and significance of its relationship to the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the City's reporting entity to be misleading or incomplete. Brief descriptions of these related blended and discretely presented component financial reporting units/entities and the method of incorporating their financial information in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

Blended Component Entities

Housing Authority of the City of Long Beach (Authority) is a public agency created by action of the City Council in 1969 to administer housing assistance programs for qualified residents. The Authority is governed by an 11-member Board of Commissioners, comprised of the nine City Council members and two representatives elected by housing assistance benefit recipients. The Authority's administrative functions are directed and performed by City employees. The financial activity of the Authority is included in the Housing Assistance Special Revenue Fund.

Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Long Beach (Agency): Consistent with the dissolution legislation, the Redevelopment Agency ceased operation effective February 1, 2012. The City exercised its option to become the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency and the Housing Successor Agency (HSA) for the Low and Moderate Income Housing function. The City is responsible for the winding down of Agency business to include the completion of ongoing projects and the disposition of assets. As the HSA, the City is responsible for executing the former mission of the Low and Moderate Income Housing function as long as funding permits. Like its predecessor, the Agency is considered a blended component unit of the City. The financial activities of the Agency were blended with those of the City in the accompanying basic financial statements and are reported as the Agency's Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Long Beach Community Investment Company (Company) is a non-profit corporation formed by action of the City Council in 1987 to plan, direct, perform, and assist the City in meeting its responsibility to provide adequate housing to low-and-moderate-income residents, senior citizens, and disabled persons. The Company provides services that indirectly benefit the City even though it does not provide services directly to the City. The City Council appoints the Company's Board of Directors, approves the Company's bylaws and changes thereto, approves the Company's budget, and has ultimate authority over the Company's activities. In addition, the City provides all staffing, facilities, and funding for the Company's operations and the City's management has operational responsibility for the Company. The financial activities are blended with those of the City in the accompanying basic financial statements and are accounted for in the Housing Development Fund. By electing to form a non-profit corporation to carry out functions that would ordinarily revert to the City, it is the City Council's intention that a greater potential for public/private partnerships be created.

Southeast Resource Recovery Facility Authority (SERRF) is a joint powers authority between the City and the Los Angeles County Sanitation District Number 2. SERRF was created to finance the construction of a waste-to-energy facility through the issuance of lease revenue bonds which have been fully paid off. The City Council appoints the SERRF's members of the Board and has authority to remove appointed members of the Board at will. The City Council also has the ability to appoint, hire, reassign, or dismiss those persons responsible for the day-to-day operations and management of the SERRF. The financial activities of SERRF are included in the Solid Waste Management Enterprise Fund.

Non-profit Financing Corporations and Authorities

The financial operations of several non-profit financing corporations and authorities organized for the purpose of financing various capital improvements within the City or the refinancing of debt are also included as blended component units in the accompanying basic financial statements. The activities of the organizations listed below are generally restricted to financing City-related capital improvements. In this regard, the City Council either serves as the governing board or appoints the voting majority of the governing board, and otherwise exercises significant oversight and direct operational and financial control over these entities. Therefore, such entities meet established criteria for inclusion in the accompanying basic financial statements.

For the most part, these non-profit corporations enter into capitalizable leases with the City. However, for financial reporting purposes, such lease transactions are eliminated, and the related financing obligations and related capital assets are carried at cost in the accompanying basic financial statements. There is no requirement to separately issue financial statements for these component units.

The non-profit financing corporations established by the City are as follows:

Entity	Fund Type	Affected Funds
Long Beach Financing Authority	Governmental	Custodial Funds
Long Beach Bond Financing Authority	Governmental and Business-type	Internal Service Funds Enterprise Funds Governmental Funds
Long Beach Capital Improvement Company	Business-type	Enterprise Funds
Finance Authority of Long Beach	Governmental and Business-type	Internal Service Funds Enterprise Funds Governmental Funds

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Long Beach Public Transportation Company (LBT) is a non-profit corporation formed in 1963 to purchase the local public transit system from a private carrier. The City is the LBT's sole stakeholder.

The LBT is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors (Board), which provides broad policy and financial decisions, setting direction for management. The Mayor, with the approval of the City Council, appoints residents of the community to the Board to serve overlapping four-year terms. In addition, two designees of the City Manager's Office serve as ex-officio Board members but do not have voting authority. The LBT's mission is "to provide public transit services that enhance and improve the quality of life for the people in our community."

The LBT's governing body does not share common membership with that of the City and its service area overlaps other communities. The financial operations of the LBT are reported as a separate column in the basic financial statements to emphasize that the LBT is legally and operationally separate from the City. Separate financial statements can be obtained from the Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Long Beach Transit, P.O. Box 731, Long Beach, California 90801.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements with the exception of exchange or exchange-like transactions between governmental functions that if eliminated would distort direct cost and program revenue. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities and for each function of governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include: (a) charges paid by the recipients for goods and services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the accompanying government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the accompanying fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is concerned with what financial transactions and events, the inflow and outflow of resources, will be recognized in the accounting records and reported in the financial statements. The term "basis of accounting" is used to describe the timing of recognition or when the effects of transactions or events should be recognized.

The government-wide, proprietary, fiduciary private purpose trust and custodial funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and an expense is recorded when a liability is incurred,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met and if collection is expected within the next fiscal year.

The governmental funds financial statements are prepared on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. To conform to the modified accrual basis of accounting, certain modifications must be made to the accrual method. These modifications are outlined below:

- Revenue is recorded when it becomes both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, and except for reimbursement-basis government revenues that are recognized when earned and collected within a year, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property taxes and taxpayer-assessed tax revenues (e.g., franchise taxes, sales taxes, motor vehicle fees, etc.), net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period.
- An expenditure is recorded when the related liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term debt are recorded when payment is due.
- Expenditures are presented in functional categories such as general government and public safety. For the City, the amounts presented include an allocation of indirect costs.
- Disbursements for the purchase of capital assets providing future benefits are considered expenditures. Bond proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets and unrestricted fund balance that is either committed, assigned, or unassigned, as a measure of available spendable resources. This is the traditional basis of accounting for governmental funds and is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. This presentation is deemed most appropriate to demonstrate both legal compliance and how the City's actual revenues and expenditures conform to the annual budget. Since the governmental funds financial statements are presented on a different basis than the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided immediately following each fund statement. These reconciliations briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental and enterprise funds:

Major Governmental Funds

The *General Fund* is used to account for financial resources applicable to the general governmental operations of the City, which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *General Capital Projects Fund* was established to account for the acquisition, construction, maintenance and improvement of facilities and infrastructure. These activities are financed by grants, bond proceeds, gasoline and voter approved transportation taxes, and operating transfers from other City funds.

The *Housing Assistance Special Revenue Fund* is used to account for programs administered by the City's Housing Authority under regulations of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Major Enterprise Funds

The Gas Utility Fund is used to account for the activities associated with the transmission and distribution of natural gas to the City's customers by the Energy Resources Department. The Long Beach Financing Authority Gas Prepay Function is combined with the City's Gas Operating Function for the purpose of financial statement presentation.

The *Water Utility Fund* is used to account for the activities associated with the sourcing, purification, and delivery of water to the City's customers by the Water Department.

The *Tidelands Operating Fund* is used to account for operations, maintenance, and development of the beaches, marinas, Convention Center, Queen Mary, and the Aquarium of the Pacific.

The *Harbor Fund* is used to account for the operations and development of the Tidelands area harbor district, commonly referred to as the Port of Long Beach (Harbor).

The City also reports the following other fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for a variety of services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. These services include civic center and related maintenance and financing, information technology, fleet services, workers' compensation, general liability, unemployment insurance, and employee benefits.

Fiduciary Funds include private trust and custodial funds. Private trust funds account for assets and activities restricted to a specific purpose in accordance with a trust agreement. These include the Miller Library and Mayor's Fund for the Homeless, from which both principal and interest may be spent for the purposes outlined in the trusts. Custodial funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units. The City's Custodial funds include Los Cerritos Wetlands Authority, which holds land and cash for the protection and restoration of the Los Cerritos Wetlands area, and Special Assessment Districts that issue various debts for the benefit of Long Beach area property owners.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment, and capital grants and contributions, including special assessments, that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Internally dedicated resources, including all taxes, are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Business-type activities distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services along with producing and delivering goods in connection with a business-type activity's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's business-type activities are charges for services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

City of Long Beach Investment Pool

The City pools the cash resources of its various funds into the City of Long Beach Investment Pool (Pool). The Pool is an internal investment pool that is used to facilitate the management of cash and provide income through conservative investment activities. The Pool is used as a demand deposit account by the various funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

The Pool's investments are designed to meet any demand for funding by using a combination of short-term on demand accounts and highly liquid investments. Interest income arising from pooled investments is apportioned to the participating funds based on the relationship of their respective daily cash balances to the total of pooled cash and investments.

One of the Pool's highly liquid investments is the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), a money market like external investment pool. The fair value of the City's investment in the LAIF pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF, for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The City is a voluntary participant in the LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California.

Cash Equivalents

The governmental and business-type fund statements present all cash, cash equivalents, and investments as cash and cash equivalents regardless of their maturity. The government-wide statements do not present the Pool as a demand deposit account and thus all cash, cash equivalents, and investments with a maturity of less than 90 days of the balance sheet date are presented as cash. Cash equivalents and investments with a maturity between 90 days and one year of the balance sheet date, excluding those restricted for long-term purposes, are presented as investments, and all other cash equivalents and investments are presented as long-term investments.

Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction. The City categorizes investments and derivative instruments reported at fair value within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles.

The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

The City's investments, including the individual holdings of the Pool, are valued at fair value and consist primarily of U.S. Treasury Notes, Federal Agency Securities and units of the LAIF. See note 4 and note 12 to the basic financial statements for more information on the City's investments and derivative instruments, respectively.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that represent lending/borrowing arrangements are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" for the current portion of interfund loans or "advances to/from other funds" for the non-current portion of interfund loans. Any residual balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable, available financial resources. Trade and property tax receivables are shown net of any provisions for uncollectible accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Inventories

Inventory and supplies are accounted for using the consumption method and are stated at average cost, applied on a first-in, first-out basis.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the accompanying government-wide financial statements.

The City defines capital assets as items with an initial, individual cost of more than ten thousand dollars (five thousand dollars for grant-funded assets) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets and donated works of art and similar items are recorded at acquisition value (an entry price) at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest costs incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities are included as part of the capitalized value of the constructed asset.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated on a straight-line basis, over the estimated useful lives of the assets, as follows:

Land Improvements	15 - 35 years
Buildings and Utility Plant	20 - 50 years
Structures and Facilities	10 - 35 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years
Automobiles	2 - 6 years
Automotive Equipment	10 - 20 years
Software, Machinery and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Office Furniture, Fixtures, and Equipment	3 - 20 years
Patent	20 years

Land parcels held for resale are recorded at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value, and are adjusted for estimated declines in fair value. All land held for resale by the Successor Agency is valued at \$0 as the proceeds from the sale of this land are remitted to the County for distribution to various agencies including the City.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable statement of net position. Initial-issue bond premiums and discounts are amortized using the effective-interest-rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the unamortized portion of applicable premium, discount, and gain or loss on refunding. Bond issuance costs, including underwriters' discount, are expensed during the period issued. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts, and the gain or loss on refunding are generally included in interest expense unless otherwise noted.

In the City's governmental fund statements bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are recognized during the period the debt is issued. The face amount of debt issued has been reported as other financing sources. Premiums received are reported as other financing sources, while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous and Safety Plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Pension liabilities are being funded over time through burden rates, applied as a percentage of current pensionable salaries, and charged to the various City funds including governmental funds.

Employee Benefits, Compensated Absences and Termination Benefits

Historically, benefits for City employees have been paid and compensated leave balances at year-end have been reported in the in the City's Employee Benefits Internal Service Fund (EBF). Effective October 1, 2020, the City changed its accounting policy to report the compensated leave balances of the City employees in the government-wide financial statements for reporting consistency of governmental funds long-term employee benefits.

The adjustment to the beginning EBF net position amount is summarized below (in thousands):

October 1, 2020, as previously reported	\$ (42,659)
Adjustment due to change of accounting principle	155,200
October 1, 2020, as adjusted	\$ 112,541

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021, a proprietary fund liability is accrued for leave benefits in the respective fund's statement of net position. The City's policy is to pay all accumulated vacation and holiday pay when an employee retires or terminates. Beginning August 1, 2007, management employees, upon retirement, may have 75 percent of their outstanding vacation leave converted to sick leave. Vacation and holiday benefits are recognized when earned. The City also allows retirees the option of purchasing additional pension benefits from CalPERS with their unused sick leave balances.

The City makes annual contributions in varying amounts to deferred compensation plans for certain employee groups who serve in sensitive, confidential capacities. No other City employees received such benefit.

Accumulated sick leave becomes vested only when an employee meets the City's minimum requirements for retirement. Accumulated sick leave is forfeited upon termination for reasons other than retirement. In accordance with the City's Personnel Ordinance, upon retirement from the City, the City allows retirees, their spouses, and eligible dependents to use the cash value at retirement of the retiring employee's accumulated unused sick leave to pay for health, dental, and long-term care insurance premiums until such time as the unused sick leave is exhausted.

The conversion of unused sick leave for postemployment benefits is reflected as accrued compensated absences benefits and accrued as other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability in the accompanying financial statements. The employee benefits and OPEB liability of \$6.3 million associated with governmental funds will be reported within the government-wide financial statements. These liabilities are being funded over time through burden rates, applied as a percentage of current productive salaries, and charged to the various City funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

As of September 30, 2021, the City has recorded compensated absence and OPEB liabilities in the following categories and funds (in thousands):

	Re	ported in I	Fund	Financial S	Staten	nents as				
		Compensat	ed A	bsences	Tota	al OPEB				
Recorded In	V	acation		Sick	L	iability		Total		
IS Funds	\$ 6,088	15,122								
Enterprise Funds		15,287		37,236		2,055		54,578		
Total	\$	21,375	\$	45,798	\$	2,527	\$	69,700		
	Rep	orted In Go	overn	ment-wide	Finan	icial State	ment	s as		
		Employee	Ben	efits	Tota	al OPEB				
Recorded In	V	acation		Sick	L	iability		Total		
Governmental Activities	\$	50,666	\$	121,930	\$	6,730	\$	179,326		
Business-Type Activities		15,287		37,236		2,055		54,578		
Total	\$	65,953	\$	159,166	\$	8,785	\$	233,904		

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time, except for pension and OPEB related deferred inflows of resources, which will be recognized as a credit to expense. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position and Fund Balance

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. Restricted net position represents amounts restricted by parties outside of the City, such as creditors, grantors, or laws and regulations of other governments. Nonexpendable portions of the private-purpose trust funds are reported as held in trust. All other net position is considered unrestricted. When both the restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available, restricted resources are used first and then unrestricted resources are used to the extent necessary. At September 30, 2021, the restricted net position balances were \$475.7 million and \$326.7 million for governmental activities and business type activities, respectively.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Fund balance reported in governmental funds is calculated as assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. There are five categories of fund balances, each of which is based upon the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The fund balances reported on the governmental fund statements consist of the following categories:

C	lassification	Definition	Examples						
No	nspendable	Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.	Inventories, prepaid items, long-term receivables, and permanent principal of endowment funds.						
Re	stricted	Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) Externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.	 Restricted by state statute; Unspent bond proceeds; Grants earned but not spent; Debt covenants; Taxes dedicated to a specific purpose; Revenues restricted by enabling legislation. 						
	Committed	Used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.	 The City Council has decided to set aside \$1 million for a new senior center. By resolution, e.g., 15% of Sales tax has been set aside to fund safety operations. 						
Unrestricted	Assigned	Amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.	1. The City Council or its designee has formalized an intended use of fund balance or positive residual balances in governmental funds other than the general fund.						
Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This is f balance that has not been reported in any other classification. The General Fund is the of fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds wo report deficit fund balances as unassigned.									

Committed fund balance classifications may be created by formal action of the City Council through either adopted resolution or ordinance. Commitments can be modified or rescinded through the same formal action that created the commitment. Both of these actions are binding upon the City.

Consistent with the City's adopted Fund Balance Policy, assignments may be designated for a purpose by the City Council or, if delegated, the Council's designee who, for the purpose of this disclosure, is the City Manager. It is a policy goal of the City Council to maintain an overall unrestricted fund balance of no less than two months or 16.7 percent of General Fund ongoing operating expenditures, including transfers. This percentage includes committed, assigned, and unassigned balances.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Property Tax Calendar

Under the State Constitution, the property tax rate is limited to one percent of assessed value, but may be adjusted for specific voter-approved indebtedness. Property taxes are levied by the Los Angeles County (County) Tax Assessor and shared among all other local taxing authorities within the City. Accordingly, the County collects property taxes and distributes such taxes on the basis of the taxing authorities' tax rate percentages, allowing for adjustments as authorized for voter-approved debt.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Secured property taxes are levied during September of every year and become a lien on real property on January 1 of the calendar year for which taxes are levied. These tax payments can be made in two equal installments: the first is due November 1st and the second is due February 1st. The City recognizes property tax receivable when levied and defers the portion that is neither intended nor available to finance current year expenditures.

Budgetary Principles

The City Council adopted the fiscal year 2021 budget prior to October 1, 2020 for all funds except for fiduciary funds. The City Council may amend the budget by motion during the fiscal year. The City Manager may transfer appropriations within the departments or within a given fund, provided that the total appropriations at the fund level and at the department level do not change. Transfers of appropriation between funds or departments require City Council approval. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

Budgeted appropriations are presented in the accompanying financial statements on a non-GAAP accrual plus encumbrances budgetary basis with the exception of transactions related to long-term debt, which are recorded on a cash basis. Budgeted revenues are presented on a GAAP based budgetary basis as revenues are recognized when they become measurable, available and earned. Total expenditures may not exceed fund appropriations, and total expenditures for each department may not exceed departmental appropriations. For budgetary purposes, the City records an encumbrance as a charge against appropriations in the accounting period in which a purchase order is issued, rather than in the accounting period when goods or services are received.

Subsidence

In accordance with State legislation, the City established a Reserve for Subsidence Contingencies to indemnify the City, State, and contractors for claims or costs arising from subsidence alleged to result from oil operations. As of September 30, 2021, the reserve balance within the Subsidence Fund is \$191.2 million. As part of the adoption of the State's 2005 fiscal year budget, 100 percent of this fund's interest earnings for calendar years 2004 and 2005 were eligible to be loaned to the City's General Fund without interest and with repayment commencing in fiscal year 2008 in equal annual installments of \$500 thousand for up to 20 years. This action was taken to assist the City in making \$5 million contributions to the State in fiscal years 2005 and 2006. At September 30, 2021, the remaining loan balance was \$614 thousand.

Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

The City applies all Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements and Interpretations. Application of the following Statements was effective for the City's fiscal year ended September 30, 2021:

In August of 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The objectives of this Statement are to improve consistency in the measurement and comparability of the financial statement presentation of majority equity interests in legally separate organizations and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The Statement is effective for reporting periods after December 31, 2020. Application of this Statement did not have a material impact to the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

In June of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The requirements in paragraph 6-9 of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15,

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

2021. Early application of this Statement did not have a material impact to the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

In October 2021, GASB issued Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. The objectives of this Statement is to address references in authoritative literature to the term comprehensive annual financial report. The Statement is effective for reporting periods after December 15, 2021. The City elected to early implement this Statement for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

The City is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following GASB Statements:

In June of 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

In May of 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

In January of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

In March of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates*. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

In March of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

In May of 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement is effective for the City's fiscal year ending September 30, 2023.

Reclassifications

Certain accounts presented in the fiscal year 2021 financial statements have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation. Such reclassifications have no effect on the net change in financial position and net position as previously reported.

Estimates

The preparation of the City's basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 3 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from those reported for governmental funds in the balance sheet. The following table provides a reconciliation of those differences (in thousands):

	Gover Fu	otal nmental ands ge 28)	As	g-term ssets and bilities	Ser	ernal vice inds	minations and nversions	Ne	Total attement of et Position Page 25)
ASSETS									
Current Assets:									
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	468,397	\$	-	\$ 14	46,799	\$ (507,349)	\$	107,847
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		22,932		-		1,578	-		24,510
Pooled Investments		-		-		-	203,964		203,964
Interest Receivable		-		168		-	-		168
Property Taxes Receivable, Net		113,077		-		-	(5,191)		107,886
Accounts Receivable		33,893		-		1,532	(35,425)		-
Due from Other Governments		142,529		-		30	-		142,559
Due from Other Funds		38,017		-	2	27,333	(65,350)		-
Allowance for Receivables		(14,932)		-		(24)	14,956		-
Accounts and Loans Receivables, Net		-		-		-	25,660		25,660
Internal Balances		-		-		-	10,093		10,093
Deposits		-		-		9,365	(9,365)		-
Inventory		102		-		3,119	-		3,221
Other Assets		3,722		-		-	9,365		13,087
Advances to Other Funds		3,809		-		5,687	(9,496)		-
Land Held for Resale		5,874		-		-	-		5,874
Other Noncurrent Assets:									
Noncurrent Pooled Investments		-		-		-	303,385		303,385
Other Noncurrent Receivables		220,992		-		-	-		220,992
Capital Assets:									
Nondepreciable		-		327,078	4	42,279	-		369,357
Depreciable, Net		-		247,806	43	34,058	-		681,864
Other Noncurrent Assets						6,375	 		6,375
Total Assets	1,	038,412		575,052	6′	78,131	(64,753)		2,226,842
Deferred Outflows of Resources				_		9,351	 89,960		99,311
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,	038,412	\$	575,052	\$ 68	87,482	\$ 25,207	\$	2,326,153

(continued)

City of Long Beach Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Gov	Total vernmental Funds Page 28)	ong-term Assets and iabilities	Se	ernal rvice unds		inations and versions	Ne	Total atement of et Position Page 25)
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	42,435	\$ -	\$	16,141	\$	-	\$	58,576
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable		13,537	-		7,038		-		20,575
Accrued Interest Payable		-	1,955		773		-		2,728
Due to Other Governments		258	-		-		-		258
Due to Other Funds		81,499	-		6,521		(88,020)		-
Unearned Revenue		67,530	(7,147)		-		12,600		72,983
Deposits and Collections Held in Trust		8,503	-		4,097		(12,600)		-
Advances from Other Funds		5,523	-		-		(5,523)		-
Long-term Liabilities Due Within One Year:									
Bonds Payable		_	21,703		1,612		(23,315)		-
Notes Payable		-	1,588		-		(1,588)		-
Capital Leases Payable		-	-		9,130		(9,130)		-
Other Long-term Obligation		-	-		5,189		(5,189)		
Environmental Remediation		-	3,376		175		(3,551)		-
Accrued Self Insurance Claims Payable		-	-		31,605		(31,605)		-
Employee Benefits Payable		-	51,022		-		(51,022)		-
Employee Benefits and Accrued LT Obligations		_	-		6,795		86,178		92,973
Total LT Debt and Other LT Obligations		-	-		-		39,222		39,222
Long-term Liabilities Due Beyond One Year:									
Bonds Payable		-	218,460		16,340	((234,800)		-
Notes Payable		-	7,069		-		(7,069)		-
Capital Leases Payable		-	-		29,813		(29,813)		-
Other Long-term Obligation		-	23,000	2	284,576	((307,576)		-
Police and Fire Annuities Payable		-	4,436		-		(4,436)		-
Estimated Oil Field Abandonment Costs Payable		-	23,070		-		(23,070)		-
Environmental Remediation		-	-		725		(725)		-
Accrued Self Insurance Claims Payable		-	-	1	44,780	((144,780)		-
Employee Benefits Payable		-	106,924		7,855	((114,779)		-
Total OPEB Liability		_	6,258		472		_		6,730
Net Pension Liability		_	342,262		33,434		_		375,696
Employee Benefits and Accrued LT Obligations		_	-		_		287,790		287,790
Total LT Debt and Other LT Obligations		_	_		_		579,258		579,258
Total Liabilities		219,285	803,976	ť	607,071		(93,543)		1,536,789
Deferred Inflows of Resources		328,187			31,266		157,925		517,378
Fund Balance / Net Position									
Total Fund Balance / Net Position		490,940	(228,924)		49,145		(39,175)		271,986
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balance / Net Position	\$	1,038,412	\$ 575,052	\$ 6	687,482	\$	25,207	\$	2,326,153

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from those reported for governmental funds in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The following table provides a reconciliation of those differences (in thousands):

	Total Governmental Funds (Page 30)	Debt and Capital Related Transactions	Internal Service Funds	Reclass and Adjust- ments	Statement of Activities (Pages 26 - 27)
Revenues:	¢ 455 (74	¢.	¢.	e (222)	n 455 251
Taxes Franchise Fees	\$ 455,674	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (323)	
Licenses and Permits	23,734 47,010	-	-	(47,010)	23,734
Fines and Forfeitures	14,395	-	_	(14,395)	
Use of Money and Property /	14,393	-	-	(14,393)	-
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	33,846	_	1	(30,351)	3,496
From Other Agencies	428,457	_	-	(428,457)	
Charges for Services	41,676	_	_	(41,676)	
Other	11,444	_	_	(11,444)	
Program Revenue:	,			(, ,	
Charges for Services	-	_	5,787	145,061	150,848
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	352,336	352,336
Capital Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	76,033	76,033
Other Financing Sources:					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	1,539	(1,539)	-	-	-
Debt Issuance	19,765	(19,765)	-	-	-
Premium on Debt Issuance	4,170	(4,170)	-	-	-
Transfers, Net	34,715		(39,999)		(5,284)
Total Revenues	1,116,425	(25,474)	(34,211)	(226)	1,056,514
Expenditures / Expenses:					
Current:					
Legislative and Legal	16,537	(3,569)	90	-	13,058
General Government	41,833	(6,292)	1,023	-	36,564
Public Safety	423,769	(112,358)	522	-	311,933
Public Health	94,751	(35,484)	749	720	60,016
Community and Cultural	222,778	(5,943)	(182)	728	217,381
Public Works	67,115	96,851	(763)	-	163,203
Oil Operations	2,446	1,233	-	-	3,679
Capital Improvements Debt Service:	102,712	(102,712)	-	-	-
Principal	22,159	(22,159)			
Interest on Long-Term Debt	11,970	(22,139) $(2,086)$	9,897	-	19,781
Debt Administration Fees	26	(26)	9,091	_	19,761
Issuance Costs	410	(20)	_	(410)	_
Other Financing (Uses):	410	_	_	(410)	_
Pymt Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	26,300	_	_	(26,300)	_
•		(102 545)	11 226		925 615
Total Expenditures / Expenses	1,032,806	(192,545)	11,336	(25,982)	825,615
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 83,619	\$ 167,071	\$(45,547)	\$ 25,756	\$ 230,899

Note: Amounts reflected in the internal service funds column are net of all eliminations and allocations to business-type activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 4 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of September 30, 2021 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows (in thousands):

Cash and Investments

Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,964,378
Non-pooled cash and investments	122,681
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,087,059
Cash and investments as of September 30, 2021 consist of the following:	
Cash and deposits	\$ 206,578
Investments	 1,880,481
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,087,059

A breakdown of cash, cash equivalents, and investments between the basic financial statements and the fair value of the investment portfolio at September 30, 2021 is as follows (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 107,847	\$ 234,104	\$13,777	\$ 355,728
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	24,510	35,544	8,719	68,773
Pooled Investments	203,964	442,744	-	646,708
Non-Pooled Investments	-	-	1,095	1,095
Noncurrent Pooled Investments	303,385	658,557	-	961,942
Restricted Assets:				
Non-Pooled Investments		52,813		52,813
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 639,706	\$ 1,423,762	\$23,591	\$2,087,059

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements and authorized by the City Council.

Investments with Fair Values Highly Sensitive to Interest Rate Risk

The City had no investments that were highly sensitive to market interest rate changes as of September 30, 2021. Highly sensitive investments are investments whose sensitivity to market interest rate fluctuations are not fully addressed by use of one of the five methods for reporting interest rate risk.

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table on the following page identifies the investment types that are authorized by the City's investment policy for the City's Investment Pool. The table also identifies certain provisions of the City's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not include debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Bonds Issued by the City	5 years *	30%	None
U.S. Treasury Notes, Bonds, or Bills	5 years *	None	None
Registered State Warrants, Treasury Notes,			
or Bonds of the state of California	5 years *	30%	None
Local Agency Bonds	5 years *	30%	None
Federal Agency Securities	5 years *	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	5%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years *	30%	10%
Time Certificates of Deposit	5 years *	100%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	100%	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Securities Lending Program	92 days	20%	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years *	30%	5%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	20%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) (per account)	N/A	None	\$75 million
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	20%	None
Mortgage-Backed Securities	5 years	20%	None
Supranational Bonds	5 years	30%	5%

^{*} Maximum maturity of five (5) years unless a longer maturity is approved by the City Council, either specifically or as part of an investment program, at least three (3) months prior to purchase.

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and timing cash flows from maturities so that a near-level portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming closer to maturity over time to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

At September 30, 2021, the weighted average maturity in years for the City's pooled investments was 1.44 years. The following schedule indicates the interest rate risk of the City's investments as of September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (in years)
Pooled Cash and Investments		
Money market mutual funds	\$ 6,437	-
U.S. Treasury notes	1,234,191	1.70
Federal agency securities	276,744	2.15
Corporate notes	21,316	4.22
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	221,623	0.88
Subtotal Pooled Cash and Investments	1,760,311	
Cash and deposits	204,067	N/A
Total Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,964,378	<u>-</u>
Non-Pooled Cash And Investments		•
Money market mutual funds	\$ 67,557	-
U.S. Treasury notes	25,528	0.78
Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC)	27,085	16.14
Subtotal Non-Pooled Cash And Investments	120,170	-
Cash and deposits	2,511	N/A
Total Non-Pooled Cash And Investments	\$ 122,681	_

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The minimum rating requirements for commercial paper, asset-backed securities, and medium-term notes is an A rating. Mortgage-backed security issuers must have a minimum AAA rating. State Warrants, State Treasury Notes, or bonds of the State are to be rated at a minimum of A1 / Sp-1 for short-term investments and Aa/AA for long-term investments.

The following are the actual ratings as of September 30, 2021 for each investment type (in thousands):

Pating as of Vaar End

		Kaun	g as	oj year i	ena							
Investment Type	Minimum Legal Rating	Total		<i>A</i> -		<i>A</i> +	AA	<i>AA</i> +		444	L	nrated
Pooled cash and investments												
Money market mutual funds U.S. Treasury notes	N/A N/A	\$ 6,437 1,234,191	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 6,437	\$ 1,	- 234,191	\$	-
Federal agency securities	N/A	276,744		-		-	-	276,744		-		-
Corporate notes	N/A	21,316		7,138		5,992	1,190	3,156		3,840		-
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	221,623		-		-	-	-		-		221,623
Total pooled investments		\$ 1,760,311	\$	7,138	\$	5,992	\$ 1,190	\$ 286,337	\$1,	238,031	\$	221,623
Non-pooled cash and investments												
Money market mutual funds	N/A	\$ 67,557	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	67,557
U.S. Treasury notes	N/A	25,528		-		-	-	-		25,528		-
Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC)	N/A	27,085		-		-	-	-		-		27,085
Total non-pooled investments		\$ 120,170	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 	\$ _	\$	25,528	\$	94,642

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the Pool are as follows (in thousands):

Issuer	Investment Type	eported Amount
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities	\$ 127,444
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities	91,210

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits. All securities owned by the City are deposited in trust for safekeeping with a custodial bank different from the City's primary bank.

As of September 30, 2021, the City reported deposits of \$223.2 million, collateralized in compliance with California Government Code, \$16.6 million for checks outstanding.

Fair Value Hierarchy

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of September 30, 2021:

- U.S. Treasury Notes totaling \$1,259.7 million, Federal Agency Securities totaling \$276.7 million, and Corporate Notes totaling \$21.3 million are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, as the valuation uses a market-based model which considers yield, price of comparable securities, coupon rate, maturity, credit quality and dealer-provided prices. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the City's custodian bank.
- Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF) totaling \$221.6 million is measured at fair value, however, the investment is not subject to the fair value hierarchy.
- Money Market Funds and Guaranteed Investment Contracts totaling \$74.0 million and \$27.1 million, respectively, are not subject to the fair value hierarchy as the investments are reported at amortized cost and contract value, respectively.

The following table categorizes the City's investments within the fair value hierarchy as of September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

		Fair	Value Measure	ment
Investments at Fair Value Level	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Debt Securities U.S. Treasury notes Federal agency securities Corporate Notes	\$ 1,259,719 276,744 21,316	\$ -	\$ 1,259,719 276,744 21,316	\$ - ₁
Total investments at fair value	1,557,779	\$ -	\$ 1,557,779	\$ -
Other Investments at Fair Value				
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	221,623			
Other Investments at Cost or Contract Value	_			
Money market mutual funds	73,994			
Guaranteed investment contracts	27,085			
Total investments	\$ 1,880,481			

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES

Governmental activities interest receivable in the Statement of Net Position includes \$168 thousand in federal interest subsidies of the Agency's Build America and Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year except for delinquent property taxes, notes and loans and Other Noncurrent Receivables.

Receivables at September 30, 2021 for the City's individual major funds, nonmajor and internal service funds in the aggregate, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows (in thousands):

	General Fund	General Capital Projects	Housing Assistance Special Revenue	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total
Governmental Activities:						
Receivables:						
Interest ¹	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Taxes	113,077	-	-	-	-	113,077
Accounts	29,093	309	200	4,291	1,532	35,425
Due from Other Governments	40,851	16,733	-	84,945	30	142,559
Other Noncurrent Receivables				220,992		220,992
Total Receivables	183,021	17,042	200	310,228	1,562	512,053
Less: Allowance for Receivables	(8,890)	(63)	(167)	(5,812)	(24)	(14,956)
Net Receivables	\$ 174,131	\$ 16,979	\$ 33	\$ 304,416	\$ 1,538	\$ 497,097

Excludes \$168 thousand for Build America Subsidy

	Ga Util			iter lity		elands rating	Har		Propi	major rietary nds	To	otal
Business-type Activities:												
Receivables:												
Interest	\$	15	\$	10	\$	61	\$	7	\$	32	\$	125
Accounts	14.	,662	10	,925	13	3,642	61	,857	32	2,000	13	3,086
Notes and Loans Receivable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments				475		268	24	,975	3	,696	2	9,414
Total Receivables	14	677	11	,410	13	3,971	86	,839	35	5,728	16	2,625
Less: Allowance for Receivables	(3,	,023)	(1	,071)	(1,904)	(2	,171)	(4	,112)	(1	2,281)
Net Receivables	\$11	654	\$10	,339	\$12	2,067	\$84	,668	\$31	,616	\$15	0,344

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 6 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2021 is as follows (in thousands):

			Rec	eivable - Due	e To:			
 eneral	Cap	oital	A	0	Gove	rnmental		Vater Itility
\$ -	\$	24	\$	2,273	\$	5,342	\$	30,832
-		-		-		-		-
21,591		-		-		62		14
655		-		-		_		-
656		-		-		-		-
653		-		-		_		-
243		-		-		344		-
1,174		-		-		_		-
 5,000		-						
\$ 29,972	\$	24	\$	2,273	\$	5,748	\$	30,846
	21,591 655 656 653 243 1,174 5,000	General Cap Pro	\$ - \$ 24 21,591 - 655 - 656 - 653 - 243 - 1,174 - 5,000 -	General Capital Projects A A A A A A A A A	General Housing Assistance Special \$ - \$ 24 \$ 2,273 - - - 21,591 - - 655 - - 656 - - 653 - - 243 - - 1,174 - - 5,000 - -	General Capital Projects Assistance Special Gove F \$ - \$ 24 \$ 2,273 \$ 21,591 - - - 655 - - - 656 - - - 653 - - - 243 - - - 1,174 - - - 5,000 - - -	General Housing Assistance Special Nonmajor Governmental Funds \$ - \$ 24 \$ 2,273 \$ 5,342 - - - 62 655 - - - 656 - - - 243 - - 344 1,174 - - - 5,000 - - - -	General Housing Assistance Special Nonmajor Governmental Funds Very Special \$ - \$ 24 \$ 2,273 \$ 5,342 \$

				Rece	eivable - Due	? To:		
	delands erating	На	urbor	Pro	onmajor oprietary Funds	S	iternal Service Funds	Total Due From
Payable - Due From:								
General	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,823	\$	15,999	\$ 57,293
General Capital Projects	-		-		-		259	259
Housing Assistance Special Revenue	-		-		-		123	123
Nonmajor Governmental	-		444		-		1,713	23,824
Gas Utility	-		-		-		686	1,341
Water Utility	-		-		-		879	1,535
Tidelands Operating	-		-		-		976	1,629
Harbor	21,733		-		2		3,648	25,970
Nonmajor Proprietary	-		-		-		1,529	2,703
Internal Service			-				1,521	 6,521
Total Due To	\$ 21,733	\$	444	\$	2,825	\$	27,333	\$ 121,198

			R	eceivab	le - A	dvances	To:			
	Gove	nmajor rnmental Tunds		arbor	Prop	major rietary unds	Inter Serv		Ad	Total vances From
Payable - Advances From	ı: <u> </u>					,				
General	\$	-	\$	-		114	\$	-	\$	114
Nonmajor Governmental		3,809		-		-	1,6	600		5,409
Tidelands Operating		_		1,210		-		-		1,210
Harbor		-		-		-	4,0)87		4,087
Total Advances To	\$	3,809	\$	1,210	\$	114	\$ 5,6	587	\$	10,820

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Due to / Due from Other Funds

The General Fund has provided \$21.6 million to various grant funds to cover operating expenses prior to receipt of reimbursements.

The General Fund owes the Water Utility Fund \$30.8 million as a result of a court ruling against the City on the Measure M litigation.

The City, under authority of the City Charter Chapter XII, Section 1209(c)(4), and with the approval of the Board of Harbor Commissioners, adopted a resolution to transfer 5 percent of the Harbor operating revenues to the Tidelands Operating Fund. The amount accrued for the Harbor's 2021 operating revenues is \$21.7 million and will be paid in fiscal year 2022.

The General Fund recorded a total due to Internal Service Funds of \$16.0 million. Of this amount, \$13.0 million pertains to wages and benefits accrued at fiscal year-end in the Employee Benefit Fund to be reimbursed by the General Fund in the subsequent fiscal period.

Advances from Other Funds

Advances to/from other funds have been recorded for amounts that will be repaid usually with interest over an extended period of time.

The Subsidence Fund advanced interest earnings on reserves to the General Fund in the amount of \$4.1 million in both fiscal years 2005 and 2006. In fiscal year 2007, the General Fund started repayment of \$500 thousand per year at zero percent interest. The balance outstanding as of September 30, 2021 is \$614 thousand, of which \$114 thousand is long-term and \$500 thousand is current.

In fiscal year 2001, the Housing Development Fund entered into a \$4.0 million zero interest loan agreement with the Community Development Grants Fund for the acquisition of 26 parcels of land for low and very low-income affordable rental housing. The Housing Fund is required to make principal payments using 25 percent of the proceeds from repayments of promissory notes from the developer. Any remaining balance of the promissory note owed on April 1, 2034 shall be immediately due and payable. The outstanding balance is \$3.8 million at September 30, 2021.

In fiscal year 2011, the Harbor Fund advanced \$1.3 million to the Tidelands Operating fund to move forward with the Colorado Lagoon Restoration Project. The advance funding will be applied to the value of future mitigation credits and as matching funds for a grant from the State Water Resources Control Board. The balance outstanding as of September 30, 2021 is \$1.2 million.

In fiscal year 2020, the City identified paid time off amounts paid in prior years by the Employee Benefit Fund on behalf of Harbor Fund employees. Repayment for these costs by the Harbor Fund will be over a ten-year period. The balance outstanding as of September 30, 2021 is \$5.0 million, of which \$4.1 million is long-term and \$1.0 million is current.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Interfund Transfers

The City regularly executes transfers from one fund to another, such as for the reimbursement of services. At September 30, 2021, interfund transfers are as follows (in thousands):

								Tra	nsfe	rs In:									
·	Gei	neral	General Capital Projects	Sp	Housing Assistance pecial Revenue	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	Gas tility		Water Utility	lelands erating	Hai	rbor	Pro	nmajor prietary Funds	S	iternal ervice Funds	T	Total ransfers Out
Transfers Out:																			
General	\$	-	\$ 34,122	\$	2,273		14,088	\$ 980	\$	30,832	\$ -	\$	-	\$	292	\$	7,038	\$	89,625
General Capital Projects		866	-		-		243	-		-	-		-		-		-		1,109
Nonmajor Governmental	9	94,031	1,479		-		3,748	-		-	-		134		-		3,645		103,037
Gas Utility		13,520	1,195		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		608		15,323
Water Utility		8,628	-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		-		8,628
Tidelands Operating		-	-		-		-	-		-	-		-		5,700		-		5,700
Harbor		-	-		-		-	-		-	21,733		-		-		-		21,733
Nonmajor Proprietary		500	599		-		-	-		-	13,495		-		-		1,904		16,498
Internal Service Funds		53,124	70		-		-			-	-		-		-		-		53,194
Total Transfers In	\$ 1	70,669	\$ 37,465	\$	2,273	\$	18,079	\$ 980	\$	30,832	\$ 35,228	\$	134	\$	5,992	\$	13,195	\$	314,847

Significant transfers include the following:

The General Fund reported a transfer out of \$30.8 million to the Water Utility Fund representing the amount owed as a result of a court ruling against the City on the Measure M litigation.

The General Fund transferred \$34.1 million to the General Capital Projects funds to fund various capital projects. Of this amount, \$23.0 million was City Measure A funds.

The General Fund transferred a total of \$14.1 million to non-major governmental funds in fiscal year 2021. Of this amount, \$6.1 million was transferred to the General Debt Service Fund for debt service payments and fiscal agent fees.

Non-major Governmental Funds transferred \$94.0 million to the General Fund. Of this amount, \$71.2 million was reimbursement for Police Department personnel eligible expenditures funded by the American Rescue Plan Act. In addition, \$15.5 million was transferred from the Health Grants Fund for the purchase of property to provide interim housing options for persons experiencing homelessness.

Non-major Governmental Funds transferred \$3.7 million to other Non-major Governmental Funds. Significant transfers include the Successor Agency transferring \$2.3 million to the Successor Agency Debt Service Fund and \$4.0 million to the Housing Development Fund for current and future debt service payments.

The Harbor transferred \$21.7 million to the Tidelands Operating Fund as allowed by the City Charter.

The Tidelands Oil Revenue Fund transferred \$13.5 million under the optimized water flood program to the Tidelands Operating Fund.

The Gas and Water Utilities transferred \$13.5 million and \$8.6 million, respectively, to the General Fund in compliance with the voter approved Utility Revenue Charter Amendment (Measure M). This amendment authorized the annual payment of funds to General Fund, provided that the maximum amount does not exceed 12% of each Utilities' audited annual gross revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 7 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activity for the year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities:	Balance at October 1, 2020	Increase	Decrease	Transfers	Balance at September 30 2021
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:					
Land	\$ 222,835	\$ 4,332	\$ (4,405)	\$ 2,350	\$ 225,112
Rights-of-way	81,340	-	-	-	81,340
Construction In Progress	61,221	18,831		(17,147)	62,905
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	365,396	23,163	(4,405)	(14,797)	369,357
Capital Assets being Depreciated:					
Buildings	571,045	17,385	-	133	588,563
Improvements Other than Buildings	147,177		(36)	11,244	158,385
Infrastructure	426,995	-	-	3,420	430,415
Machinery and Equipment	96,681	5,632	(7,451)	-	94,862
Vehicles and Aircraft	138,396	11,908	(6,949)	-	143,355
Software and Patents	37,979	-	(171)	-	37,808
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	1,418,273	34,925	(14,607)	14,797	1,453,388
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings	(140,749)	(14,643)	-	-	(155,392)
Improvements Other than Buildings	(85,866)	(5,955)	36	-	(91,785)
Infrastructure	(355,862)	(9,757)	-	-	(365,619)
Machinery and Equipment	(53,447)	(8,679)	7,429	-	(54,697)
Vehicles and Aircraft	(79,711)	(11,967)	6,904	-	(84,774)
Software and Patents	(17,653)	(1,775)	171	-	(19,257)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(733,288)	(52,776)	14,540		(771,524)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	684,985	(17,851)	(67)	14,797	681,864
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,050,381	\$ 5,312	\$ (4,472)	\$ -	\$ 1,051,221

Depreciation has been charged to functions/programs of governmental activities as follows (in thousands):

General Government	\$ 19
Public Safety	3,179
Public Health	602
Community and Cultural	5,705
Public Works	12,982
Capital Assets held by City's internal services funds allocated to various	
functions on a prorated basis based on their usage of the assets	 30,289
Total governmental activities depreciation	\$ 52,776

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2021 is as follows (in thousands):

Business-type Activities:	Balance at October 1, 2020	Increase	Decrease	Transfers	Balance at September 30, 2021
	2020	Increuse	Decreuse	Transfers	
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:	e 1214270	¢.	¢.	e (2.207	Ф 1.27 <i>(.</i> 505
Land	\$ 1,314,278	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 62,307	\$ 1,376,585
Rights-of-way	203,304	-	-	-	203,304
Water Rights	40	-	-	-	40
Historic Collections	3,442	-	-	-	3,442
Construction In Progress	2,097,145	430,627	(6,313)	(1,919,121)	602,338
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	3,618,209	430,627	(6,313)	(1,856,814)	2,185,709
Capital Assets being Depreciated:					
Buildings 1	3,990,792	-	(114)	422,955	4,413,633
Improvements Other than Buildings	713,540	-	(20)	27,143	740,663
Infrastructure	1,243,005	-	(1,793)	1,402,858	2,644,070
Machinery and Equipment 1	236,118	2,727	(884)	2,073	240,034
Vehicles and Aircraft	105,637	2,008	(398)	-	107,247
Software and Patents	28,362	-	(1)	1,785	30,146
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	6,317,454	4,735	(3,210)	1,856,814	8,175,793
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings	(2,261,483)	(148,712)	110	3,663	(2,406,422)
Improvements Other than Buildings	(382,749)	(26,689)	13	-	(409,425)
Infrastructure	(739,008)	(46,890)	784	279	(784,835)
Machinery and Equipment	(199,619)	(7,674)	884	(3,086)	(209,495)
Vehicles and Aircraft	(30,659)	(3,535)	385	(855)	(34,664)
Software and Patents	(23,496)	(1,107)	1	(1)	(24,603)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,637,014)	(234,607)	2,177	-	(3,869,444)
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	2,680,440	(229,872)	(1,033)	1,856,814	4,306,349
Business-type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 6,298,649	\$ 200,755	\$ (7,346)	\$ -	\$ 6,492,058

Depreciation has been charged to functions/programs of business-type activities as follows (in thousands):

Gas Utility	\$ 7,724
Tidelands Operating	21,846
Harbor	172,827
Water Utility	13,428
Nonmajor Business-type Funds:	
Sewer Utility	2,842
Solid Waste Management	772
Tideland Oil Revenue	330
Airport	14,827
Development Services	 11
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation	\$ 234,607

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 8 – CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021 are as follows (in thousands):

	Balance at October 1,	Additions	Dadusti sus	Balance at September 30,	Due Within
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable:	2020	Additions	Reductions	2021	One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$ 76,320	\$ -	\$ (6,870)	\$ 69,450	\$ 7,235
Pension Obligation Bonds	6,765	<u>-</u>	(6,765)	ψ 02,130 -	· 7,233
Tax Allocation Bonds	193,920	19,765	(41,695)	171,990	16,080
Plus (Less) Unamortized Amounts:	155,520	15,700	(.1,0,0)	1,1,550	10,000
Premium	14,567	4,170	(1,974)	16,763	_
Discount	(2)	-	2	-	_
Total Bonds Payable	291,570	23,935	(57,302)	258,203	23,315
Notes, Loans and LOC Payable	7,905	142	(478)	7,569	588
Capital Leases	44,676	1,571	(7,304)	38,943	9,130
Police and Fire Annuities	5,765	1,5 / 1	(1,329)	4,436	-
Estimated Oil Field Abandonment Costs	21,530	1,540	(1,32)	23,070	_
Environmental Remediation	1,912	2,689	(325)	4,276	3,551
Accrued Self-Insured Claims	180,036	176,385	(180,036)	176,385	31,605
Accrued Employee Benefits	169,274	181,743	(178,421)	172,596	57,817
Total OPEB Liability	7,515	101,713	(785)	6,730	-
Net Pension Liability	881,147	_	(505,451)	375,696	_
Community Hospital-Seismic Work	25,000	_	(1,000)	24,000	1,000
Other LT Obligations-Civic Center	294,864	_	(5,099)	289,765	5,189
Total, Governmental Activities	\$ 1,931,194	\$ 388,005	\$ (937,530)		\$ 132,195
Business-Type Activities:	Ψ 1,731,171	Ψ 200,002	ψ (337,330)	Ψ 1,501,005	Ψ 132,173
Bonds Payable:					
Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,547,950	\$ -	\$ (57,765)	\$ 1,490,185	\$ 71,735
Plus (Less) Unamortized Amounts:	Ψ 1,0 .7,500	Ψ	\$ (67,700)	Ψ 1,1,0,100	\$ 71,755
Premium	122,330	_	(12,120)	110,210	_
Discount	(20)	_	7	(13)	_
Total Bonds Payable	1,670,260		(69,878)	1,600,382	71,735
Notes, Loans and LOC Payable	472,387	545,000	(472,078)	545,309	51,104
Premium	5,497	-	(5,497)	-	_
Total Notes, Loans					-
and Lines of Credit Payable	477,884	545,000	(477,575)	545,309	51,104
Capital Leases	37,747	_	(4,804)	32,943	2,839
Due to State of California	9,072	5,825	(9,072)	5,825	5,825
Estimated Oil Field Abandonment Costs	102,600	7,700	-	110,300	-
Fair Value of Derivative	13,862	10,079	(13,862)	10,079	-
Environmental Remediation	2,600	-	-	2,600	_
Accrued Claims Liability	5,250	5,200	(10,000)	450	450
Accrued Employee Benefits	48,239	4,284	-	52,523	17,259
Total OPEB Liability	2,140	-	(85)	2,055	-
Net Pension Liability	324,349	-	(172,170)	152,179	-
Site Restoration	1,000			1,000	
Total, Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,695,003	\$ 578,088	\$ (757,446)	\$ 2,515,645	\$ 149,212

For governmental activities, the General Fund, other governmental funds, and Internal Service funds have been used to liquidate accrued claims liability, accrued employee benefits, litigation, and self-insurance. Pension and OPEB liabilities are paid out of operating funds based on a percentage of covered payroll.

City of Long BeachNotes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 9 – BONDS PAYABLE

At September 30, 2021, bonded indebtedness consisted of the following (in thousands):

Description	Date Issued	Final Maturity	Range of Interest Rates	Authorized and Issued	Outstanding September 30, 2021	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Issueu	тиштиу	Interest Rutes	135464	2021	
LEASE REVENUE BONDS:						
2012A LBBFA	11/28/12	08/01/31	4.00% - 5.00%	\$ 32,969	\$ 25,057	
2016 Courthouse Demolition	01/13/16	08/01/26	2.00% - 5.00%	13,150	7,235	
FALB2019A PS Parking Garage	05/22/19	08/01/39	3.00% - 5.00%	9,245	8,720	
FALB2019B Lease Rev Ref Bonds	05/22/19	08/01/31	5.00%	13,350	11,975	
Premium/Discount				-	4,960	
Subtotal, General City Bonds				68,714	57,947	
TAX ALLOCATION BONDS:						
Tax Allocation Bonds:						
2002B West Long Beach Industrial Project	12/05/02	11/01/24	2.25% - 5.50%	21,860	5,210	
2002B Downtown Project	12/05/02	11/01/22	2.25% - 5.50%	25,920	10,505	
2005C Downtown Project	02/01/06	08/01/24	3.25% - 5.50%	7,900	1,860	
2005C North Long Beach Project	02/01/06	08/01/31	3.25% - 5.50%	27,145	15,585	
2015AB SA	06/23/15	08/01/40	4.00% - 5.00%	155,820	119,880	
2021 SA Lease Revenue Bonds	02/11/21	08/01/39	3.00% - 4.00%	19,765	18,950	
Premium/Discount				_	10,314	
Subtotal, Tax Allocation Bonds				291,390	182,304	
INTERNAL SERVICE FUND BONDS:						
2012A LBBFA IS	11/28/12	08/01/31	4.00% - 5.00%	21,661	16,463	
Premium/Discount					1,489	
Subtotal, Internal Service Fund Bonds				98,211	17,952	
Total, Governmental Activities				\$ 458,315	\$ 258,203	
					(continued)	

City of Long Beach Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	Description	Date Issued	Final Maturity	Range of Interest Rates	Authorized and Issued	Outstanding September 30, 2021
ENTERPRISE FUND BONDS: Gas Utility Fund:		155000	1/200001009	111101030 1111103	155,000	
Clast Utility Fund: 2007A Natural Gas Purchase 10/18.07 11/15/37 4.25% - 5.07% \$635,665 \$477,55 \$2077B Natural Gas Purchase 10/18.07 11/15/33 4.90% - 5.07% 251,665 6.900 Premium/Discount 287,360 556,165 59,000 50,000	·					
2007A Natural Gas Purchase 1018807 11/15/37 4.25% 5.50% \$63,665 \$67,55 2007B Natural Gas Purchase 10/18/07 11/15/33 4.90% - 5.07% 251,695 6.90,60 6.90,60 6.80,60 6.						
2007B Natural Gas Purchase 10/18/07 11/15/33 4.90% - 5.07% 251,695 69,00 Premium/Discount 20,000 556,161 Subtotal, Gas Utility Bonds 2012 Aquarium 03/14/12 11/01/30 3.50% - 5.00% 102,580 63,47 2012 Aquarium 03/14/12 11/01/30 3.50% - 5.00% 114,015 108,09 2016 Rainbow 07/26/16 08/01/23 3.00% - 5.00% 114,015 108,09 2016 Rainbow 07/26/16 08/01/23 3.00% - 5.00% 114,015 108,09 2017A Tidelands 11/01/17 11/01/27 1.35% - 2.55% 10,190 8.99 2017B Tidelands 11/01/17 11/01/27 1.79% - 3.49% 17,705 11,64 Premium/Discount 2014 11/01/27 1.79% - 3.49% 17,705 10,44 2015B Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/23 4.00% - 5.00% 20,570 11,70 2015A Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/25 5.00% 20,130 20,13 2015C Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/25 5.00% 20,130 20,13 2015D Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/25 5.00% 66,085 66,08 2017A Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 66,085 66,08 2017A Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 66,085 66,08 2017A Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,610 101,61 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 161,310 161,31 2013D Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/47 5.00% 22,985 25,98 2017C Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/49 5.00% 161,310 161,31 2020A Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 4.00% - 5.00% 55,725 55,72 2020B Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 4.00% - 5.00% 55,725 55,72 2020B Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 2.00% - 5.00% 9,850 4,69 Premium/Discount 2.0809 06/01/27 2.00% - 5.00% 9,850 4,69 Premium/Discount 2.0809 06/01/27 2.00% - 5.00% 44,89 2010A Aiport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 44,89 2010A Aiport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00	-	10/18/07	11/15/37	4 25% - 5 50%	\$ 635,665	\$ 477.550
Premium/Discount						
Subtotal, Gas Utility Bonds		10, 10, 0,	11/10/00	, 0, 0 0.0, , 0	-	9,606
Ticklands Fund: 2012 Aquarium 03/14/12 11/01/30 3.50% - 5.00% 102,580 63,47 2015 Marina 06/03/15 05/15/45 4.00% - 5.00% 114,015 108,09 2016 Rainbow 07/26/16 08/01/23 3.00% - 5.00% 114,015 19,115 5,92 2017A Ticklands 11/01/7 11/01/27 135% - 2.55% 10,190 8,99 2017B Ticklands Bonds 11/01/7 11/01/27 1.79% - 3.49% 17,705 11,60 10,13 Subtotal, Ticklands Bonds 4.06/03/15 8.09/15/27 2015A Harbor 2015B Harbor 2015B Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/23 2015C Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/23 2015C Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/25 5.00% 2013D Harbor 07/15/15 05/15/25 5.00% 66,085 66,08 2015D Harbor 07/15/15 05/15/24 5.00% 66,085 66,08 2015A Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 61,010 101,010 2017A Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,010 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,011 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,010 101,011 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,011 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,010 2017A Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,010 101,010 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,010 101,010 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,010 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,010 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,010 101,01					997 260	
2012 Aquarium	•				887,300	330,101
2015 Marina 06/03/15 05/15/45 4.00% - 5.00% 114,015 108,09 2016 Rainbow 07/26/16 08/01/23 3.00% - 5.00% 19,115 5.92 2017A Tidelands 11/01/17 11/01/27 1.35% - 2.55% 10,190 8.99 2017B Tidelands 11/01/17 11/01/27 1.79% - 3.49% 17,705 11,64 Premium/Discount - 10,13 263,605 208,25 2		02/14/10	11/01/20	2.500/ 5.000/	102 500	(2.470
2016 Rainbow						
2017A Titlelands						
2017B Tidelands						
Premium/Discount Subtotal, Tidelands Bonds Subtotal, Mare Utility Bonds Subtotal, Mare Utility Bonds Subtotal, Mare Utility Bonds Subtotal, Mon-Major Enterprise Funds Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds Subtotal, Non						
Subtotal, Tidelands Bonds 263,605 208,25 Harbor Fund:		11/01/1/	11/01/2/	1./9% - 3.49%		
Harbor Fund: 2014B Harbor 2015A Harbor 2015A Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/23 2015B Harbor 04/16/15 05/15/25 5.00% 20,700						
2014B Harbor	Subtotal, Tidelands Bonds				263,605	208,253
2015A Harbor	Harbor Fund:					
2015B Harbor	2014B Harbor	04/24/14	05/15/27	3.00% - 5.00%	20,570	11,700
2015C Harbor	2015A Harbor	04/16/15	05/15/23	4.00% - 5.00%	44,845	21,430
2015D Harbor 07/15/15 05/15/42 5.00% 66,865 66,86 2017A Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/40 5.00% 101,610 101,611 2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/43 5.00% 25,985 25,98 2017C Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/47 5.00% 42,660 42,66 2019A Harbor 07/11/19 05/15/49 5.00% 161,310 161,311 2020A Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 4.00% - 5.00% 55,725 55,722 2020B Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/20 05/15/24 3.00% - 5.00% 74,940 55,30 717,59 7	2015B Harbor	04/16/15	05/15/25	5.00%	20,130	20,130
2017A Harbor	2015C Harbor	07/15/15	05/15/32	5.00%	66,085	66,085
2017B Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/43 5.00% 25,985 25,98 2017C Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/47 5.00% 42,660 42,660 2019A Harbor 07/11/19 05/15/49 5.00% 161,310 161,311 2020A Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 4.00% - 5.00% 55,725 55,722 2020B Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/24 3.00% - 5.00% 74,940 55,300 74,940 55,300 74,940 74	2015D Harbor	07/15/15	05/15/42	5.00%	66,865	66,865
2017C Harbor 06/15/17 05/15/47 5.00% 42,660 42,660 2019A Harbor 07/11/19 05/15/49 5.00% 161,310 161,311 2020A Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 4.00% - 5.00% 55,725 55,725 55,725 55,725 55,725 55,725 55,725 55,725 52,725	2017A Harbor	06/15/17	05/15/40	5.00%	101,610	101,610
2019A Harbor 07/11/19 05/15/49 5.00% 161,310 161,311 2020A Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 4.00% - 5.00% 55,725 55,725 55,725 2020B Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/24 3.00% - 5.00% 74,940 55,30 74,940 74	2017B Harbor	06/15/17	05/15/43	5.00%	25,985	25,985
2020A Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/27 4.00% - 5.00% 55,725 55,725 2020B Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/24 3.00% - 5.00% 74,940 55,30 74,940 55,30 74,94	2017C Harbor	06/15/17	05/15/47	5.00%	42,660	42,660
2020B Harbor 05/15/20 05/15/24 3.00% - 5.00% 74,940 55,30 Premium/Discount - 88,78 Subtotal, Harbor Bonds 1,039,645 717,59	2019A Harbor	07/11/19	05/15/49	5.00%	161,310	161,310
Premium/Discount - 88,78 Subtotal, Harbor Bonds 1,039,645 717,59 Water Utility Fund: 2010A Water 09/15/10 05/01/24 3.00% - 5.00% 22,740 8,25 2012 Water 08/30/12 05/01/27 2.00% - 5.00% 9,850 4,69 Premium/Discount - 59 Subtotal, Water Utility Bonds 32,590 13,53 Non-Major Enterprise Funds: 2009A Airport 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,89 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,660	2020A Harbor	05/15/20	05/15/27	4.00% - 5.00%	55,725	55,725
Subtotal, Harbor Bonds 1,039,645 717,59 Water Utility Fund: 2010A Water 09/15/10 05/01/24 3.00% - 5.00% 22,740 8,25 2012 Water 08/30/12 05/01/27 2.00% - 5.00% 9,850 4,69 Premium/Discount - 59 Subtotal, Water Utility Bonds 32,590 13,53 Non-Major Enterprise Funds: 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,89 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	2020B Harbor	05/15/20	05/15/24	3.00% - 5.00%	74,940	55,305
Water Utility Fund: 09/15/10 05/01/24 3.00% - 5.00% 22,740 8,25 2012 Water 08/30/12 05/01/27 2.00% - 5.00% 9,850 4,69 Premium/Discount - 59 Subtotal, Water Utility Bonds 32,590 13,53 Non-Major Enterprise Funds: 2009A Airport 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,89 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	Premium/Discount					88,787
2010A Water 09/15/10 05/01/24 3.00% - 5.00% 22,740 8,25 2012 Water 08/30/12 05/01/27 2.00% - 5.00% 9,850 4,69 Premium/Discount - 59 Subtotal, Water Utility Bonds 32,590 13,53 Non-Major Enterprise Funds: - - 59 2009A Airport 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,89 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	Subtotal, Harbor Bonds				1,039,645	717,592
2010A Water 09/15/10 05/01/24 3.00% - 5.00% 22,740 8,25 2012 Water 08/30/12 05/01/27 2.00% - 5.00% 9,850 4,69 Premium/Discount - 59 Subtotal, Water Utility Bonds 32,590 13,53 Non-Major Enterprise Funds: - - 59 2009A Airport 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,89 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	Water Utility Fund:					
Premium/Discount Subtotal, Water Utility Bonds Non-Major Enterprise Funds: 2009A Airport 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,890 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	•	09/15/10	05/01/24	3.00% - 5.00%	22,740	8,250
Premium/Discount Subtotal, Water Utility Bonds Non-Major Enterprise Funds: 2009A Airport 12/08/09 2010A Airport 11/23/10 2010B Airport 11/23/10 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36	2012 Water	08/30/12	05/01/27	2.00% - 5.00%	9,850	4,695
Non-Major Enterprise Funds: 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,890 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	Premium/Discount				_	594
Non-Major Enterprise Funds: 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,890 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	Subtotal Water Utility Bonds				32,590	13,539
2009A Airport 12/08/09 06/01/22 4.00% - 5.00% 9,795 1,66 2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,89 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38						
2009C Airport 12/08/09 06/01/39 7.00% - 7.80% 44,890 44,890 2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38		12/08/09	06/01/22	4.00% - 5.00%	9,795	1,660
2010A Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 4.00% - 5.00% 48,435 39,08 2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38						44,890
2010B Airport 11/23/10 06/01/40 3.00% - 5.00% 12,965 10,16 2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	-					39,085
2016 Sewer 08/24/16 05/01/36 4.00% - 5.00% 9,830 7,96 Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	-					10,165
Premium/Discount - 1,07 Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38	-					7,960
Subtotal, Non-Major Enterprise Bonds 125,915 104,83 Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38					-	1,077
Total, Business-Type 2,349,115 1,600,38					125 915	
	•				-	
Grain Total, Printary Government Boths Payable \$ 2,807,430 \$ 1,858,58	• •					
	Grand Total, Frinary Government Bonds Payable				φ ∠,007,430	\$ 1,638,383

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Governmental Funds

Debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities bonds are as follows (in thousands):

	Governme	ental Funds		nternal ice Funds	1		
Year	Lease	Tax		Lease	Annual De	bt Service Re	quirem ents
Ending	Revenue	Allocation	R	evenue	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 5,623	\$ 16,080	\$	1,612	\$ 23,315	\$ 11,358	\$ 34,673
2023	5,862	19,655		1,683	27,200	9,963	37,163
2024	6,153	17,625		1,782	25,560	8,927	34,487
2025	6,444	7,475		1,881	15,800	7,755	23,555
2026	6,724	7,880		1,981	16,585	7,069	23,654
2027 - 2031	17,445	45,485		7,524	70,454	24,541	94,995
2032 - 2036	2,815	37,395		-	40,210	9,740	49,950
2037 - 2041	1,921	20,395		-	22,316	2,111	24,427
Subtotal	52,987	171,990		16,463	241,440	81,464	322,904
Premium / Discount	4,960	10,314		1,489	16,763		16,763
Totals	\$ 57,947	\$182,304	\$	17,952	\$258,203	\$ 81,464	\$339,667

Advance Refundings

In December 2002, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$47.8 million in LBBFA Downtown and West Long Beach Industrial Redevelopment Project Areas 2002 Series B Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds (Series B bonds). These 2002 Series B bonds were issued (a) to refund \$25.7 million of the outstanding Series 1992A Downtown and West Long Beach Industrial Bonds with interest rates ranging from 0.0 percent to 6.0 percent, (b) to repay certain amounts owed by the Agency to the Harbor, (c) to make a deposit to the reserve account and (d) to pay certain issuance costs for the 2002 Series B bonds. The 2002 Series B interest rates range from 2.0 percent to 5.5 percent for the West Long Beach Industrial Project and 2.3 percent to 5.5 percent for Downtown Project.

In February 2006, the former Redevelopment Agency issued \$35.0 million in LBBFA Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds Downtown and North Long Beach Redevelopment Project Areas 2005 Series C bonds (Series C bonds). The Series C bonds were issued to (a) purchase a portion of the outstanding Redevelopment Agency of the City of Long Beach 2002 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds (Downtown Redevelopment Project) and (b) the outstanding Redevelopment Agency of the City of Long Beach 2002 Tax Allocation bonds (North Long Beach Redevelopment Project) in order to advance refund a portion of the outstanding LBBFA Tax Allocation Revenue Bonds (Downtown, North Long Beach, Poly High, and West Beach Redevelopment Project Areas) 2002 Series A and to finance certain Agency projects within or of benefit to the Downtown Project Area. The interest rates for the Series C bonds range from 3.3 percent to 5.5 percent.

In February 2021, the Agency issued \$19.8 million Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 (the "2021 Bonds"). The 2021 Bonds were issued: (a) to refund certain obligations of the former Redevelopment Agency of the City of Long Beach; (b) to purchase a municipal bond debt service reserve insurance policy and a municipal bond insurance policy; and (c) to pay certain costs of issuance of the 2021 Bonds. The interest rates for the 2021 Bonds range from 3.0 percent to 4.0 percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the prepayment of debt service payments on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the refunded bonds were considered to be defeased and the liabilities for those bonds were removed from the government-wide statement of net position – governmental activities. Specific disclosures related to the refunding issue are as follows (in thousands):

Proceeds of refunding bonds issued	\$ 19,765
Prior years' net bond reserves and/or premiums	7,005
Cost of issuance	(410)
Deposit to escrow	\$ 26,360
Net present value savings (economic gain)	\$ 8,998

For the refunding transaction, the net carrying amount of the refunded debt of \$26.3 million was less than the reacquisition price by \$60 thousand. This amount was fully amortized for governmental activities and has been reported as interest expense in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Pledged Revenues

The Agency has pledged a portion of property tax revenues attributable to the Project Areas of the former Redevelopment Agency to repay tax allocation bonds issued between 1992 and 2015. The bonds were issued to finance either redevelopment activities within various project areas or to refinance existing debt that was originally issued for the same purpose. Property tax revenues attributable to the Project Areas of the former Redevelopment Agency are projected to produce 100 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. As of September 30, 2021, total principal and interest requirement for the bonds is \$234.7 million (\$172 million for principal and \$62.7 million for interest), payable semiannually through 2040. For the current year, tax increment revenues received and total debt service paid were \$51.3 million which are sufficient to pay debt service costs.

Business-Type Funds

Debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities bonds are as follows (in thousands):

		En	terprise Funds	5				
		Major	Funds		Non			
Year	Gas				Major	Annual De	bt Service Red	quirements
Ending	Utility	Tidelands	Harbor	Water	Funds	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 16,040	\$ 13,165	35,530	\$ 3,300	\$ 3,700	\$ 71,735	\$ 75,178	\$ 146,913
2023	18,645	13,810	37,090	3,450	3,875	76,870	71,829	148,699
2024	21,655	11,635	38,945	3,720	4,040	79,995	67,921	147,916
2025	25,280	12,190	32,000	795	4,220	74,485	63,968	138,453
2026	19,195	10,900	33,525	820	4,425	68,865	60,331	129,196
2027 - 2031	151,285	56,950	98,075	860	25,615	332,785	250,178	582,963
2032 - 2036	146,365	22,410	89,485	-	32,610	290,870	180,222	471,092
2037 - 2041	148,090	28,595	110,330	-	25,275	312,290	78,934	391,224
2042 - 2046	-	28,465	107,595	-	-	136,060	29,539	165,599
2047 - 2051	-	-	46,230	-	-	46,230	4,695	50,925
Subtotal	546,555	198,120	628,805	12,945	103,760	1,490,185	882,795	2,372,980
Premium /	0.606	10,133	99 797	594	1.077	110 107		110 107
Discount	9,606	10,133	88,787	394	1,077	110,197		110,197
Totals	\$ 556,161	\$ 208,253	\$ 717,592	\$ 13,539	\$104,837	\$1,600,382	\$ 882,795	\$2,483,177

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Special Assessment Debt

The City serves as the facilitating agent for a number of no-obligation special assessment debt issues. Funding from these issues has been used to improve streets and other City infrastructure, as well as assisting City residents and businesses with the cost of major structural repairs and installation of seismic resistant improvements to their properties. The City has no obligation to service the debt on these special assessment issues; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the City's books for the special assessment debt.

At September 30, 2021, aggregate special assessment debt issued through the City consisted of five issues and is summarized as follows:

Dates Issued: 7/11/02 - 6/15/10
 Final Maturities: 10/01/25 - 10/1/40
 Range of Interest Rates: 2.0% - 6.30%

Amounts Authorized and Issued: \$1,060,000 - \$43,000,000
 Range of Amounts Outstanding: \$650,000 - \$28,020,000

• Aggregate Outstanding at September 30, 2021: \$44,380,000

The proceeds from special assessment debt issued for City infrastructure improvements are usually accounted for in the General Capital Projects Fund. The proceeds from special assessment debt issued for the Pike Public Improvements are accounted for in the Tidelands Fund. Special assessment revenues used to repay these debt issues are accounted for in Custodial Funds.

Long Beach Towne Center CFD No. 5: In May of 2008 the City of Long Beach Community Facilities District No 5 issued \$14.6 million of Special Tax Refunding Bonds (Long Beach Town Center) under the provisions of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. The bonds were issued to refund the 2000 Special Tax bonds, to fund a reserve and to provide funds for the District's improvement fund for sidewalk and drainage improvements. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the City; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the City's books. The bonds will mature in October 2025 and bear interest rates ranging from 3.2 percent to 5.75 percent.

Pike Public Improvements CFD No. 6: In June 2002, the City of Long Beach Community Facilities District No. 6 issued \$43.0 million of 2002 Special Tax Bonds (Pike Public Improvement Bonds) under the provisions of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982. The Pike Public Improvement Bonds were issued (a) to finance a portion of the costs of the acquisition, construction, installation, and equipping of various public capital improvements in the Pike Development Project adjacent to downtown Long Beach. A substantial portion of the proceeds were applied to finance the cost of a parking structure. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the City; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the City's books. The debt is payable from special tax revenues levied on the property within the district. The bonds will mature in October 2032 with interest rates from 3.25 percent to 6.3 percent.

Douglas Park Commercial Area CFD No. 2007-1: In July of 2007, Community Facilities District No. 2007-1 issued \$15.1 million of 2007 Special Tax Bonds. The Bonds are payable solely from proceeds of a special assessment tax to be levied annually on land within the district. The funds were used to finance the acquisition and construction of various public improvements in Area A, fund a reserve fund, and pay the costs related to the issuance of the bonds. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the City; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the City's books. The bonds will mature in September 2037 and carry interest rates ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.25 percent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Belmont Shore CFD No. 2007-2: In December 2009, Community Facilities District No. 2007-2 (Belmont Shore) issued \$3.7 million of 2009 Special Tax Bonds. The Bonds are payable solely from proceeds of a special assessment tax to be levied annually on land within the district and certain pledged Belmont Shore area parking meter revenues. Proceeds will be used to finance a new City parking lot in the Belmont Shore area and to finance other improvements to enhance parking. The bonds do not constitute a debt of the City; therefore, no liability has been recorded in the City's books. The bonds will mature in October 2040 and carry interest rates ranging from 2.0 percent to 6.0 percent.

Toledo Utility Underground: In June 2010, Assessment District No. 08-01 (the Toledo Utility Undergrounding) issued \$1.1 million of Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds. The Bonds were issued under the provisions of the City Code, and where applicable, the Improvement Bond Act of 1915. The Bonds are secured by the tax assessments levied against parcels within the District. Proceeds were used to finance the costs of certain undergrounding of overhead electrical, telephone, and cable facilities between Second Street and the Geneva Walkway in the City. The bonds will mature in September 2030 and bear interest rates from 2.0 percent to 5.5 percent.

Such bonds described above do not constitute indebtedness of the City. The City is in no way obligated for their repayment and is only acting on behalf of the bond owners in collecting the assessments and special taxes from the property owners, forwarding the collections to the bond owners, and initiating foreclosure proceedings, when necessary. Accordingly, these special assessment bonds payable have been excluded from the accompanying basic financial statements.

Conduit Debt

The bond issues described below do not constitute general obligations of either the City, the Authority, or the Agency. There is no legal or ethical obligation on the part of the City to make debt service payments on the conduit debt issues. Likewise, the City has no responsibility for bond administration, as the issues are completely administered by independent trustees. Accordingly, these programs and issues have been excluded from the accompanying basic financial statements.

Bonds have been issued in the City's name for Carnival Cruises to facilitate construction of pier and wharf improvements for a cruise line docking in the tidelands area adjacent to the Queen Mary. The bonds are payable by a tariff assessed to Carnival Cruises.

Several multi-family mortgage bonds have been issued under the auspices of the Authority and the Agency. These issues provided for the financing of acquisitions and construction of an apartment complex. The resulting bonds are not obligations of the City and only constitute special limited obligations of the Authority and the Agency and are payable solely from the revenue and assets of the homeowner obtaining funding under this program.

At September 30, 2021, the City's Conduit Debt outstanding consisted of the following (in thousands):

Description	Final Maturity	 mount thorized	Sept	tanding at ember 30, 2021
Carnival Bonds	2030	\$ 30,000	\$	19,350
Grisham Housing Bonds Series A	2035	10,245		934
Total Conduit Debt		\$ 40,245	\$	20,284

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 10 – NOTES, LOANS PAYABLE AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

At September 30, 2021, the City had notes, loans payable and other long-term obligations, consisting of the following (in thousands):

Description	Date Issued	Final Maturity	Range of Interest Rates		thorized and ssued		standing at tember 30, 2021
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
NOTES, LOANS AND LINES OF C	REDIT PAY	ABLE:					
General Fund: Southern California Edison Southern California Edison Southern California Edison Southern California Edison Premium/Discount	12/08/17 01/09/18 05/08/18 01/31/19	05/25/25 02/25/25 10/23/24 02/27/27	2.11% 2.18% 2.69% 2.37%	\$	396 877 869 715	\$	210 459 365 498 70
Total General Fund					2,857		1,602
Successor Agency Fund: Los Angeles County	01/21/92	N/A	3.75%		_		5,967
OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIO Civic Center Fund: New Civic Center Complex	NS: N/A	N/A	N/A				289,765
•	1 \ / A	1 N /A	1 V /A			-	209,703
General Fund: Police and Fire Annuity MWN Community Hospital	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A		25,000		4,436 24,000
Total General Fund					25,000		28,436
Total, Governmental Activities				\$	27,857	\$	325,770
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NOTES, LOANS AND LINES OF CI Tidelands Fund:			4.7007	Φ.	- 00	Φ.	200
State of Calif DBAW - Lighthouse	06/23/00	08/01/30	4.50%	\$	700	\$	309
Harbor Fund: Harbor 2021 Line of Credit Harbor 2021 TIFIA Loan	12/01/20 05/03/21	05/01/22 05/15/55	N/A 1.26%		50,000 495,000		50,000 495,000
Total Harbor Fund					545,000		545,000
OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIO Water Fund:	NS:						
Site Restoration	N/A	N/A	N/A		_		1,000
Total, Business-Type Activities				\$	545,713	\$	546,309

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Governmental Activities

Other Long-term Obligation – MWN Community Hospital, LLC

During fiscal year 2020, the City entered a short-term lease with MWN Community Hospital, LLC, for the lease of property owned by the City at 1720 Termino Avenue, 1760 Termino Ave, and 4111 East Wilton Street. City will pay the Lessee 50 percent of the total Seismic Costs, not to exceed \$25.0 million, and would be payable, in arrears in installments of \$1.0 million for the first 5 years, and \$2.0 million per year for years 6-15, commencing from the effective date of the replacement lease. The balance at September 30, 2021 totaled \$24.0 million.

Successor Agency Fund Loans

The Agency has an agreement with the Los Angeles County Office of Education and the County of Los Angeles (County Entities) whereby the County Entities' share of the net tax increment generated by the Los Altos Project area shall be deferred through 2020. The deferral accrues simple interest at a rate of 3.8%. The outstanding balance of the deferral and any accrued interest are due prior to the termination of the project area in 2031. The balance at September 30, 2021 totaled \$5.9 million.

General Fund Loans

The City participated in the Energy Management Solutions Incentives program by Southern California Edison (SCE). By completing installation of eligible energy efficient equipment that included Street Light LED conversions, SCE provided the City with zero-percent interest financing to be repaid over a specified period through the City's electric utility bill. The balance at September 30, 2021 totaled \$1.5 million.

Payments over the next five years will be made as follows (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities										
	General		Su	Successor		Annual Debt Service Requirements					
Year ending		Tund	A	gency	Pri	ncipal	Int	erest	7	Total	
2022	\$	445	\$	143	\$	588	\$	31	\$	619	
2023		457		-		457		20		477	
2024		301		-		301		11		312	
2025		191		-		191		5		196	
2026		96		-		96		2		98	
2027 - 2031		42		-		42		1		43	
2032 - 2036				5,824		5,824				5,824	
Subtotal		1,532		5,967		7,499		70		7,569	
Premium/Discount		70				70				70	
Total	\$	1,602	\$	5,967	\$	7,569	\$	70	\$	7,639	

Under these loan agreements, non-payment of amounts deemed due may result in discontinuance of service. The agreements also specify circumstances construed as breach of agreement or customer default. In these instances, SCE has the right to declare the entire unpaid balance of the loans immediately due and payable.

Other Long-term Obligation - New Civic Center Complex

During fiscal 2016, the City entered into a multi-party Public-Private Partnership agreement (P3) with Plenary-Edgemoor Civic Partners (PECP). The Project comprises two components; a City project consisting of a new City Hall, new Main Library and revitalized Lincoln Park (Project Assets) and a new Harbor headquarters building. Certain common areas are jointly owned by both the City and the Harbor. The Project Agreement required PECP to design, build, operate, and maintain the Civic Center complex.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

During fiscal year 2019, the City moved into the new City Hall and the new Library. Consistent with the agreement, the City began paying PECP the Base Service fees, as defined, over 40 years consisting of a Fixed Growth Fee attributable to construction costs of the Project Assets and a Variable Growth Fee attributable primarily to operation and maintenance services and life-cycle replacement costs of Project Assets. Both the Fixed Growth and Variable Growth Fee have scheduled annual increases. The Fixed Growth component is a stable 2.18% per annum and the Variable Growth is subject to annual increases in the CPI-U index.

The City will also pay PECP for various operating and maintenance and life-cycle replacement costs related (FM Charges) to the Harbor Headquarters building and for the Harbor's portion of the jointly owned common areas. These costs have a fixed component totaling \$71 thousand a month and a variable component ranging from zero to \$128 thousand a month depending on the scope of lifecycle costs. The FM charges are also to be paid over a 40-year term.

Payments relating to these activities over the next five years will be made as follows (in thousands):

			Payments		
		Base	Variable	Harbor	
Year	Principal	Interest	Growth	Fee	Total
2022	5,189	5,011	7,208	732	18,140
2023	5,280	4,919	7,445	743	18,387
2024	5,373	4,827	7,688	780	18,668
2025	5,467	4,732	7,935	778	18,912
2026	5,563	4,636	8,188	801	19,188
2027 - 2031	29,319	21,679	44,938	4,502	100,438
2032 - 2036	31,987	19,011	52,145	4,672	107,815
2037 - 2041	34,898	16,099	60,172	3,706	114,875
2042 - 2046	38,075	12,923	69,115	6,229	126,342
2047 - 2051	41,540	9,458	79,074	5,438	135,510
2052 - 2056	45,321	5,677	90,169	4,614	145,781
2057 - 2061	41,753	1,596	84,559	3,497	131,405
	\$289,765	\$ 110,568	\$518,636	\$ 36,492	\$955,461

Police and Fire Annuity Obligation Program

The City administers a Police and Fire Annuity Program (Program). Enrollment in the Program was terminated in 1945. The Program covers a diminishing number of public safety retirees or their surviving spouses. Total expenditures amounted to \$695 thousand for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Program benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and the Program has no assets.

At September 30, 2021, the program liability was \$4.4 million, and the change in the Program's accrued liability is as follows (in thousands):

Accrued Program Liability at September 30, 2021	\$ 4,436
Estimated Change in Annualized Value of Benefits	(634)
Benefits Paid	(695)
Increase (Decrease) During the Year Attributable to:	
Accrued Program Liability at October 1, 2020	\$ 5,765

The number of program participants diminishes each year, and there were 8 total participants as of September 30, 2021. The following table summarizes total annuity benefits paid, accrued liability and number of participants for the last five fiscal years (dollars in thousands):

Year Ending	Number of Participants	Annuity Benefits Paid	Accrued Program Liability
2017	20	1,180	7,634
2018	18	1,072	6,810
2019	16	1,084	6,365
2020	13	906	5,765
2021	8	695	4,436

Business-Type Activities

Notes and loan payments relating to business-type activities over the next five years will be made as follows (in thousands):

	Business-Type Activities										
	Principa	l Payments	Annual Debt Service Requiremen								
Year ending	Tidelands	Harbor	Principal	Interest	Total						
2022	\$ 29	\$ 51,075	\$ 51,104	\$ 6,151	\$ 57,255						
2023	30	2,215	2,245	6,236	8,481						
2024	31	2,330	2,361	6,215	8,576						
2025	33	2,390	2,423	6,168	8,591						
2026	34	2,475	2,509	6,144	8,653						
2027 - 2031	152	13,675	13,827	30,209	44,036						
2032 - 2036	-	21,785	21,785	29,276	51,061						
2037 - 2041	-	49,945	49,945	27,067	77,012						
2042 - 2046	-	76,640	76,640	23,705	100,345						
2047 - 2051	-	167,055	167,055	16,248	183,303						
2052 - 2056	-	155,415	155,415	4,979	160,394						
Subtotal	309	545,000	545,309	162,398	707,707						
Premium / Discount											
Totals	\$ 309	\$ 545,000	\$ 545,309	\$ 162,398	\$ 707,707						

Harbor Line of Credit

On May 16, 2019, the Board of Harbor Commissioners approved a three-year revolving credit agreement in connection with a tax exempt and taxable revolving line of credit to be provided by MUFG Union Bank, N.A. in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$200.0 million outstanding at any one time. The tax exempt and taxable interest rates to be paid by Harbor for borrowings under the revolving lines of credit will be based on a percentage of the one month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). The purpose of this line of credit is to provide more flexibility to access unrestricted funds when Harbor has a need.

As of September 30, 2021, Harbor has outstanding balance of \$50.0 million under this revolving line of credit at the tax exempt interest rate. The expiration date of this line of credit is May 13, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Harbor TIFIA Loan Subordinate Indebtedness

In May 2014, Harbor entered into a loan agreement (the 2014 TIFIA Loan) with the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) under the TIFIA for an approved amount of \$325.0 million. On May 2020, Harbor entered into a revised new TIFIA loan agreement (the 2021 TIFIA Loan) for an approved amount up to \$500.0 million that replaced the 2014 TIFIA Loan. Under the 2020 TIFIA Loan, the USDOT will allow Harbor to borrow up to \$500.0 million, provided the amount so borrowed will be used to finance and refinance the costs related to the replacement of the Gerald Desmond Bridge, including, but not limited to, the repayment of the 2018A Notes and the 2020C Notes. The loan is secured by a subordinate lien on the Harbor's gross revenue. The loan agreement defines the permissible period for the drawdown of funds to be within the one year after substantial completion of the replacement bridge that was retroactively declared in December of 2020. As of September 30, 2021, Harbor has made two draws on the TIFIA Loan in the total amounted of \$495.0 million which represents the outstanding loan balance. The drawn TIFIA Loan will be repaid over a period not to exceed 35 years at an interest rate of 1.26%.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 11 – LEASING ARRANGEMENTS

The City has various capital leasing arrangements as follows (in thousands):

2018 Surveillance Cameras (c) 06/29/18 07/12/23 2.62% 240 \$ 2018 Data Center (d) 08/01/18 08/09/33 2.66% 19,259 \$ 2018 Motorola Radios (e) 09/25/18 10/15/30 3.82% 15,804 \$ 1: 2019 Technology Equipment (f) 08/22/19 08/22/24 2.16% 803 \$ 2019 Oracle Hardware (g) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 502 \$ 2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	502 4,200 92
2018 PC and Equip (a) 04/10/18 04/19/23 2.48% 1,522 \$ 2018 Access Control System (b) 06/29/18 07/12/33 2.98% 7,050 \$ 2018 Surveillance Cameras (c) 06/29/18 07/12/23 2.62% 240 \$ 2018 Data Center (d) 08/01/18 08/09/33 2.66% 19,259 \$ 2018 Motorola Radios (e) 09/25/18 10/15/30 3.82% 15,804 \$ 2019 Technology Equipment (f) 08/22/19 08/22/24 2.16% 803 \$ 2019 Oracle Hardware (g) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 502 \$ 2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	,200
2018 Access Control System (b) 06/29/18 07/12/33 2.98% 7,050 \$ 2018 Surveillance Cameras (c) 06/29/18 07/12/23 2.62% 240 \$ 2018 Data Center (d) 08/01/18 08/09/33 2.66% 19,259 \$ 2018 Motorola Radios (e) 09/25/18 10/15/30 3.82% 15,804 \$ 2019 Technology Equipment (f) 08/22/19 08/22/24 2.16% 803 \$ 2019 Oracle Hardware (g) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 502 \$ 2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund 49,254 33 Fleet Services Fund ² : (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	,200
2018 Surveillance Cameras (c) 06/29/18 07/12/23 2.62% 240 \$ 2018 Data Center (d) 08/01/18 08/09/33 2.66% 19,259 \$ 2018 Motorola Radios (e) 09/25/18 10/15/30 3.82% 15,804 \$ 2019 Technology Equipment (f) 08/22/19 08/22/24 2.16% 803 \$ 2019 Oracle Hardware (g) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 502 \$ 2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund 49,254 32 Fleet Services Fund ² : (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	1
2018 Data Center (d) 08/01/18 08/09/33 2.66% 19,259 \$ 2018 Motorola Radios (e) 09/25/18 10/15/30 3.82% 15,804 \$ 2019 Technology Equipment (f) 08/22/19 08/22/24 2.16% 803 \$ 2019 Oracle Hardware (g) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 502 \$ 2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund 49,254 32 Fleet Services Fund ² : (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	92
2018 Motorola Radios (e) 09/25/18 10/15/30 3.82% 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ 15,804 \$ \$ 12,206 \$ \$ 2019 Cellon Ce	
2019 Technology Equipment (f) 08/22/19 08/22/24 2.16% 803 \$ 2019 Oracle Hardware (g) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 502 \$ 2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund Fleet Services Fund ² : 2018 Street Sweepers (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	,825
2019 Oracle Hardware (g) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 502 \$ 2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund Fleet Services Fund ² : 2018 Street Sweepers (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	,804
2020 Data Center (h) 07/09/20 07/09/30 1.24% 1,303 \$ 2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund 49,254 33 Fleet Services Fund ² : 2018 Street Sweepers (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	479
2020 PC Equipment (i) 08/26/20 08/26/25 0.87% 1,200 \$ 2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund 49,254 33 Fleet Services Fund ² : (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	307
2021 PC EquipMENT (j) 09/03/21 09/03/26 1.15% 1,571 \$ Total General Services Fund ² : 49,254 3. Fleet Services Fund ² : (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	,159
Total General Services Fund 49,254 32 Fleet Services Fund ² : 2018 Street Sweepers (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	944
Fleet Services Fund ² : 2018 Street Sweepers (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	,571
2018 Street Sweepers (k) 06/01/18 06/14/23 2.54% 975	,883
1	
2019 Ambulances (I) 12/06/18 12/06/24 2.94% 2.004	355
2017 1 1110 0 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110 1	,129
2019 CNG Powered Street Sweeper (m) 09/26/19 09/26/24 1.91% 4,377	,676
2019 Fire Trucks (n) 05/17/19 05/17/29 2.83% 2,401	,900
Total Fleet Services Fund 9,757	5,060
Total Governmental Activities Leases \$ 59,011 \$ 33	3,943
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES: Gas Utility Fund ¹ :	
Advanced Metering Infrastructure (o) 08/03/15 05/01/30 2.40% \$ 18,000 \$ 1	,491
Tidelands Operating Fund ¹ :	
Convention Center (p) 10/01/05 10/01/25 4.99% 649	226
Water Fund ¹ :	
Advanced Metering Infrastructure (q) 12/20/18 12/20/33 3.35% 27,394 2	,226
Total Business-type Activities Leases \$ 46,043 \$ 33	

¹ Lease acquisitions for these funds are for Machinery and Equipment.

Governmental Activities

- (a) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of computers, server equipment and server storage equipment in April 2018. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$27 thousand through April 2023.
- (b) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Access Control System in June 2018. The lease amount varies by year ranging from \$89 thousand per month at inception, to \$32 thousand per month from year 5, to \$25 thousand per month from year 8, to \$16 thousand per month from year 10 through July 2033.

² Lease acquisitions for this fund are for Vehicles.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

- (c) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Surveillance Cameras in June 2018. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$4 thousand through July 2023.
- (d) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Data Center Systems & Telecommunications Equipment & User Devices in August 2018. The lease amount varies by year ranging from \$340 thousand per month at inception, to \$4 thousand per month from year 5, to \$3 thousand per month from year 8, to \$1 thousand per month from year 10 through August 2033.
- (e) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Motorola Radios in September 2018. The lease is payable in annual installments of \$1.9 million through October 2030.
- (f) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Technology Equipment (desktops and laptops) in August 2019. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$14 thousand through August 2024.
- (g) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Oracle Hardware in September 2019. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$9 thousand through September 2024.
- (h) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Data Center Systems & Telecommunications Equipment User Devices in July 2020. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$12 thousand through July 2030.
- (i) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of computers, server equipment and server storage equipment in August 2020. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$20 thousand through August 2025.
- (j) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of computers, server equipment and server storage equipment in September 2021. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$27 thousand through September 2026.
- (k) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Street Sweepers in June 2018. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$17 thousand through June 2023.
- (l) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Ambulances in December 2018. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$30 thousand through December 2024.
- (m) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Street Sweepers in September 2019. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$77 thousand through September 2024.
- (n) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase of Fire Trucks in May 2019. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$23 thousand through May 2029.

Aggregate future debt service payments under the City's governmental activities capital leases are as follows (in thousands):

_	Governmental Activities											
_	Pri	ncipal Payn	ents b	y Fund	Annual Debt Service Requirements							
Year ending	_	eneral ervices	-	Fleet ervices	Pi	rincipal	Iı	iterest		Total		
2022	\$	7,494	\$	1,636	\$	9,130	\$	1,067	\$	10,197		
2023		7,108		1,624		8,732		824		9,556		
2024		2,735		1,504		4,239		654		4,893		
2025		2,529		336		2,865		554		3,419		
2026		2,363		252		2,615		472		3,087		
2027 - 2031		10,291		708		10,999		1,102		12,101		
2032 - 2036		363				363		95		458		
Totals	\$	32,883	\$	6,060	\$	38,943	\$	4,768	\$	43,711		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Business-type Activities

- (o) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase and implementation of an Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) in August 2015. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$713 thousand through May 2030.
- (p) The City entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the installation of a surface membrane to the Convention Center roof. The lease is payable in annual installments of \$52 thousand through October 2025.
- (q) The City entered into a capital lease agreement for the purchase and implementation of an Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI) in December 2018. The lease is payable in monthly installments of \$194 thousand through December 2033.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities capital leases are as follows (in thousands):

	Business-type Activities											
		Princij	pal P	ayments by	y Fund	!		Annual De	ebt Se	rvice Req	uirei	ments
Year ending	Ga	is Utility		Water		elands rating	P	rincipal	In	iterest		Total
2022	\$	1,158	\$	1,640	\$	41	\$	2,839	\$	972	\$	3,811
2023		1,185		1,695		43		2,923		881		3,804
2024		1,215		1,753		45		3,013		792		3,805
2025		1,244		1,813		47		3,104		701		3,805
2026		1,274		1,874		50		3,198		607		3,805
2027 - 2031		5,415		10,365		-		15,780		1,554		17,334
2032 - 2036				2,086		-		2,086		35		2,121
Totals	\$	11,491	\$	21,226	\$	226	\$	32,943	\$	5,542	\$	38,485

Operating Leases

The City's operating leases consist primarily of rental properties occupied by various City departments. Lease obligations for City-leased properties include rent, utility charges, common area maintenance, storage, and parking. The following is a schedule of future minimum rental obligations required under operating lease agreements for properties that have initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of September 30, 2021 (in thousands):

Year ending	 Total					
2022	\$ 5,466					
2023	3,880					
2024	3,256					
2025	3,333					
2026	2,606					
2027 - 2031	3,249					
2032 - 2036	 129					
Total	\$ 21,919					

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Lease Revenues

The City is the lessor for a number of operating lease agreements. Future rental income under non-cancelable operating leases having an initial term in excess of one year is as follows (in thousands):

Year ending	Total
2022	\$ 394,650
2023	418,185
2024	419,759
2025	424,258
2026	25,091
2027-2031	1,463,046
2032-2036	1,085,466
2037-2041	1,055,563
2042-2046	1,492,859
2047-2051	70,122
2052-2056	40,297
2057-2061	30,433
2062-2066	31,325
2067-2071	20,762
2072-2076	15,605
2077-2081	15,930
2082-2086	7,295
Total	\$ 7,010,646

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 12 – DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

At September 30, 2021, the City had the following hedging derivative instruments outstanding within business-type activities:

Туре	Objective	Notional Amount	Effective Date	Various Maturity Dates to:	Terms
Pay-Fixed Interest Rate Swap	To reduce the risks associated with the change in interest rates related to the 2007 Series B Variable-rate Bonds.	\$69.0 million	11/18/2007	11/15/2033	Receive 67% LIBOR plus 1.432%, pay fixed at 4.931%
Commodity Forward Contract	To hedge against a reduction in revenues resulting from changes in monthly commodity prices.	89.7 million MMBtu ¹	11/18/2007	9/30/2037	Pay variable receive fixed for scheduled notional quantities.

¹ MMBtu is one million British Thermal Units.

Interest Rate Swap Objective and Terms: As a means to lower financing costs and to reduce the risks associated with the fluctuation of market interest rates, the Long Beach Bond Finance Authority (LBBFA) entered into a series of interest rate swaps in connection with the 2007 Gas Prepay Bonds, Series B (Prepay Bonds) in the amount of \$251.7 million. In July 2009, a tender offer was submitted to bondholders reducing the Prepay Bond's outstanding notional amounts to \$69.0 million as follows:

Maturity Date	Ai	otional mounts thousands)	Synthetic Fixed Rate	Variable Rate	Spread
11/15/2025	\$	19,195	4.903%	1.497%	1.410%
11/15/2026		25,175	4.930%	1.517%	1.430%
11/15/2027		24,630	4.955%	1.537%	1.450%
11/15/2033		5	5.067%	1.637%	1.550%
	\$	69,005	4.931% 2	1.519%	1.432% 2

² Percentages are weighted average.

The objective of the swap was to effectively change the variable interest rate on the Prepay Bonds to a synthetic weighted average fixed rate of 4.9 percent (pay-fixed interest rate swap). The Prepay Bonds and the related swap agreements mature on the dates specified above and the swap's notional amount of \$69.0 million matches the \$69.0 million variable-rate Prepay Bonds. The swap was effective at the same time the Prepay Bonds were issued on October 18, 2007.

Starting in fiscal year 2008-09, under the swap agreement, LBBFA paid Merrill Lynch Capital Services, Inc. fixed payments based on the above schedule. In October 2007, the Alternative Floating Rate Option was used to calculate interest paid to LBBFA. The Alternate Floating Rate Option means a per annum rate, not to exceed the maximum interest rate payable on the Prepay Bonds, expressed as a decimal, equal to 67 percent of the three-month LIBOR, as quoted by the British Bankers Association (BBA), plus a spread as defined above, not to exceed a rate of 15 percent per annum for any calculation period.

³ The weighted average floating rate is based on the present value of 67% of the forward three-month LIBOR rate curve at September 30, 2020, plus the indicative spread.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Commodity Swap Objective and Terms: The City entered into a natural gas commodity price sale agreement with Royal Bank of Canada Capital Markets (RBC) to hedge against a reduction in its gas sale revenues resulting from changes in monthly market index prices. Under the swap agreement, the City pays a floating natural gas price over a 30-year period and receives specified fixed natural gas prices for notional quantities of natural gas as determined in the Prepaid Gas Agreement. In consideration for the agreement, the City remitted \$892.6 million to the seller. Settlement provisions of the contract permit the City to take delivery of the gas or to pay a settlement price equal to the applicable Index Price (NGI So Cal Border Index) for the month in which the gas delivery occurs, less \$0.83 per one million MMBtu. The swap was effective at the same time the Prepay Bonds were issued on October 18, 2007 and continues through September 30, 2037.

Tender Offer: In July 2009, the City executed a tender offer for a portion of the underlying Prepay Bonds. The results of the tender offer reduced the amount of outstanding variable-rate Prepay Bonds associated with the interest rate swap by \$182.7 million and the City's purchase volume of natural gas over the life of the commodity swap agreement by 60 million MMBtu.

Fair Value: The interest rate swap, with the market price quoted by Bank of America-Merrill Lynch, had a negative fair value of approximately \$13.9 million on October 1, 2020. During the fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, the fair value further increased by \$3.8 million to a negative fair value of \$10.1 million. The fair value for the interest rate swap is described as the exit price, which is based on the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) swap rate. The interest rate swap is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy as the LIBOR swap rate is observable for the full term of the swap.

The commodity swap, with the market price quoted by RBC, had a fair value of \$610.8 million on October 1, 2020. During the fiscal year, fair value decreased \$167.0 million to a fair value of \$443.8 million as of September 30, 2021. The fair value for the commodity swap is based on RBC's quoted price. The commodity swap is classified as Level 3 as the valuation relies primarily on unobservable inputs.

Fair values are based on mark-to-market valuations provided by the swap counterparties. The following table provides the details for the changes in fair value for both derivative instruments (in thousands):

Maturity Date	Fair Value, October 1, 2020		Change in Fair Value		Fair Value, September 2021		
Interest Rate Swap							
11/15/2025	\$	(3,261)	\$	910	\$	(2,351)	
11/15/2026		(5,011)		1,368		(3,643)	
11/15/2027		(5,588)		1,504		(4,084)	
11/15/2033		(2)		1		(1)	
		(13,862)		3,783		(10,079)	
Commodity Swap							
9/30/2037		610,803		(166,970)		443,833	
Total	\$	596,941	\$	(163,187)	\$	433,754	

Information on the effects of these transactions on the financial statement presentation can be found in Note 23 to the basic financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Credit Risks: As of September 30, 2021, the interest rate swap counterparty was rated AA- by Fitch Ratings with a Stable outlook. It aligns with the counterparties ratings upgrade of Bank of America Corporation's (BAC) Long-Term Issuer Default Rating (IDR) to AA-. Further, these ratings reflect the credit quality of the BAC and Long Beach Energy Resources (LBER), the City's gas distribution utility.

Merrill Lynch Commodities, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Merrill Lynch and Co. Inc. (Guarantor), entered into a Prepaid Natural Gas Purchase and Sale Agreement with the LBBFA to sell and deliver gas to the LBBFA. On July 12, 2012, the City, the Guarantor, and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (Custodian) entered into a Pledge Collateral and Custodial Agreement, pursuant to Section 21.2 of the Prepaid Gas Agreement, for purposes of securing the obligations of the Seller and Guarantor to pay the Purchaser the Unearned Amount in the event an Early Termination Date occurs and the Unearned Amount is owed by the Seller or Guarantor to the Purchaser. The Custodian for benefit of the City holds a perfected interest in the collateral pledged. BNY Mellon remains in its role as Trustee since inception of the bonds while the collateral custodian role has migrated to Wells Fargo and most recently to Principal Custody Solution.

Credit risk exposure was deemed to be sufficiently mitigated through collateral as stipulated in the investment agreement. The RBC as the commodity swap provider has a strong credit profile. The proceeds of the bond issue are used to prepay the Guarantor for specified quantities of natural gas, deliverable to the LBBFA over a 30-year period. Bond holders rely on the supplier to deliver the gas or make a cash payment to the issuer in lieu of delivery over the life of the bonds. LBBFA delivers the gas to the City, which is obligated to purchase delivered gas as an operating expense of LBER, its gas distribution utility.

In March 2019, Moody's upgraded its long-term rating from Aa3 to A2 to correspond to BAC's upgrade, the parent of Merrill Lynch Commodities, Inc. and the City's Gas utility.

Interest Rate Swap Payment and Associated Debt: Using rates as of September 30, 2021, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming the current interest rate remains the same for their term, were as follows (in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ending	Variable-Rate Bonds		Bonds	Ne	t Swap	Total			
September 30	Pr	incipal		Interest		Payments		Interest	
2022	\$	-	\$	3,403	\$	214	\$	3,617	
2023		-		3,403		195		3,598	
2024		-		3,403		178		3,581	
2025		19,195		2,697		226		2,923	
2026		25,175		1,531		176		1,707	
2027 - 2031		24,630		306		118		424	
2032 - 2033		5		-				-	
Total	\$	69,005	\$	14,743	\$	1,107	\$	15,850	

As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

Termination Risks: In accordance with the Trust Indenture and the Prepaid Natural Gas Purchase and Sale Agreement, the issuer has the right to optionally redeem Prepay Bonds either pursuant to the covered indenture at no market risk or a Triggering Event as described in the Prepaid Natural Gas Purchase and Sale Agreement.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 13 – RETIREMENT PROGRAMS

<u>Plan Description – California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)</u>

Plan Description – The City contributes to the CalPERS agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans (Plans). CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans including benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information. All qualified permanent employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) or Miscellaneous (all other) Plans. The reports can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided – CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service equal to one year of full-time employment, age at retirement and final compensation. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at September 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

_		Miscellaneous					
		On or after					
		October 1, 2006					
	Prior to	and prior to	On or after				
Hire date	October 1, 2006	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 62				
Benefit vesting schedule		5 years of service					
Benefit payments		Monthly for life					
Retirement age	50- 55	50 - 55	52 - 62				
	R	Lequired Contribution Rates	1				
Employee	8.0%	8.0%	6.5%				
Employer	28.446%	28.446%	28.446%				
	Perce	entage of Eligible Compensa	ation				
Monthly benefits	2.0% to 2.7%	2.0% to 2.5%	1.0% to 2.0%				
	Safety						
		Sujety					
		On or after					
•							
	Prior to	On or after	On or after				
Hire date	Prior to October 1, 2006	On or after October 1, 2006	On or after January 1, 2013				
Hire date Benefit formula		On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to					
	October 1, 2006	On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to January 1, 2013 3.0% @ 50 5 years of service	January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula	October 1, 2006	On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to January 1, 2013 3.0% @ 50	January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule	October 1, 2006	On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to January 1, 2013 3.0% @ 50 5 years of service	January 1, 2013				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments	October 1, 2006 3.0% @ 55 50 - 55	On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to January 1, 2013 3.0% @ 50 5 years of service Monthly for life	January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57 50 - 57				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments	October 1, 2006 3.0% @ 55 50 - 55	On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to January 1, 2013 3.0% @ 50 5 years of service Monthly for life 50	January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57 50 - 57				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age	October 1, 2006 3.0% @ 55 50 - 55	On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to January 1, 2013 3.0% @ 50 5 years of service Monthly for life 50 tequired Contribution Rates	January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57 50 - 57				
Benefit formula Benefit vesting schedule Benefit payments Retirement age Employee	October 1, 2006 3.0% @ 55 50 - 55 9.0% 44.443%	On or after October 1, 2006 and prior to January 1, 2013 3.0% @ 50 5 years of service Monthly for life 50 tequired Contribution Rates	January 1, 2013 2.7% @ 57 50 - 57 12.3% 44.443%				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Employees Covered – Based on the June 30, 2020 funding valuation report, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>	Safety	
Active employees	3,528	1,261	
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4,557	1,805	
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4,417	334	

Contributions — California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The City's contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the City to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

CalPERS Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for both Plans is measured as the total pension liability, less the plan's fiduciary net position. Net pension liability is measured as of June 30, 2021 (measurement date), using the actuarial valuation report as of June 30, 2020 rolled forward using standard actuarial procedures. At September 30, 2021, the City reported net pension liability of \$527.9 million for both plans. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows:

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous	Safety			
Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2020			
Measurement Date (MD)	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021			
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal				
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%			
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%			
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry	Age and Service			
Investment Rate of Return	7.15%	7.15%			
Mortality	1	1			

1 The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB Statement No. 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.15% was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The following table reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class for both Safety and Miscellaneous Plans. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ^a	Real Return Years 11+ ^b
Public Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	0.00	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8.00	6.30	7.23
Real Assets	13.00	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1.00	-	(0.92)

^a An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period

^b An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in the CalPERS Net Pension Liability

The following tables show the changes in the net pension liability for each Plan (in thousands):

	Increase (Decrease)								
Miscellaneous Plan		Total Pension Liability		n Fiduciary et Position	Net Pension Liability/(Asset)				
Balance at July 1, 2020 (MD)	\$	2,813,763	\$	2,153,414	\$	660,349			
Changes in the year:									
Service Cost		45,016		-		45,016			
Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences between Actual and		196,483		-		196,483			
Expected Experience		(13,138)		-		(13,138)			
Contribution - Employer		-		78,158		(78,158)			
Contribution - Employee		-		19,885		(19,885)			
Net Investment Income		-		478,175		(478,175)			
Administrative Expenses		-		(2,151)		2,151			
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		7		(7)			
Benefit Payments, including Refunds									
of Employee Contributions		(150,237)		(150,237)		-			
Net changes		78,124		423,837		(345,713)			
Balance at June 30, 2021 (MD)	\$	2,891,887	\$	2,577,251	\$	314,636			

	Increase (Decrease)							
	To	Total Pension		n Fiduciary	Ne	Net Pension		
Safety Plan		Liability	N	et Position	Liab	ility/(Asset)		
Balance at July 1, 2020 (MD)	\$	2,723,971	\$	2,178,824	\$	545,147		
Changes in the year:								
Service Cost		45,592		-		45,592		
Interest on Total Pension Liability Differences between Actual and		191,618		-		191,618		
Expected Experience		1,763		-		1,763		
Contribution - Employer		-		71,008		(71,008)		
Contribution - Employee		-		16,780		(16,780)		
Net Investment Income		-		485,277		(485,277)		
Administrative Expenses		-		(2,177)		2,177		
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(7)		7		
Benefit Payments, including Refunds								
of Employee Contributions		(137,111)		(137,111)		-		
Net Changes		101,862		433,770		(331,908)		
Balance at June 30, 2021 (MD)	\$	2,825,833	\$	2,612,594	\$	213,239		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the net pension liability of the City for each plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, compared to a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.15%). Amounts shown below are in thousands:

Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)	1% Decrease (6.15%)		count Rate (7.15%)	1% Increase (8.15%)	
Miscellaneous	\$	681,611	\$ 314,636	\$	10,334
Safety		586,718	213,239		(94,310)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

Pension Income and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to CalPERS Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension income of \$4.1 million and \$11.1 million for the Miscellaneous and Safety Plan, respectively.

At September 30, 2021, the City reported pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources (in thousands):

	Miscellaneous Plan:			Safety Plan:				Total				
	Out		Deferred Outflows of I Resources F		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$	59,961		-	\$	49,249		-	\$	109,210	\$	-
Differences Between Actual and Expected Experience		-		(10,154)		6,343		(2,653)		6,343		(12,807)
Net Differences between Projected and Actual Earnings												
on Plan Investments		-		(235,509)		-		(238,841)		-		(474,350)
Change in Proportion		9,626		(9,626)		1,609		(1,609)		11,235		(11,235)
Total	\$	69,587	\$	(255,289)	\$	57,201	\$	(243,103)	\$	126,788	\$	(498,392)

The \$109.2 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made by the City subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2021 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension income as follows (in thousands):

Miscellane	ous .	Plan:	Safety Plan:		Total			
Year Ending September 30		Amount	Year Ending September 30		Amount	Year Ending September 30		Amount
2022	\$	(65,331)	2022	\$	(56,032)	2022	\$	(121,363)
2023		(58,647)	2023		(55,893)	2023		(114,540)
2024		(56,427)	2024		(56,986)	2024		(113,413)
2025		(65,258)	2025		(66,240)	2025		(131,498)
Total	\$	(245,663)	Total	\$	(235,151)	Total	\$	(480,814)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 14 – POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City provides postemployment healthcare benefits through its City of Long Beach Retiree Health Care plan (OPEB Plan), a single-employer plan. The OPEB Plan covers all eligible full-time employees of the City. City Council has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms currently permitted by Ordinance No. C-7556. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Benefits Provided

The OPEB Plan provides health, dental and long-term care insurance for retirees and their dependents as long as (a) that employee participated in a City provided insurance program of that type during the year immediately preceding retirement, (b) the employee has not attained the eligibility age for Medicare payments, and (c) the employee has attained the minimum retirement age for the employee's retirement plan.

Benefits are administered through a third-party provider, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the OPEB Plan up to the point where the value of the retirees unused sick leave has been exhausted. Retirees who have exhausted their unused sick leave can still access the OPEB Plan by paying the OPEB Plan premium out of pocket. As of September 30, 2021, the count of employees covered by the benefit terms was:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	1,051
Active employees	4,663
Total _	5,714

Total OPEB Liability

At September 30, 2021, the City's total OPEB liability was \$8.8 million. The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	September 30, 2020
Measurement Date	September 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
A -4:-1 A	

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation 2.50%
Discount Rate 2.41% Based on Fidelity Municipal Bond GO AA

20-year Bond Index

Payroll Increases Aggregate 2.75%

Merit CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Health Care Cost Trend 6.75% for 2022, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75%

Rates in 2076

CalPERS 1997-2015 Experience Study

Mortality, Termination, Disability, Retirement

Mortality Improvement Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2020

Participation Rates:

Miscellaneous Plan 75%, 100% select City plans Safety 90%, 85% select City plans

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (in thousands)

Balance at October 1, 2020		\$ 9,655
Service Cost	1,718	
Interest on Total OPEB liability	265	
Difference between Expected		
and Actual Experience	1,211	
Change in Assumptions	(539)	
Benefit Payments	(3,525)	
Net Changes		 (870)
Balance at September 30, 2021		\$ 8,785

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	1% Decrease (1.41 %)		<i>Rate</i> (2.41 %)		1% Increase (3.41 %)	
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	(7,304)	\$	8,785	\$	19,814

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

			He	althcare			
	1% Decrease		Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase		
Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	18,099	\$	8,785	\$	(5,669)	

OPEB Income and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized an OPEB income of \$2.7 million. At September 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources (in thousands):

	0	eferred utflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Amounts paid subsequent to measurement date	\$	3,029	\$	-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		1,087		(4,829)	
Change in assumptions		4,409		(32,833)	
Change in proportion		2,932		(2,932)	
Total	\$	11,457	\$	(40,594)	

The \$3.0 million reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made by the City subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending September 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB income over the next 9.5 years, as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending	Amount to be					
September 30	Recognized					
2022	\$	(4,698)				
2023		(4,698)				
2024		(4,698)				
2025		(4,883)				
2026		(4,814)				
2027 -2031		(8,375)				
Total	\$	(32,166)				

NOTE 15 – SELF-INSURANCE PROGRAMS

The City has adopted separate insurance programs for workers' compensation and general liability claims. The City is self-insured for workers' compensation and general liability for the first \$5 million per occurrence, except for law enforcement's general liability which has \$10 million per occurrence self-insured retention. In addition, the City has excess insurance coverage for workers' compensation and general liability claims up to \$150 million and \$50 million, respectively.

At September 30, 2021, the City accrued non-discounted estimates totaling \$176.4 million for workers' compensation and general liability claims. This represents estimates of amounts to be paid for actual and incurred-but-not-reported claims based upon past experience, modified for current trends and developments. The City has recorded in the Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund a current liability of \$20.5 million and a long-term liability of \$111.6 million. The City has recorded in the General Liability Insurance Fund a current liability of \$11.1 million and a long-term liability of \$33.2 million.

The ultimate amount of losses incurred through September 30, 2021 is dependent on future developments. Based upon actuary evaluation, City's management believes that the aggregate accrual adequately represents such losses.

A summary of the City's claims activity for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2021 and 2020 is as follows (in thousands):

	Com	Vorkers' apensation Claims	\boldsymbol{L}	General iability Claims	Total		
Balance at October 1, 2019 Additions Payments	\$	138,054 13,840 (14,909)	\$	33,502 17,931 (8,382)	\$	171,556 31,771 (23,291)	
Balance at September 30, 2020 Additions Payments		136,985 7,511 (12,416)		43,051 4,434 (3,180)		180,036 11,945 (15,596)	
Balance at September 30, 2021	\$	132,080	\$	44,305	\$	176,385	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 16 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES AND FUND DEFICITS

As of September 30, 2021, total fund balances for the City's major and non-major governmental funds are as follows (in thousands):

	General	General Capital Projects	Housing Assistance Special Revenue	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balances (Deficit):					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Expense and Deposits	\$ 2,127	\$ 1,489	\$ -	\$ 927	\$ 4,543
Subtotal	2,127	1,489	_	927	4,543
Restricted for:		,			
Debt Service	-	-	-	32,759	32,759
Public Safety	2,836	-	-	4,588	7,424
Public Health	-	-	-	13,049	13,049
Community and Cultural	-	-	23,336	74,404	97,740
Other Purposes	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	-
Public Works		62,462		9,349	71,811
Subtotal	2,836	62,462	23,336	134,149	222,783
Committed to:			-		
Community and Cultural	_	_	_	1,414	1,414
Other Purposes - Emergency Reserve	48,378	_	_	-	48,378
Other Purposes - Operating Reserve	15,968	-	-	-	15,968
Oil Abandonment	12,197			-	12,197
Subtotal	76,543			1,414	77,957
Assigned to:					
Subsequent Year's Appropriations	72,516	-	_	-	72,516
Unfunded Liabilities and Commitments	35,142	-	-	-	35,142
Infrastructure Reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Community and Cultural	-	-	-	373	373
Public Works		94,109	_	-	94,109
Subtotal	107,658	94,109		373	202,140
Unassigned (Deficit)	(16,483)			-	(16,483)
Total Fund Balances	\$ 172,681	\$158,060	\$ 23,336	\$ 136,863	\$ 490,940

Fund Deficits

The Gas Utility Fund, a major proprietary fund, reported a deficit net position of \$9.5 million as of September 30, 2021. This deficit was primarily attributed to the transfer of \$13.5 million to the General Fund. Refer to Note 6 to the Basic Financial Statements for additional details. City management believes that the cash position of the fund is sufficient to support the utilities ongoing operations.

The Tidelands Oil Revenue Fund, a nonmajor proprietary fund, reported a deficit net position of \$55.6 million as of September 30, 2021. Tidelands Oil Revenue Fund deficit net position is due to a future oil field abandonment liability of \$110.3 million, reflecting an increase of \$7.7 million during the fiscal year. City management will continue to accumulate futures resources to pay for the oil field abandonment liability.

The Development Services Fund, a nonmajor proprietary fund, reported a deficit net position of \$2.8 million as of September 30, 2021. This deficit resulted from decreased operating revenues compared to the prior fiscal year and higher maintenance and other operation expenses incurred during the year. However, City management believes that the cash position of the fund is sufficient to support the development services ongoing operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

The Towing Fund, a nonmajor enterprise fund, reported a deficit net position of \$2.4 million as of September 30, 2021. This deficit primarily resulted from the recognition of a net pension liability of \$1.9 million and compensated absences of \$0.6 million. City management believes that the cash position of the fund is currently sufficient at 40 days of expenses to support ongoing operations.

As of September 30, 2021, the Workers' Compensation insurance fund reflected a deficit net position of \$101.1 million. This deficit included the impact of accrued liabilities for Accrued Claims and Net Pension Liability of \$132.1 million and \$4.0 million respectively. City management believes the cash position is sufficient to cover the current costs related to workers' compensation claims and current operating costs. The City management believes the deficit net position will be recovered through future charges for services, adjusted as appropriate, and has made reasonable adjustments to amounts charged to City departments to ensure adequate cash positions are maintained.

As of September 30, 2021, the General Liability insurance fund reflected a deficit net position of \$49.7 million. This deficit included the impact of accrued liabilities for Accrued Claims and Net Pension Liability of \$44.3 million and \$2.4 million respectively. City management believes the deficit net position will be recovered through future charges for services, adjusted as appropriate, and has made reasonable adjustments to amounts charged to City departments to ensure adequate cash positions are maintained.

NOTE 17 – OIL FIELD ABANDONMENT LIABILITY

Tideland Oil Revenues

The City is required to administer certain tideland properties for the State of California (State). Revenues received from the City's tidelands area are restricted by State law to tidelands-related purposes. The trust agreement provides for the establishment of separate operating funds to account for the various activities conducted in the City's tideland areas.

The City utilizes contractors to oversee oil production on the tidelands portion of the Wilmington Oil Field. Oil revenues (net of administrative and operating expenses, a \$1,000,000 fixed annual retention by the City, and the City's participation in the Optimized Waterflood Program Agreement) are remitted to the State. The use of the funds retained by the City are restricted for tidelands-related purposes to include the City's marinas, beaches, waterways, and convention center.

Annually, the City estimates the State's share in the costs of future abandonment and site clearance of the oil properties. At September 30, 2021, the State's total estimated abandonment cost liability is \$966.4 million, which increased by \$56.6 million from fiscal year 2020. This estimate is based on the number and life of productive wells, general changes in the life of the oil field, and changes in oil prices. As of September 30, 2021, and as provided for in Assembly Bill (AB) 137, the State has put aside and deposited approximately \$300.0 million of the \$966.4 million estimated liability into the State's Oil Trust Fund - Abandonment Reserve. In the Tidelands Oil fund, the abandonment reserve set aside for the estimated liability is \$46.8 million.

At September 30, 2021, the Tidelands Operating Fund recorded an estimated oil field abandonment cost liability of \$110.3 million increasing by \$7.7 million from fiscal year 2020. This estimate is based on the number and life of productive wells, general changes in the life of the oil field, and changes in oil prices. The City's ownership interests in the Wilmington Oil Field also results in the City recording a proportionate share of oil field abandonment costs currently estimated at \$23.1 million of which \$12.2 million has been funded in the Upland Oil Fund as of September 30, 2021.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Subsidence

In accordance with State law, the City established a Reserve for Subsidence Contingencies to indemnify the City, State, and contractors for claims or costs arising from subsidence alleged to have resulted from oil operations. A maximum of \$40.0 million, plus accrued interest, was originally set aside for this purpose. At present, 100 percent of the interest accrues to the Reserve for Subsidence. As of September 30, 2021, the reserve balance within the Subsidence Fund is \$191.2 million.

As part of the adoption of the State's 2005 fiscal year budget, 100 percent of this fund's interest earnings for calendar years 2004 and 2005 were eligible to be loaned to the City's General Fund, with repayment commencing in fiscal year 2008, without interest, in equal annual installments of \$500 thousand for up to 20 years. This action was taken to mitigate the impact of the City in making a \$5 million contributions to the State in both fiscal years 2005 and 2006. At September 30, 2021, total loan to the City's General Fund and interest retained amounts to \$614 thousands.

NOTE 18 – POLLUTION REMEDIATION OBLIGATIONS

BKK Sites

Victoria Golf Course: Between 1947 and 1949, the City disposed of municipal waste in a landfill owned by BKK Corp located in Carson, California. It has been determined that the site is the source of groundwater contamination. The State Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) has identified the City as a potentially responsible party (PRP) under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act and has threatened enforcement action. The County of Los Angeles has threatened a cross-claim against the City for contribution. As of September 30, 2021, there was insufficient information to develop an estimate of potential remediation costs attributable to the City. The City has an Environmental Pollution Insurance Policy that may cover some costs for the period in question.

West Covina: From the mid-1960s through 1987, the City disposed of municipal waste in a landfill owned by BKK Corp located in West Covina, California. It has been determined that the site is the source of groundwater contamination. The State DTSC has a cleanup order to PRPs under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). The primary PRPs have entered into a consent decree. Those parties in turn have threatened to compel the City to contribute part of the clean-up costs. As of September 30, 2021, there was insufficient information to develop an estimate of potential remediation costs attributable to the City. The City has an Environmental Pollution Insurance Policy that may cover some costs for the period in question.

West Covina Site

Chevron (USA), Exxon Mobile Corporation, Conoco Phillips Company, Long Beach Oil Development Company (LBOD), and American Energy Operations, Inc. have been named in cleanup actions (Imminent and Substantial Endangerment Determination and Order and a Remedial Action Order from the California DTSC). The site is located in West Covina. In response, the parties have filed claims against the City seeking unspecified damages. In 2005 and 2006, the parties entered into tolling agreements with the City. To date, no costs have been incurred in this matter. As of September 30, 2021, there was insufficient information to develop an estimate of potential remediation costs attributable to the City. The City has an Environmental Pollution Insurance Policy that may cover some costs for the period in question.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

55th Way Landfill (formerly Paramount Landfill)

The City operated the Paramount Landfill from 1945 to 1948. Construction began after substantial design and permitting work to close the landfill according to then current standards and was completed in August 2006. A portion of the landfill was developed into Davenport Park in 2006. The City purchased an adjacent parcel in 2006 and developed Phase II of Davenport Park. In May 2009, the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board (LA Board) notified the City that additional groundwater monitoring is required for this site. The City implements an ongoing Solid Waste Assessment Test (SWAT) groundwater monitoring program for the 55th Way Landfill pursuant to an LA Board Water Discharge Requirements Order (WDRO) and General Monitoring and Reporting Program Order (MRPO). Groundwater monitoring is now required on a recurring semi-annual basis until such time that the LA Board rescinds the WDRO or otherwise approves a reduction or elimination of the MRPO. In May 2019, the City was notified by the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health (LACDPH) that on-site soil vapor probes showed exceedances in methane gas concentrations. LACDPH has since required the City to provide a monitoring and remediation plan and a gas control work plan. As of September 30, 2021, the estimated liability of potential remediation is a one-time cost of \$2.8 million with ongoing landfill gas monitoring costs of approximately \$80 thousand per year.

El Cortez (formerly El Ranchito)

In 2009, the former Redevelopment Agency purchased property at 5301 Long Beach Blvd. In fiscal year 2012, the Agency initiated a voluntary remediation project at the site. In July of 2015, the LA Board requested specific remedial and groundwater monitoring action be implemented. The original estimated remaining liability associated with the groundwater monitoring, based on a cost estimate from the monitoring service provider, is \$485 thousand. As of September 30, 2021, the remaining liability for the monitoring was \$319 thousand. There is no reasonable expectation of any recovery associated with these remediation efforts. The property has been "remediated" and reported as closure of the site/case.

Cowelco

In November of 2012, the LA Board notified the Agency that additional groundwater monitoring was necessary at 1669 W. Anaheim Street based on their review of the Site Assessment Report. The LA Board again notified the Agency that additional assessment was necessary after their review of the soil data and groundwater monitoring performed in 2014. In August of 2015, the California State Water Resources Control Board (Control Board) issued a letter denying the City's request for closure and requiring further action. In January 2021, the LARWQCB issued a directive to take additional corrective action in response to unauthorized storage tank release at the site, likely related to impacts from an adjacent upgradient site. Compliance with the LARWQCB and Control Board requests is anticipated to cost a total of approximately \$117 thousand. As of September 30, 2021, the remaining liability associated with compliance is estimated at \$176 thousand. It is not known if additional monitoring or remediation will be required. There is no reasonable expectation of any recovery associated with these remediation efforts.

Metropolitan Transportation Authority (MTA) Bus Parking Lot

The LA Board has notified the City that additional ground water monitoring for the former MTA bus parking lot may be required. MTA pledged \$300 thousand to pay for any future monitoring costs when the City acquired the property. Management has not recorded a liability because it is believed that the costs associated with any future monitoring would be less than the pledge by the MTA. At September 30, 2021, the site is still being evaluated and the City is waiting for final determination from the LA Board as to the extent of any additional monitoring activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Leaking Underground Storage Tanks (LUST)

In the early 1990s, the City was named a responsible party for a number of City owned and/or operated LUST sites by the LA Board. All of the tanks have since been removed. The sites are located at Fire Station 7, Fire Station 10, Fire Station 11, Fire Station 17 and 2929 East Willow Street. The LA Board has directed that these sites be evaluated for remediation and continued monitoring activities. The City has successfully remediated Fire Stations 10 and 11, meeting the requirements of the Water Board's low threat closure policy (LTCP). These two facilities are currently performing post-closure monitoring activities. As of September 30, 2021, the City remains under a Board order to continue monitoring the sites. The estimated related liability for the future remediation is \$900 thousand. For its monitoring and remediation efforts, the City submitted claims for reimbursable remediation cost to the State UST Cleanup Fund. As of September 30, 2021, the City obtained a reimbursement of costs related to the closed sites amounting to \$2.8 million.

Harbor Warehouse

In July of 2017, the Harbor, as result of a hazardous building materials survey of a warehouse, identified the presence of environmentally sensitive materials requiring abatement activities if the facility is to remain in use. The estimated remediation liability for abatement decreased to \$2.6 million for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Department has received bid proposals related to the remediation project that are currently under review as part of the selection process. There is no reasonable expectation of any recovery associated with these remediation efforts.

Pier E Container Yard-Intermodal Railyard

Environmentally contaminated soil materials were found during the project's construction. The Board of Harbor Commissioners approved additional funding to dispose of these asbestos contaminated soil materials.

Demolition of Former Harbor Department Administration Building Complex

Environmentally sensitive materials were identified in the building and a remediation effort will be required as part of the demolition procedures. This project is currently out for bid and completed.

NOTE 19 – INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

Intermodal Container Transfer Facility Joint Powers Authority (ICTF)

The City's Harbor Department and the Port of Los Angeles (Venturers) entered into a joint venture agreement to form ICTF for the purposes of financing and constructing an intermodal container transfer facility (facility) to transfer cargo containers between trucks and railroad cars. The facility was leased to Southern Pacific, which merged with Union Pacific (Tenant) in 1996. The facility was developed by the Tenant who assumed operational responsibility for the facility. The Venturers' share net income and equity distributions from ICTF equally. The Harbor's share of the ICTF's net position as of September 30, 2021 totaled \$3.7 million. The ICTF financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021 can be obtained from the Harbor.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 20 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (457 Plan) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code, Section 457. The 457 Plan permits employees to defer a portion of their salary and all amounts of compensation deferred under the 457 Plan and all income attributable to those amounts are held in trust accounts for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

All investment decisions under the 457 Plan are the responsibility of the 457 Plan participants. The City has no liability for losses under the 457 Plan, but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. The accumulated assets of the 457 Plan are not required to be reported in the accompanying basic financial statements.

If 457 Plan participants retire or terminate service with the City, they may be eligible to receive payments under the 457 Plan in accordance with provisions thereof. In the event of serious financial emergency, the City may approve, upon request, withdrawals from the 457 Plan by the participants.

NOTE 21 – GAS UTILITY FUND

The Gas Utility Fund is comprised of the Gas Operating and LBBFA Gas Prepay Functions and is used to account for the activities associated with the distribution of natural gas to the City's customers. The Gas Prepay Function was formed to account for the 2007A and 2007B Natural Gas bonds that were issued for the purchase of gas at a predetermined price. The schedules in the following pages summarize the activity and account balances that comprise the Gas Utility Fund:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

City of Long Beach
Gas Utility Fund
Consolidated Schedule of Net Position September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Gas Operating Function	LBBFA Gas Prepay Function	Total Before Elimination	Elimination Debit (Credit)	Total Gas Utility Fund
ASSETS					
Current Assets:					
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 58,085	\$ 65	\$ 58,150	\$ -	\$ 58,150
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	1	88	89	-	89
Receivables: Interest Receivable		15	15		15
Accounts Receivable	11,764	2.898	14,662	-	14.662
Due from Other Funds	629	2,070	629	(629)	14,002
Allowance for Receivables	(3,023)	-	(3,023)	-	(3,023)
Inventory	3,679	-	3,679	-	3,679
Prepaid Gas - Current	-	23,689	23,689	-	23,689
Other Assets	104		104		104
Total Current Assets	71,239	26,755	97,994	(629)	97,365
Noncurrent Assets:					
Restricted Noncurrent assets:					
Non-Pooled Investments	-	27,085	27,085	=	27,085
Fair Value - Commodity Swap	-	443,833	443,833	-	443,833
Capital Assets:	12 401		12 401		12 401
Land and Other Assets Not Being Depreciated Property, Plant and Equipment	13,401	-	13,401	-	13,401
Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation	163,919	_	163,919	_	163,919
Prepaid Gas - Long-term	-	310,780	310,780	-	310,780
Total Noncurrent Assets	177,320	781,698	959,018		959,018
Total Assets	248,559	808,453	1,057,012	(629)	1,056,383
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,795	10,079	13,874	-	13,874
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Accrued Interest Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenues Customers Deposits Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits Obligations under Capital Leases - Current Bonds Payable Due within One Year Total Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities: Fair Value - Interest Rate Swap Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits Obligations under Capital Lease Bonds Payable Net Pension Liability Total OPEB Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities	6,447 645 114 1,341 1,407 2,680 2,003 1,158 	9,840 629 	6,447 645 9,954 1,970 1,407 2,680 2,003 1,158 16,040 42,304 10,079 4,607 10,333 540,121 15,457 272 580,869	(629) 	6,447 645 9,954 1,341 1,407 2,680 2,003 1,158 16,040 41,675 10,079 4,607 10,333 540,121 15,457 272 580,869
Total Liabilities	46,464	576,709	623,173	(629)	622,544
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,390	443,833	457,223		457,223
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	162,671	-	162,671	-	162,671
Capital Projects Unrestricted	13,249 16,580	(202,010)	13,249 (185,430)	-	13,249 (185,430)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 192,500	\$ (202,010)	\$ (9,510)	\$ -	\$ (9,510)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

City of Long Beach

Gas Utility Fund

Consolidated Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In Thousands)

	Gas Operating Function	LBBFA Gas Prepay Function	Total Before Elimination	Elimination Debit (credit)	Total Gas Utility Fund
Operating Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$108,871	\$ 15,964	\$ 124,835	\$(15,964)	\$108,871
Other	3,059		3,059		3,059
Total Revenues	111,930	15,964	127,894	(15,964)	111,930
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel Services	12,924	-	12,924	-	12,924
Purchases of Gas	35,686	(5,029)	30,657	(15,964)	14,693
Maintenance and Other Operations	18,702	24	18,726	-	18,726
Depreciation	7,724		7,724		7,724
Total Operating Expenses	75,036	(5,005)	70,031	(15,964)	54,067
Operating Income	36,894	20,969	57,863		57,863
Non-Operating Income (Expense):					
Interest Income	480	796	1,276	-	1,276
Interest Expense	-	(28,689)	(28,689)	_	(28,689)
Loss on Disposition of Capital Assets	(472)	-	(472)	-	(472)
Other Income	347	-	347	-	347
Other Expense	(729)		(729)		(729)
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	(374)	(27,893)	(28,267)		(28,267)
Income (loss) before Contributions					
and Transfers	36,520	(6,924)	29,596	-	29,596
Transfers:					
Transfers In	980	-	980	-	980
Transfers Out	(15,323)		(15,323)		(15,323)
Change in Net Position	22,177	(6,924)	15,253	-	15,253
Net Position (Deficit), October 1	170,323	(195,086)	(24,763)	-	(24,763)
Net Position (Deficit), September 30	\$192,500	\$(202,010)	\$ (9,510)	\$ -	\$ (9,510)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

City of Long Beach

Gas Utility Fund Consolidated Schedule of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND	Gas Operating	LBBFA Gas Prepay	Eliminations Increase	Total Gas Utility
<u>CASH EQUIVALENTS</u>	Function	Function	(decrease)	Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				
Receipts from Customers	\$ 92,806	\$ 15,854	\$ -	\$ 108,660
Payments for Employee Salaries	(19,144)	-	-	(19,144)
Payments for Goods and Services	(7,594)	(25)	-	(7,619)
Other Income	(27 129)	26,756	(26,409)	347
Other Expense	(27,138)	42.595	26,409	(729)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	38,930	42,585		81,515
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities: Transfers In	0.90			000
Payments of Principal on Bonds Payable	980 415	(14,405)		980 (13,990)
Payments of Interest	273	(28,963)	_	(28,690)
Transfers Out	(15,323)	(20,703)	_	(15,323)
Net Cash Used for Non-Capital Financing Activities	(13,655)	(43,368)		(57,023)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	(13,033)	(43,308)		(37,023)
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(12,570)	_	_	(12,570)
Payments of Principal on Other Long-Term Obligations	(1,735)	_	_	(1,735)
Payments of Interest	(285)	_	_	(285)
·	(14,590)			
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(14,390)			(14,590)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	(1.596)			(1.596)
Payments for Investments Receipts of Interest	(1,586) 480	802	-	(1,586) 1,282
•				
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities	(1,106)	802		(304)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	9,579	19	-	9,598
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1	48,507	134		48,641
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30	\$ 58,086	\$ 153	\$ -	\$ 58,239
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Gas Operating Function	LBBFA Gas Prepay Function	Eliminations Increase (decrease)	Total Gas Utility Fund
Operating Income	\$ 36,894	\$ 20,969	\$ -	\$ 57,863
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	7,724	_	_	7,724
Other Expense	(382)	-	_	(382)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, Net	(1,118)	(104)	104	(1,118)
Increase in Amounts Due from Other Funds	304	-	-	304
Increase in Inventory	(659)	-	-	(659)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Operating Assets/Gas Prepay	(3,360)	26,756	-	23,396
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	3,064	(1)	(104)	2,959
Increase in Accrued Wages Payable	(6,220)	-	-	(6,220)
Increase in Amounts Due to Other Funds	(1,729)	(6)	-	(1,735)
Decrease in Unearned Revenues	(450)	-	-	(450)
(Increase) Decrease in Other Non-operating Assets	5,029	(5,029)	-	-
Decrease in Collections Held in Trust	(167)			(167)
Total Adjustments	2,036	21,616		23,652
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 38,930	\$ 42,585	\$ -	\$ 81,515

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Gas Rates

The City of Long Beach Gas Enterprise Fund (LBGO) passes along the actual cost of natural gas it provides to its customers.

Effective October 1, 2007, LBGO renegotiated terms with local suppliers, which included a purchase price equal to LBGO's lowest cost of gas purchased during the month of delivery with the understanding that their volumes will be supplemental to the prepay volumes purchased.

Effective November 1, 2007, the MLCI became the primary provider of natural gas for LBGO. The contract price is equal to the applicable market index price for the month in which the gas delivery occurs, less \$0.83 per one million British thermal units (MMBtus) of gas delivered. LBGO reserves the gas prepay cost savings to facilitate funding of its gas utility's long-term infrastructure requirements.

NOTE 22 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Commitments

At September 30, 2021, business-type and governmental funds had outstanding commitments for construction projects and purchases of goods and services, as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities

General Fund		\$ 2,603
General Capital Projects		68,563
Housing Assistance		4
Non-major Governmental Funds		12,225
Internal Service Fund		 16,729
	Total	\$ 100,124
		-

Business-Type Activities

Gas Utility		\$ 322
Water		16,627
Tidelands Operating		7,829
Harbor		20,301
Non-major Business-Type Funds		19,150
	Total	\$ 64,229

Environmental Mitigation Credits

In September of 2019, Harbor entered into a nonoperating Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with the City to purchase 19.7 mitigation credits from the Colorado Lagoon Restoration project for a total of \$26.3 million, of which \$1.3 million has already been advanced to the City in the form of a loan that remains outstanding. The remaining funds will be paid to the City as reimbursement for actual cost incurred per the MOU terms from fiscal year 2020 through 2023. As of September 30, 2021 the MOU amount remains unchanged.

Self-Insurance

The City is the subject of numerous claims seeking recovery of monetary amounts. Such claims generally occur in the normal course of business and arise from several causes of action including general liability, employment-related matters, alleged violations of civil rights, recovery of questioned grant costs, and other incidental issues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

As stated in Note 15 to the basic financial statements, the City is self-insured for its workers' compensation and liability claims. As claims are made against the City, they are routinely evaluated and appropriate accrued liabilities are recorded. Certain of these claims may ultimately reach the trial level and could result in judgments against the City. While the ultimate adverse effect, if any, of claims and judgments against the City cannot be estimated with certainty, it is the opinion of management, based upon consultation with the City Attorney and outside legal counsel as applicable, that such judgments against the City will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position beyond that already accrued for within the basic financial statements.

Potential Obligations Related to the Alameda Corridor Transportation Authority

The Alameda Corridor Use and Operating Agreement was executed by the Harbor, the Harbor Department of the City of Los Angeles (Port of Los Angeles), the Alameda Corridor Transportation Authority (ACTA), and the Burlington Northern Santa Fe and Union Pacific Railroads. The agreement provides for a payment of funds, known as a "Shortfall Advance" to be made, under certain circumstances, to ACTA by the Harbor and the Port of Los Angeles. User fee and container charges paid by the railroads are used to pay debt service on ACTA financing, to establish and maintain a reserve account, and to pay ACTA's reasonable expenses relating to administration of the rail corridor.

To the extent that the revenues from use and container charges are not sufficient to meet ACTA's obligations, the Harbor and the Port of Los Angeles have agreed to advance the funds necessary to make up the difference. This obligation began after completion of the Corridor project and is limited to 40 percent of the total annual required amount, with the Harbor and the Port of Los Angeles each responsible for one-half of the required amount.

Any shortfall advance made by the Harbor and the Port of Los Angeles is reimbursable, with interest, by ACTA. The most recent Notice date August 15, 2021 indicates that there is no projected shortfall for ACTA's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

Gerald Desmond Bridge Replacement (GDBR) Project

Construction of the new bridge began in 2013 and the bridge was opened to traffic on October 5, 2020, while the substantial completion date was declared by the Board of Harbor Commissioners on December 16, 2020. The bridge budget is a joint effort between CalTrans and Harbor. At the latest cost estimate review performed in September 2018, the bridge budget was \$1.6 billion, which remained unchanged as of September 30, 2021. Funding of this project was from Harbor and various sources including Federal, State, and local grants. Commitments from these funding sources total \$913.0 million added to Harbor's contribution of \$648.0 million.

As of September 30, 2021, the Harbor has incurred approximately \$1.5 billion in costs to construct the replacement bridge. Of this total amount, approximately \$753.5 million has been received from grants contribution since inception, and \$7.7 million reported as part of due from other governments on Harbor's basic financial statements as of September 30, 2021.

Pike Public Improvements

In fiscal year 2002, the City issued special assessment debt under the authority of the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act for public improvements, mainly for a parking facility, in the Pike Development Project area. Although the debt does not constitute an indebtedness of the City, in order to facilitate such financing, the parking facility was subleased to the City for the purposes of issuing the Mello-Roos Bonds pursuant to a City sublease. According to the sublease, the City is subject to an annual calculated lease payment up to \$1.2 million through October 2032, plus net revenues from certain other Pike area parking operations, in the event the Pike garage does not generate sufficient net revenue to make bond payments.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 23 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At September 30, 2021, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources are as follows:

City of Long Beach

Governmental Funds

Schedule of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021
(In Thousands)

	Gen	eral	Nonn Govern Fu	mental	Goveri		GASB 34 Conversion Adjustments	Gov	Total djusted ernmental Funds
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Economic loss from the refunding of debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	942	\$	942
Pension contributions after measurement date		-		-		-	73,377		73,377
CalPERS difference between actual and expected experience		-		-		_	6,003		6,003
Change in pension allocation proportion		-		-		-	2,842		2,842
OPEB contributions after measurement date		-		-		-	2,157		2,157
OPEB change in assumptions		-		-		-	3,141		3,141
OPEB difference between actual and expected experience		_		_		_	774		774
Change in OPEB allocation proportion		-		-			724		724_
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	_	\$		\$		\$ 89,960	\$	89,960
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Economic gain from the refunding of debt	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,039	\$	2,039
Unavailable revenue and property taxes	11	2,403	21	5,784	32	8,187	(213,826)		114,361
CalPERS difference between actual and expected investment returns		-		-		_	331,163		331,163
CalPERS difference between actual and expected experience		-		-		-	7,044		7,044
Change in pension allocation proportion		-		-		-	3,269		3,269
OPEB change in assumptions		-		-		-	23,385		23,385
OPEB difference between actual and expected experience		_		_		_	3,439		3,439
Change in OPEB allocation proportion		_		_			1,412		1,412
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 11	2,403	\$ 21	5,784	\$ 32	8,187	\$ 157,925	\$	486,112

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

City of Long Beach

Internal Service Funds
Schedule of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources
(In Thousands)

	_	ivic enter	General Services	Fleet Services	Workers' Compensation Insurance		General Liability Insurance		Employee Benefits	2	Total Internal Service Funds
Deferred Outflows of Resources:											
Economic loss from the refunding of debt	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 793	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	793
Pension contributions after measurement date		84	3,011	1,292		769		467	751		6,374
Change in pension allocation proportion		-	839	161		-		-	459		1,459
OPEB contributions after measurement date		-	82	44		13		9	15		163
OPEB change in assumptions		-	119	63		19		14	22		237
OPEB difference between actual and expected experience		_	29	16		5		3	5		58
CalPERS difference between actual and expected experience		-	-	-		-		_	3		3
Change in OPEB allocation proportion			80	20		56		108			264
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	84	\$ 4,160	\$ 2,389	\$	862	\$	601	\$ 1,255	\$	9,351
Deferred Inflows of Resources:											
CalPERS difference between actual and expected investment returns	\$	331	\$ 11,836	\$ 5,073	\$	3,022	\$	1,832	\$ 2,975	\$	25,069
CalPERS difference between actual and expected experience		14	510	219		130		79	124		1,076
Change in pension allocation proportion		430	420	576		497		80	540		2,543
OPEB change in assumptions		-	886	472		145		102	161		1,766
OPEB difference between actual and expected experience		-	130	70		21		15	24		260
Change in OPEB allocation proportion			209	124		8		51	160		552
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	775	\$ 13,991	\$ 6,534	\$	3,823	\$	2,159	\$ 3,984	\$	31,266

Note: For the total for Government Activities, see page 25.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

City of Long Beach

Enterprise Funds

Schedule of Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (In Thousands)

	Gas Utility	Water Utility	Tidelands	Harbor	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Issuance costs - Bond Insurance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68	
Economic loss from the refunding of debt	-	511	4,435	-	-	4,946	
Pension contributions after measurement date CalPERS difference between actual	2,946	3,812	4,677	11,468	6,556	29,459	
and expected experience	=	-	337	-	-	337	
Change in pension allocation proportion	509	755	1,378	3,361	931	6,934	
OPEB contributions after measurement date	94	97	135	233	150	709	
OPEB change in assumptions	136	142	197	339	217	1,031	
OPEB difference between actual and expected experience	34	35	48	84	54	255	
Change in OPEB allocation proportion	76	71	1,055	505	237	1,944	
Derivative instrument							
Interest rate swap	10,079					10,079	
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 13,874	\$ 5,423	\$ 12,330	\$ 15,990	\$ 8,145	\$ 55,762	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Economic gain from the refunding of debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,657	\$ -	\$ 3,657	
CalPERS difference between actual							
and expected investment returns	11,570	14,974	20,783	45,041	25,750	118,118	
CalPERS difference between actual and expected experience	499	646	490	1,942	1,110	4,687	
Change in pension allocation proportion	-	592	1,288	2	3,541	5,423	
OPEB change in assumptions	1,015	1,055	1,466	2,524	1,622	7,682	
OPEB difference between actual and expected experience	149	156	215	372	238	1,130	
Change in OPEB allocation proportion	157	181	69	104	457	968	
Derivative instrument							
Commodity swap	443,833					443,833	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$457,223	\$ 17,604	\$ 24,311	\$ 53,642	\$ 32,718	\$585,498	

NOTE 24 - TAX ABATEMENTS

For financial reporting purposes, a tax abatement is defined as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more government and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The City enters into economic development agreements designed to promote development within the City, spur economic improvement, stimulate commercial activity, generate additional sales tax and enhance the property tax base and economic vitality of the City. These programs/agreements abate or rebate sales taxes, Transient Occupancy Taxes (TOT) and property taxes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Recipients may be eligible to receive economic assistance based on the employment impact, economic impact or community impact of the project requesting assistance. Recipients receiving assistance generally commit to expanding operations, renewing facility leases, bringing targeted businesses to the City, building, or remodeling real property and related infrastructure, or demolishing and redeveloping outdated properties. Agreements generally contain recapture provisions which may require repayment or termination if recipients do not meet the required provisions of the economic incentives. The City currently employs three categories of economic development agreements.

Retail Sales Tax Incentive Program (RSTIP) & Location Agreement Program (LAP)

The RSTIP was established by the City Council in March 1992, to encourage large-scale retail development, improve retail sales tax productivity, and stimulate private investment in the retail section on the City's economy. Used as a business retention or attraction tool, the program allows either a developer or end user seeking to complete a commercial project, to request economic incentives from the City. The City undertakes an analysis, including determining if the business has the ability to generate retail sales in excess of \$5 million annually, and if the project has an economic need. When such criteria are met, the City may choose to participate in a sales tax sharing agreement. Generally, active agreements range between 50% to 75% of sales tax revenue generated by the business and received by the City, in excess of an established base-year amount. These agreements would continue for the period of time necessary to offset construction or improvement costs to a new or expanded project, not to exceed 15 years.

Based on the success of the Retail Sales Tax Program, the City also has a Location Agreement Program. The Location Agreement Program is designed to attract new businesses, create jobs and enhance business-to-business sales tax revenue to the City. To qualify for assistance, new businesses would be required to generate sales in excess of \$50 million annually. The sales performance of these businesses would have to be verified by a business evaluation, which would include sales performance analysis. The program will return a negotiated portion of the sales taxes generated by it for an agreed upon period of time.

During the fiscal year, the City had eight active agreements. Depending on available financial information, the sales tax abatement amounts were derived from payments made during the fiscal year, accrual estimates based on sales tax history, or actual sales tax abatements for the fiscal year. For the year ended September 30, 2021, sales tax abatements totaled \$7.2 million.

Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) Incentive Agreement

TOT is paid through the occupancy of a hotel or other guest room. The tax is collected by the hotel operator from each guest with room payment and subsequently remitted to the City. The City's current TOT rate is 13%, and includes a 1% rate increase approved by voters through Measure B. The rate increase was effective July 2020 with revenues deposited to the General Fund and intended for the City's arts organizations and the Long Beach Convention and Entertainment Center. A TOT incentive program is available for new hotels with desired location, design, operational characteristics, a minimum of 100 rooms, a projected minimum TOT generation of \$500 thousand and an identified financial gap. The program will return a negotiated portion of TOT generated by the hotel for an agreed upon period of time. There were no transient occupancy taxes abated in fiscal year 2021.

Mills Act Property Tax Incentive Program

The Mills Act is a State of California program enacted in 1972 that is administered and implemented by local governments. The act offers economic incentives to qualifying owners of historic or designated landmark sites upon agreement to rehabilitate, restore, and protect their property.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

The purpose of the Mills Act Program is to encourage the designation, restoration, and protection of historic properties. Properties must be designated City of Long Beach historic properties. Participating property owners enter into a formal agreement with the City for a minimum 10-year term; contracts are automatically renewed at the end of their 10-year term and annually thereafter. The contract runs with the land, meaning that it will transfer from owner to owner if the property is sold or transferred.

Property owners agree to restore, maintain, and protect the property in accordance with specific historic preservation standards and conditions identified in the contract. Entering into a Mills Act contract results in a property tax reassessment by the County Assessor using the income-capitalization method, which may result in an approximately 30 to 50 percent reduction in property tax. Owners are guaranteed that the Mills Act cannot trigger a tax increase. A breach of contract by the property owner can result in cancellation of the contract and a penalty equal to 12.5 percent of the property's fair market value.

For fiscal year 2021, the City had agreements for which re-assessments were completed by the County Assessor's office with a total property tax valuation of \$182.3 million, and an estimated tax abatement of \$200 thousand.

NOTE 25 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Measure M Litigation

In December 2021, an appellate court ruled against the City of Long Beach in a lawsuit challenging the legality of the City's Measure M charter amendment. Measure M was approved by voters in 2018 and solidified voters' desire to continue the long-standing practice, that had been in place for over 60 years, of transferring a portion of City utility revenues to the City's General Fund in order to support services for Long Beach residents.

The City disagreed with the ruling and petitioned the California Supreme Court for review. On March 23, 2022, it was announced the California Supreme Court denied the City's petition to review and therefore the appellate court decision will stand. As a result, the City's General Fund is reporting a nonbudgetary transfer and liability of \$30.8 million that represents the amount owed to the Water Utility Fund through September 30, 2021. The City will abide by the court's decision and begin the payment process for the first \$9.0 million to the Water Utility Fund within the next 30 days.

Transfer of the GDBR

On March 14, 2022, the ownership of the new GDBR was officially transferred to CalTrans as a component of the state highway system, with approval of the Harbor Board of Commissioners and concurrence by CalTrans. The asset transfer of the total GDBR Project is coordinated in a two-phase process that will result in a loss of the contributed asset to other agencies, and a reduction of the Harbor's asset of approximately \$1.6 billion. The first phase of the transfer consists of the new completed replacement bridge itself with an approximate value of \$1.5 billion. The second phase encompasses all remaining capital costs, including but not limited to the demolition of the old bridge, anticipated to be completed with a final closed out in 2024.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and Related Ratios Miscellaneous Plan

(Calculated as of June 30 and reported as of September 30)

Last 10 Years

(unaudited)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total Pension Liability (TPL)							
TPL - beginning	\$ 2,362,579	\$ 2,368,500	\$ 2,431,211	\$ 2,612,351	\$ 2,623,898	\$ 2,726,916	\$ 2,813,763
Service cost	37,502	37,306	42,500	43,138	43,491	44,000	45,016
Interest in the TPL	171,128	175,727	177,096	178,030	185,085	191,098	196,483
Differences between actual and expected							
experience	(45,118)	(29,800)	(56,898)	(28,799)	11,466	(4,185)	(13,138)
Changes in assumptions ²	(40,892)	-	144,164	(49,554)	-	-	-
Benefit payments ³	(116,699)	(120,522)	(125,722)	(131,268)	(137,024)	(144,066)	(150,237)
Net change in TPL	5,921	62,711	181,140	11,547	103,018	86,847	78,124
TPL - ending (a)	\$ 2,368,500	\$ 2,431,211	\$ 2,612,351	\$ 2,623,898	\$ 2,726,916	\$ 2,813,763	\$ 2,891,887
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ 1,881,680	\$ 1,857,249	\$ 1,802,786	\$ 1,936,477	\$ 2,030,299	\$ 2,105,327	\$ 2,153,414
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	-	(39)	(5)	(5)	-	7
Contribution - employer	35,136	39,877	45,864	53,278	62,484	71,565	78,158
Contribution - employees	17,652	17,959	17,793	18,339	18,876	19,350	19,885
Net investment income	41,570	9,355	198,457	162,226	132,140	104,205	478,175
Administrative expenses	(2,090)	(1,132)	(2,662)	(3,018)	(1,449)	(2,967)	(2,151)
Benefit payments ³	(116,699)	(120,522)	(125,722)	(131,268)	(137,023)	(144,066)	(150,237)
Other miscellaneous expense				(5,730)	5		
Net change in fiduciary net position	(24,431)	(54,463)	133,691	93,822	75,028	48,087	423,837
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,857,249	\$ 1,802,786	\$ 1,936,477	\$ 2,030,299	\$ 2,105,327	\$ 2,153,414	\$ 2,577,251
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 511,251	\$ 628,425	\$ 675,874	\$ 593,599	\$ 621,589	\$ 660,349	\$ 314,636
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the TPL	78.41%	74.15%	74.13%	77.38%	77.21%	76.53%	89.12%
Covered payroll	\$ 223,225	\$ 228,212	\$ 234,782	\$ 242,227	\$ 248,064	\$ 254,926	\$ 265,736
NPL as percentage of covered payroll	229.03%	275.37%	287.87%	245.06%	250.58%	259.04%	118.40%

Notes to Schedule:

¹ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

² Changes in assumptions: In 2019-2021, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate In 2017, the discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expenses) to 7.65 percent.

³ Benefit payments include refunds of employee contributions.

Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Schedule of Contributions Miscellaneous Plan

As of and for the year ended September 30

Last 10 Years¹

(unaudited)

	2015	2016	2017	 2018	2019	2020	2021
Actuarially Determined Contribution ²	\$ 35,136	\$ 39,877	\$ 45,864	\$ 53,278	\$ 62,484	\$ 71,565	\$ 78,158
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution ³	(35,136)	(39,877)	(45,864)	 (53,278)	 (62,484)	 (71,565)	(78,158)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$
Covered payroll	\$ 239,897	\$ 246,490	\$ 258,248	\$ 269,936	\$ 270,237	\$ 285,980	\$ 279,318
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.65%	16.18%	17.76%	19.74%	23.12%	25.02%	27.98%

Notes to schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2021 were from the June 30, 2018 funding valuation report public agency valuations.

Valuation Date: 6/30/2018
Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report.

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding

Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses,

including inflation

Retirement Age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period 1997 to 2015.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS

Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by

the Society of Actuaries.

Notes

¹Historical information is required only for years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

²Actuarially Determined Calculation is based on a CalPERS projection of the Miscellaneous payroll.

³Amount represents actual contributions as recorded by CalPERS.

Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability (NPL) and Related Ratios Safety Plan

(Calculated as of June 30 and reported as of September 30)

Last 10 Years

(unaudited)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total Pension Liability							
TPL - beginning	\$ 2,209,454	\$ 2,222,223	\$ 2,286,528	\$ 2,458,914	\$ 2,510,763	\$ 2,630,341	\$ 2,723,971
Service cost	34,835	34,636	38,622	40,757	42,335	43,862	45,592
Interest in the TPL	160,374	165,092	166,486	170,018	178,200	184,631	191,618
Differences between actual and expected experience	(38,807)	(27,528)	(61,909)	(102)	21,708	(5,180)	1,763
Changes in assumptions ²	(39,710)	_	139,900	(43,795)	-	_	-
Benefit payments ³	(103,922)	(107,895)	(110,713)	(115,029)	(122,665)	(129,683)	(137,111)
Net change in TPL	12,770	64,305	172,386	51,849	119,578	93,630	101,862
TPL - ending (a)	\$ 2,222,224	\$ 2,286,528	\$ 2,458,914	\$ 2,510,763	\$ 2,630,341	\$ 2,723,971	\$ 2,825,833
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	\$ 1,889,902	\$ 1,866,598	\$ 1,811,258	\$ 1,948,660	\$ 2,048,027	\$ 2,126,671	\$ 2,178,824
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	-	-	39	(5)	4	-	(7)
Contribution - employer	29,815	32,845	39,371	46,437	55,248	64,654	71,008
Contribution - employees	11,737	11,733	12,802	14,047	14,287	15,089	16,780
Net investment income	41,167	9,115	198,577	162,720	133,226	105,091	485,277
Administrative expenses	(2,101)	(1,138)	(2,674)	(3,037)	(1,461)	(2,998)	(2,177)
Benefit payments ³	(103,922)	(107,895)	(110,713)	(115,029)	(122,665)	(129,683)	(137,111)
Other miscellaneous expense				(5,766)	5		<u>-</u>
Net change in fiduciary net position	(23,304)	(55,340)	137,402	99,367	78,644	52,153	433,770
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 1,866,598	\$ 1,811,258	\$ 1,948,660	\$ 2,048,027	\$ 2,126,671	\$ 2,178,824	\$ 2,612,594
Net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 355,626	\$ 475,270	\$ 510,254	\$ 462,736	\$ 503,670	\$ 545,147	\$ 213,239
Fiduciary net position as a percentage of the TPL	84.00%	79.21%	79.25%	81.57%	80.85%	79.99%	92.45%
Covered payroll	\$ 127,265	\$ 127,789	\$ 126,530	\$ 136,458	\$ 141,252	\$ 148,487	\$ 156,245
NPL as percentage of covered payroll	279.44%	371.92%	403.27%	339.10%	356.57%	367.14%	136.48%

Notes to Schedule:

 $^{^{\}rm l}$ Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

² Changes in assumptions: In 2019-2021, there were no changes. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CaIPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate In 2017, the discount rate reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expenses) to 7.65 percent.

³ Benefit payments include refunds of employee contributions

Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Schedule of Contributions Safety Plan

As of and for the year ended September 30 Last 10 Years¹ (unaudited)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Actuarially Determined Contribution ² Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution ³	\$ 29,815 (29,815)	\$ 32,845 (32,845)	\$ 39,371 (39,371)	\$ 46,437 (46,437)	\$ 55,248 (55,248)	\$ 64,654 (64,654)	\$ 71,008 (71,008)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 						
Covered payroll	\$ 155,208	\$ 159,773	\$ 177,401	\$ 186,217	\$ 182,947	\$ 192,541	\$ 189,019
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.21%	20.56%	22.19%	24.94%	30.20%	33.58%	37.57%

Notes to schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal Year 2021 were from the June 30, 2018 funding valuation report public agency valuations.

Valuation Date: 6/30/2018
Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report.

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets. For details, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation

Report.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll Growth 2.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, net of pension plan investment and administrative expenses,

including inflation

Retirement Age The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience

Study for the period 1997 to 2015.

Mortality The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience

Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Postretirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of

ctuaries.

Notes

¹Historical information is required only for years for which GASB 68 is applicable. Fiscal Year 2015 was the first year of implementation.

²Actuarially Determined Calculation is based on a CalPERS projection of the Safety payroll.

³Amount represents actual contributions as recorded by CalPERS.

Required Supplementary Information
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021
(In Thousands)

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios¹

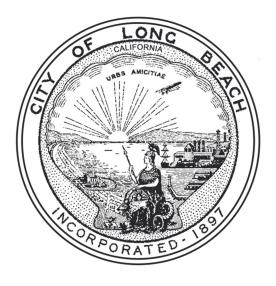
As of September 30 Last 10 Years² (unaudited)

	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Total OPEB liability - beginning	\$ 42,493	\$ 45,122	\$ 49,940	\$ 51,502	\$ 23,248	\$ 9,655		
Service cost	2,077	2,145	2,818	2,675	2,167	1,718		
Interest on total OPEB liability	1,655	1,754	1,622	1,878	917	265		
Difference between expected								
and actual experience	-	(8,920)	-	(1,874)	-	1,211		
Changes of assumptions	-	11,093	(2,023)	(29,859)	(13,756)	(539)		
Benefit payments	(1,103)	(1,254)	(855)	(1,074)	(2,921)	(3,525)		
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,629	4,818	1,562	(28,254)	(13,593)	(870)		
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 45,122	\$ 49,940	\$ 51,502	\$ 23,248	\$ 9,655	\$ 8,785		
Covered payroll	\$ 406,263	\$ 435,649	\$ 417,383	\$ 442,631	\$ 437,870	\$ 453,717		
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	11.1%	11.5%	12.3%	5.3%	2.2%	1.9%		

Notes to Schedule:

¹ No assets are accumulated in a trust to pay related benefits.

² Fiscal year 2016 was the first year of implementation.



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ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL SECTION

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
ASSETS				
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 73,614 63	\$ 16,648 19,247	\$ 10,278 66	\$ 100,540 19,376
Accounts Receivable	3,454	-	837	4,291
Due from Other Governments	84,945	-	-	84,945
Due from Other Funds	5,748	-	-	5,748
Allowance for Receivables	(5,812)	-	-	(5,812)
Other Assets	106	-	-	106
Advances to Other Funds	3,809	-	-	3,809
Land Held for Resale	5,874	-	-	5,874
Other Noncurrent Receivables	215,166		5,826	220,992
Total Assets	\$386,967	\$ 35,895	\$ 17,007	\$ 439,869
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Due to Other Funds	\$ 7,198 1,521 23,824	\$ - - -	\$ 256	\$ 7,454 1,521 23,824
Unearned Revenues	46,939	-	31	46,970
Deposits and Collections Held in Trust	408	1,536	100	2,044
Advances from Other Funds	3,809	1,600		5,409
Total Liabilities	83,699	3,136	387	87,222
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources	200.072		5 921	215 794
	209,963		5,821	215,784
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	927	-	-	927
Restricted	90,591	32,759	10,799	134,149
Committed	1,414	-	-	1,414
Assigned	373			373
Total Fund Balance	93,305	32,759	10,799	136,863
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$386,967	\$ 35,895	\$ 17,007	\$ 439,869

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Re	oecial venue unds	Debt Service Funds	P	Capital rojects Funds	Total
Revenues:			 			
Taxes:						
Property	\$	5,564	\$ 19,708	\$	512	\$ 25,784
Sales		2,438	-		-	2,438
Other Taxes		9,694	-		-	9,694
Licenses and Permits		10,460	-		-	10,460
Use of Money and Property		2,634	354		329	3,317
From Other Agencies	2	30,603	-		-	230,603
Charges for Services		2,030	-		-	2,030
Other		4,010	 -		1,155	5,165
Total Revenues	2	67,433	20,062		1,996	289,491
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General Government		6,951	-		-	6,951
Public Safety		14,966	-		-	14,966
Public Health		74,866	-		- 	74,866
Community and Cultural		59,079	10		1,110	60,199
Public Works		11	 -			11
Total Current Expenditures	1	55,873	 10		1,110	 156,993
Capital Improvements		1,744	-		-	1,744
Debt Service:						
Principal		-	20,723		-	20,723
Interest		-	11,928		-	11,928
Debt Administration Fees			 17			 17
Total Expenditures	1	57,617	 32,678		1,110	 191,405
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	1	09,816	 (12,616)		886	98,086
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset		-			826	826
Debt Issuance		-	19,765		-	19,765
Premium on Debt Issuance		-	4,170		-	4,170
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-	(26,300)		-	(26,300)
Cost of Issuance		-	(410)		-	(410)
Transfers In		8,581	9,498		-	18,079
Transfers Out	(96,247)	(3,645)		(3,145)	(103,037)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	((87,666)	3,078		(2,319)	(86,907)
Net Change in Fund Balances		22,150	(9,538)		(1,433)	11,179
Fund Balances - October 1		71,155	42,297		12,232	125,684
Fund Balances - September 30	\$	93,305	\$ 32,759	\$	10,799	\$ 136,863

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

The <u>General Grants Fund</u> was established to separately account for Federal, State, and other agency grants related to general City of Long Beach (City) operations.

The <u>Police and Fire Public Safety Oil Production Act Fund</u> accounts for the special tax assessed to oil producers on a per barrel basis and the associated police and fire expenditures that the revenue supports.

The <u>Community Development Grants Fund</u> accounts for U. S. Departments of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), Labor, Education, and others for economic and community development programs. The fund includes activities for neighborhood improvement programs that target low and moderate-income areas of the city, workforce development strategies, business assistance efforts, and support for youth development.

The <u>Health Fund</u> was established to separately account for Federal, State, and other revenues related to health care programs that the City operates in lieu of Los Angeles County (County).

The <u>Belmont Shore Parking Meter Revenue Fund</u> was established by City Ordinance C-6219 to account for parking revenues in the Belmont Shore area of the City.

The <u>Housing Development Fund</u> is used to account for amounts designated for the development of low-and-moderate-income housing. The operations of the Company and the Housing Successor Agency are accounted for in the Housing Development Fund.

The <u>Development Impact Fund</u> was established to account for the receipt and expenditure of Development Impact Fees.

The Other Special Revenue Fund consists of the Certified Unified Program Agency Fund, a fund established by the City to account for services relating to hazardous waste material, the Special Advertising and Promotion Fund, a fund required by the City's Municipal Code Section 3.64.100 to account for a portion of the transient occupancy tax revenue, and the Business Assistance Fund which is used to account for monies used to fund commercial rehabilitation loans and rebates, business outreach, and commercial and retail services, including business attraction, retention, and expansion.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue										
		General	Publ	e and Fire lic Safety roduction Act	De	ommunity velopment Grants		Health			
ASSETS											
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	384	\$	156	\$	18,718	\$	213			
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		33		1			
Receivables:											
Accounts Receivable		94		267		-		1,277			
Due from Other Governments		26,825		-		13,515		44,369			
Due from Other Funds		405		-		98		-			
Allowance for Receivables		(2)		-		(5,202)		(414)			
Other Assets-Current		-		-		106		-			
Advances to Other Funds		-		-		3,809		-			
Land Held for Resale		-		-		821		-			
Other Noncurrent Receivables (net)						68,874		_			
Total Assets	\$	27,706	\$	423	\$	100,772	\$	45,446			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts Payable	\$	575	\$	-	\$	1,468	\$	4,908			
Accrued Wages		77		-		232		1,067			
Due to Other Funds		11,035		-		261		12,365			
Unearned Revenues		9,716		247		22,733		14,134			
Deposits and Collections Held in Trust		-		-		-		319			
Advances from Other Funds		-		-		-		-			
Total Liabilities		21,403		247		24,694		32,793			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred Inflows of Resources						63,671		-			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)											
Nonspendable		-		-		927		-			
Restricted		5,930		176		11,480		12,653			
Committed		-		-		-		-			
Assigned	_	373									
Total Fund Balances	\$	6,303	\$	176	\$	12,407	\$	12,653			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	27,706	\$	423	\$	100,772	\$	45,446			
Resources and Fund Datanees	φ	41,700	ψ	7423	Ψ	100,772	Ψ	72,770			

Special	l Revenue

			Special R	eveni	ue			_
Sl Pa M	lmont hore arking Meter evenue	Housing evelopment	velopment Impact Fees	S	Other Special Revenue Funds	Total Special Revenue Funds		<u>-</u>
								ASSETS
\$	134	\$ 29,949	\$ 18,239	\$	5,821	\$	73,614	Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents
	-	29	-		-		63	Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents
								Receivables:
	-	3	-		1,813		3,454	Accounts Receivable
	-	-	-		236		84,945	Due from Other Governments
	-	-	-		5,245		5,748	Due from Other Funds
	-	-	-		(194)		(5,812)	Allowance for Receivables
	-	-	-		-		106	Other Assets-Current
	-	-	-		-		3,809	Advances to Other Funds
	-	5,053	-		-		5,874	Land Held for Resale
		 143,876	 		2,416		215,166	Other Noncurrent Receivables
\$	134	\$ 178,910	\$ 18,239	\$	15,337	\$	386,967	Total Assets
								LIABILITIES
\$	27	\$ 28	\$ 25	\$	167	\$	7,198	Accounts Payable
	-	18	-		127		1,521	Accrued Wages
	-	21	-		142		23,824	Due to Other Funds
	-	25	-		84		46,939	Unearned Revenues
	10	-	-		79		408	Deposits and Collections Held in Trust
	-	 3,809	 				3,809	Advances from Other Funds
	37	 3,901	25		599		83,699	Total Liabilities
								DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES
		 143,876			2,416		209,963	Deferred Inflows of Resources
								FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)
	_	-	_		-		927	Nonspendable
	97	30,919	18,214		11,122		90,591	Restricted
	-	214	-		1,200		1,414	Committed
	_		-				373	Assigned
\$	97	\$ 31,133	\$ 18,214	\$	12,322	\$	93,305	Total Fund Balances
\$	134	\$ 178,910	\$ 18,239	\$	15,337	\$	386,967	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Special Revenue											
	General Grants	Police and Fire Public Safety Oil Production Act	Community Development Grants	Health								
Revenues:												
Taxes:												
Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,564								
Sales	-	-	-	2,438								
Other Taxes	-	2,975	-	-								
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	3,293								
Use of Money and Property	137	4	843	-								
From Other Agencies	98,005	-	47,160	84,675								
Charges for Services	520	-	-	1,483								
Other	466		1,762	8								
Total Revenues	99,128	2,979	49,765	97,461								
Expenditures:												
Current:												
General Government	6,160	-	4	-								
Public Safety	11,527	3,005	434	-								
Public Health	248	-	-	72,507								
Community and Cultural	1,574	-	44,500	-								
Public Works	11			-								
Total Current Expenditures	19,520	3,005	44,938	72,507								
Capital Improvements	1,298											
Total Expenditures	20,818	3,005	44,938	72,507								
Excess of Revenues over												
(under) Expenditures	78,310	(26)	4,827	24,954								
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers In	787	-	531	1,582								
Transfers Out	(73,900)		(6,140)	(15,699)								
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(73,113)		(5,609)	(14,117)								
Net Change in Fund Balances	5,197	(26)	(782)	10,837								
Fund Balances - October 1	1,106	202	13,189	1,816								
Fund Balances - September 30	\$ 6,303	\$ 176	\$ 12,407	\$ 12,653								

Special Revenue

Special Revenue							_			
Par M	nt Shore king eter venue		Housing velopment		velopment Impact Fees	S R	Other pecial evenue Funds	F	Total Special Revenue Funds	_
										Revenues:
										Taxes:
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,564	Property
	-		-		-		-		2,438	Sales
	-		-		-		6,719		9,694	Other Taxes
	-		161		4,087		2,919		10,460	Licenses and Permits
	574		1,076		-		-		2,634	Use of Money and Property
	-		453		-		310		230,603	From Other Agencies
	-		-		-		27		2,030	Charges for Services
	-		1,463		-		311		4,010	Other
	574		3,153		4,087		10,286		267,433	Total Revenues
										Expenditures:
										Current:
	8		225		-		554		6,951	General Government
	-		-		-		-		14,966	Public Safety
	-		-		-		2,111		74,866	Public Health
	649		2,072		-		10,284		59,079	Community and Cultural
	-				-				11	Public Works
	657		2,297		_		12,949		155,873	Total Current Expenditures
			_		446		-		1,744	Capital Improvements
	657		2,297		446		12,949		157,617	Total Expenditures
	_									Excess of Revenues Over
	(83)		856		3,641		(2,663)		109,816	(Under) Expenditures
										Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	-		2		=		5,679		8,581	Transfers In
	-		(188)		(312)		(8)		(96,247)	Transfers Out
	-		(186)		(312)		5,671		(87,666)	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)
	(83)		670		3,329		3,008		22,150	Net Change in Fund Balances
	180		30,463		14,885		9,314			Fund Balances - October 1
\$	97	\$	31,133	\$	18,214	\$	12,322	\$	93,305	Fund Balances - September 30

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

From Other Agencies 6,859 152,657 98,005 (54,652) Charges for Services 191 366 520 154 Other Revenues 345 1,369 466 (903) Transfers In - - 787 787 Total Revenues 7,395 154,392 99,915 (54,477) Expenditures: General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 139 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$(7,250) \$118,158 4,165		General Grants									
Use of Money and Property \$ - \$ - \$ 137 \$ 137 From Other Agencies 6,859 152,657 98,005 (54,652) Charges for Services 191 366 520 154 Other Revenues 345 1,369 466 (903) Transfers In 787 787 Total Revenues 7,395 154,392 99,915 (54,477) Expenditures: General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 139 Community and Cultural 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$118,158 \$4,165 \$(113,993)				Budgetary	with Final Budget - Positive						
From Other Agencies 6,859 152,657 98,005 (54,652) Charges for Services 191 366 520 154 Other Revenues 345 1,369 466 (903) Transfers In - - 787 787 Total Revenues 7,395 154,392 99,915 (54,477) Expenditures: 6eneral Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 133 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$(7,250) \$118,158 4,165 \$(113,9	Revenues:										
Charges for Services 191 366 520 154 Other Revenues 345 1,369 466 (903) Transfers In - - 787 787 Total Revenues 7,395 154,392 99,915 (54,477) Expenditures: General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 139 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 137	\$ 137						
Other Revenues 345 1,369 466 (903) Transfers In - - - 787 787 Total Revenues 7,395 154,392 99,915 (54,477) Expenditures: General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 133 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	From Other Agencies	6,859	152,657	98,005	(54,652)						
Transfers In - - 787 787 Total Revenues 7,395 154,392 99,915 (54,477) Expenditures: General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 135 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Charges for Services	191	366	520	154						
Total Revenues 7,395 154,392 99,915 (54,477) Expenditures: General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 34 Public Health - 395 256 135 Community and Cultural 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)		345	1,369		(903)						
Expenditures: General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 139 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576) Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Transfers In			787	787						
General Government - 1,267 6,160 (4,893) Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 139 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576 Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Total Revenues	7,395	154,392	99,915	(54,477)						
Public Safety 5,239 12,276 11,935 341 Public Health - 395 256 139 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576 Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - 73,900 (73,900 Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516 Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Expenditures:										
Public Health - 395 256 139 Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576 Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - 73,900 (73,900 Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516 Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	General Government	-	1,267	6,160	(4,893)						
Community and Cultural - - 1,576 (1,576 Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - - 73,900 (73,900 Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516 Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Public Safety	5,239	12,276	11,935	341						
Public Works 1,337 2,983 11 2,972 Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - - 73,900 (73,900 Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516 Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Public Health	-	395	256	139						
Capital Improvements 8,069 19,313 1,912 17,401 Transfers Out - - - 73,900 (73,900 Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516 Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)		-	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(1,576)						
Transfers Out - - 73,900 (73,900) Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,510) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)		-			2,972						
Total Expenditures 14,645 36,234 95,750 (59,516) Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	1 1	8,069	19,313	•	17,401						
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance \$ (7,250) \$ 118,158 \$ 4,165 \$ (113,993)	Transfers Out			73,900	(73,900)						
	Total Expenditures	14,645	36,234	95,750	(59,516)						
	Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ (7,250)	\$ 118,158	\$ 4,165	\$ (113,993)						
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis	Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to	GAAP Basis									
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Budgetary Basis \$ 4,165	Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Bud		\$ 4,165								
Add: Encumbrances 1,032	Add: Encumbrances		1,032								
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis 1,106	Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis			1,106							
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis \$ 6,303	Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis		\$ 6,303								

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Police and Fire Public Safety Oil Prod							
		Budgeted		ounts Final	Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								<u> </u>
Other Taxes Use of Money and Property	\$	3,318	\$	3,318	\$	2,975 4	\$	(343)
Total Revenues		3,318		3,318		2,979		(339)
Expenditures:								
Public Safety		3,318		3,318		3,005		313
Total Expenditures		3,318		3,318		3,005		313
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$		\$		\$	(26)	\$	(26)
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis	to GA	AP Basis						
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, E	Budgeta	ry Basis			\$	(26)		
Add: Encumbrances								
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, C	GAAP I	Basis				(26)		
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis						202		
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis					\$	176		

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Community Development Grants							
								riance th Final
	I	Budgeted	Amo	ounts	A	ctual on		udget -
					Budgetary		P	ositive
	Oı	riginal	Final		Basis		(N	egative)
Revenues:								
Use of Money and Property	\$	323	\$	221	\$	843	\$	622
From Other Agencies		16,468		50,457		47,160		(3,297)
Other Revenues		-		3,829		1,762		(2,067)
Transfers In						531		531
Total Revenues		16,791		54,507		50,296		(4,211)
Expenditures:								
General Government		206		154		4		150
Public Safety		1,524		1,524		434		1,090
Community and Cultural		(3,482)		80,738		52,285		28,453
Transfers Out		1,164		1,158		6,140		(4,982)
Total Expenditures		(588)		83,574		58,863		24,711
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	17,379	\$	(29,067)	\$	(8,567)	\$	20,500
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to								
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Buc	lgeta	ry Basis			\$	(8,567)		
Add: Encumbrances				7,785				
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GA	Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GAAP Basis					(782)		
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis				13,189				
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis					\$	12,407		

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Health								
	Budgeted	l Amounts								
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)						
Revenues:										
Property Taxes	\$ 5,800	\$ 5,800	\$ 5,564	\$ (236)						
Sales Taxes	2,400	2,400	2,438	38						
Licenses and Permits	3,923	3,923	3,293	(630)						
Use of Money and Property	37	37	=	(37)						
From Other Agencies	40,049	100,994	84,675	(16,319)						
Charges for Services	2,871	3,364	1,483	(1,881)						
Other Revenues	4,576	4,576	8	(4,568)						
Transfers In	325	325	1,582	1,257						
Total Revenues	121,419	99,043	(22,376)							
Expenditures:										
Public Health	55,868	117,048	75,813	41,235						
Capital Improvements	2,832	17,104	-	17,104						
Transfers Out			15,699	(15,699)						
Total Expenditures	58,700	134,152	91,512	42,640						
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 1,281	\$ (12,733)	\$ 7,531	\$ 20,264						
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to										
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Bud		\$ 7,531								
Add: Encumbrances		3,306								
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GA	Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GAAP Basis									
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis			1,816							
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis		\$ 12,653								

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

			Bel	lmont	Shore 1	Parking	rking Meter Revenues				
			Budgeted iginal		unts ^P inal	Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	15	Ф	5 .5	Φ.	5 00	Φ.	1 252	Ф			
Use of Mone	y and Property	\$	765	\$	798	\$	1,372	\$	574		
Total Revo	enues		765		798		1,372		574		
Expenditures:											
General Gov	ernment		-		-		8		(8)		
Community and Cultural			765		798		653		145		
Total Expenditures			765		798		661		137		
Net Cha	ange in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$		\$	_	\$	711	\$	711		
Reconciliation	of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis	s to GAA	P Basis								
Change	e in Fund Balance - September 30, l	Budgetai	y Basis			\$	711				
Add: Encumbrances							4				
Less: Change in Mark-to-Market and Other Adjustments							(798)				
Change	e in Fund Balance - September 30, o	GAAP B	asis				(83)				
Fund B	Salance, October 1, GAAP Basis						180				
Fund B	Salance, September 30, GAAP Basis	8				\$	97				

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

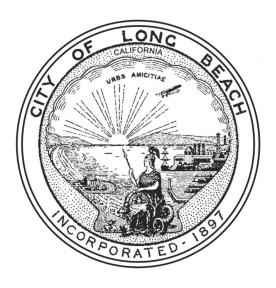
	Housing Development										
								riance			
	_							h Final			
	<u>F</u>	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		ctual on	Budget -				
	Or	riginal	Final		Budge al Basi			ositive egative)			
Revenues:		15mai		Пи		Dusis	(110	<u>gative)</u>			
Licenses and Permits	\$	341	\$	341	\$	161	\$	(180)			
Use of Money and Property	Ψ	385	Ψ	385	Ψ	1,076	Ψ	691			
From Other Agencies		-		-		453		453			
Other Revenues		562		562		1,463		901			
Transfers In		2,911		2,911		2		(2,909)			
Total Revenues		4,199		4,199		3,155		(1,044)			
Expenditures:											
General Government		323		285		272		13			
Community and Cultural		3,406		3,380		2,083		1,297			
Transfers Out						188		(188)			
Total Expenditures		3,729		3,665		2,543		1,122			
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	470	\$	534	\$	612	\$	78			
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to	GAA	P Basis									
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Bud					\$	612					
Add: Encumbrances						58					
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GA	AP B	asis				670					
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis					-	30,463					
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis					\$	31,133					

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Development Impact Fees										
		Budgeted riginal		ounts Final	Actual on Budgetary Basis		wit Bu Po	riance h Final udget - ositive egative)			
Revenues:											
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,515	\$	2,340	\$	4,087	\$	1,747			
Total Revenues		1,515		2,340		4,087		1,747			
Expenditures:											
Capital Improvements		7		832		448		384			
Transfers Out		1,743		1,743		312		1,431			
Total Expenditures		1,750		2,575		760		1,815			
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	(235)	\$	(235)	\$	3,327	\$	3,562			
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to	GA	AP Basis									
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Buc	lgeta	ry Basis			\$	3,327					
Add: Encumbrances						2					
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GA	AP E	Basis				3,329					
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis						14,885					
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis					\$	18,214					

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Other Special Revenue Funds											
		Budgeted		ounts Final		ectual on udgetary Basis	wir B Pe	nriance th Final udget - ositive egative)				
Revenues:												
Other Taxes	\$	6,707	\$	6,707	\$	6,719	\$	12				
Licenses and Permits		2,998		2,998		2,919		(79)				
Use of Money and Property		36		36		=		(36)				
From Other Agencies		-		2,699		310		(2,389)				
Charges for Services		-		-		27		27				
Other Revenues		768		768		311		(457)				
Transfers In		156		156		5,679		5,523				
Total Revenues	1	0,665		13,364		15,965		2,601				
Expenditures:												
General Government		529		529		554		(25)				
Public Health		2,356		2,330		2,111		219				
Community and Cultural	1	1,249		14,549		10,322		4,227				
Transfers Out						8		(8)				
Total Expenditures	1	4,134		17,408		12,995		4,413				
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ ((3,469)	\$	(4,044)	\$	2,970	\$	7,014				
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to	GAA	P Basis										
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Bud	lgetar	y Basis			\$	2,970						
Add: Encumbrances						38						
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GA	AP Ba	asis				3,008						
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis						9,314						
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis					\$	12,322						



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NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Governmental fund type used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The <u>General Debt Service Fund</u> was established to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest of City long-term debt.

The <u>Successor Agency Debt Service Fund</u> was established to account for financial resources that are restricted to expenditure for principal and interest of Successor Agency long-term debt.

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	General Debt Service			accessor Agency Debt Service	Total Debt Service Funds
ASSETS					
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	16,648	\$	-	\$ 16,648
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,285		16,962	 19,247
Total Assets	\$	18,933	\$	16,962	\$ 35,895
LIABILITIES					
Deposits and Collections Held in Trust	\$	1,536	\$	-	\$ 1,536
Advances from Other Funds		1,600			1,600
Total Liabilities		3,136			3,136
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted		15,797		16,962	 32,759
Total Fund Balance		15,797		16,962	32,759
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	18,933	\$	16,962	\$ 35,895

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	General Debt Service	1	Agency Debt Service		Total Debt Service Funds	
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$ -	\$	19,708	\$	19,708	
Use of Money and Property	 352		2		354	
Total Revenues	352		19,710		20,062	
Expenditures: Current:						
Community and Cultural	 		10		10	
Total Current Expenditures	-		10		10	
Debt Service:						
Principal	5,328		15,395		20,723	
Interest	2,753		9,175		11,928	
Debt Administration Fees	3		14		17	
Total Expenditures	8,084		24,594		32,678	
Excess of Revenues over						
(under) Expenditures	(7,732)		(4,884)		(12,616)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Debt Issuance	-		19,765		19,765	
Premium on Debt Issuance	-		4,170		4,170	
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	-		(26,300)		(26,300)	
Cost of Issuance	-		(410)		(410)	
Transfers In	6,381		3,117		9,498	
Transfers Out	 (3,645)		-		(3,645)	
Total Other Financing Sources	 2,736		342		3,078	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,996)		(4,542)		(9,538)	
Fund Balances - October 1	20,793		21,504	42,297		
Fund Balances - September 30	\$ 15,797	\$	16,962	\$ 32,75		

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

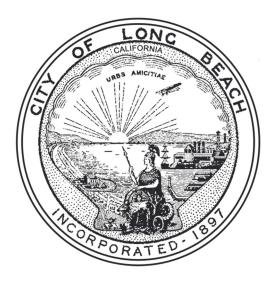
	General Debt Service Fund											
		Budgeted Original		ounts Final	Or	Actual n GAAP Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis	w E F	ariance ith Final Budget - Positive (egative)		
Revenues:												
Use of Money and Property	\$	400	\$	400	\$	352	\$	352	\$	(48)		
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-		-		
Transfers In		6,501		5,772		6,381		6,381		609		
Total Revenues		6,901		6,172		6,733		6,733		561		
Expenditures:												
Debt Service		8,159		8,084		8,084		8,084		-		
Transfers Out		3,645		3,645		(3,645)		3,645		-		
Total Expenditures		11,804		11,729		4,439		11,729		-		
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	(4,903)	\$	(5,557)	\$	2,294	\$	(4,996)	\$	561		
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis	to G	AAP Basis	s									
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, E	Budge	tary Basis	3				\$	(4,996)				
Add: Encumbrances												
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, C	GAAP	Basis						(4,996)				
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis								20,793				
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis							\$	15,797				

Nonmajor Debt Service Funds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

				Succ	esso	r Agency I	Debt Se	ervice Fund		
	Budgeted A		l Am	ounts Final	Oı	Actual On GAAP Basis		Actual on Budgetary Basis	w: E	ariance ith Final Budget - Positive Jegative
Revenues:		<u> </u>						-		<u> </u>
Property Taxes	\$	30,162	\$	30,162		19,708	\$	19,708	\$	(10,454)
Use of Money and Property				2,850		2		2		(2,848)
Debt Issuance		-		19,765		19,765		19,765		-
Premium on Issuance of Debt		-		4,170		4,170		4,170		-
Transfers In		-		-		3,117		3,117		3,117
Total Revenues		30,162		56,947		46,762		46,762		(10,185)
Expenditures:										
Community and Cultural		-		-		10		10		(10)
Debt Service		26,369		27,546		24,584		24,584		2,962
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-		26,300		26,300		26,300		-
Cost of Issuance				485		410		410		75
Total Expenditures		26,369		54,331		51,304		51,304		3,027
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	3,793	\$	2,616	\$	(4,542)	\$	(4,542)	\$	(7,158)
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis	s to G.	AAP Basi	is							
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, 1	Budge	tary Basi	S				\$	(4,542)		
Add: Encumbrances								-		
Change in Fund Balance - September 30,	GAAP	Basis						(4,542)		
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis								21,504		
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis	5						\$	16,962		



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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The <u>Special Assessment Capital Projects Fund</u> was established to account for the acquisition, construction, and improvement of capital facilities financed through special assessments.

The <u>Successor Agency Capital Projects Fund</u> was established to account for the wind-down of Redevelopment Agency operations. This includes the completion of authorized projects and the disposition of properties owned by the former Redevelopment Agency. The activities of this fund are primarily financed through remaining bond proceeds and Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund allocations provided through the County for this purpose.

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Ass	pecial sessment capital	A	iccessor Agency Capital		Total Capital Projects	
	<u>P</u> 1	rojects	F	rojects	Funds		
ASSETS							
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,776	\$	8,502	\$	10,278	
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		33		33		66	
Receivables:							
Accounts Receivable		-		837		837	
Other Noncurrent Receivables				5,826		5,826	
Total Assets	\$	1,809	\$	15,198	\$	17,007	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	256	\$	256	
Unearned Revenues		-		31		31	
Deposits and Collections Held in Trust				100		100	
Total Liabilities		-		387		387	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		5,821		5,821	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted		1,809	_	8,990		10,799	
Total Fund Balance		1,809		8,990		10,799	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,809	\$	15,198	\$	17,007	

Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

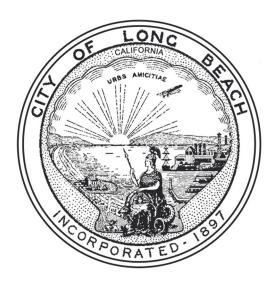
	Special Assessment Capital Projects			ccessor gency Capital rojects	C P	Total Capital rojects Funds
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	-	\$	512	\$	512
Use of Money and Property		-		329		329
Other				1,155		1,155
Total Revenues				1,996		1,996
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community and Cultural		-		1,110		1,110
Total Current Expenditures				1,110		1,110
Excess of Revenues Over						
(under) Expenditures				886		886
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset		-		826		826
Transfers Out		(28)		(3,117)		(3,145)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(28)		(2,291)		(2,319)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(28)		(1,405)		(1,433)
Fund Balances - October 1		1,837		10,395		12,232
Fund Balances - September 30	\$	1,809	\$	8,990	\$	10,799

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

Special Assessment Capital Projects Fund									
			Bud	lgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)				
\$	15	\$	15	\$		\$	(15)		
	15		15				(15)		
	-				28		28		
					28		28		
	15		15		(28)	\$	(43)		
				Φ.	(20)				
Budget	tary Ba	sis		\$	(28)				
GAAP	Basis				(28)				
					1,837				
				\$	1,809				
	Orig	Budgeted	Budgeted Amo Original F \$ 15 \$ 15	Budgeted Amounts	Budgeted Amounts	Budgeted Amounts Actual on Budgetary Basis \$ 15 \$ 15 15 15 - - - - 28 - - - 15 15 (28) to GAAP Basis \$ (28) GAAP Basis \$ (28) 1,837	Budgeted Amounts Actual on Budgetary Basis \$ 15 \$ 15 \$ - \$ 15 15 - \$ - - 28 - - 28 15 15 (28) \$ to GAAP Basis \$ (28) \$ GAAP Basis \$ (28) \$ 1,837 \$ (28)		

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

	Succesor Agency Capital Projects Fund											
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual on	Variance with Final Budget -								
	0::1	E: 1	Budgetary	Positive								
	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)								
Revenues:												
Property Taxes	\$ 3,000	\$ 3,000	\$ 512	\$ (2,488)								
Licenses and Permits	15	15	-	(15)								
Use of Money and Property	797	797	329	(468)								
Other - Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	-	-	826	826								
Other Revenues	408	408	1,155	747								
Total Revenues	4,220	4,220	2,822	(1,398)								
Expenditures:												
General Government	2	-	-	-								
Community and Cultural	4,220	4,187	1,110	3,077								
Transfers Out			3,117	(3,117)								
Total Expenditures	4,222	4,187	4,227	(40)								
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance	(2)	33	(1,405)	\$ (1,438)								
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis	to GAAP Ba	ısis										
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, B	Budgetary Ba	sis	\$ (1,405)									
Add: Encumbrances												
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, G	GAAP Basis		(1,405)									
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis			10,395									
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis		\$ 8,990										



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NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for City operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the City in using this type of fund is to determine that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing these services to the general public on a continuing basis are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The <u>Tideland Oil Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the proceeds from oil operations within the City's tidelands area.

The <u>Sewer Utility Fund</u> is used to account for the maintenance and replacement of the City's sewer pipelines and sewage facilities.

The <u>Airport Fund</u> is used to account for the operations, maintenance and facility improvements of the Airport.

The <u>Solid Waste Management Fund</u> is used to account for the City's refuse collection, recycling, and resource recovery operations. The SERRF Authority Function is combined with the City's Solid Waste Management Function for the purpose of financial statement presentation.

The <u>Towing Fund</u> is used to account for the City's towing services, which are used primarily by the Police and Public Works Departments to remove vehicles that have been abandoned or parked illegally on the City's streets.

The <u>Subsidence Fund</u> is used to account for the accumulation of resources to minimize and remedy future land sinkage due to oil operations in the tidelands area.

The <u>Development Services Fund</u> was established to segregate long-range planning and property use and development services and give visibility of the City's planning, building, and inspection fees and the associated cost the City incurs to provide these services.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Total

	Tideland								l otal Nonmajor
	Oil	_			id Waste			Development	Proprietary
ACCETC	Revenue	Sewer	Airport	Mar	nagement	Towing	Subsidence	Services	Funds
ASSETS Current Assets:									
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 51,905	\$12,565	\$ 50,384	\$	23,382	\$ 1,467	\$ 191,150	\$ 36,685	\$ 367,538
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-	6,977		3	2	-	-	6,982
Receivables:									
Interest Receivable	10.745	1 204	31		0.520	212	1	-	32
Accounts Receivable Due from Other Governments	18,745	1,304	3,200 2,935		8,538 172	213	-	589	32,000 3,696
Due from Other Funds	1,478	_	703		107	37	500	-	2,825
Allowance for Receivables	-	(156)	(138)		(1,975)	(205)	-	(1,638)	(4,112)
Inventory	-	185	-		-	-	-	-	185
Other Assets - Current	10	12.000	- (4.002		- 20.227	1.514	101.651	- 25.626	10
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets:	72,138	13,898	64,092		30,227	1,514	191,651	35,636	409,156
Restricted Noncurrent Assets:									
Non-Pooled Investments	-	-	7,449		-	-	_	-	7,449
Noncurrent Receivables									
Advances to Other Funds	-	-	-		-	-	114	-	114
Capital Assets:		0.151	64.014		7.002				70.160
Land and Other Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	9,083	8,151 76,792	64,014 239,540		7,003 6,842	-	-	- 14	79,168 332,271
Total Noncurrent Assets	9,083	84,943	311,003				114	14	419,002
					13,845				
Total Assets	81,221	98,841	375,095		44,072	1,514	191,765	35,650	828,158
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	500	1 000	1.500		2 201	575		2.020	0 145
Deferred Outflows of Resources	566	1,088	1,596		2,281	575		2,039	8,145
LIABILITIES Compart Liabilities Payable from Compart Assets									
Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets Accounts Payable	14,356	1,126	5,216		4,327	77	_	1,276	26,378
Accrued Wages	95	156	316		365	92	_	358	1,382
Accrued Interest Payable	-	141	2,125		-	-	-	-	2,266
Due to Other Funds	106	191	345		442	96	-	1,523	2,703
Unearned Revenues	-	120	1,194		-	-	614	3,947	5,875
Collections Held in Trust	-	-	247		762	-	-	1 588	763 835
Customers Deposits Advances from Developers	-	194	247		-	-	_	10,811	11,005
Due to State of California	5,825	-			-	-	_	-	5,825
Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits	281	459	1,061		1,008	217	-	968	3,994
Bonds Payable Due within One Year		390	3,310		_	-			3,700
Total Current Liabilities	20,663	2,777	13,814		6,904	482	614	19,472	64,726
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Unearned Revenues	110 200	-	5,049		-	-	-	-	5,049
Accrued Oil Field Abandonment Costs Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits	110,300 501	971	1,616		1,950	412	-	1,643	110,300 7,093
Bonds Payable	501	8,644	92,493		1,930	412	_	1,043	101,137
Total OPEB Liability	32	58	98		118	25	_	103	434
Net Pension Liability	2,699	4,097	7,405		8,612	1,920		9,669	34,402
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	113,532	13,770	106,661		10,680	2,357	-	11,415	258,415
Total Liabilities	134,195	16,547	120,475		17,584	2,839	614	30,887	323,141
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,239	3,712	6,972		7,559	1,666	-	9,570	32,718
NET POSITION									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	9,083	74,876	214,637		13,845	-	-	14	312,455
Restricted for:									
Debt Service	-	304	4,075		-	-	-	-	4,379
Capital Projects	-	-	28,063		-	-	-	-	28,063
Airport Subsidence	-	-	9,636		_	-	191,151	-	9,636 191,151
Unrestricted	(64,730)	4,490	(7,167)		7,365	(2,416)		(2,782)	(65,240)
Total Net Position	\$ (55,647)	\$79,670	\$ 249,244	\$	21,210	\$(2,416)	\$ 191,151	\$ (2,768)	\$ 480,444
		,		Ĺ	,	. (, v)		(-,,,,,)	*, * * *

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Departing Revenues		Tideland Oil Revenue	Sewer	Airport	Solid Wast	=	Subsidence	Development Services	Total Nonmajor Proprietary Funds
Fines and Forfeitures - 15 - - - 15	Operating Revenues:								
Fees, Concessions and Rentals 95,009 - 28,217 - - - 1,032 2,336 From Other Agencies - - 821 482 - - 1,032 2,336 Charges for Services 4,133 18,197 222 79,318 6,140 - 1,269 692 Total Operating Revenues 99,142 18,283 29,585 82,722 6,140 - 18,670 254,542 Operating Expenses - - - - - - - - 9,123 36,685 Maintenance and Other Operations 4,850 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 - 13,237 113,706 Rental Expense -	Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	2,545	-	-	15,861	18,406
From Other Agencies 1 8 1 482 - 1,032 2,335 Charges for Services 4,133 18,197 222 79,318 6,140 - 1,548 109,558 Other 2 86 2 377 1 - 229 692 Total Operating Revenues 99,142 18,283 29,585 82,722 6,140 2 18,670 254,542 Operating Expenses: 7 8 12,743 2,554 2 9,123 36,685 Maintenance and Other Operations 4,850 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 13,237 113,706 Rental Expense 4 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 2 1 2 6,919 1 2 2 2 6 69,113 13,706 Rental Expense 69,919 - - 1 2 2 2 2 69,919 1 2 2 2 69,919	Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	15
Charges for Services Other 4,133 brack of Charges for Services Other 4,133 brack of Services Services Other 2,222 brack of Services Other Other Other Other Other Other Expenses: 4,132 brack of Services Other O	Fees, Concessions and Rentals	95,009	-	28,527	-	-	-	-	123,536
Other 86 377 2 229 692 Total Operating Revenues 99,142 18,283 29,585 82,722 6,140 - 18,670 254,542 Operating Expenses: 8 82,722 6,140 - 18,670 254,542 Personnel Services 1,472 3,255 7,738 12,743 2,354 - 9,123 36,685 Maintenance and Other Operations 4,850 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 - 13,237 113,708 Rental Expense 6 9,919 - - - - - - 184 - - 69,919 Depreciation 330 2,842 14,827 772 - - 11 18,782 Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 239,276 Operating Income (Expenses) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - 3,701 <td>e e</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>821</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>1,032</td> <td>2,335</td>	e e	-	-	821		-	-	1,032	2,335
Total Operating Revenues 99,142 18,283 29,585 82,722 6,140 - 18,670 254,542 Operating Expenses: Personnel Services 1,472 3,255 7,738 12,743 2,354 - 9,123 36,685 Maintenance and Other Operations 4,850 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 - 13,237 113,706 Rental Expense - - - - - - - - 69,919 Depreciation 330 2,842 14,827 772 - - 11 18,782 Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 23,976 Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - 3(7,01) 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses) - - - - - 8 - - - 8 Interest Lycense -<		4,133		222		6,140	-		
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services 1,472 3,255 7,738 12,743 2,354 - 9,123 36,685 Maintenance and Other Operations 4,850 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 - 13,237 113,006 Rental Expense - - 184 - - 69,919 Payments to Other Entities 69,919 - - - - - 69,919 Depreciation 330 2,842 14,827 772 - - 11 18,782 Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 239,276 Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - (3,701) 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses): - - - - 8 - - 22,371 239,276 Oberating Income (Expenses) - - - - - 8	Other		86		377	-		229	692
Personnel Services 1,472 3,255 7,738 12,743 2,354 - 9,123 36,685 Maintenance and Other Operations 4,850 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 - 13,237 113,706 Rental Expense 69,919 - - - - - - 69,919 Depreciation 330 2,842 14,827 772 - - 11 18,782 Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 239,276 Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - (3,701) 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses): - - - - 8 - - 28 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,021) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets (7,700) - - - 1	Total Operating Revenues	99,142	18,283	29,585	82,722	6,140		18,670	254,542
Maintenance and Other Operations 4,850 7,145 22,629 63,643 2,202 - 13,237 113,706 Rental Expense - - - 184 - - 184 Payments to Other Entities 69,919 - - - - - 69,919 Depreciation 330 2,842 14,827 7772 - - 11 18,782 Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 239,276 Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - 3,701 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses) - - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Income - - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,201) <td>Operating Expenses:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating Expenses:								
Rental Expense - - - 184 184 Payments to Other Entities 69,919 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 69,919 - - - - - - 69,919 - - - - 10,919 - - - - 10,919 - - - - 10,919 -	Personnel Services	1,472	3,255	7,738	12,743	2,354	-	9,123	36,685
Payments to Other Entitities 69,919 - - - - - - - 69,919 Depreciation 330 2,842 14,827 772 - - 11 18,782 Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 239,276 Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - 3,701 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses): - - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,020) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - 1 - - - 1 - - - 1 Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - - 1 1 - - - 1 1		4,850	7,145	22,629		2,202	-	13,237	113,706
Depreciation 330 2,842 14,827 772 - - 11 18,782 Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 239,276 Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - (3,701) 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses): - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Income - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,021) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - - 1 - - - 1 Oil Field Abandomment Costs (7,700) - - - - - - 7,7000 Operating Grants - - 1,330 1,314 - - 500	*	-		-					
Total Operating Expenses 76,571 13,242 45,194 77,342 4,556 - 22,371 239,276 Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - (3,701) 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses): Interest Income - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,021) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,021) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - - 1 - - - 1 Oil Field Abandonment Costs (7,700) - - - - - - - 1 - - - 1 - - - 1 - - - 91 - - -	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-		-	-		
Operating Income (Loss) 22,571 5,041 (15,609) 5,380 1,584 - (3,701) 15,266 Non-Operating Income (Expenses): Interest Income (Expenses): Interest Income - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,021) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - 1 - - - 1 Oil Field Abandonment Costs (7,700) - - - - - - - - - 1 - - - - 1 - - - - 1 - - - - 1 - - - - 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td< td=""><td>Depreciation</td><td>330</td><td>2,842</td><td>14,827</td><td>772</td><td></td><td></td><td>11</td><td>18,782</td></td<>	Depreciation	330	2,842	14,827	772			11	18,782
Non-Operating Income (Expenses): Interest Income - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,021) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - 1 - - - 1 Oil Field Abandonment Costs (7,700) - - - - - 1 - - - 1 Operating Grants - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 91 - - - 14 -	Total Operating Expenses	76,571	13,242	45,194	77,342	4,556		22,371	239,276
Interest Income - - - - 8 - - 8 Interest Expense - (244) (6,304) (36) - (287) (150) (7,021) Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - - 1 - - - 1 Oil Field Abandonment Costs (7,700) - - - - - - - - - - (7,700) Operating Grants - - 91 - - - - 91 Other Income 2 1,330 1,314 - - 500 - 3,146 Other Expense - (1,406) (4) (3) (3) - - (1,416) Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) (7,698) (320) (4,903) (38) 5 213 (150) (12,891) Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342	Operating Income (Loss)	22,571	5,041	(15,609)	5,380	1,584		(3,701)	15,266
Interest Expense	Non-Operating Income (Expenses):								
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets - - - - 1 - - - 1 Oil Field Abandonment Costs (7,700) - - - - - (7,700) Operating Grants - - 91 - - - 91 Other Income 2 1,330 1,314 - - 500 - 3,146 Other Expense - (1,406) (4) (3) (3) - - (1,416) Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) (7,698) (320) (4,903) (38) 5 213 (150) (12,891) Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342 1,589 213 (3,851) 2,375 Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - 25,531 Transfers: - 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992	Interest Income	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	8
Oil Field Abandonment Costs (7,700) - - - - - - (7,700) Operating Grants - - 91 - - - 91 Other Income 2 1,330 1,314 - - 500 - 3,146 Other Expense - (1,406) (4) (3) (3) - - (1,416) Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) (7,698) (320) (4,903) (38) 5 213 (150) (12,891) Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342 1,589 213 (3,851) 2,375 Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - 25,531 Transfers: - 189 25,342 - - - 25,531 Transfers Su 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495)		-	(244)	(6,304)	(36	-	(287)	(150)	(7,021)
Operating Grants - - 91 - - 91 Other Income 2 1,330 1,314 - - 500 - 3,146 Other Expense - (1,406) (4) (3) (3) - - (1,416) Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) (7,698) (320) (4,903) (38) 5 213 (150) (12,891) Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342 1,589 213 (3,851) 2,375 Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - 25,531 Transfers: - 189 25,342 - - - 25,531 Transfers Sun 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Othange in Net Position 7,078 4	Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Other Income 2 1,330 1,314 - - 500 - 3,146 Other Expense - (1,406) (4) (3) (3) - - (1,416) Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) (7,698) (320) (4,903) (38) 5 213 (150) (12,891) Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342 1,589 213 (3,851) 2,375 Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - - 25,531 Transfers: Transfers In 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175		(7,700)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,700)
Other Expense - (1,406) (4) (3) (3) - - (1,416) Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) (7,698) (320) (4,903) (38) 5 213 (150) (12,891) Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342 1,589 213 (3,851) 2,375 Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - - 25,531 Transfers: Transfers In 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044	1 6	-		, -	-	-	_	-	
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) (7,698) (320) (4,903) (38) 5 213 (150) (12,891) Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342 1,589 213 (3,851) 2,375 Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - - 25,531 Transfers: Transfers In 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044		2	1,330				500	-	3,146
Income Before Contributions 14,873 4,721 (20,512) 5,342 1,589 213 (3,851) 2,375 Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - - 25,531 Transfers: Transfers In 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044	Other Expense		(1,406)	(4)	(3	(3)			(1,416)
Capital Grants and Contributions - 189 25,342 - - - - 25,531 Transfers: Transfers In 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044	Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	(7,698)	(320)	(4,903)	(38	5	213	(150)	(12,891)
Transfers: 5,700 - - 292 - - - 5,992 Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044	Income Before Contributions	14,873	4,721	(20,512)	5,342	1,589	213	(3,851)	2,375
Transfers In Transfers Out 5,700 (13,495) - - 292 (599) - - - 5,992 (24,04) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 (4,910) 4,830 (4,830) 5,035 (4,005) 1,589 (4,005) 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 (24,414) 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 (3,487) 463,044	*		189	25,342		-		-	25,531
Transfers Out (13,495) - - (599) - - (2,404) (16,498) Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044	Transfers:								
Change in Net Position 7,078 4,910 4,830 5,035 1,589 213 (6,255) 17,400 Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044	Transfers In	5,700	-	-		-	-	-	5,992
Net Position - October 1 (62,725) 74,760 244,414 16,175 (4,005) 190,938 3,487 463,044	Transfers Out	(13,495)	-	-	(599	-		(2,404)	(16,498)
	Change in Net Position	7,078	4,910	4,830	5,035	1,589	213	(6,255)	17,400
Net Position - September 30 \$ (55,647) \$ 79,670 \$ 249,244 \$ 21,210 \$ (2,416) \$ 191,151 \$ (2,768) \$ 480,444	Net Position - October 1	(62,725)	74,760	244,414	16,175	(4,005)	190,938	3,487	463,044
	Net Position - September 30	\$ (55,647)	\$ 79,670	\$ 249,244	\$ 21,210	\$ (2,416)	\$ 191,151	\$ (2,768)	\$ 480,444

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		deland Oil evenue	Se	wer	Airport		id Waste	Tox	wing	Subsid	dence		elopment ervices	Pro	Total Jonmajor oprietary Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		venue		****	rinport	1414	nagement	10	wing	Duosi	acrice		DIVICES	_	Tunus
Receipts from Customers	\$	6,275	S 1	8,300	\$ 26,646	S	81,377	S 6	5,358	\$	_	S	19,100	S	158,056
Receipts from Oil Companies	-	91,717		-	-	-	-		-	-	-		,	-	91,717
Receipts from Other Entities		-		-	16,165		482		-		-		-		16,647
Receipts from Other Funds		-		-	67		693		-		-		-		760
Payments for Employee Salaries		(3,278)		4,683)	(10,767)		(15,985)		2,988)		-		(13,474)		(51,175)
Payments for Goods and Services Payments to Other Funds		(1,141)	(7,713)	(28,853)		(65,798)	(2	2,154)		-		(13,349)		(117,867) (1,141)
Payments to Other Funds Payments to Other Entities		(75,136)		-	-										(75,136)
Other Income	,	2		1,292	158		_		_		-		_		1,452
Other Expense		-		1,406)	(4)		(3)		(3)		-		-		(1,416)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		18,439		5,790	3,412		766		1,213		-		(7,723)		21,897
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:															
Operating Grants Received from Other Governments		-		-	91		-		-		-		-		91
Operating Subsidies Paid to Other Funds				-	-		(29)		-		-				(29)
Transfers In		5,700		-	-		292		-		-		(2.404)		5,992
Transfers Out		(13,495)					(599)				-		(2,404)		(16,498)
Net Cash Used for Non-Capital Financing Activities		(7,795)			91		(336)				-		(2,404)		(10,444)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:															
Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets		-		100	21.072		1		-		-		-		1
Receipts of Contributed Capital Receipts from Passenger Facility Charges		-		189	21,873 3,469		-		-		-		-		22,062 3,469
Receipts of Federal Subsidy					1,156										1,156
Payments for Capital Acquisitions		_	(6,421)	(39,717)		(2,182)		_		-		(224)		(48,544)
Payments of Principal on Bonds Payable		-	,	(375)	(3,157)		-		-		-		-		(3,532)
Payments of Interest		-		(354)	(6,010)		-				-		-		(6,364)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)															
Capital and Related Financing Activities			(6,961)	(22,386)		(2,181)				-		(224)		(31,752)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:															
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		-		- (10)	1,238		-		-		-		(1.50)		1,238
Payments of Interest				(19)	(237)		(36)		8		213		(150)		(221)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		-		(19)	1,001		(36)		8		213		(150)		1,017
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,644	(1,190)	(17,882)		(1,787)	1	1,221		213		(10,501)		(19,282)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1		41,261	1.	3,755	75,243		25,172		248	190	,937		47,186		393,802
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30	\$	51,905	\$ 1	2,565	\$ 57,361	\$	23,385	\$	1,469	\$ 191	,150	\$	36,685	\$	374,520
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:															
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	22,571	\$	5,041	(15,609)	\$	5,380	\$	1,584	\$	-	\$	(3,701)	\$	15,266
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:															
Operating Activities: Depreciation and Amortization Expense		330		2,842	14,827		772						11		18,782
Other Income		2		1,404	14,627		112						11		1,564
Other Expense		-		1,406)	(4)		(3)		(3)		-		_		(1,416)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, Net		(7,319)	`	(196)	(1,742)		(787)		7		-		1,774		(8,263)
Increase in Amounts Due from Other Governments		(3,247)		-	15,344		-		-		-		-		12,097
(Increase) Decrease in Amounts Due from Other Funds		(1,141)		57	67		693		211		500		-		387
Increase in Other Operating Assets		6		(501)	- (6.104)		- (1.5.45)		-		-		-		6
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		11,119	((581)	(6,194)		(1,747)		35 (634)		-		141		2,773
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable Increase in Amounts Due to Other Funds		(1,806) (1,970)	(1,429) 11	(3,029)		(3,242) (224)		13		-		(4,351) (253)		(14,491) (2,423)
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenues		(1,7/0)		120	(376)		(227)		-		(500)		(338)		(1,094)
Increase in Collections Held in Trust		(106)		(73)	(30)		(76)		-		-		(1,006)		(1,291)
Total Adjustments		(4,132)		749	19,021		(4,614)		(371)		-		(4,022)		6,631
·	_		_			_						_		_	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	18,439	\$	5,790	\$ 3,412	\$	766	\$	1,213	\$	-	\$	(7,723)	\$	21,897
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Accrued Oilfield Abandonment Costs	\$	7,700	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,700

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are established to finance and account for goods and services provided by one City department to other City departments on a cost-reimbursement basis, including depreciation.

The <u>Civic Center Fund</u> is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City Hall and Main Library Complex.

The <u>General Services Fund</u> is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of the City's electronic data processing equipment and software, radio systems, telephone, mailing and reprographics services.

The <u>Fleet Services Fund</u> is used to account for the operation, maintenance, and replacement of the City's fleet of vehicles and equipment.

The <u>Workers' Compensation Insurance Fund</u> is used to finance and account for the City's Workers' Compensation Insurance Program programs.

The <u>General Liability Insurance Fund</u> is used to finance and account for the City's General Liability insurance programs.

The <u>Employee Benefits Fund</u> is used to finance and account for compensated absences, employer payroll taxes, and health and retirement benefits.

City of Long Beach Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position (Deficit)

September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	(In I	housand	s)				
	Civic Center	General Services	Fleet Services	Workers' Compensation Insurance	General Liability Insurance	Employee Benefits	Total Internal Service Funds
ASSETS							
Current Assets: Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables:	\$ 247 -	\$ 25,276 1,578	\$ 53,197	\$ 38,154	\$ 724 -	\$ 29,201	\$ 146,799 1,578
Accounts Receivable	_	1,266	31	_	_	235	1,532
Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds	118	2,387	30 613	1,637	-	22,578	30 27,333
Allowance for Receivables Deposits Inventory	-	-	(24) - 3,119	-	-	9,365	(24) 9,365 3,119
Total Current Assets Noncurrent Assets:	365	30,507	56,966	39,791	724	61,379	189,732
Noncurrent Receivables:			1.600			4.005	5.60 5
Advances to Other Funds Capital Assets: Land and Other Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	28,110	14,169	1,600	-	-	4,087	5,687 42,279
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	319,351	47,447	67,251	3	6	-	434,058
Other Assets - Long-Term	6,375						6,375
Total Noncurrent Assets	353,836	61,616	68,851	3	6	4,087	488,399
Total Assets	354,201	92,123	125,817	39,794	730	65,466	678,131
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources	84	4,160	2,389	862	601	1,255	9,351
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets: Accounts Payable	1,521	2,072	4,874	81	1,097	6,496	16,141
Accrued Wages and Benefits	13	607	306	351	100	5,661	7,038
Accrued Interest Payable	5.015	600	126	205	-	47	773
Due to Other Funds Collections Held in Trust	5,015	684	315	395	112	4,097	6,521 4,097
Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits	-	1,898	824	342	363	3,368	6,795
Accrued Claims - Current	-	-	-	20,482	11,123	-	31,605
Environmental Remediation - Current Obligations under Capital Leases - Current	-	7,493	175 1,637	-	-	-	175 9,130
Bonds Payable Due within One Year	-		1,612	_	_	-	1,612
Other Long Term Obligation - Current	5,189						5,189
Total Current Liabilities	11,738	13,354	9,869	21,651	12,795	19,669	89,076
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits Accrued Claims	-	3,967	2,143	611 111,598	442 33,182	692	7,855 144,780
Environmental Remediation	-	-	725	-	-	-	725
Obligations under Capital Lease		25,390	4,423	-	-	-	29,813
Other Long Term Obligations Bonds Payable	284,576	-	16 240	-	-	-	284,576
OPEB Liability	-	237	16,340 126	39	27	43	16,340 472
Net Pension Liability	442	15,812	6,777	4,038	2,448	3,917	33,434
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	285,018	45,406	30,534	116,286	36,099	4,652	517,995
Total Liabilities	296,756	58,760	40,403	137,937	48,894	24,321	607,071
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows of Resources	775	13,991	6,534	3,823	2,159	3,984	31,266
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	57,312	30,074	43,239	3	6	-	130,634
Capital Projects Insurance	-	1,395	-	-	-	18,611	1,395 18,611
Unrestricted	(558)	(7,937)	38,030	(101,107)	(49,728)	19,805	(101,495)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 56,754	\$ 23,532	\$ 81,269	\$ (101,104)	\$ (49,722)	\$ 38,416	\$ 49,145

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position (Deficit) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Civic Center	General Services	Fleet Services	Workers' Compensation Insurance	General Liability Insurance	Employee Benefits	Total Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Billing to Other Departments Other	\$ 22,675	\$ 53,402 5,029	\$ 41,539 372	\$ 30,222 66	\$ 26,541 320	\$ 305,867	\$ 480,246 5,787
Total Operating Revenues	22,675	58,431	41,911	30,288	26,861	305,867	486,033
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services Maintenance and Other Operations Insurance Premiums Self-Insured Losses Compensated Absences Employee Benefits	11,329	16,208 29,924 - -	7,161 16,248 - -	3,751 2,646 - 8,133 7,051	2,948 4,303 10,508 4,434	5,007 3,368 - - 53,931 266,180	35,075 67,818 10,508 12,567 60,982 266,180
Depreciation	9,119	8,634	12,532	3	1	-	30,289
Total Operating Expenses	20,448	54,766	35,941	21,584	22,194	328,486	483,419
Operating Income (Loss)	2,227	3,665	5,970	8,704	4,667	(22,619)	2,614
Non-Operating Income (Expenses): Interest Income Interest Expense Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets Operating Grants Other Income Other Expense Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses) Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	(5,542) - - 166 - (5,376) (3,149)	(1,877) (9) 984 (50) (952) 2,713	(1,177) 908 - 1,443 (715) 459	(23)	1 - - - - 1 4,668	(1,278) - - - (848) (2,126) (24,745)	1 (9,897) 899 984 1,609 (1,613) (8,017)
Transfers: Transfers In Transfers Out Change in Net Position Net Position (Deficit) - October 1, as adjusted	6,621 - 3,472 53,282	5,828 (3,814) 4,727 18,805	746 - 7,175 74,094	8,681 (109,785)	4,668 (54,390)	(49,380) (74,125) 112,541	13,195 (53,194) (45,402) 94,547
Net Position (Deficit) - September 30	\$ 56,754	\$ 23,532	\$ 81,269	\$ (101,104)	\$ (49,722)	\$ 38,416	\$ 49,145

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Civic Center	General Services	Fleet Services	Workers' Compensation Insurance	General Liability Insurance	Employee Benefits	Total Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Control	Berriees		mourance	Insurance	Belleting	
Receipts from Customers	\$ -	\$ 5,029	\$ 63	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,092
Receipts from Other Funds	26,559	52,140	41,299	37,749	28,369	322,397	508,513
Receipts from Other Entities	(357)	(690)	(718)	114	(6,623)	-	(8,274)
Payments for Employee Salaries	(10)	(16,561)	(7,261)	(3,769)	(2,976)	(17,235)	(47,812)
Payments for Goods and Services	(13,603)	(31,009)	(13,588)	(2,784)	(3,935)	- (52 450)	(64,919)
Payments for Compensated Absences	(770)	(46)	(23)	(7,033)	588	(53,458)	(59,972)
Payments for Employee Benefits Payments for Liability Claims	(770)	(5,558)	(2,791)	(1,941) (13,038)	(1,098) (13,688)	(278,290)	(290,448) (26,726)
Other Income	_	_	1,443	(13,038)	(13,000)	-	1,443
Other Expense	_	(50)	(715)	-	_	(848)	(1,613)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	11,819	3,255	17,709	9,298	637	(27,434)	15,284
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:							
Other Income	166	_	_	_	_	_	166
Operating Grants Received from Other Governments	-	984	_	-	-	-	984
Operating Subsidies Paid to Other Funds	-	(3,814)	-	-	-	(49,380)	(53,194)
Operating Subsidies Received from Other Funds	6,621	5,828	746				13,195
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital Financing Activities	6,787	2,998	746			(49,380)	(38,849)
	0,707	2,770	710			(12,300)	(50,017)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Proceeds from the Sale of Capital Assets	_	_	954			_	954
Payments for Capital Acquisitions	(7,768)	(4,551)	(12,056)	-	-	-	(24,375)
Payments of Principal on Bonds Payable	-	-	(1,542)	-	-	(6,765)	(8,307)
Payments of Principal on Other Long-Term Obligations	(5,099)	(4,160)	(1,873)	-	-	-	(11,132)
Payments of Interest	(5,542)	(1,624)	(908)			(431)	(8,505)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities	(18,409)	(10,335)	(15,425)			(7,196)	(51,365)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Payments of Interest	_	(258)	(479)	(23)	1	(1,247)	(2,006)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		(258)	(479)	(23)	1	(1,247)	(2,006)
	197	(4,340)	2,551	9,275	638	(85,257)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents							(76,936)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1 Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30	\$ 247	\$ 26,854	\$ 53,197	\$ 38,154	\$ 724	\$ 29,201	\$ 148,377
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 50	ŷ 2 1 1	\$ 20,034	\$ 33,197	3 38,134	\$ 724	\$ 29,201	\$ 140,577
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 2,227	\$ 3,665	\$ 5,970	\$ 8,704	\$ 4,667	\$ (22,619)	\$ 2,614
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:							
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	9,119	8,634	12,532	3	1	-	30,289
Other Income	-	-	1,443	-	-	-	1,443
Other Expense	-	(50)	(715)	-	-	(848)	(1,613)
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, Net	1,000	-	63	1	-	2,741	3,805
(Increase) Decrease in Amounts Due from Other Funds	2,884	(1,262)	(612)	7,460	1,508	(3,602)	6,376
Increase in Inventory Decrease in Other Operating Assets	125	-	(259)	-	-	29,244	(259) 29,369
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(2,399)	(5,957)	2,919	(138)	368	(8,620)	(13,827)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable	(780)	(1,085)	(2,914)	(1,941)	(538)	(15,367)	(22,625)
Increase (Decrease) in Amounts Due to Other Funds	(357)	(690)	(718)	114	(6,623)	(8,971)	(17,245)
Increase in Accrued Claims Payable	-	-	-	(4,905)	1,254	-	(3,651)
Increase in Collections Held in Trust						608	608
Total Adjustments	9,592	(410)	11,739	594	(4,030)	(4,815)	12,670
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 11,819	\$ 3,255	\$ 17,709	\$ 9,298	\$ 637	\$ (27,434)	\$ 15,284
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		e	¢.	¢.	¢.	¢.	e 00.207
Borrowing under Capital Lease or Other Long-term Debt	\$ 99,287	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,287

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds, comprised of Private Purpose Trust and Custodial Funds, are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for other governmental units, private organizations, or individuals.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> are used to account for funds held by the City as an agent for other governmental units, private organizations, or individuals.

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u> are used to account for trust monies, wherein the principal and interest of the trust can be expended by the City in accordance with the terms of the trust agreement.

The Miller Library and Miller Museum Funds are used to account for bequests from Lorraine Miller Collins. The principal and interest on the trusts are to be used to maintain and purchase materials for the Miller Special Collections room in the City's Main Library.

The Mayor's Fund for the Homeless is used to account for donations from the public for use in assisting the City's homeless population.

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Funds September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Beln	nont					Int	ermodal
	Sho	ore	7	Γaxes	S	pecial	Co	ntainer
	Park	ing		Oil	As	sessment	Tı	ansfer
	Dist	rict	F	Rights	Γ	istricts	Facility JPA	
ASSETS:								
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	89	\$	1,819	\$	501	\$	6,500
Non-pooled Investments		-		-		1,095		-
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-		8,478		-
Property Taxes Receivable, Net		-		-		19		-
Interest Receivable		-		-		30		-
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-
Prepaid Expense		-		-		-		-
Land				_		_		
Total Assets		89		1,819		10,123		6,500
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts Payable		89		-		_		
Total Liabilities		89						
NET POSITION:								
Held in Trust	\$		\$	1,819	\$	10,123	\$	6,500

City of Long Beach
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Custodial Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Beln	ont					Intermodal		
	Sho	re]	Taxes	S	pecial	Co	ntainer	
	Park	ing		Oil	Ass	sessment	T	Transfer	
	Dist	rict	F	Rights	D	istricts	Facility JPA		
ADDITIONS:									
Contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	430	\$	4,261	
Taxes		-		-		5,242		-	
Grants		-		-		-		-	
Use of Money and Property		-		14		40		78	
Miscellaneous Revenue						8			
Total Additions		-		14		5,720		4,339	
DEDUCTIONS:									
Administrative Expense		-		-		12		-	
Payments to Bond Holders		-		-		5,344		6,000	
Payments to Others						227			
Total Deductions		-				5,583		6,000	
Change in Net Position		-		14		137		(1,661)	
Net Position, October 1		-		1,805		9,986		8,161	
Net Position, September 30	\$	_	\$	1,819	\$	10,123	\$	6,500	

Asse	Earthquake Assessment District		s Cerritos /etlands uthority	Cı	Other Custodial Funds		Total ustodial Funds	
								ASSETS:
\$	826	\$	-	\$	3,424	\$	13,159	Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents
	-		-		-		1,095	Non-pooled Investments
	-		241		-		8,719	Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents
	1		-		127		147	Property Taxes Receivable
	-		-		-		30	Interest Receivable
	-		185		873		1,058	Accounts Receivable
	-		8		-		8	Prepaid Expense
	-		11,000		-		11,000	Land
	827		11,434		4,424		35,216	Total Assets
								LIABILITIES:
	-		166		53		308	Accounts Payable
	-		166		53		308	Total Liabilities
								NET POSITION:
\$	827	\$	11,268	\$	4,371	\$	34,908	Held in Trust

Asses	quake sment trict	We	Cerritos tlands hority	Cu	Other Istodial Funds	Total ustodial Funds	
							ADDITIONS:
\$	-	\$	39	\$	-	\$ 4,730	Contributions
	-		-		5,367	10,609	Taxes
	-		356		-	356	Grants
	-		64		38	234	Use of Money and Property
	-		44		_	 52	Miscellaneous Revenue
	-		503		5,405	15,981	Total Additions
							DEDUCTIONS:
	1		-		-	13	Administrative Expense
	-		-		-	11,344	Payments to Bond Holders
	-		430		4,719	5,376	Payments to Others
	1		430		4,719	 16,733	Total Deductions
	(1)		73		686	(752)	Change in Net Position
	828	1	1,195		3,685	 35,660	Net Position, October 1
\$	827	\$ 1	1,268	\$	4,371	\$ 34,908	Net Position, September 30

Fiduciary Funds
Private Purpose Trust Funds
Combining Statement of Net Position
September 30, 2021
(In Thousands)

		Iiller brary	Fu for	yor's and the neless	Total September 30, 2021		
ASSETS Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	613	\$	5	\$	618	
NET POSITION Held in Trust for Private Purpose Trust Funds	¢	612	¢	5	¢	<i>(</i> 10	
Trust runds	<u> </u>	613	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	618	

City of Long Beach

Fiduciary Funds
Private Purpose Trust Funds
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021
(In Thousands)

	liller brary	Fu for	yor's and the aeless	Total September 30, 2021		
Additions:	 	' <u>'</u>				
Use of Money and Property	\$ _	\$		\$	_	
Deductions: Administrative Expense	37				37	
Change in Net Position	(37)		-		(37)	
Net Position, October 1	650		5		655	
Net Position, September 30	\$ 613	\$	5	\$	618	

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund Combining Balance Sheet September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	General Fund					Total Combined General Fund		
ASSETS								
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 159,522	\$	12,815	\$	-	\$	172,337	
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,373		-		-		1,373	
Receivables:								
Property Taxes	113,077		-		-		113,077	
Accounts Receivable	27,673		1,420		-		29,093	
Due from Other Governments	40,851		-		-		40,851	
Due from Other Funds	29,972		1,543		(1,543)		29,972	
Allowance for Receivables	(8,890)		-		-		(8,890)	
Other Assets	2,127		-		-		2,127	
Total Assets	\$ 365,705	\$	15,778	\$	(1,543)	\$	379,940	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	15,364		200		-		15,564	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	11,677		-		-		11,677	
Due to Other Governments	251		-		-		251	
Due to Other Funds	58,836		-		(1,543)		57,293	
Unearned Revenues	6,138		-		_		6,138	
Deposits and Collections Held in Trust	3,819		_		-		3,819	
Advances from Other Funds	114		-		-		114	
Total Liabilities	96,199		200		(1,543)		94,856	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows of Resources	112,403		-				112,403	
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable	2,127		-		-		2,127	
Restricted	2,836		-		-		2,836	
Committed	60,965		15,578		-		76,543	
Assigned	107,658		-		-		107,658	
Unassigned	(16,483)		-		-		(16,483)	
Total Fund Balances	157,103		15,578				172,681	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_				_		_	
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 365,705	\$	15,778	\$	(1,543)	\$	379,940	

General Fund

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Total

	General Fund	Uplands Oil Fund	Eliminations	Combined General Fund
Revenues:				
Taxes:				
Property	\$ 200,359	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 200,359
Sales	148,449	-	-	148,449
Utility Users	38,546	-	-	38,546
Other Taxes	30,404	-	-	30,404
Franchise Fees	23,734	-	-	23,734
Licenses and Permits	36,550	-	-	36,550
Fines and Forfeitures	14,395	-	-	14,395
Use of Money and Property	18,811	11,190	-	30,001
From Other Agencies	8,482	-	-	8,482
Charges for Services	39,646	-	-	39,646
Other	5,391			5,391
Total Revenues	564,767	11,190		575,957
Expenditures:				
Legislative and Legal	16,537	-	-	16,537
General Government	34,860	-	-	34,860
Public Safety	408,803	-	-	408,803
Public Health	19,885	-	-	19,885
Community and Cultural	53,645	-	-	53,645
Public Works	58,535	-	-	58,535
Oil Operations		2,446		2,446
Total Current Expenditures	592,265	2,446		594,711
Capital Improvements Debt Service:	24,765	-	-	24,765
Principal	1,436	-	-	1,436
Interest	42	-	-	42
Debt Administration Fees	9			9
Total Expenditures	618,517	2,446		620,963
Excess of Revenues over Expenditures	(53,750)	8,744		(45,006)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	713	-	-	713
Transfers In	178,264	1,543	(9,138)	170,669
Transfers Out	(91,130)	(7,633)	9,138	(89,625)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	87,847	(6,090)		81,757
Net Change in Fund Balances	34,097	2,654	-	36,751
Fund Balances - October 1	123,006	12,924		135,930
Fund Balances - September 30	\$ 157,103	\$ 15,578	\$ -	\$ 172,681

City of Long Beach General Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Fi	al Amended Buc	last	Actual on B	udgetary Basis	CalPERS	Combined Actual on Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	General	Uplands Oil	Combined	General	Uplands	Prepayment Expense	Budgetary	(Negative)	
Revenues:	General	Opianus On	Combined	General	Opianus	Expense	Dasis	(Negative)	
Property Taxes	\$ 189.843	s -	\$ 189.843	\$ 200,359	s -	s -	\$ 200,359	\$ 10.516	
Sales Taxes	129,427	ψ - -	129,427	148,449		φ -	148,449	19.022	
Utility Users Taxes	34,905		34,905	38,546			38,546	3,641	
Other Taxes	32,491	_	32,491	30,404	_		30,404	(2,087)	
Franchise Fees	27,079		27,079	23,734		_	23,734	(3,345)	
Licenses and Permits	31,788	_	31,788	36,550	_	_	36,550	4,762	
Fines and Forfeitures	19,379	_	19,379	14,395	_	_	14,395	(4,984)	
Use of Money and Property	21,457	9,771	31,228	18,811	11,190	_	30,001	(1,227)	
From Other Agencies	6,580	2,771	6,580	8,482	11,170		8,482	1,902	
Charges for Services	8,402	_	8,402	39,646	_	_	39,646	31,244	
Other	1,163	_	1,163	5,391	_	_	5,391	4,228	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset	1,105	_	1,105	713	_	_	713	713	
Transfers In	44,719	_	44,719	169,126	1,543	_	170,669	125,950	
Total Revenues	547,233	9,771	557,004	734,606	12,733		747,339	190,335	
Expenditures:	317,233	2,771	337,001	731,000	12,755		711,557	170,333	
Current:									
Legislative and Legal									
Mayor and City Council	7,793	_	7,793	6,915	_	(756)	6,159	1.634	
City Attorney	3,604	_	3,604	4,328	_	(786)	3,542	62	
City Clerk	6,340	_	6,340	5,294	-	(357)	4,937	1,403	
General Government	0,5 10		0,5 10	3,271		(337)	1,557	1,105	
City Auditor	3,024	_	3,024	3,374	_	(381)	2,993	31	
City Manager	10,209	_	10,209	10,057	_	(924)	9,133	1,076	
Civil Service	3,223	_	3,223	3,615	_	(405)	3,210	13	
Financial Management	61,832	_	61,832	16,473	_	(2,248)	14,225	47,607	
Planning and Building	1,867	_	1,867	2,122	_	(412)	1,710	157	
Public Safety	1,007		1,007	2,122		(112)	1,710	157	
Police	252,373	_	252,373	260,373	_	(20,149)	240,224	12,149	
Fire	113,655	_	113,655	123,380	_	(10,767)	112,613	1,042	
Disaster Preparedness	12,706	_	12,706	14,342	_	(1,692)	12,650	56	
City Prosecutor	7,128	_	7,128	7,169	_	(924)	6,245	883	
Planning and Building-Code Enforcement	3,371	_	3,371	4,397	_	(665)	3,732	(361)	
Public Health	39,423	_	39,423	20,584	_	(340)	20,244	19,179	
Community and Cultural	37,123		57,125	20,00		(3.0)	20,2	12,172	
Development Services	7,275	_	7,275	679	_	_	679	6,596	
Library	20,608	_	20,608	20,690	_	(1,549)	19,141	1,467	
Parks and Recreation	34,103	_	34,103	32,407	_	(2,283)	30,124	3,979	
Public Works	93,049	_	93,049	58,669	_	(4,741)	53,928	39,121	
Oil Operations	-	3,302	3,302	-	2,446	(.,, .1)	2,446	856	
Capital Outlay	24,539		24,539	24,765	2,	_	24,765	(226)	
Debt Service	512	_	512	1,487	_	_	1,487	(975)	
Transfers Out	45,282	6,506	51,788	81,992	7,633	_	89,625	(37,837)	
Total Expendtures	751,916	9,808	761,724	703,112	10,079	(49,379)	663,812	97,912	
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$ (204,683)	\$ (37)	\$ (204,720)	\$ 31,494	\$ 2,654	\$ 49,379	\$ 83,527	\$ 92,423	
The Change in Budgetary Fund Balance.	φ (204,003)	ψ (37)	φ (204,720)	ψ 31,494	ψ 2,034	a +2,219	φ 05,527	9 72,723	

Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to GAAP Basis

	General	Upi	ands Oil		ombined
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Budgetary Basis	\$ 31,494	\$	2,654	\$	34,148
Add: Encumbrances	2,603		-		2,603
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GAAP Basis	34,097		2,654		36,751
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis	123,006		12,924		135,930
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis	\$ 157,103	3 \$ 15,578		\$	172,681
		_		_	

Measure A Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

Revenues:	Adopted Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual on a Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget Favorable / (Unfavorable)
Sales Taxes	\$ 62,688	\$ 62,688	\$ 73,485	\$ 10,797
Use of Money and Property	160	160	-	(160)
Transfers In (a)		166	656	490
Total Revenues	62,848	63,014	74,141	11,127
Expenditures:				
General Government	208	208	207	1
Public Safety	37,760	38,466	38,467	(1)
Public Works	1,000	4,091	3,329	762
Transfers Out (b)	21,115	25,648	26,979	(1,331)
Total Expenditures	60,083	68,413	68,982	(568)
Net Change in Fund Balance (Deficit)	2,765	(5,399)	5,159	11,695
Fund Balance October 1, GAAP Basis	17,635	17,635	17,635	
Fund Balance September 30, Budgetary Basis	\$ 20,400	\$ 12,236	\$ 22,794	
Fund Balances as of September 30, 2021				
Assigned for Subsequent year Programmed Uses, C Less:	October 1	\$ 17,635		
Programmed Releases in Fiscal Year 2021 (c)		(10,482)		
Add:				
New Programmed Assignments as of September	er 30 ^(d)	5,674		
Amounts Assigned for Subsequent Year Progra	ımmed Uses		12,827	
Unassigned Fund Balance			9,967	
Total Measure A Fund Balance			\$ 22,794	

Notes:

⁽a) Amounts "transferred in" are transferred from the City's Capital Projects fund for use in authorized Measure A projects.

⁽b) Amounts "transferred out" are transferred to the City's Capital Projects fund for use in authorized Measure A projects.

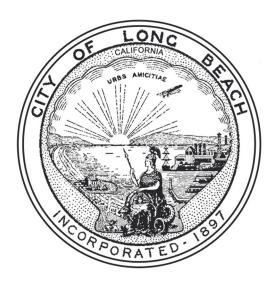
⁽c) Amounts released from reserves during fiscal year to fund Measure A projects as programmed in prior fiscal years.

⁽d) Amounts reserved to fund future Measure A projects.

General Capital Projects Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In Thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual on Budgetary Basis		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:								
Property Taxes	\$	3,000	\$	27,247	\$	_	\$	(27,247)
Other Taxes	*	1,027	•	1,027	•	_	*	(1,027)
Use of Money and Property		806		806		389		(417)
From Other Agencies		44,004		93,991		76,106		(17,885)
Charges for Services		-		15,120		-		(15,120)
Other		-		203		580		377
Transfers In		75,115		66,605		37,465		(29,140)
Total Revenues		123,952		204,999	1	14,540		(90,459)
Expenditures:								
General Government								
Financial Management		200		200		-		200
Public Works		27,827		52,397		8,569		43,828
Capital Improvements		74,968		245,435	1	44,766		100,669
Transfers Out		18,800		43,047		1,109		41,938
Total Expenditures		121,795		341,079	1	54,444		186,635
Net Change in Budgetary Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$	2,157	\$	(136,080)	\$ ((39,904)	\$	96,176
Reconciliation of Fund Balances, Budgetary Basis to G	AAP	Basis						
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, Budge	etary l	Basis			\$ ((39,904)		
Add: Encumbrances						68,563		
Change in Fund Balance - September 30, GAAl	P Basi	S				28,659		
Fund Balance, October 1, GAAP Basis					1	29,401		
Fund Balance, September 30, GAAP Basis						58,060		



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TIDELANDS OPERATING FUND

The Tidelands Operating Fund is used to account for the various business-type operations that the City oversees in the Tidelands Trust area. These operations include the Long Beach Convention and Entertainment Center, Queen Mary, Rainbow Harbor Area, marinas, beach maintenance, and beach/water safety programs directly related to the tidelands area, including lifeguards and patrol boats.

The City has issued revenue bonds to finance the purchase of the Aquarium of the Pacific and the Rainbow Harbor Area infrastructure improvements. Each of the revenue bonds is accounted for in the City's Tidelands Fund.

Summary financial information for the consolidated Tidelands Enterprise Fund is presented on the following pages (in thousands) as of September 30, 2021:

City of Long Beach Tidelands Operating Fund Combining Schedule of Net Position September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	()					
	Tideland Operating	Tideland Parking	Marina	Queen Mary	Aquarium of the Pacific	Total Before Elimination	Adjustments and Eliminations	Consolidated Tidelands Operating Total
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 85,979	\$ 6,460	\$37,826	\$ 315	\$ 10,408	\$140,988	\$ -	\$ 140,988
Non-Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	29	-	1,437	2,419	24,077	27,962	-	27,962
Receivables:			20		20	61		61
Interest Receivable	11.625	- 02	30	- 000	30	61	-	61
Accounts Receivable	11,625	83	1,026	908	-	13,642	-	13,642
Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds	218 21,733	-	50	-	-	268 21,733	-	268 21,733
Allowance for Receivables	(1,171)	(3)	(605)	(125)	-	(1,904)	-	(1,904)
Total Current Assets	118,414	6,540	39,764	3,517	34,515	202,750		202,750
Noncurrent Assets:	110,414	0,540	39,704	3,317	34,313	202,730		202,730
Non-Pooled Investments	_	_	7,296	_	8,588	15,884	_	15,884
Capital Assets:			7,270		0,500	15,001		15,001
Land and Other Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	53,418	_	1,992	3,442	9,900	68,752	_	68,752
Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation	146,859	8,345	102,177	3,215	16,172	276,768	_	276,768
Total Noncurrent Assets	200,277	8,345	111,465	6,657	34,660	361,404	_	361,404
Total Assets	318,691	14,885	151,229	10,174	69,175	564,154		564,154
	310,091	14,003	131,229	10,1/4	09,173	304,134		304,134
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows of Resources	5 267		2 400	12	4.422	12 220		12 220
Deferred Outriows of Resources	5,367		2,488	43	4,432	12,330		12,330
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities payable from Current Assets:								
Accounts Payable	3,646	176	196	357	-	4,375	-	4,375
Accrued Wages	601	8	277	-	-	886	-	886
Accrued Interest Payable	58	-	2,002	144	1,400	3,604	-	3,604
Due to Other Funds	930	9	690	-	-	1,629	-	1,629
Unearned Revenues	252	-	1,891	-	-	2,143	-	2,143
Collections Held in Trust	139	-	76	-	-	215	-	215
Customers Deposits	-	-	738	25	-	763	-	763
Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits	2,017	-	744	-	-	2,761	-	2,761
Obligations under Capital Leases - Current	41	-	-	-	-	41	-	41
Bonds Payable Due Within One Year	2,905	-	1,900	2,100	6,260	13,165	-	13,165
Other Long Term Obligation - Current	29					29		29
Total Current Liabilities	10,618	193	8,514	2,626	7,660	29,611		29,611
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Advances from Other Funds	1,210	-	-	-	-	1,210	-	1,210
Unearned Revenues	4,403	-	123	-	-	4,526	-	4,526
Compensated Absences	5,614	-	1,000	-	-	6,614	-	6,614
Obligations under Capital Leases	185	-	-	-	-	185	-	185
Other Long Term Obligations	280	-				280	-	280
Bonds Payable	3,306	-	111,864	9,540	70,378	195,088	-	195,088
Total OPEB Liability	329	-	63	-	-	392	-	392
Net Pension Liability	15,034		7,107			22,141		22,141
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	30,361		120,157	9,540	70,378	230,436		230,436
Total Liabilities	40,979	193	128,671	12,166	78,038	260,047		260,047
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,730	_	6,581	-	_	24,311	_	24,311
NET POSITION								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	191,365	8,345	(834)	(4,984)	(37,570)	156,322	_	156,322
Restricted for:	171,303	0,545	(034)	(4,704)	(37,370)	130,322		130,322
Debt Service	26	_	382	2,431	3,088	5,927	_	5,927
Capital Projects	-	389	-	-,		389	_	389
Tidelands	-	-	_	_	20,970	20,970	_	20,970
Unrestricted	73,958	5,958	18,917	604	9,081	108,518	_	108,518
							•	
Total Net Position	\$ 265,349	\$14,692	\$18,465	\$(1,949)	\$ (4,431)	\$292,126	\$ -	\$ 292,126

Tidelands Operating Fund

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Tideland Operating	Tideland Parking	Marina	Queen Mary	Aquarium of the Pacific	Total Before Elimination	Adjustments and Eliminations	Consolidated Tidelands Operating Total
Operating Revenues:				0 000	Φ.		A	450
Licenses and Permits	\$ 71	\$ 137	\$ -	\$ 262	\$ -	\$ 470	\$ -	\$ 470
Fines and Forfeitures	311	- 0.670	25.021	-	-	311	-	311
Fees, Concessions, and Rentals	5,872	8,670	25,021	-	15.022	39,563	-	39,563
Charges for Services	30,172	206	73	-	15,932	46,383	-	46,383
Other	4,186		87			4,273		4,273
Total Revenues	40,612	9,013	25,181	262	15,932	91,000		91,000
Operating Expenses:								
Personnel Services	15,959	346	6,956	-	-	23,261	-	23,261
Maintenance and Other Operations	40,395	3,387	8,763	1,941	5	54,491	-	54,491
Depreciation	9,989	1,706	6,508	421	3,222	21,846		21,846
Total Operating Expenses	66,343	5,439	22,227	2,362	3,227	99,598		99,598
Operating Income (Loss)	(25,731)	3,574	2,954	(2,100)	12,705	(8,598)		(8,598)
Non-Operating Income (Expense):								
Interest Income	-	46	-	13	25	84	-	84
Interest Expense	(522)	-	(5,118)	(349)	(2,600)	(8,589)	-	(8,589)
Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Fixed Assets	(2)	-	19	-	-	17	-	17
Operating Grants	19	-	50	-	-	69	-	69
Other Income	5,962	-	1,704	791	-	8,457	-	8,457
Other Expense	(865)	(1,775)	(12)	(2)	(497)	(3,151)		(3,151)
Total Non-Operating Income (Expense)	4,592	(1,729)	(3,357)	453	(3,072)	(3,113)		(3,113)
Income (Loss) before Contributions								
and Transfers	(21,139)	1,845	(403)	(1,647)	9,633	(11,711)	-	(11,711)
Capital Grants and Contributions	134	-	-	-	-	134	-	134
Transfers:								
Transfers In	35,228	-	-	1,971	8,573	45,772	(10,544)	35,228
Transfers Out	(14,062)	(2,182)	-	-	-	(16,244)	10,544	(5,700)
Change in Net Position	161	(337)	(403)	324	18,206	17,951	-	17,951
Net Position, October 1	265,188	15,029	18,868	(2,273)	(22,637)	274,175	-	274,175
Net Position, September 30	\$ 265,349	\$ 14,692	\$ 18,465	\$ (1,949)	\$ (4,431)	\$292,126	\$ -	\$ 292,126

City of Long Beach Tidelands Operating Fund Combining Schedule of Cash Flows For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		ideland perating		ideland Parking		Marina		Queen Mary		Aquarium of the Pacific	Elimin Incre (Decr	ease	T	nsolidated idelands perating Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:														
Receipts from Customers	\$	32,986	\$	8,972	\$	25,505	\$	(605)	\$	15,932	\$	-	\$	82,790
Receipts from Other Funds		2,596		900		1,145		411		-		-		5,052
Payments to Other Entities		(4,680)		(797)		(87)		-		-		-		(5,564)
Payments for Employee Salaries Payments for Goods and Services		(23,345) (45,130)		(351)		(9,914) (8,809)		(1,595)		(5)		-		(33,610)
Other Income		5,962		(3,393)		1,704		791		4,692		-		13,149
Other Expense		(865)		(1,775)		(14)		(2)		(497)		-		(3,153)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		(32,476)		3,354		9,530		(1,000)		20,122		-		(470)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities:		(32,170)		2,22.		,,,,,,,,,		(1,000)		20,122				(170
Operating Grants Received from Other Governments		19		_		52		_		_		_		71
Transfers In		35,228		_		-		1,971		8,573	(10	,544)		35,228
Transfers Out		(14,062)		(2,182)		-					10	,544		(5,700)
Net Cash Provided by Non-Capital Financing Activities		21,185		(2,182)		52		1,971		8,573		-		29,599
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:														
Receipt of Capital Grants		134		-		-		-		-		-		134
Proceeds (Loss) from the Sale of Capital Assets		(2)		-		19		-		-		-		17
Changes Related to Capital Acquisitions		(12,977)		-		2,239		-		-		-		(10,738)
Payments of Principal on Bonds Payable		(2,770)		-		(1,998)		(2,048)		(6,055)		-		(12,871)
Payments of Principal on Other Long-Term Obligations		(66) (430)		-		(5,146)		(369)		(2,976)		-		(8,921
Payments of Interest, Net of Amounts Capitalized	_				_		_						_	
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(16,111)		-	_	(4,886)	_	(2,417)		(9,031)		-		(32,445
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:						1 222				177				1,499
Proceeds from the Sale of Investments Payments of Interest		(387)		46		1,322		13		177 28		-		(301)
•														
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Investing Activities		(387)		46		1,321		13		205				1,198
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(27,789)		1,218		6,017		(1,433)		19,869		-		(2,118)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - October 1		113,797		5,242		33,246		4,167		14,616		-		171,068
Cash and Cash Equivalents - September 30	\$	86,008	\$	6,460	\$	39,263	\$	2,734	\$	34,485	\$	-	\$	168,950
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		ideland		ideland Parking		Marina		Queen Marv		Aquarium of the Pacific	Elimin Incre (Decr	ease	;	Total
-	\$		\$	3,574	\$	2,954	\$	(2,100)	S	12,705	\$	-	\$	(8,598)
Operating Income (Loss)	3	(25,731)	Э	3,3/4	•	2,954	•	(2,100)	3	12,/03	3	-	3	(8,398)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:														
Depreciation and Amortization Expense		9,989		1,706		6,508		421		3,222				21.846
Other Income		5,962		1,700		1,704		791		3,222		-		8,457
Other Expense		(865)		(1,775)		(14)		(2)		(497)		-		(3,153
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, Net		(7,572)		(41)		115		(605)		-		-		(8,103
(Increase) Decrease in Amounts Due from Other Funds		2,596		900		1,145		150		4,692		-		9,483
Decrease in Amounts Due from Other Governments		(135)		(806)		(50)		-		-		-		(991
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(4,734)		(208)		(98)		346		-		-		(4,694)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		(7,386)		(5)		(2,958)		- (1)		-		-		(10,349)
Increase (Decrease) in Amounts Due to Other Funds Increase in Unearned Revenues		(4,545) (69)		9		(37) 123		(1)		-		-		(4,574)
		(69)		-		138		-		-		-		152
		14								_				1.7.2
Increase (Decrease) in Collections Held in Trust		(6.745)						1.100		7.417				8 120
Increase (Decrease) in Collections Held in Trust Total Adjustments		(6,745)	¢.	(220)	•	6,576	•	1,100	ę	7,417	•	-	•	8,128
Increase (Decrease) in Collections Held in Trust	\$		\$		\$		\$	1,100 (1,000)	\$	7,417 20,122	\$	-	\$	8,128 (470)
Increase (Decrease) in Collections Held in Trust Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	=	(6,745) (32,476)		(220) 3,354		6,576				20,122				(470)
Increase (Decrease) in Collections Held in Trust Total Adjustments Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL	\$	(6,745)	\$	(220)	\$	6,576	\$		\$				\$ \$	

City of Long Beach Fleet Services Fund

Combining Schedule of Net Position (Deficit)

September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

	Fleet Operations	Fleet Vehicle Acquisitions	Fleet Debt Service	Fleet Other	Adjustments and Eliminations	Total Fleet Service Fund
ASSETS					- <u> </u>	
Current Assets:						
Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,509	\$ 44,723	\$ 125	\$ 5,840	\$ -	\$ 53,197
Receivables:						
Accounts Receivable	31	-	-	-	-	31
Due from Other Governments		-	-	30	-	30
Due from Other Funds	549	6,880	=	-	(6,816)	613
Allowance for Receivables	(24)	-	=	-	=	(24)
Inventory	3,119	- 51.602	125		- (6.01.6)	3,119
Total Current Assets	6,184	51,603	125	5,870	(6,816)	56,966
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets:	67.251					67.051
Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation	67,251	1 600	-	-	-	67,251
Other NonCurrent Assets Total Noncurrent Assets	67,251	1,600				1,600 68,851
Total Assets	73,435	53,203	125	5,870	(6,816)	125,817
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	13,433		123	3,670	(0,610)	123,617
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,596	_	793	_	_	2,389
						2,303
LIABILITIES Compart Liabilities Passable from Compart Assats						
Current Liabilities Payable from Current Assets:	1 566	2 001		407		4 974
Accounts Payable	1,566 261	2,901 45	-	407	-	4,874 306
Accrued Wages and Benefits Accrued Interest Payable	201	43 5	121	-	-	126
Due to Other Funds	7,084	47	121	-	(6,816)	315
Compensated Absences	824	47	-	-	(0,810)	824
Environmental Remediation - Current	175	_	_	_	_	175
Obligations Under Capital Leases - Current	1/3	1,637	_	_	_	1,637
Bonds Payable Due Within One Year	_	1,037	1,612	_	_	1,612
Total Current Liabilities	9,910	4,635	1,733	407	(6,816)	9,869
Noncurrent Liabilities:	7,710	4,033	1,733		(0,010)	7,007
Environmental Remediation	725	_	_	_	_	725
Obligations Under Capital Lease	-	4,423	_	_	_	4,423
Bonds Payable	_	-,	16,340	_	_	16,340
Compensated Absences and Accrued Employee Benefits	2,143	_	-	_	_	2,143
OPEB Liability	126	_	_	_	_	126
Net Pension Liability	6,777	-	-	-	-	6,777
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	9,771	4,423	16,340	_	-	30,534
Total Liabilities	19,681	9,058	18,073	407	(6,816)	40,403
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					- 	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,534	-	-	_	-	6,534
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					 .	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Net Investment in Capital Assets	67,251	(6,060)	(17,952)	_	_	43,239
Unrestricted	(18,435)	50,205	797	5,463	_	38,030
Total Net Position (Deficit)		\$ 44,145			\$ -	
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ 48,816	φ ++,143	\$ (17,155)	\$ 5,463	φ -	\$ 81,269

Fleet Service Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position (Deficit) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

(In Thousands)

	Fleet Operations	Fleet Vehicle Acquisitions	Fleet Debt Service	Fleet Other	Adjustments and Eliminations	Total Fleet Service Fund
Operating Revenues: Billing to Other Departments Other	\$ 24,817 337	\$ 16,013 5	\$ -	\$ 709 30	\$ -	\$ 41,539 372
Total Operating Revenues	25,154	16,018	-	739	-	41,911
Operating Expenses: Personnel Services Maintenance and Other Operations Depreciation	5,977 2,161 12,532	1,184 13,527	- - -	560	- - -	7,161 16,248 12,532
Total Operating Expenses	20,670	14,711	_	560	_	35,941
Operating Income (Loss)	4,484	1,307		179		5,970
Non-Operating Income (Expenses): Interest Income Interest Expense Gain (Loss) on Disposition of Capital Assets Other Income Other Expense	(1,250) (46) 1,443 (1,542)	(128) 954 - (715)	201 - - 1,542	- - - -	- - - -	201 (1,378) 908 2,985 (2,257)
Total Non-Operating Income (Expenses)	(1,395)	111	1,743	_		459
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers Transfers:	3,089	1,418	1,743	179		6,429
Transfers In Transfers Out Change in Net Position	1,346	(600) 818	1,743	179	(600)	7,175
Net Position (Deficit) - October 1	44,381	43,327	(18,898)	5,284	-	74,094
Net Position (Deficit) - September 30	\$ 48,816	\$ 44,145	\$(17,155)	\$ 5,463	\$ -	\$ 81,269

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

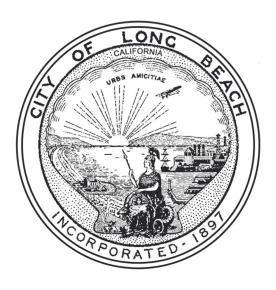
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The Statistical Section is included to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail for use in evaluating the information contained with the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information with the goal of providing the user a better understanding of the City's economic condition.

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Financial Trends These schedules contain information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
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Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial statements relates to the services that the City provides and the activities that it performs.	
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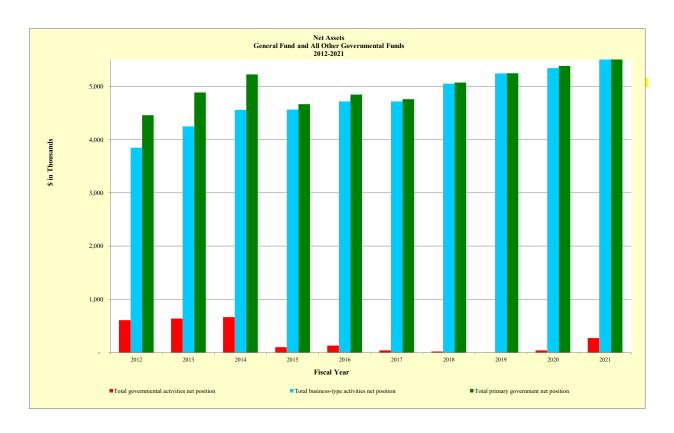
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant fiscal year.



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City of Long Beach Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) (In Thousands)

	 2012	_	2013	2014		2015		_	2016	_	2017		2018	 2019		2020		2021
Governmental activities:							_				_							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 237,998	\$	242,105	\$	245,780	\$	344,839	\$	346,224	\$	361,370	\$	377,098	\$ 418,191	\$	432,090	\$	452,155
Restricted	470,723		458,167		473,181		351,055		393,588		397,204		403,557	428,903		442,908		475,699
Unrestricted	(100,337)		(61,528)		(53,167)		(595,857)		(610,409)		(716,979)		(761,817)	(844,483)		(833,911)		(655,868)
Total governmental																		
activities net position	 608,384		638,744	_	665,794		100,037		129,403	_	41,595	_	18,838	 2,611	_	41,087		271,986
Business-type activities:																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,769,461		3,547,110		3,698,447		3,829,779		4,229,484		4,229,484		4,477,724	4,604,194		4,707,630	4	1,727,066
Restricted	289,864		297,694		439,163		494,526		323,827		323,827		298,613	297,552		312,076		326,665
Unrestricted	787,926		399,890		418,151		237,808		160,569		160,569		272,494	338,972		320,382		487,398
Total business-type					,				,									
activities net position	3,847,251		4,244,694	_	4,555,761		4,562,113		4,713,880		4,713,880	_	5,048,831	 5,240,718	_	5,340,088		5,541,129
Primary government:																		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,007,459		3,789,215		3,944,227		4,174,618		4,575,708		4,590,854		4,854,822	5,022,385		5,139,720	4	5,179,221
Restricted	760,587		755,861		912,344		845,581		717,415		721,031		702,170	726,455		754,984		802,364
Unrestricted	687,589		338,362		364,984	,			(449,840)		(556,410)		(489,323)	(505,511)		(513,529)		(168,470)
Total primary government																		
net position	\$ 4,455,635	\$	4,883,438	\$	5,221,555	\$ 4,662,150		\$	4,843,283	\$	4,755,475	\$	5,067,669	\$ 5,243,329	\$	5,381,175	\$ 5	5,813,115



City of Long Beach Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) (In Thousands)

-	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Expenses:										
Governmental Activities:										
Legislative and Legal	\$ 10,998	\$ 10,957	\$ 12,001	\$ 10,632	\$ 11,814	\$ 13,343	\$ 13,025	\$ 15,245	\$ 13,155	\$ 13,058
General Government	22,128	23,342	21,378	22,400	23,869	29,718	29,189	43,637	40,408	36,564
Public Safety	290,542	303,872	296,817	307,116	344,358	402,361	409,632	430,512	389,489	311,933
Public Health	42,712	41,966	41,877	43,710	46,150	49,688	53,045	57,729	71,880	60,016
Community and Cultural	331,170	173,239	153,206	165,501	155,792	173,637	167,624	183,825	190,370	217,381
Public Works	92,058	102,979	114,303	104,744	103,772	123,268	139,209	171,927	136,067	163,203
Oil Operations	9,256	7,101	4,869	3,961	6,466	9,694	3,755	3,777	1,775	3,679
Interest on Long-Term Debt	28,492	26,941	24,945	22,738	19,104	19,120	17,916	17,473	19,055	19,781
Total Governmental Activities										
Expenses	827,356	690,397	669,396	680,802	711,325	820,829	833,395	924,125	862,199	825,615
Business-type Activities:										
Gas Utility	77,157	82,693	80,651	68,414	66,896	80,680	83,276	110,991	94,835	83,900
Water Utility	81,377	89,767	93,297	102,501	93,959	96,082	98,204	95,970	111,219	93,075
Tidelands Operating	100,602	96,881	111,074	121,547	107,313	126,123	130,796	124,283	143,249	110,419
Harbor	193,773	195,335	233,410	236,186	307,546	298,756	298,441	309,722	327,081	336,106
Tideland Oil Revenue	390,602	362,144	327,087	81,565	70,949	93,200	101,495	101,872	30,436	84,298
Sewer	15,042	15,542	15,681	16,244	16,151	16,766	15,476	15,375	18,819	14,973
Airport	41,764	41,616	44,067	44,844	47,686	51,917	56,540	55,739	58,627	51,655
Development Services	11,617	15,404	15,753	17,621	20,281	25,907	28,700	27,223	28,928	22,505
Solid Waste Management	69,506	71,708	76,027	73,525	72,745	76,332	88,831	88,967	90,197	76,048
Towing	6,743	5,915	4,938	5,134	5,815	5,524	6,518	6,402	5,421	4,557
Subsidence	5	3	· -	, <u>-</u>	_	_		· -	_	287
Total Business-Type Activities					-	-				
Expenses	988,188	977,008	1,001,985	767,581	809,341	871,287	883,484	936,544	908,812	877,823
Total Primary Government										
Expenses	1,815,544	1,667,405	1,671,381	1,448,383	1,520,666	1,692,116	1,716,879	1,860,669	1,771,011	1,703,438
1										
Program Revenues:										
Governmental Activities:										
Charges for services:										
Legislative and Legal	714	61	163	224	1,804	52	481	34	558	18
General Government	17,521	16,093	16,459	16,545	17,955	17,981	17,727	16,473	16,182	15,729
Public Safety	34,617	32,371	34,659	38,961	38,050	34,995	43,536	50,961	50,198	49,116
Public Health	9,538	11,856	8,498	8,178	7,284	8,052	8,550	10,232	9,826	7,471
Community and Cultural	13,978	14,656	12,168	15,084	17,051	25,801	21,980	35,649	32,599	34,452
Public Works	26,876	25,011	25,963	25,246	27,949	29,875	32,208	43,283	38,123	32,872
Oil Operations	39,156	39,869	36,942	19,414	10,900	12,176	16,060	14,926	9,743	11,190
Operating Grants and Contributions	175,647	171,937	183,789	164,621	170,614	176,643	187,038	167,793	200,489	352,336
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,147	10,778	8,530	3,780	2,085	12,286	10,739	67,976	65,232	76,033
Total Governmental Activities										
Program Revenues	\$ 324,194	\$ 322,632	\$ 327,171	\$ 292,053	\$ 293,692	\$ 317,861	\$ 338,319	\$ 407,327	\$ 422,950	\$ 579,217
Ü								· — — — —		(continued)

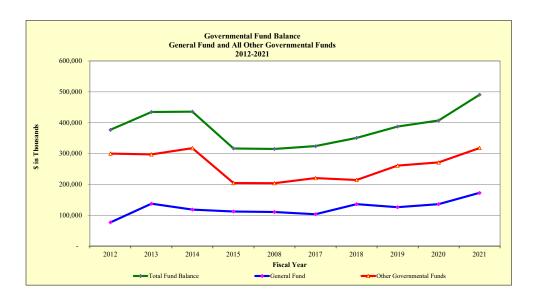
(continued)

City of Long Beach Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting) (In Thousands)

(continued)												
(continued)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Business-Type activities:					-							
Charges for Services:												
Gas Utility	\$ 83,633	\$ 87,141	\$ 82,293	\$ 77,398	\$ 79,826	\$ 97,033	\$ 92,109	\$ 120,562	\$ 103,869	\$ 112,277		
Water Utility	87,073	93,036	101,345	101,158	98,677	100,761	104,701	102,474	116,071	122,089		
Tidelands Operating	56,726	59,929	64,318	67,894	67,205	76,352	77,734	80,594	72,467	99,458		
Harbor	333,887	346,244	362,752	363,309	363,343	388,834	406,420	415,321	399,841	440,340		
Tideland Oil Revenue	452,863	397,301	362,783	99,401	53,630	81,989	124,721	117,528	59,385	99,144		
Sewer	17,325	17,311	17,954	17,904	17,904	19,964	19,964	19,750	19,200	19,613		
Airport	43,893	43,817	44,811	36,537	36,537	49,607	49,607	46,997	31,034	30,899		
Development Services	13,812	17,546	17,573	20,783	20,783	31,039	31,039	30,803	24,293	18,670		
Solid Waste Management	78,613	79,542	81,051	80,322	80,322	82,848	82,848	79,627	86,034	82,722		
Towing	6,583	6,445	5,440	5,253	5,253	5,310	5,310	5,885	4,583	6,140		
Subsidence		-,	-,	-,	-,	-,	-,	499	499	500		
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,413	1,105	921	753	758	976	2,768	932	3,394	160		
Capital Grants and Contributions	26,552	259,188	182,021	140,618	150,510	83,681	99,586	96,660	80,020	40,099		
Total Business-Type Activities	20,002	200,100	102,021	1.0,010	150,510	05,001	,,,,,,,,,	70,000	00,020	10,077		
Program Revenues	1,202,373	1,408,605	1,323,262	1,011,330	976,247	1,018,394	1,088,141	1,117,632	1,000,690	1,072,111		
Total Primary Government	1,202,373	1,100,000	1,020,202	1,011,000	270,217	1,010,07	1,000,111	1,117,032	1,000,000	1,072,111		
Program Revenues	1,526,567	1,731,237	1,650,433	1,303,383	1,269,939	1,336,255	1,426,460	1,524,959	1,423,640	1,651,328		
Net Revenues (expenses):	1,520,507	1,751,257	1,030,133	1,303,303	1,207,737	1,550,255	1,120,100	1,321,737	1,423,040	1,031,320		
Governmental Activities	(503,162)	(367,765)	(342,225)	(388,749)	(417,633)	(502,968)	(495,076)	(516,798)	(439,249)	(246,398)		
Business-Type Activities	214,185	431,597	321,277	243,749	166,906	147,107	204,657	181,088	91,878	194,288		
Total Net Expenses	(288,977)	63,832	(20,948)	(145,000)	(250,727)	(355,861)	(290,419)	(335,710)	(347,371)	(52,110)		
Total Net Expenses	(200,777)	03,032	(20,740)	(145,000)	(230,727)	(555,661)	(250,115)	(333,710)	(347,371)	(32,110)		
General Revenues and Other Changes in No	et Position:											
Governmental Activities:												
Taxes:												
Property	179,746	203,770	183,719	180,989	200,766	191,514	199,576	211,007	220,665	225,820		
Sales	60,414	63,443	59,097	64,177	67,658	99,528	133,523	138,598	129,095	150,887		
Utility Users	37,097	38,026	38,691	38,419	37,079	35,858	36,639	34,898	33,767	38,546		
Other	43,360	46,446	41,504	45,517	47,746	46,837	51,558	51,066	39,449	40,098		
Franchise Taxes	23,143	25,243	26,175	25,915	24,911	25,912	20,308	18,126	16,481	23,734		
Grants and Contributions not												
Restricted to Specific Programs	-	150	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	_		
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	4,349	3,417	3,688	6,061	13,182	3,581	4,761	14,172	11,426	3,496		
Gain (Loss) on Sales of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	(2)	-		
Capital Asset Transfers	5,090	4,786	2,365	_	_	_	_	_	(37)	_		
Transfers	15,628	21,490	14,210	21,661	16,855	11,930	25,954	32,704	26,881	(5,284)		
Total Governmental Activities	368,827	406,771	369,449	382,739	408,197	415,160	472,319	500,571	477,725	477,297		
Business-type Activities:												
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	6,903	5,557	6,365	8,887	10,802	7,714	13,357	43,503	34,336	1,469		
Loss on Sales of Capital Assets	-	-	-	-			-	-		-,		
Capital Asset Transfers	(5,090)	(4,786)	(2,365)	_	_	_	_	_	37	_		
Transfers	(15,628)	(21,490)	(14,210)	(21,661)	(16,855)	(11,930)	(25,954)	(32,704)	(26,881)	5,284		
Total Business-type Activities	(13,815)	(20,719)	(10,210)	(12,774)	(6,053)	(4,216)	(12,597)	10,799	7,492	6,753		
Total Primary Government	355,012	386,052	359,239	369,965	402,144	410,944	459,722	511,370	485,217	484,050		
Change in Net Position				,			,.22	,-/0	,=./	,		
Government activities	(134,335)	39,006	27,224	(6,010)	(9,436)	(87,808)	(22,757)	(16,227)	38,476	230,899		
Business-type Activities	200,370	410,878	311.067	230,975	160,853	142,891	192,060	191,887	99,370	201,041		
Total Primary Government	\$ 66,035	\$ 449,884	\$ 338,291	\$ 224,965	\$ 151,417	\$ 55,083	\$ 169,303	\$ 175,660	\$ 137,846	\$ 431,940		
	,	,		,, 50		,	,	,	,	,		

City of Long Beach Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting) (In Thousands)

		2012		2013		2014	_	2015	 2016	_	2017	 2018	 2019	_	2020	_	2021
General Fund:																	
Nonspendable	\$	2,008	\$	2,043	\$	6	\$	2	\$ 102	\$	500	\$ 1,375	\$ 1,424	\$	1,503	\$	2,127
Restricted		2,929		2,311		4,266		4,308	4,498		4,469	4,807	5,009		5,864		2,836
Committed		5,394		5,711		61,079		62,598	63,568		64,539	67,640	69,440		50,708		76,543
Assigned		61,935		119,542		49,531		42,953	38,482		31,947	59,463	50,495		75,789		107,658
Unassigned		4,857		8,130		3,397		2,170	3,934		1,926	3,072	138		2,066		(16,483)
Total General Fund		77,123	23 137,737		118,279			112,031	110,584		103,381	136,357	126,506		135,930		172,681
Other Governmental Funds:																	
Nonspendable		45		8,009		8,012		2,846	2,577		2,613	1,324	2,406		2,377		2,416
Restricted		320,310		293,567		289,497		173,096	173,562		180,084	174,541	199,781		201,777		219,947
Committed		1,362		1,362		1,362		1,422	1,422		1,414	1,414	1,414		1,414		1,414
Assigned		10,791		24,433		36,476		39,197	26,710		36,582	37,067	57,443		65,823		94,482
Unassigned		(32,643)		(30,112)		(17,646)		(11,819)	-		-	-	 -		-		-
Total Other Governmental Funds		299,865		297,259		317,701		204,742	204,271		220,693	 214,346	 261,044		271,391		318,259
Total All Governmental Funds	\$	376,988	\$	434,996	\$	435,980	\$	316,773	\$ 314,855	\$	324,074	\$ 350,703	\$ 387,550	\$	407,321	\$	490,940



City of Long Beach Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

(In Thousands)

	2012		2013	2014		2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2020		2021
Revenues:	2012		2015	2011		2015	2010	2017	2010	2017		2020		2021
Taxes:														
Property	\$ 181.0	41 \$	\$ 214,816	\$ 183,885	\$	179,999	\$ 201,207	\$ 191,808	\$ 199,336	\$ 210,656	\$	220,665	\$	226,143
Sales	60,4		63,443	59,097		64,177	67,658	99,528	133,523	138,598		129,095		150,887
Utility Users	37,0		38,026	38,691		38,419	37,079	35,858	36,639	34,898		33,767		38,546
Other Taxes	43,3		46,446	41,504		45,517	47,746	46,837	51,558	51,066		39,449		40,098
Franchise Fees	23,1		25,243	26,175		25,915	24,911	25,912	20,308	18,126		16,481		23,734
Licenses and Permits	24,2		19,941	22,341		23,329	25,456	24,926	26,076	42,728		48,803		47,010
Fines and Forfeitures	17,7		16,394	16,166		15,988	16,292	16,184	15,946	17,674		16,354		14,395
Use of Money and Property	58,3		58,441	56,687		41,816	40,991	33,815	39,419	48,033		39,543		33,846
From Other Agencies	184,4		181,039	191,423		166,988	170,780	187,872	197,570	235,841		290,748		428,457
Charges for Services	28,5		28,292	29,042		28,428	29,482	33,533	41,034	46,987		44,621		41,676
Other Contributions	- ,-	-	1,385	341		556	249	194	137	-		-		-
Other	19,5	44	18,577	10,693		17,615	13,167	19,907	17,599	19,944		10,236		11,444
Total Revenues	678,0		712,043	676,045		648,747	675,018	716,374	779,145	864,551		889,762	1	1,056,236
Expenditures:	070,0	.,,,	, 12,0 .5	070,015		0.10,7.17	075,010	710,571	777,110	001,001	_	002,702		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Legislative and Legal	10,3	16	9,673	11,373		9,604	11,420	11,522	13,378	13,458		13,108		16,537
General Government	17,4		17,785	17,951		18,116	21,793	23,285	25,426	39,002		40,577		41,833
Public Safety	285,8		288,979	300,519		297,901	307,065	353,456	360,879	383,222		369,052		423,769
Public Health	41,4		39,297	41,273		42,108	42,819	44,530	47,658	52,487		69,773		94,751
Community and Cultural	289,5		185,378	158,122		237,433	152,005	160,985	173,542	180,390		188,806		222,778
Public Works	60,3		65,484	66,498		70,921	74,580	73,103	82,450	71,989		61,459		67,115
Oil Operations		46	4,722	4,309		3,512	2,352	2,563	2,945	2,774		2,572		2,446
Total Current Expenditures	714,1	24	611,318	600,045		679,595	612,034	669,444	706,278	743,322		745,347		869,229
Capital Improvements	17,1	.83	26,199	36,427		27,139	38,629	45,693	47,935	90,370		73,355		102,712
Loss on Disposition of Land				,					,	,		,		
Held for Resale	79,1	11				_								
Debt Service:	77,1													
Principal	14,3	79	16,358	18,836		18,601	18,717	20,564	28,439	23,356		20,072		22,159
Interest	23,2		23,776	21,044		22,499	16,763	16,156	15,361	14,155		13,679		11,970
Debt Administration Fees		194	542	57		178	434	90	29	27		24		26
Total Expenditures	848,5		678,193	676,409		748,012	686,577	751,947	798,042	871,230		852,477	1	1,006,096
(Deficiency) of Revenues	0.10,5		0,0,1,0	070,105		710,012	000,077	751,717	770,012	071,230		002,177		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
over (under) Expenditures	(170,4	96)	33,850	(364)	(99,265)	(11,559)	(35,573)	(18,897)	(6,679)		37,285		50,140
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			,									-		
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset		-	_	-		-	_	_	-	_		11,062		1,539
Debt Issuance	7	153	54,186	1,012		155,820	13,150	_	2,306	26,458		_		19,765
Premium (Discount) on Debt Issuance		-	_	_		6,700	1,045	-	-	_		_		4,170
Payment to Refunded Bond														
Escrow Agent		-	(57,611)	-		(179,330)	-	-	-	(15,020)		-		(26,300)
Reconveyance of Land		-	_	-		-	-	-	-	-		-		-
Cost of Issuance		-	-	-		(1,505)	-	-	-	(411)		-		(410)
Land Transfers		-	-	-		_	-	-	-	-		-		-
Transfers In	409,8	302	114,615	106,128		91,363	60,641	104,983	125,473	130,312		126,196		228,486
Transfers Out	(392,3	17)	(87,032)	(105,577))	(92,990)	(65,195)	(60,191)	(82,253)	(97,813)		(154,772)		(193,771)
Total Other Financing Sources	18,2	38	24,158	1,563		(19,942)	9,641	44,792	45,526	43,526		(17,514)		33,479
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (152,2	.58) \$	58,008	\$ 1,199	\$	(119,207)	\$ (1,918)	\$ 9,219	\$ 26,629	\$ 36,847	\$	19,771	\$	83,619
Debt Service as a Percentage of														
Noncapital Expenditures	4.	.5%	6.1%	6.0%		5.6%	5.4%	5.0%	5.6%	4.4%		4.0%		3.5%
• •														

Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures calculated as follows:

(Principle + Interest) (Total Expenditures - Capital Outlay)

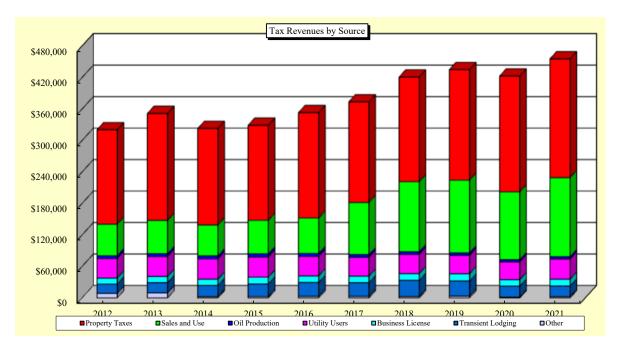
Governmental Funds Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)
(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year-end (1)	Property Taxes	Sales and Use Taxes	Oil Production Taxes	Utility Users Taxes	Business License Taxes	_	ransient odging Taxes	(Other (1) Taxes	Totals
2012	\$ 179,746	\$ 60,414	\$ 5,259	\$ 37,097	\$ 11,537	\$	17,759	\$	8,805	\$ 320,617
2013	203,770	63,443	5,301	38,026	11,981		19,451		9,713	351,685
2014	183,719	59,097	5,653	38,691	11,862		21,265		2,724	323,011
2015	180,989	64,177	5,787	38,419	12,934		23,999		2,798	329,103
2016	200,766	67,658	5,582	37,079	12,512		26,382		3,271	353,250
2017	191,514	99,528	5,129	35,858	12,501		25,935		3,272	373,737
2018	199,336	133,523	5,026	36,639	12,940		30,612		2,980	421,056
2019	210,656	138,598	4,841	34,898	13,855		28,758		3,612	435,218
2020	220,665	129,095	4,473	33,767	12,351		20,914		1,711	422,976
2021	226,143	150,887	4,327	38,546	12,756		20,324		2,691	455,674

Notes:

(1) Includes Real Property Transfer, Special Parking, Miscellaneous Taxes, and transfers from funds in lieu of taxes. Tax revenues by source include all Governmental Fund Types (General, Special Revenue, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Successor Agency Funds), including property tax for the former Long Beach Redevelopment Agency in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.



Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Financial Management.

City of Long Beach

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year-end	Secured	ed Unsecured			Less: Exemptions	Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2012	\$ 42,641,685	\$	2,780,087	\$	(1,318,100)	\$ 44,103,672	1.00%
2013	45,184,614		2,767,496		(1,025,398)	46,926,712	1.00%
2014	47,768,304		2,730,192		(1,630,080)	48,868,416	1.00%
2015	48,648,554		3,029,600		(1,572,403)	50,105,751	1.00%
2016	49,939,578		2,959,078		(1,424,373)	51,474,283	1.00%
2017	52,481,371		3,180,877		(1,618,510)	54,043,738	1.00%
2018	55,394,865		3,239,627		(1,580,969)	57,053,523	1.00%
2019	58,432,448		3,456,685		(1,690,820)	60,198,313	1.00%
2020	61,781,691		3,663,861		(1,967,621)	63,477,931	1.00%
2021	64,097,021		3,476,338		(1,852,455)	65,720,904	1.00%

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1% fixed amount. Valuations of real property are frozen at the value of the property in 1975, with an allowable adjustment up to 2% per year for inflation. However, property is reassessed to its current value when a change of ownership occurs. New construction, including tenant improvements, is assessed at its current value. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides. In 1986, the State Constitution was amended to allow rates over the 1% base rate for voter approved general obligation debt. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and are subject to the limitations described above.

Source: Los Angeles County Office of Assessor

Property Tax Rates -All Overlapping Governments Per \$100 of Assessed Value -Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

Fiscal Year-end	City Direct Rate	Los Angeles County	Unified Schools	Community College	Special Districts	Total
2012	1.000000	-	0.168187	0.035296	0.003700	1.207183
2013	1.000000	-	0.175606	0.048750	0.003500	1.227856
2014	1.000000	-	0.146439	0.044541	0.003500	1.194480
2015	1.000000	-	0.146881	0.040174	0.003500	1.190555
2016	1.000000	-	0.129709	0.035755	0.003500	1.168964
2017	1.000000	-	0.122192	0.045990	0.003500	1.171682
2018	1.000000	-	0.123226	0.046213	0.003500	1.172939
2019	1.000000	-	0.125520	0.027175	0.003500	1.156195
2020	1.000000	-	0.139929	0.040162	0.003500	1.183591
2021	1.000000	-	0.113228	0.043759	0.003500	1.160487

Note:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1% fixed amount. Valuations of real property are frozen at the value of the property in 1975, with an allowable adjustment up to 2% per year for inflation. However, property is reassessed to its current value when a change of ownership occurs. New construction, including tenant improvements, is assessed at its current value. This 1% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides. In 1986, the State Constitution was amended to allow rates over the 1% base rate for voter approved general obligation debt.

Source: County of Los Angeles

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Fiscal Years Ago (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Ye	ar 2021	Fiscal Year 2012				
Taxpayer	Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Net Assessed Valuation		Assessed Valuation	Percentage of Total Net Assessed Valuation		
CF Alpha and Golf Prop Co LLC GCC Long Beach LLC TABC Inc. 2009 CUSA Community Owner LLC John Hancock Life Insurance Studio Management Services Inc. Equity One LLC IMT Capital IV Gallery LLC LB Oceanaire Development LLC W GL Ocean Avenue LB Holdings Terra Funding Shoreline Square	\$ 252,452 211,272 172,940 162,025 151,881 134,004 127,982 127,732 126,166 114,575 113,995	0.42 % 0.35 0.29 0.27 0.25 0.22 0.21 0.21 0.21 0.19 0.19	\$	137,783	0.34 %		
DP3 Sub 1 & 2 LLC The Boeing Company LBX Douglas Retail Fee Owner LLC Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC GS Long Beach LLC Long Beach Center LLC HCI 333 East Ocean Owner LP 404 Pine LP Omninet Freeway LP	109,891 108,188 104,227 92,099 89,078 89,062 87,810 82,156 79,247	0.18 0.18 0.17 0.15 0.15 0.15 0.15 0.14 0.13		429,070	1.05		
AES Alamitos LLC Legacy Partners II LB World Trade LLC Trizechahn Centers, Inc. GRE Shoreline Square LP Noble Utah Long Beach LLC 200 Oceangate LLC Linwood Avenue LP Arco Terminal Services Corp. HEI Long Beach LLC City Place Long Beach LLC Alamitos Bay Partnership Sunstone Ocean LLC Pacific Pipeline System LLC Lyon West Gateway LLC EQR Fresca 2009 LP Plain West Coast Terminals LLC Los Altos Gateway LLC Pacific Castle				226,400 154,840 114,828 95,091 91,418 83,050 82,693 62,682 62,087 60,870 56,778 54,805 52,085 51,187 50,447 48,267 48,261 47,165	0.56 0.38 0.28 0.23 0.22 0.20 0.20 0.15 0.15 0.15 0.14 0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13 0.12 0.12 0.12 0.12		
	\$ 2,536,782	4.21 %	\$	2,009,807	4.92 %		

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

City of Long Beach
Property Tax Levies and Collections
Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

General Fund¹

	General Fund												
									Delinquent				
		Total	Current	Percentage	Delinquent	Total	Collections	Outstanding	Tax as				
Fiscal		Tax	Tax	of Levy	Tax	Tax	as Percentage	Delinquent	Percentage of				
Year-end		Levy	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections ²	of Levy	Taxes	Current Levy				
2012	\$	75,613	\$ 73,073	96.6%	\$ 3,285	\$ 76,358	101.0%	\$ 10,698	14.1%				
2013		77,436	71,429	92.2%	3,049	74,478	96.2%	10,147	13.1%				
2014		77,740	79,255	101.9%	3,975	83,230	107.1%	4,458	5.7%				
2015		84,726	81,798	96.5%	4,061	85,859	101.3%	5,449	6.4%				
2016 1		85,609	83,582	97.6%	2,821	86,403	100.9%	5,605	6.5%				
2017		87,315	85,962	98.5%	7,581	93,543	107.1%	5,430	6.2%				
2018		92,661	90,551	97.7%	3,068	93,619	101.0%	5,472	5.9%				
2019		97,494	95,437	97.9%	5,019	100,456	103.0%	5,902	6.1%				
2020		102,555	98,949	96.5%	5,763	104,712	102.1%	6,761	6.6%				
2021		106,411	103,379	97.2%	3,335	106,714	100.3%	7,077	6.7%				
				1	Redevelopme	nt/Successor Agen	cv						
2012 \$ 98,891 \$ 59,989 60.7% \$ 884 \$ 60,873 61.6% \$ - 0.0%													
2013	Ψ	102,702	65,387	63.7%	-	65,387	63.7%	-	0.0%				
2014		106,760	53,226	49.9%	_	53,226	49.9%	_	0.0%				
2015		122,477	44,903	36.7%	_	44,903	36.7%	_	0.0%				
2016		137,809	63,963	46.4%	_	63,963	46.4%	_	0.0%				
2017		108,194	46,189	42.7%	-	46,189	42.7%	_	0.0%				
2018		146,784	51,370	35.0%	-	51,370	35.0%	-	0.0%				
2019		146,551	53,256	36.3%	-	53,256	36.3%	-	0.0%				
2020		145,610	54,872	37.7%	-	54,872	37.7%	-	0.0%				
2021		174,978	56,460	32.3%	-	56,460	32.3%	-	0.0%				
					Total (City Tax Levy							
2012	\$	174,504	\$ 133,062	76.3%	\$ 4,169	, ,	79.60/	\$ 10,698	6.1%				
2012	Э	180,138	\$ 133,062 136,816	76.3% 76.0%	3,049	\$ 137,231 139,865	78.6% 77.6%	\$ 10,698 10,147	5.6%				
2013		184,500	132,481	71.8%	3,049	136,456	74.0%	4,458	2.4%				
2014 2015		207,203	126,701	61.1%	4,061	130,762	63.1%	5,449	2.6%				
2015		223,418	147,545	66.0%	2,821	150,762	67.3%	5,605	2.5%				
2017		195,509	132,151	67.6%	7,581	139,732	71.5%	5,430	2.8%				
2017		239,445	141,921	59.3%	3,068	144,989	60.6%	5,472	2.3%				
2019		244,045	148,693	60.9%	5,000	153,712	63.0%	5,902	2.4%				
2019		248,165	153,821	62.0%	5,763	159,584	64.3%	6,761	2.7%				
2021		281,389	159,839	56.8%	3,335	163,174	58.0%	7,077	2.5%				
2021		201,505	10,,000			ŕ		7,077	2.070				
				General I	Fund Levies	and Collections							
			\$90,000										
			\$80,000										
			\$70,000					■ Tota	al Tax Levy				
			\$60,000	╟╟					rent Tax lections				
			\$50,000	$\mathbb{H}\mathbb{H}$		HHH							
			\$40,000										

Notes:

2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021

¹ In FY 2014, a reduction to Prior Years Levies were due to write off of receivables more than 30 years old per County of Los Angeles Auditor-

² Excludes motor vehicle and vehicle license fees in-lieu taxes, interests, penalties and Los Angeles County administrative cost.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands, Except Per Capita Amount)

	Governmental Activities													
Fiscal Year-end	_	Revenue Bonds			Tax Allocation Bonds		Notes Payable		Capital Leases		Other LT Obligations - Civic Center			Total vernmental ctivities
2012	\$	111,415	\$	50,205	\$	326,852	\$	8,118	\$	46,064	\$	-	\$	542,654
2013		93,410		45,675		315,399		7,102		41,869		-		503,455
2014		99,084		40,822		309,160		6,137		38,150		-		493,353
2015		95,189		35,837		276,934		5,117		33,978		-		447,055
2016		105,349		30,597		262,871		5,258		30,682		-		434,757
2017		100,107		25,083		248,167		5,400		27,263		-		406,020
2018		86,754		19,283		233,113		7,751		67,670		-		414,571
2019		90,393		13,183		217,290		8,241		49,020		299,875		678,002
2020		83,985		6,765		200,820		7,905		44,676		294,864		639,015
2021		75,899		-		182,304		7,569		38,943		289,765		594,480

				ities	Business-type Activities			
	Revenue Notes Bonds Payable		Capital Leases	Total Business-type Activities	±	Business-type		
2012	\$ 1,640,665	\$ 54,488	\$ 3,109	\$ 1,698,262	\$ 3,109	1,698,262		
2013	1,564,045	147,020	2,667	1,713,732	2,667	1,713,732		
2014	1,534,901	515,995	2,215	2,053,111	2,215	2,053,111		
2015	1,696,772	499,248	19,752	2,215,772	19,752	2,215,772		
2016	1,620,885	379,893	18,167	2,018,945	18,167	2,018,945		
2017	1,736,215	343,821	16,688	2,096,724	16,688	2,096,724		
2018	1,673,774	348,471	15,143	2,037,388	15,143	2,037,388		
2019	1,781,199	339,056	40,356	2,160,611	40,356	2,160,611		
2020	1,670,260	477,885	37,747	2,185,892	37,747	2,185,892		
2021	1,600,382	545,309	32,943	2,178,634	32,943	2,178,634		

Total Percentage Primary of Personal Government Income	Per Capita
2012 \$ 2,240,916 3.019%	\$ 4,813
2013 2,217,187 3.156%	4,741
2014 2,546,464 3.307%	5,425
2015 2,662,827 3.430%	5,623
2016 2,453,702 3.573%	5,175
2017 2,502,744 3.720%	5,324
2018 2,451,959 3.879%	5,223
2019 2,838,613 4.042%	6,074
2020 2,824,907 4.208%	6,106
2021 2,773,114 4.384%	5,941

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands, except Per Capita)

Outstanding General Bonded Debt

Fiscal Year-end	Obligation	Pension Tax Obligation Allocation Bonds Bonds		Rest	: Amounts tricted for Service (1)	Net Bonded Debt (1)	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value (2)	Per Capita (3)		
2012	\$ 50,2	05	\$ 326,852	\$	32,615	\$ 344,442	77%	\$ 739.82		
2013	45,6	75	315,399		33,375	327,699	76%	700.74		
2014	40,8	22	309,160		32,471	317,511	68%	676.38		
2015	35,8	37	276,934		20,331	292,440	63%	617.51		
2016	30,5	97	262,870		20,591	272,876	57%	575.52		
2017	25,0	83	248,167		20,894	252,356	52%	536.78		
2018	19,2	83	233,113		16,769	235,627	45%	501.92		
2019	13,1	83	217,290		17,450	213,023	40%	455.81		
2020	6,7	65	200,820		21,504	186,081	28%	402.23		
2021		-	182,304		16,962	165,342	24%	354.25		

Notes:

- (1) Includes Redevelopment bonds issued during fiscal years 2002, 2003, 2005, and 2006.
- (2) Assessed value can be found in the Schedule of Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property. Percentage calculated using the following formula: Net bonded Debt / (Assessed Value Exemptions)
- (3) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

City of Long Beach Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Debt September 30, 2021 (In Thousands)

2020-21 Assessed Valuation: \$64,588,433		(Outstanding	,			Estimated verlapping
DIRECT DEBT:		_	Debt		Exclusions		Debt
City of Long Beach		\$	75 000	\$		\$	75 000
Lease Revenue Bonds		\$	75,899	\$	-	\$	75,899
Tax Allocation Bonds			182,304		-		182,304
Notes Payable			7,569		-		7,569
Capital Leases		_	38,943	_		Φ.	38,943
Total Direct Debt		\$	304,715	\$		\$	304,715
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	% Applicable						
Cerritos Community College District	0.367 %	\$	379,877	\$	378,423	\$	1,454
Coast Community College District	0.001		867,300		867,291		9
Compton Community College District	2.601		103,571		100,831		2,740
Long Beach Community College District	85.851		481,796		67,403		414,393
Los Angeles Community College District	0.050		4,146,515		4,144,732		1,783
ABC Unified School District	1.138		69,143		68,299		844
Compton Unified School District	0.024		241,804		241,748		56
Long Beach Unified School District	85.852		1,354,375		189,464		1,164,911
Los Angeles Unified School District	0.061		10,335,150		10,329,672		5,478
Paramount Unified School District	9.170		184,609		167,320		17,289
Metropolitan Water District	1.975		26,830		26,299		531
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT(1)		\$	18,190,970	\$	16,581,482	\$	1,609,488
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT:							
Los Angeles County General Fund Obligations	3.785 %	\$	2,575,585	\$	2,478,254	\$	97,331
Los Angeles County Superintendent of Schools Certificates of Participation	3.785	Ψ	3,972	Ψ	3,822	Ψ	150
Compton Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.024		29,095		29,088		7
Los Alamitos Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.009		35,937		35,933		4
Los Angeles Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.061		130,970		130,901		69
Paramount Unified School District Certificates of Participation	9.170		25,480		23,094		2,386
County Sanitation District No. 1 Certificates of Participation	1.219		1,624		1,605		19
County Sanitation District No. 2 Certificates of Participation	0.188		2,508		2,503		5
•	85.913		1,906		2,303		1,640
County Sanitation District No. 3 Certificates of Participation	2.738		992		966		26
County Sanitation District No. 8 Certificates of Participation	29.396				314		138
County Sanitation District No. 19 Certificates of Participation	29.390	•	452	•		Ф.	
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND OBLIGATION DEBT		\$	2,808,521	\$	2,706,746	\$	101,775
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	100.000 %	\$	171,990	\$	-	\$	171,990
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING COMBINED DEBT		\$	21,171,481	\$	19,288,228	\$	1,883,253
Los Angeles Unified School District General Obligation Bonds Election of 2005							
Series J (2010) Qualified School Construction Bonds: Amount accumulated in							
Interest and Sinking Fund and Set Aside Repayment			-		-		-
Los Angeles Unified School District (Qualified Zone Academic Bonds supported	l by						
period payments to investment accounts)	-		154,870		154,788		82
TOTAL NET OVERLAPPING COMBINED DEBT		\$	21,016,611	\$	19,133,440	\$	1,883,171
TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING COMBINED DEBT		\$	21,321,326	\$	19,133,440	\$	2,187,886
		_		_		_	

(1) Excludes 1915 Act and Mello-Roos Act Bonds

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

					F	iscal Year				
		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016
Assessed valuation Conversion percentage	\$	45,421,772 25%	\$	47,952,110 25%	\$	50,498,496 25%	\$	51,678,154 25%	\$	52,898,656 25%
Adjusted assessed valuation Debt limit percentage		11,355,443 15%		11,988,028 15%		12,624,624 15%		12,919,539 15%		13,224,664 15%
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit:		1,703,316		1,798,204		1,893,694		1,937,931		1,983,700
General obligation bonds										-
Legal debt margin	\$	1,703,316	\$	1,798,204	\$	1,893,694	\$	1,937,931	\$	1,983,700
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0%		0%			0%		0%		0%
		F	iscal Year							
	2017		2018		2019		2020			2021
Assessed valuation Conversion percentage	\$	55,662,248 25%	\$	58,634,492 25%	\$	61,889,133 25%	\$	65,445,552 25%	\$	67,573,359 25%
Adjusted assessed valuation Debt limit percentage		13,915,562 15%		14,658,623 15%		15,472,283 15%		16,361,388 15%		16,893,340 15%
Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds		2,087,334		2,198,793		2,320,842		2,454,208		2,534,001
Legal debt margin	•	2,087,334	\$	2,198,793	\$	2,320,842	\$	2,454,208	\$	2,534,001
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	Ψ	2,087,334	Ψ	2,198,793	Ψ	2,320,842	Ψ	2,434,208	Φ	2,334,001

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15 percent of gross assessed valuation. This provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based on 25 percent of market value. Effective with fiscal year 1982, each parcel is assessed at 100 percent of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25 percent level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Financial Management County of Los Angeles, Department of Auditor-Controller

City of Long Beach
Pledged Revenue Coverage
Gas Fund Revenue Bond Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

		Non- Net Revenue							
			Net	Operating	or Funds				
Fiscal	Operating	Operating	Operating	Income	Available for	Debt S	Service Require	ements	Times
Year-end	Revenue	Expenses (1)	Income	(Loss) (1)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2012	\$ 82,671	\$ 38,902	\$ 43,769	\$ (348)	\$ 43,421	\$ 10,035	\$ 32,955	\$ 42,990	1.0
2013	80,215	37,274	42,941	(1,067)	41,874	9,040	32,492	41,532	1.0
2014	81,992	42,503	39,489	(946)	38,543	7,305	32,079	39,384	1.0
2015	77,098	30,845	46,253	83	46,336	6,840	31,725	38,565	1.2
2016	79,526	28,135	51,391	(949)	50,442	7,150	31,375	38,525	1.3
2017	96,723	40,459	56,264	192	56,456	8,120	31,024	39,144	1.4
2018	91,786	44,279	47,507	59	47,566	8,925	30,628	39,553	1.2
2019	120,228	71,223	49,005	1,739	50,744	10,290	30,135	40,425	1.3
2020	102,486	56,438	46,048	1,138	47,186	11,905	29,552	41,457	1.1
2021	111,930	46,343	65,587	422	66,009	13,990	28,873	42,863	1.5
			Wate	r Fund Rev	enue Bond Cove	erage			
					Fiscal Years (2)	8			
					nousands)				
2012	\$ 86,515	\$ 69,982	\$ 16,533	\$ (702)	\$ 15,831	\$ 490	\$ 1,249	\$ 1,739	9.1
2013	91,949	76,217	15,732	(1,789)	13,943	2,110	1,484	3,594	3.9
2014	100,187	81,767	18,420	371	18,791	2,385	1,502	3,887	4.8
2015	99,475	91,395	8,080	1,561	9,641	2,510	1,390	3,900	2.5
2016	97,650	81,086	16,564	(237)	16,327	2,630	1,264	3,894	4.2
2017	97,383	80,127	17,256	887	18,143	2,730	1,165	3,895	4.7
2018	99,173	82,733	16,440	2,795	19,235	2,815	1,077	3,892	4.9
2019	99,289	81,439	17,850	4,802	22,652	2,930	964	3,894	5.8
2020	113,090	97,712	15,378	3,376	18,754	3,050	847	3,897	4.8
2021	118,968	76,726	42,242	2,108	44,350	3,170	725	3,895	11.4

Notes:

Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Financial Management

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses exclude depreciation and amortization; non-operating income excludes interest expense.

⁽²⁾ The Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 1997A were refunded by the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2010A. Current debt service payments for the 1997 Bonds were covered by the 2010 Bonds refunding issue proceeds.

City of Long Beach
Pledged Revenue Coverage
Airport Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)

Fiscal Year-end	Opera Reve			erating ses (1)(2)	Net Operating Income	Op Ir	Non- erating ncome oss) (1)	Net Revenue or Funds Available for Debt Service		Debt S		ce Requi		ents Total	Tim Cover	
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	34 35 36 46 47 44 29	4,405 4,760 5,802 3,811 6,678 7,497 4,780 9,778	\$	27,142 26,513 27,302 27,842 30,562 33,250 35,711 36,798 26,759 24,685	\$ 7,263 8,247 8,500 5,969 6,389 13,428 11,786 7,982 3,019 4,900	\$	8,772 8,060 8,661 3,134 3,200 3,199 4,007 4,938 8,741 9,225	\$ 16,035 16,307 17,161 9,103 9,589 16,627 15,793 12,920 11,760 14,125	\$	1,330 2,260 2,340 2,420 2,515 2,625 2,740 2,875 3,015 3,160	\$	7,046 7,004 6,927 6,844 6,750 6,640 6,522 6,388 6,252 6,109	\$	8,376 9,264 9,267 9,264 9,265 9,265 9,262 9,263 9,267 9,269	1.9 1.8 1.9 1.0 1.0 1.8 1.7 1.4 1.3	
Fleet Services Fund Temple Willow Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands)																
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	30 31 32 33 36 41 45	2,620 0,015 1,923 2,660 3,502 6,539 1,177 5,561 7,481 1,911	\$	19,547 19,843 19,201 23,719 24,459 27,341 25,520 29,937 32,111 23,409	\$ 13,073 10,172 12,722 8,941 9,043 9,198 15,657 15,624 15,370 18,502	\$	319 409 351 1,592 1,968 2,036 2,055 2,458 1,785 1,636	\$ 13,392 10,581 13,073 10,533 11,011 11,234 17,712 18,082 17,155 20,138	\$	1,035 820 - - 773 1,410 1,542 1,542	\$	1,410 1,512 912 912 912 912 912 912 884 780 780	\$	2,445 2,332 912 912 912 912 1,685 2,294 2,322 2,322	5.5 4.5 14. 11. 12. 12. 10. 7.9 7.4 8.7	3 5 1 3 5 5
						na R Last		Bond Cover scal Years	age							
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	22 23 23 24	0,358 2,050 3,954 3,698 4,165 5,181	\$	14,613 13,975 15,764 15,802 18,220 15,719	\$ - - 5,745 8,075 8,190 7,896 5,945 9,462	\$	197 261 307 3,033 2,967 1,761	\$ - 5,942 8,336 8,497 10,929 8,912 11,223	\$	1,250 1,400 1,550 1,720	\$	5,352 5,634 5,634 5,571 5,501 5,424	\$	5,352 5,634 6,884 6,971 7,051 7,144	1.1 1.5 1.2 1.6 1.3	

Notes:

Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Financial Management

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses exclude depreciation and amortization; non-operating income excludes interest expense. Prior year adjustments to operating expenses were made to exclude amortization.

⁽²⁾ FY20-21 Airport Operating Expense adjusted due to Federal Relief Funds from the CARES Act that were used to reimburse Operating Expenses.

City of Long Beach
Pledged Revenue Coverage
Tideland Operating Segment
Revenue Bond Coverage
Last Ten Fiscal Years (2)
(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year-end	Operating Revenue	Operating Expenses (1)	Net Operating Income (Loss)	Non- Operating Income (Loss) (1)	Net Rev or Fur Availab Debt Se	nds le for	Debt S Principal	e Requir		nts Total	Times Coverage
2012	\$ 28,075	\$ 51,697	\$ (23,622)	\$ 1,555	\$ (2	2,067)	\$ 3,380	\$ 5,622	\$	9,002	-
2013	31,481	46,924	(15,443)	753	(1	4,690)	5,560	4,578		10,138	-
2014	32,306	59,557	(27,251)	1,157	(2	6,094)	3,670	4,495		8,165	-
2015	38,858	69,007	(30,149)	1,630	(2	8,519)	3,780	4,374		8,154	-
2016	35,565	55,280	(19,715)	1,924	(1	7,791)	3,915	4,229		8,144	-
2017	40,965	58,709	(17,744)	2,845		4,899)	4,070	4,070		8,140	-
2018	40,403	66,164	(25,761)	4,986	(2	0,775)	4,235	3,904		8,139	-
2019	39,585	71,075	(31,490)	7,815		3,675)	1,995	656		2,651	-
2020	40,896	84,123	(43,227)	6,971		6,256)	2,015	617		2,632	-
2021	49,625	60,087	(10,462)	3,385	(7,077)	3,255	564		3,819	-
				Revenue Bo Last Ten F							
2012	\$ 333,887	\$ 87,637	\$ 246,250	\$ (2,522)	\$ 24	3,728	\$ 44,815	\$ 35,193	\$	80,008	3.0
2013	346,244	97,696	248,548	(818)	24	7,730	46,965	33,026		79,991	3.1
2014	356,880	108,455	248,425	4,020	25	2,445	125,460	30,623	1	156,083	1.6
2015	355,450	130,013	225,437	44,386	26	9,823	145,215	26,558	1	171,773	1.6
2016	360,660	143,873	216,787	2,712	21	9,499	45,360	27,666		73,026	3.0
2017	381,010	142,349	238,661	8,445	24	7,106	44,905	27,171		72,076	3.4
2018	401,678	136,669	265,009	6,761		1,770	47,190	32,378		79,568	3.4
2019	412,273	140,144	272,129	12,277		4,406	45,965	31,059		77,024	3.7
2020	398,629	142,707	255,922	13,335		9,257	37,300	36,834		74,134	3.6
2021	434,644	134,723	299,921	5,696		5,617	24,470	31,889		56,359	5.4
2021	15 1,011	131,123	277,721	3,070	30	2,017	21,170	21,007		20,227	2.1

Notes:

Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Financial Managemen

⁽¹⁾ Operating expenses exclude depreciation and amortization; non-operating income excludes interest expense.

⁽²⁾ The Long Beach Aquarium of the Pacific Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012 were issued to (1) refund the Long Beach Aquarium of the Pacific Revenue Bonds 2001 Series bonds, (2) to fund a reserve fund for the Series 2012 Bonds, and (3) pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2012 Bonds.

City of Long Beach
Demographic Statistics
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year-end	Estimated Population (1)	Personal Income (in millions) (2) (5)	Per Capita Personal Income (2) (5)	Public School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2012	465,576	14,058	30,196	83,691	12.2
2013	467,646	14,757	31,556	82,256	10.3
2014	469,428	15,525	33,072	81,155	8.6
2015	473,577	16,242	34,296	79,709	6.8
2016	474,140	16,939	35,725	77,812	5.7
2017	470,130	17,490	37,203	76,428	5.3
2018	469,450	18,209	38,789	74,681	4.7
2019	467,354	18,892	40,423	73,221	4.7
2020	462,628	19,467	42,079	72,002	15.9
2021	466,742	(6) 20,460	43,836	69,708	8.9

Sources:

- (1) United States Census Bureau
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)

 Personal income and per capita personal income are based on percentage change of per capita personal income for Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA (Metropolitan Statistic Area). The BEA's report does not have personal income and per capita personal income available for 2015,
- (3) California Department of Education Educational Demographic Unit. Annual school census from Long Beach Unified School District for preschool, grades kindergarten through 12.
- (4) Average annual rate reported by California Employment Development Department (EDD).
- (5) Data from 2011 2014 restated due to annual revisions.

so an average of the last five years was used.

(6) Data is an estimated value from previous year.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Y	Year 2021		Fiscal	Year 2012
			Percentage			Percentage
		Number of	of Total City		Number of	of Total City
		Employees	Employment		Employees	Employment
Rankin	g Employer	(1)	(2)	Ranking	(1)	(2)
1	Long Beach Unified School District	11,157	4.72%	1	11,334	4.83%
2	City of Long Beach	5,384	2.28%	2	5,758	2.45%
3	Long Beach Memorial Medical Center	5,114	2.16%	3	5,743	2.45%
4	Veteran Affairs Medical Center	3,300	1.40%	6	2,200	0.94%
5	California State University Long Beach (CSULB)	3,120	1.32%	5	3,527	1.50%
6	Long Beach City College	2,515	1.06%	7	1,785	0.76%
7	The Boeing Company	1,844	0.78%	4	5,186	2.21%
8	St. Mary Medical Center	1,558	0.66%	9	1,432	0.61%
9	CSULB Research Foundation	1,227	0.52%	8	1,500	0.64
10	Molina Healthcare Inc	1,119	0.47%			
	United States Postal Service	•		10	1.306	0.56%

Sources:

- (1) Department of Financial Management Accounting and Business License
- (2) State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Info for 2012 and 2021

This data was compiled from various sources by the City of Long Beach Departments of Development Services and Financial Management. Employment data is intended for use as a general guide only. The City of Long Beach does not warrant the accuracy of this data. Inquiries should be directed to the respective employer.



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Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Legislative and Legal	130	129	130	130	122	140	136	141	141	148
General Government(1)	424	382	398	415	513	534	556	607	718	609
Public Safety	1,796	1,765	1,757	1,843	1,698	1,738	1,729	1,862	1,862	1,638
Public Health	262	263	249	257	252	259	287	272	272	484
Community and Cultural(1)	1,038	1,020	1,046	1,121	1,006	1,040	855	1,008	1,008	874
Public Works	287	273	275	258	263	310	305	297	213	329
Gas Utilty	194	202	201	198	201	209	199	183	183	191
Water Utility	225	223	217	220	224	224	248	266	266	245
Airport	96	88	88	91	97	98	103	89	89	92
Solid Waste Management	189	177	181	183	177	187	183	198	198	198
Towing	29	22	26	26	26	26	27	27	27	30
Tideland Oil Revenue	19	15	15	15	16	17	15	17	17	13
Harbor	466	469	491	529	527	536	514	509	509	533
To	al 5,155	5,028	5,074	5,286	5,122	5,318	5,157	5,476	5,503	5,384

⁽¹⁾ Restated 2013 and 2014 as Library Services was included as part of General Government and should have been classified as Community and Cultural.

Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Financial Management as of September 30, 2021

City of Long BeachOperating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year				
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Public Safety: Police priority one calls response time in minutes Violent crime rate - per 1,000 residents Fire on-scene arrival for emergency calls within six minute	4.35	4.35	4.69	4.90	4.60
	6.18	5.85	4.37	4.28	5.79
	60.8%	55.1%	50.0%	46.3%	43.4%
Public Health: Percentage of beach days that are safe for swimming in summer Homeless population ratio vs. total population (1)	91%	94%	97%	95%	94%
	0.93%	0.93%	0.75%	0.51%	0.51%
Community and Cultural Public library computer session log-ons Parks, recreation programs - youth and teen attendance	331,028	N/A	N/A	222,360	218,717
	745,052	636,796	760,641	779,641	835,358
Public Works: Number of trees trimmed Curbs and alleys swept in miles Sidewalk repaired in square feet Storm drain catch basins cleaned	28,021	24,668	23,500	23,839	19,500
	156,537	150,804	156,302	153,527	154,300
	481,497	382,536	551,597	363,476	333,039
	3,800	3,004	5,771	5,800	5,800
Gas Utility: Gas consumption in sales dollars-total Gas consumption in cubic feet (In 000's) Average daily gas consumption (MCF) Gas mains installed/replaced/relocated in feet (2) Gas meters installed/removed/replaced	\$ 70,193,000	\$ 68,229,000	\$ 72,544,000	\$ 62,281,000	\$ 64,382,000
	9,135,000	9,092,000	8,183,000	7,689,000	8,542,000
	24,959	24,910	22,421	21,065	23,404
	84,594	108,646	110,900	40,589	22,556
	8,664	6,093	3,529	4,440	29,873
Water Utility: Water daily demand in thousand gallons Water annual demand in thousand gallons Available supply total in thousand gallons	52,260	53,079	52,389	47,441	46,417
	19,074,861	19,373,993	19,122,012	17,315,820	16,942,297
	21,330,532	21,538,947	21,019,736	19,000,372	19,412,932
Sewer Utility: Sewer mains cleaned in miles Sewer mains and laterals repaired in number of jobs	414	535	498	492	405
	261	241	213	224	215
Airport: Number of commercial passengers enplaned Number of commercial passengers deplaned Number of aircraft landings and take offs	1,643,383	1,497,503	1,433,273	1,276,679	1,327,001
	1,634,345	1,492,430	1,426,830	1,273,232	1,325,537
	287,699	284,193	325,527	300,184	295,007
Solid Waste Management: Number of refuse tons collected Number of recycling tons collected SERRF tons of refuse received SERRF energy sold to So Cal Edison megawatt-hours	187,505	187,146	182,452	173,895	187,432
	172,143	169,264	169,420	161,997	158,852
	474,689	470,510	459,160	447,535	417,169
	220,867	226,592	223,658	200,994	158,400
Harbor: Number of container movements in twenty-foot equivalent unit Cargo in thousands of metric revenue tons Number of ship calls	5,857,218 145,144 3,993	6,647,975 162,257 3,425	6,817,590 165,526 2,752	7,087,699 164,274 2,676	6,946,255 161,322 2,227

Source: City Departments

⁽¹⁾ The homeless population count is biannual.

⁽²⁾ Restated prior years (2011-2013), due to updated reports from Gas Department.

Fi	scal Year		Fiscal Year]	Fiscal Year]	Fiscal Year		Fiscal Year	P. A.
	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	Function
	4.00		4.50		4.20		4.40		4.60	Public Safety:
	4.80		4.50		4.30		4.40		4.60	Police priority one calls response time in minutes
	6.40		7.00		5.75		4.96		5.60	Violent crime rate - per 1,000 residents
	41.7%		41.1%		38.6%		37.0%		34.0%	Fire on-scene arrival for emergency calls within six minute
										Public Health:
	90%		88%		89%		86%		92%	Percentage of beach days that are safe for swimming in summer
	0.51%		0.39%		0.40%		0.44%		0.26%	
	254.074		225.002		106.073		70.063		12.240	Community and Cultural
	254,974		225,983		186,873		79,862		12,249	Public library computer session log-ons
	892,556		793,226		820,748		4,062		215,621	Parks, recreation programs - youth and teen attendance
										Public Works:
	23,112		21,857		22,055		25,000		19,500	Number of trees trimmed
	141,132		142,851		147,316		125,254		128,042	Curbs and alleys swept in miles
	296,865		603,504		537,666		306,044		416,167	Sidewalk repaired in square feet
	5,800		5,800		5,800		5,800		5,800	Storm drain catch basins cleaned
										Gas Utility:
\$	78,467,000	\$	77,999,000	\$	98,355,000	\$	79,886,282	\$	87,908,917	Gas consumption in sales dollars-total
Ψ.	9,237,000	Ψ.	8,802,000	Ψ	9,116,009	Ψ.	9,113,067	Ψ	8,941,456	Gas consumption in cubic feet (In 000's)
	25,307		24,114		24,975		24,967		24,497	Average daily gas consumption (MCF)
	40,737		17,327		32,032		22,279		24,500	Gas mains installed/replaced/relocated in feet
	34,465		2,944		1,279		1,983		1,459	Gas meters installed/removed/replaced
			,		,		ŕ		Í	·
	45.060		47.620		44.470		50.502		45.647	Water Utility:
	45,869		47,620		44,478		50,503		45,647	Water daily demand in thousand gallons
	16,742,192		17,381,120		16,234,549		18,433,521		16,661,155	Water annual demand in thousand gallons
	19,045,926		19,172,030		17,439,187		20,238,997		1,983,812	Available supply total in thousand gallons
										Sewer Utility:
	113		439		477		360		380	Sewer mains cleaned in miles
	169		157		164		162		263	Sewer mains and laterals repaired in number of jobs
										Airport:
	1,793,753		2,006,292		1,757,499		904,815		767,207	Number of commercial passengers enplaned
	1,794,245		2,007,872		1,752,650		914,487		766,260	Number of commercial passengers deplaned
	294,303		266,892		293,587		294,509		320,601	Number of aircraft landings and take offs
										C PIW A M
	193,622		105 402		102 402		202 (20		201,510	Solid Waste Management: Number of refuse tons collected
			185,403		192,483		202,620			
	160,037 426,430		133,932 359,752		40,955 385,541		39,481 378,016		42,719 386,047	Number of recycling tons collected SERRF tons of refuse received
	201,438		165,702		182,342		181,000		191,160	SERRF tons of refuse received SERRF energy sold to So Cal Edison / CAISO megawatt-hours
	201,730		105,702		104,342		101,000		171,100	SERVE Chargy sold to so car Edison / CA150 megawatt-nours
										Harbor:
	7,230,758		8,000,929		7,747,251		7,660,975		9,500,860	Number of container movements in twenty-foot equivalent unit
	168,100		180,593		172,961		168,574		198,118	Cargo in thousands of metric revenue tons
	2,149		2,278		2,095		2,237		2,561	Number of ship calls

Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015
Public Safety:				
Number of police stations	1	1	1	1
Number of police substations (full facility)	3	3	3	3
Number of police storefront stations	-	-	-	-
Number of fire stations	23	23	23	23
Community and Cultural:				
Number of parks	162	161	162	164
Parks and golf courses in acres	3,124	3,121	3,123	3,122
Number of libraries	12	12	12	12
Number of library holdings (books, videos, tapes)	818,390	782,571	798,809	808,957
Number of library circulations	1,551,997	1,391,825	1,391,617	1,205,523
Public Works:				
Street in miles	823	823	823	823
Storm drain lines in miles	180	180	180	180
Number of street lights (1)	31,000	31,550	31,550	31,337
Gas Utility:				
Gas mains in miles (2)	929	930	928	929
Water Utility:				
Water mains in miles	911	912	912	912
Number of fire hydrants	6,594	6,589	6,604	6,631
Number of water services	95,643	95,607	95,999	95,775
Sewer Utility:				
Sanitary sewers in miles	712	714	714	714
Number of manholes	16,148	16,158	16,170	15,129
Sanitary sewer pump stations	28	28	28	28
Storm drain pump stations	23	23	23	23
Harbor:				
Sanitary sewer pump stations	34	37	37	37
Storm drain pump stations	23	21	23	23
Solid Waste Management:				
Number of waste-to-energy facilities	1	1	1	1

 $^{(1)\} In\ 2008, the\ number\ of\ streetlights\ changed\ from\ 34,000\ to\ 31,000\ due\ to\ updated\ reports.$

Source: City Departments

⁽²⁾ Restated prior years (2011-2013), due to updated reports from Gas Department.

Fiscal Year						
2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	Function
						Public Safety:
1	1	1	1	1	1	Number of police stations
3	3	3	3	3	3	Number of police substations (full facility)
-	-	-	-	-	-	Number of police storefront stations
23	23	23	23	23	23	Number of fire stations
						Community and Cultural:
168	169	169	169	167	167	Number of parks
3,124	3,125	3,125	3,126	3,125	3,125	Parks and golf courses in acres
12	12	12	12	12	12	Number of libraries
851,614	795,629	798,760	740,442	728,829	707,151	Number of library holdings (books, videos, tapes)
1,233,309	1,335,819	1,302,021	1,273,997	966,790	756,037	Number of library circulations
						Public Works:
823	823	823	823	823	823	Street in miles
180	180	180	180	180	180	Storm drain lines in miles
32,283	27,439	32,481	32,502	32,480	35,254	Number of street lights (1)
						Gas Utility:
929	931	916	917	917	917	Gas mains in miles (2)
)_)	731	710	217	717	717	Gas mains in innes (2)
						Water Utility:
912	912	912	916	917	917	Water mains in miles
6,894	6,910	6,953	7,036	7,049	7,054	Number of fire hydrants
95,749	95,667	95,586	95,690	95,731	95,891	Number of water services
						Sewer Utility:
714	715	714	714	715	715	Sanitary sewers in miles
15,127	15,112	15,122	15,125	15,126	15,132	Number of manholes
28	28	28	28	28	28	Sanitary sewer pump stations
22	23	23	23	23	23	Storm drain pump stations
						Harbor:
39	39	39	39	39	39	Sanitary sewer pump stations
22	22	22	22	22	22	Storm drain pump stations
22	22	22				pump stations
						Solid Waste Management:
1	1	1	1	1	1	Number of waste-to-energy facilities